

# HISTORY

OF



THE

PEWTERERS' COMPANY



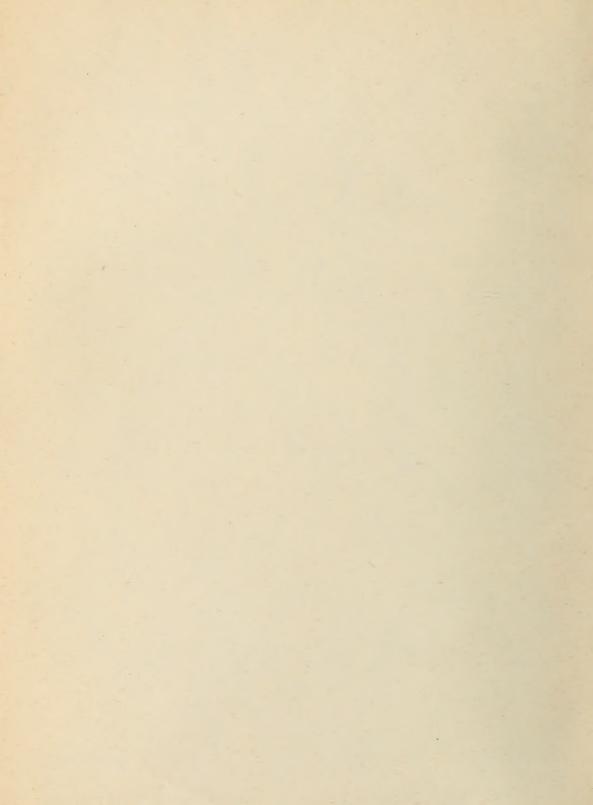
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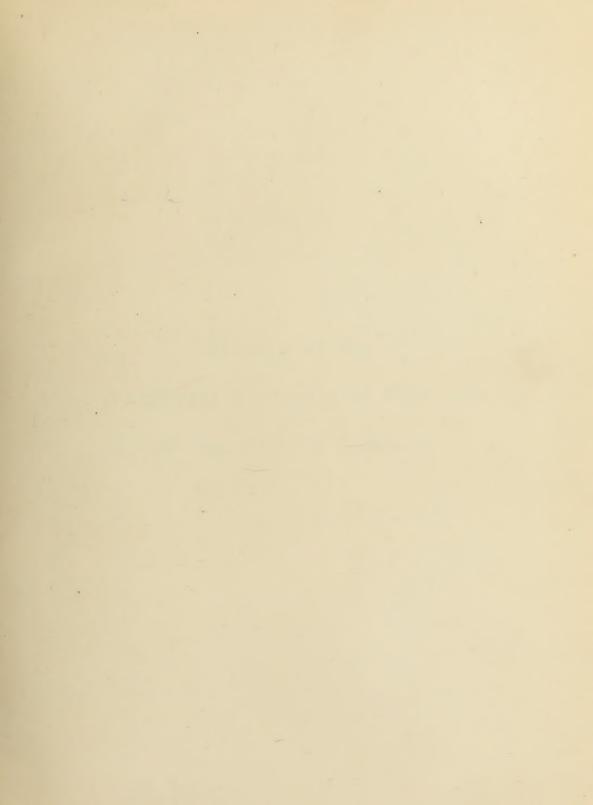
Worshipful Company of Pewterers

to The University of Foronto

Dewterers Hall, 15, Lime Street, London.

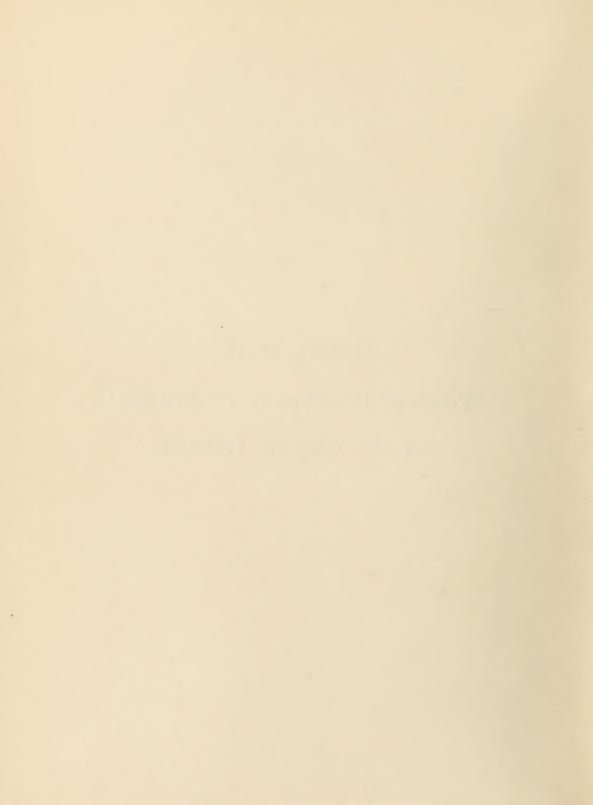


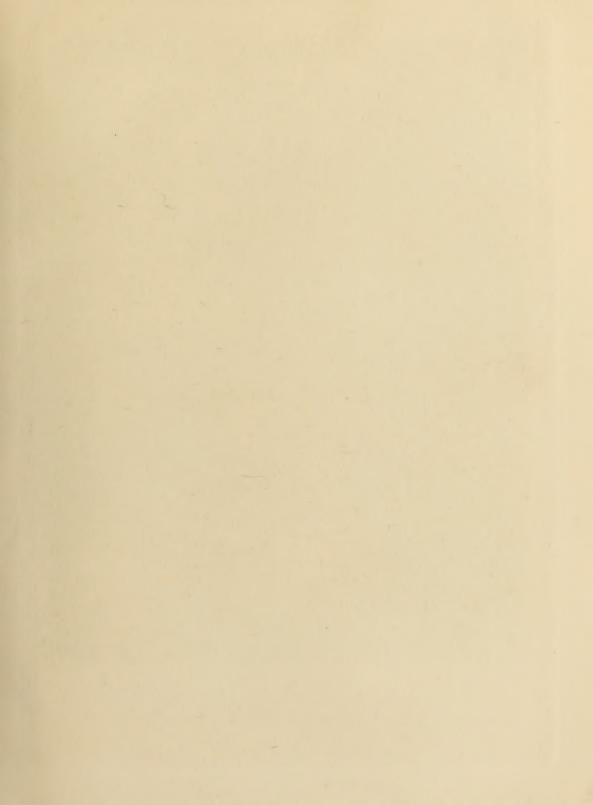




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History of the
Worshipful Company of Pewterers
of the City of London.







William Smalwoods\_Master in 1469, 1477, 1481 & 1486. From the Original in the possession of the Worshipful Company of Tewterers.

### HISTORY OF

# The Worshipful Company of Pewterers

## OF THE CITY OF LONDON

BASED UPON THEIR OWN RECORDS

BY

#### CHARLES WELCH, F.S.A.

Author of "Modern History of the City of London," etc.

VOLUME I.



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#### TO THE MASTER,

WARDENS, AND COURT OF ASSISTANTS, OF

THE WORSHIPFUL COMPANY OF PEWTERERS

THIS HISTORY OF THEIR ANCIENT GUILD, DERIVED

CHIEFLY FROM THEIR OWN RECORDS, IS

DEDICATED WITH MUCH RESPECT

BY THE AUTHOR.





#### INTRODUCTION.

HE object of this work, compiled at the request of the Master, Wardens, and Court of Assistants of the Worshipful Company of Pewterers and printed at their direction, is to exhibit the history of the Company from the records now or formerly in their possession.

The materials for this purpose are fortunately abundant. The Company exercised control over one of the most important industries in the country, and they were consequently fostered and controlled by more Royal Charters and legislative enactments than were the great majority of the City Companies. The Company's records are well preserved, and nearly continuous from an early date, although Pewterers' Hall has, unfortunately, more than once been destroyed by fire.

In the following pages the records tell their own tale, every line of them has been read, and it is believed that every fact material to the history of the Company and its trade has been extracted in faithful reproduction from the originals. Superfluous comment has been avoided, and information from printed sources very sparingly introduced in order to do justice to this immense wealth of material. The arrangement is strictly chronological, and it is hoped that the illustrative remarks are introduced sufficiently to present a connected story. The exhaustive index will largely supply the defects inevitably attaching to the chronological method. The advantages of such a plan far outweigh

its defects. Besides the gradual unfolding of the Company's history from its infancy to the period of its fullest development, sharp contrasts are afforded by comparing its condition at different periods, and points of less importance but yet possessing interest in themselves, may also be traced, such as variations in orthography, style, and methods of minuting and keeping accounts.

In one respect alone the records are disappointing. They do not include any register of makers' marks, nor do the Accounts contain receipts for registration fees. It is probable, therefore, that this registration was of the simplest character, and consisted merely of impressing the maker's mark upon the "touch-plates" at Pewterers' Hall. Most of the early marks are very small, and contain only the maker's initials, thus making it impossible to identify the mark with certainty, although the list of members of the Company extends back to the middle of the fifteenth century.

The earliest information of importance respecting the Company is found in their Ordinances for the year 1348, in the middle of the long reign of Edward III. The Company is described as the Craft of Pewterers, and the Ordinances deal exclusively with matters relating to the trade. In the ancient oath, which bears every evidence of being at least as old as these Ordinances, there is associated with the Craft the Brotherhood of the Assumption of Our Lady. The main object of the regulations of 1348 was to enforce a high standard of quality and workmanship upon makers of English pewter, a reputation for which it has ever since been the great aim of the Company to maintain. Another early Ordinance for the regulation of the trade was approved by the Court of Aldermen on the 30th of March, 1438. This was followed, six years later, by an Order of the Common Council granting the Company the right to purchase one-fourth part of all the tin brought up for sale to London.

In 1451, the series of Audit Books begins, and opens to us a mine of valuable information. The Accounts were extremely simple at this

early period, the receipts consisting chiefly of fees paid for admission to the Craft, fines, payments for quarterage, and gifts and bequests. The total receipts for 1451-2 were 39l. 4s. 11d. The payments amounted to 46s. 11d., and included money given to alms-men, expenses of attendance in the Lord Mayor and Sheriffs' Processions to Westminster, and of attendance at the Grey Friars on their annual election day, which was the Feast of the Assumption of the Blessed Virgin. The Hall of another great monastery, that of the Austin Friars, was used with its offices for the great annual feast, and for the ordinary business of the Fellowship.

The need of State protection and authority was soon felt, to enable the governing body to supervise with effect all matters connected with the trade, the concerns of its members, and the control or prohibition of foreign imports. Both Parliament and the King himself were approached with a view of obtaining such powers in 1461-2, soon after Edward IV's accession to the throne. The usual methods of promoting legislation in those days, namely, by handsome gifts to high officers of State and their subordinate officials, were freely employed by the Pewterers, but, as it appears, without much success until 1473. In this year, the thirteenth of his reign, Edward IV granted the Company their first charter, containing licence to Peter Bishop, William Large and Thomas Langtoft, the then Master and Wardens of the Craft, to found to the honour of God and of the Virgin Mary, a fraternity or perpetual guild of one Master, two Wardens, and Commonalty of the Mistery of Pewterers.

Besides the legal benefits of incorporation thus secured, the Company was granted the important right of search for false wares, not only within the City and suburbs, but throughout all England, and the King's officers were enjoined to give them every assistance for this purpose. These extended powers resulted in the addition to the ranks of the Company of many country pewterers, who were hospitably entertained when their business brought them to London. The Company took its part with the other Guilds in the various municipal duties and ceremonials, as well as

by contributing their full quota in all contributions of money or men required by various monarchs from the City of London. A confirmatory Charter was granted to them by Edward IV on 14th April, 1478.

The Company now took measures to provide themselves with a Hall, and after inspecting various sites, selected that on which the Hall now stands in Lime Street. The building appears to have been commenced in 1475, but was not finished till twenty years later. From the description of its various apartments found in the Inventories, it was a building well worthy of the Company, and attached to it was a garden with vinery and bowling green. The Company were their own builders, employing the necessary workmen and labourers, and purchasing the materials required. The services of Simon Burlingham were engaged as master-builder or architect, and the Beadle of the Company, among his other duties, would seem to have acted as Clerk of the Works. When the Hall was finished, the Company ceased to hold their meetings at the Friaries. The annual religious service was transferred in 1495-6 from the Grey Friars to the Church of All-Hallows, Lombard Street, and the annual banquet and other festivities now took place at the Hall, where the business of the Company was also transacted, thus no longer necessitating the use of apartments at the Austin Friars.

The Yeomanry, or Freemen, had a separate organisation of their own, under a Master and three Wardens chosen from the Livery of the Company. With this was united, as in the Company itself, a religious association. It was known as the Fraternity of St. Michael the Archangel, the annual festival of which was also held in the Church of All-Hallows, Lombard Street.

In 1503-4 the Company succeeded in procuring an important Act of Parliament giving them much-needed powers for the suppression of abuses in the trade, one of its clauses providing that all Pewterers should put their mark or "touch" upon their goods. This statute, with some amending and confirmatory Acts, continued, for the next three centuries, to be the Company's principal instrument of authority, and was as such

reprinted and widely distributed so late as the year 1741. The Charter of Edward IV was confirmed by Henry VII in 1504-5, and by other Charters of inspeximus granted by Henry VIII, Philip and Mary, and Queen Elizabeth. An important general Act was also passed in the year 1503-4, forbidding any of the Companies to make ordinances or bye-laws until their draft had been approved by certain high officers of state on behalf of the Crown. The Pewterers' Company accordingly submitted their bye-laws for confirmation in 1522. This important document embraces the whole constitution of the Company, including its trade control and internal organisation.

It is impossible to allude to more than a few of the points of interest in which the period covered by this Volume abounds. The Company possessed a grant of arms in 1473, the date of their incorporation, as appears from their seal. The grant was confirmed by Thomas Benolt, Clarencieux King of Arms, on 26th May, 1533. This document is well preserved, but the earlier grant or grants have unfortunately disappeared. The alteration in the religious observances of the Company at the Reformation are of much interest, and are illustrated by the entries in the accounts preceding and following the Dissolution of the Monasteries in 1537-8. Some of the accounts are very beautifully written, especially those for the years 1551-1569, when Edmund Browne, a very skilful penman, was Clerk of the Company.

The minutes of the Court of Assistants commence in 1551, and from this date a much clearer view of the history and proceedings of the Company is obtainable. In 1557, for the first time, a member of the Pewterers' Company held the office of Lord Mayor. This was Sir Thomas Curtis, whose family had long been connected with the Company, and who served as Sheriff in 1546. Presents were made both to Alderman Curtis and Alderman John Catcher, towards furnishing their houses when they served the office of Sheriff.

Loans were required by the Crown from an early period, and the method of assessing that of 1558 for Queen Mary caused much discontent. Personal service was also demanded both (1) for pageants, when a deputation well-dressed and well-mounted attended on horseback, and whifflers were furnished from the Yeomanry to keep the streets clear from the crowd; and (2) for the wars, when detachments drawn from the Yeomanry were fitted out by the Company fully equipped with clothing and arms. A store of armour was kept at the Hall, and the services of an Armourer employed to keep it in good condition.

The Court of Assistants appears to have had its origin in 1560, when all past Masters and Wardens were appointed to sit with the Master and Wardens to give their advice. A severe Plague visitation occurred in 1563, when the Company's searches had to be abandoned.

In 1564, a Code of Ordinances is entered in a book presented by William Curtis, an influential member of the Company. It is interesting to compare these provisions with the earlier Bye-Laws of 1522. The long roll of the Company's charters is explained by the pressure put upon them to procure a renewal of their "Corporation" at the beginning of each new reign. On the accession of Queen Elizabeth they were served with a Quo Warranto to compel them to renew their charter. In 1575, the Company was again threatened with a writ of Quo Warranto from the Queen, which they sought to avert by a timely gift from their funds. They were, however, burdened with heavy legal costs in conducting their defence.

The Company employed any balance in their hands in the purchase of tin, which they sold to their members at a slight profit. A Christmas gift of money was made in 1564 to the Lord Mayor. This afterwards became an annual present of two, three or four pounds. Similar presents were made to the Speaker and great Officers of State when the Company were seeking legislative powers or protection.

The term Livery first appears in use about 1564, taking the place of the olden term "Clothing," by which the higher class of members were distinguished. The Liveryman's fine in 1568 was twenty shillings, besides his spoon. The Company thus became possessed of a goodly show of plate. Freedom by Redemption first occurs under that name in 1587.

The Company were often asked by noblemen and others to admit various persons to their membership on favourable terms. In 1586 the famous Sir Walter Raleigh asked such a favour on behalf of one Isaac Tucker. Many instances occur of the admission to the Brotherhood of persons not connected with the trade. Among these were Lord William Howard, the Lord Chamberlain; Mr. Stukeley, who, with his wife, was a benefactor to the Company; and an ecclesiastic, Sir Peter Warryson, who was in due course nominated for the office of Warden.

Both journeymen and apprentices were kept strictly under their master's surveillance, and were not allowed to be away on Sunday until after Evensong, and then not to engage in unlawful sports. Apprentices were to be bound for at least seven years, and often for longer terms, extending to nine or ten years. Apprentices and even journeymen were punished by whipping for various offences. This was usually inflicted in the Hall and in open Court. Members of the Company were forbidden to go to law with each other, and the minute books are largely taken up with the settlement of disputes and adjudication upon complaints among members, or among masters and their workmen and apprentices. The disputants were often sentenced to dine or sup together, accompanied by their wives.

Fines for bad metal or workmanship were impartially inflicted upon all, not excepting the Master and Wardens. If money could not be obtained, the Company distrained on tools, ware, or even dress and livery gown. A frequent punishment was an order to the offender to alter his "touch." He was sometimes sentenced, if a liveryman, to be deprived of his hood, thus losing the privileges of the livery.

The prices of food and other necessaries are fully illustrated from the Audit Books, and the accounts for the years when the Hall was building give interesting information as to the cost of labour and materials. Besides their annual religious festival in August, on the day of the Assumption, the Company attended the Lord Mayor at St. Paul's many times during the year. The religious services almost wholly disappeared after the Reformation; the obits survived only in their charitable provision for the poor.

The Hall was a real centre of the craftsmen's daily life. They were to attend in cleanly apparel and without their aprons. Amusements were allowed, but games of chance, e.g., shove-groat, strictly forbidden. The Hall was let out for weddings and dinners to outsiders, and furnished a source of income to the Company. An Italian exhibited here a wonderful castle in 1570. Attached to the Hall was a bowling-alley and a fine garden with an arbour, vine, and rose trees.

The annual election banquet was attended by all, including the poorest of the Yeomanry, with their wives also. After the dinner was a pageant for which "play pence" were collected. A sword-player's services were sometimes engaged. The Quarter-Day dinners were attended only by the Livery. The Yeomanry had their own festival at Michaelmas. A curious light is thrown on the election customs by an entry, on page 267, forbidding the members or their wives to go to the newly-elected master's house, unless specially invited. Burials were attended by the members of the Company, and were generally followed by a feast.

The trade regulations were very numerous and strictly enforced. Great trouble was occasioned to the Company by tinkers and hawkers, whom they found it very hard to suppress. Tin was forbidden to be bought or sold without cloff (rough metal), nor with more than a due proportion of "peak."

The suspected metal seized by the Company in their searches was brought to the Hall, where vats, melting bellows, and other appliances were kept for testing its quality. If found to be below standard it was mostly forfeited, and sold as inferior or "lay" metal to the Master and

Wardens for the time being, who were privileged to buy it. The amount realised was divided equally between the Crown and the Company. All bad ware or metal was marked with the Broad Arrow-head. Gilding pewter was strictly prohibited, as was also the letting out of new vessels to hire. The selling price of pewter ware at shops, as well as at fairs and markets, was also fixed by the Company.

The matters dealt with in Volume II will be treated of in the Introduction to that Volume.

The following is the plan adopted in the preparation of the work. The year is taken according to the modern reckoning from January 1st to December 31st, instead of from March 25th, the old New Year's Day; each year therefore, previous to the reformation of the Calendar in 1752, has a double date. Thus the year 1451-2 comprises 1st January-24th March, 1451, and 25th March-31st December, 1452. Complete extracts from the records are indicated by printing the first word or words in heavy type, shorter extracts being shown by quotation-marks. The events and transactions of each year, taken (after 1550) chiefly from the Court Minute Books, are in strict chronological sequence, an entry without date being of the date of that immediately Following the last entry in December are the extracts preceding it. from the Audit Books for the year. These accounts run from Michaelmas to Michaelmas, and so begin and end three months earlier than the yearly period covered by the rest of the entries. Whilst the Court Minute Books and the Audit Books form the main sources of information, valuable and interesting facts are occasionally supplied by the Yeomanry Accounts, the Book of Inventories, the Tin Ledgers, and other records. These occasional entries are inserted in proper order of date, and the source from which they are taken is specified in every instance.

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# History of the Pewterers' Company.

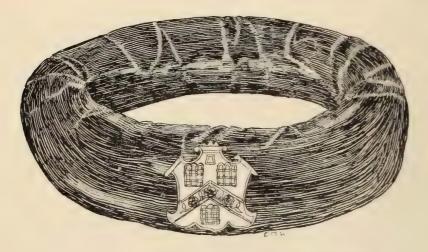
#### CHAPTER I.

#### the Craft or FelloBship.

HE materials for a history of the Pewterers' Company are fortunately abundant, and lie for the most part in the Company's own possession. They include a roll of accounts known as Audit Books, complete from the year 1451 to the present day, lists of liverymen from the same date, Orders of Court beginning in 1551, Yeomanry accounts from 1495, and a long and well-preserved series of Charters granted by various sovereigns from Edward III to Anne. Among the more ancient books is a volume of ordinances which seems to have been known as the Jury Book (for swearing officials and new members), and was presented to the Craft by Robert Chamberlain and Cicely his wife in 1463, as the following entry on folio 9b shows:—

of london and Cecile his wyfe zafe bis boke in to be Crafte of peuterers in the worschep of god and be assumpcon of oure lady to be prayde fore euer ppetually. The xj day of august in the zere of oure lorde m. cccclxiij. And in the birde zere of the reigne of kyng Edward the foureth. Also be sayde Roberd & Cecile zafe on be sayde day iij Garlondis vnto be worship & chesyng of be wardeynes of be sayde Craft & on ther of ys I Garneshit wt syluer and be armes of be Craft ber on.

by the men of the Craft in 1348 and submitted to the Mayor and Aldermen for their approval. The draft was approved and ordered to be entered on the City books. Here, in Letter Book F folio 155, the document duly appears in Latin and Norman French according to the ancient custom of the City, and an English translation is given by



Election Chaplet, or Garland, given by Robert and Cicely Chamberlain in 1463.

Mr. H. T. Riley in his "Memorials of London."\* The copy preserved in the Company's records is chosen for printing as the more interesting version, being a quaint specimen of early English, and hitherto unknown.

Ordinaunces of the crafte of pewtreres entird in the boke of ff. the Clv. lef To the maire and aldermen of the cite of london praien the goode folke makers of peauter vessel of the saide cite that ye please the state and pointes of her crafte to tender & vppon the defawtes for the comun profite by gode discrecion to ordeine redresse & amende & to ordeine the pointes couenable by the peple that ben connyng in the saide crafte to be wel holdon and kepte.

First for as moche os the crafte of peutereres is founded vppon certeine maters & metales as of brasse tyn & lede in pte of the wheche iii

<sup>\* 1868,</sup> pp. 241-244.

Expert pewterers to oversee and assay all wares.

metals they make vessel that is to saie pottes salers dyssites platers and othir thinges by good folke be spoken wheche werkes aske certeine medles & alayes aftir the maner of the uessels be spoken which thinges can not be made withoute goode auisement of the peuterere experte and kunnynge in the crafte. Therevppon the crafte goode folk of the crafte praien that it be ordeined that iij or iiij moste trew & cunnyng of the crafte be chosen to ouersee the alayes and werkes aforsaide. And bi thaire examinacion and asay amendement to be made where the defaute is hastely vppon the dede and if any be rebel ayenst the wardeins or assaiours ban the defaute and the name of the trespassour rebelle to be sente to the maire and to be iuged in the presence of the goode folke of the Crafte that have take the defaute.

Standard for fine pewter and for vessels of tin. And be it vnderstonde that al maner vessells of peauter as disshes Saucers platers Chargeours pottes square Cruettes square Crismatories and othir thinges that they make square or Cistils that they be made of fyne peauter and the mesure of Brasse to the tyn as moche as it wol receive of his nature of the same and al othir thinges of the saide crafte that be wrozte as pottes rounde that perteine to the crafte to be wrouzte of tyn with an alay of lede to a resonable mesure and the mesure of the alay of an C tyn is xxvj. lb. lede. and that is called vessells of tyn for ever.

Also that non entermete of the Crafte aforsaide but if he be sworne

afore the goode folke of the crafte to wirke treuly aftir be pointes ordeined

as he that hathe ben aprentice or othir wise treu workeman known and asaid among hem. And that non reseiue aprentice ayenst the vse of the Citee.

Qualifications for admission.

Apprentices.

None to sell ware in the City before it is assayed by the Wardens.

And tho that be received to be enrolled after the vse of the same Cite.

Also that non persone ne estraunger wirk ne bere suche maner vessel of peauter in be Cite to sel ne it put to sale afore the mater be assaid oppon perile of forfarture of the marchandice if the mater be suffrable be the assais of the wardenis that merchandice to be solde for suche as it is and non other wise.

None to send ware out of the City for sale until it be first assayed. And that non of the saide craft wirk preueli in hid placis vessells of lede nor of fals alay for to selle oute of the cite atte faires or markettes for esclaunder to the cite and harme and esclaunder of the goode folk of the saide crafte but be suche thinges bt shulbe sent to sale oute of the cite by the wardeines of the craft asaide afore they be had out of the citee

by the wardeins of the craft to sale and  $b^t$  no man wirk in the saide Craft but he wol answere for his wirk oppon the asaie of his werk in whos handes someuer it be founde And if ani be take henforwarde bering or carying suche warez to sel at faire market or elles where within this reame afore it be assaide: And therof be ateint afore the maire and aldermen be he punished bi theire discrecion aftir his trespasse whan he is ateint atthe sute of the goode folke of his craft.

Penalties for dishonest journeymen and apprentices.

Penalties for bad work-manship.

None to work at night.

Penalties for breaking above rules.

No man to entice away another's workman.

Also if any apprentise or allowes be taken doinge harme to his master of x d. by wey of theft be wey there amendes made to the master bi hym or bi his plegges of the crafte & if he trespasse anothir tyme be he punished bi the regard of the Craft. And if he trespas the iij. tyme be he put oute of the crafte.

Also that the person of the saide Craft bat is othir wise take wirkinge in the Craft ban is aforesaide. And of that be found culpable bi the assaie atthe first defaute he shal lese be mater so wrozte. Atthe secund defaute he shal lese the mater and be punished by the discrecion of the maire and aldermen atthe iij tyme if he be taken trespassinge he shalbe foringed of the crafte for euermore.

Also the goode folk of the crafte ben acorded that non be so hardi to wirk by nyzt no werk of peauter be cause it is regarded amonge thaym that the vew of the night is not so profitable ne certen as is of the day to the commen profit.

Also that any of the saide craft be take in defaute in any of the pointes aforesaide he shal pai at the first defaute xl. d. and at the secund defaut vj s. viij d. And at the iij defaute to be done of him aftir the discrecion of the maire and Aldermen and that of the payment is that one half be geuen to the chamber for to maintene the wardeines and that othir half to the wardeins of the craft for theire trauaile and expensis.

Also that none of the crafte grete ne smale purloine othirs alowes ayenst thassente & wille of his first mastir afore he haue fulli serued his terme aftir the couenante by twene hem made & that the saide alows haue made agree with his maister of the trespasses and mysprises to him don if he haue ani thinge trespassed ayenst hym by the discrecions of the wardeins of the crafte. And he that dothe ayenst this ordinance to be punisched aftir the discrecion of the maire and aldermen,

None to take a workman who has not been apprenticed or is not otherwise competent. Also that non of the craft grete ne smale be so hardi to receiue any wirkeman of the craft but if he haue ben apprentise or be a goode wirkeman and suche as may haue witnes of his maister or of othir goode neighburghes to be of goode condicions. And may shew that wele and treuly he hathe serued his maister the tyme assigned by twene hem.

There were chosen and sworne to ouerse and kepe the articles aforsaid that is to witte Stephen le straunge and John Syward peautrers.

In the City books is the following further entry in a later hand. The original is in Latin. "On Thursday next after the Feast of Allhallows [1 November], in the 23rd year of the reign of King Edward the Third, etc. [1349], it was witnessed before Walter Turk, Mayor, and the Aldermen, that Stephen Lestraunge was dead, and that John Syward could not work; wherefore the reputable men of that trade chose Nicholas de Ludgate and Ernald Schipwaysshe, pewterers, who were sworn to keep the articles aforesaid."

The John Syward above mentioned was probably a near relative of Roger Syward, pewterer, whose will, dated 1 November, 1348, was enrolled in the Court of Husting, 20 July, 1349. He lived in the parish of Allhallows, Bread Street, and left his trade implements to any of his sons who was willing to follow his trade. [Cal. of Husting Wills, ed. Sharpe, i., 596.]

The above interesting document shows that the Craft existed in an organised state in the reign of Edward III, the wardens being empowered to receive one half the fines inflicted on offenders against the ordinances. The designation of "The Craft of Pewterers" is the earliest by which the Fellowship is described in the records;\* with it was associated the Brotherhood of The Assumption of Our Lady, as appears from the following ancient oath preserved in the "Jury Book":—

† **Re** schull kepe to 30wre powere well and trewly all the good rewlys of peutreres Crafte which ben enrolled in the Guyld halle of london and

<sup>\*</sup>The style or title of "Craft of Pewterers" was retained (as appears from the headings of the annual audits) until 1528-9, when it was altered to "Craft or Mystery." In 1546-7, the "Mystery" usurps the place of the "Craft," the style being "Master of the Mistery of Pewterers and Wardens of the same Craft or Mystery." The modern designation of "Company" appears casually in 1542-3, but was first formally adopted in 1569-70, when the style runs "Master of the Companye and Mysterye and Wardens of the same Crafte or Mysterie." The terms Mystery and Craft finally disappear in 1611-12, from which date the style is "The Company of Pewterers."

<sup>†</sup> This oath is crossed through in the original.

This ys woyde & of no effecte.

alle be good counseles of the seyde Crafte and none of hem discoue but if it be to the worschip of the Crafte and also ye shall worshep owre bretheren of the peutreres which ben be bretheren of oure lady and socoure and helpe in eur place so it be not hynderyng to zowre selfe ne to zoure worschep so helpe zou god and holy dam [holy Lady] and by bis boke. kis be boke.

Although these early ordinances make no mention of the religious Fraternity, the oath, which is probably equally ancient, shows that the Craft and Guild were indissolubly connected. The records show no trace of any separate organisation of the two institutions, the Master and Wardens presiding over both the Guild and the Craft; no evidence is available to determine which of the two associations is the more ancient, or whether they had a simultaneous origin. In 1348, the trade control, which had no doubt been exercised for some time previously in an informal manner, was put upon a legitimate basis by the above Ordinances. The regulations of chief importance are those providing for the assaying of all pewter wares and fixing a standard for each quality. Two classes of ware are described, viz., Fine Pewter, which was a mixture of tin and brass in proportions not very clearly specified, being probably a trade secret; and Vessels of Tin, the alloy for which consisted of 26 lbs. of lead to each cwt. of tin.

These provisions, which head the earliest code of regulations of the Craft, were always most strictly enforced, and show the jealous care with which this ancient Guild secured and maintained the high reputation of English pewter for quality and workmanship. The remaining provisions are very similar to those which were in force in other guilds, but they all relate to trade management and are only incidentally concerned with the internal organisation of the Fellowship. The points comprised are the necessity for apprenticeship\* or other technical training; penalties for theft and bad workmanship; and the prohibition of night work, of enticing away another's workmen, and of the employment of unskilled persons.

**1351.** The City records show that the Craft was not slow to use the powers which they now possessed for maintaining the credit of the trade.

<sup>\*</sup> It will be noticed that previous apprenticeship was not a necessary qualification for admission to the Guild.

On Monday next after the Feast of the Apostles Peter and Paul [29 June], in the 24th year of the reign of King Edward the Third, etc., 23 measures called "potels," and 20 saltcellars, of pewter, were brought before Walter Turk, the Mayor, and the Aldermen, by the men of the trade of Pewterers; who said that the potels and saltcellars aforesaid were false, and made of false metal by John de Hiltone, "peautrer," here present in court, in deceit of the people, and to the disgrace of the whole trade. And the said John de Hiltone acknowledged that he had made the vessels aforesaid; and that it might be known whether the same vessels were of good and befitting metal or not, order was given to William de Greyngham, serjeant to summon forthwith before the Mayor and Aldermen, Arnold de Shypwaysshe, Nicholas de Ludgate, John Syward, William de Uptone, John de Arlicheseye and William de Greschirche, Wardens of the Articles of the trade of Pewterers, that they might certify the Mayor and Aldermen, as to the genuineness or falsity of the make of the vessels aforesaid. Who being sworn, after viewing and examining the vessels aforesaid said upon oath, that the greater part of the metal of which the aforesaid potels and saltcellars were made was lead; whereas to one hundredweight of 112 pounds of tin there ought to be added no more than 16 pounds of lead. It was therefore adjudged that the said vessels should be forfeited to the use of the Commonalty.

Afterwards on the Thursday next after the Feast of the Exaltation of the Holy Cross [14 September] in the 26th year, the said vessels were sold for 19s. 8d. in the time of Andrew Aubrey, Mayor, as appears in the accounts of Thomas de Waldene, the Chamberlain, then next rendered.

[Riley, Memorials, pp. 259-260. Original in Latin.]

1363. The enforcement of honourable dealing in trade and work-manship was a common aim among all the Crafts, and formed the plea on which they sought for powers over their respective trades, whether from the Crown or from the Corporation. This policy was fostered and directed by the Crown and Parliament. A statute passed in 1363 enacted that "two of every craft shall be chosen to survey that none use other craft than the same which he has chosen."\* An important order of somewhat similar

<sup>\* 37</sup> Edw. III, cap. 6; Statutes of the Realm, i, 379.

purport, probably directed to the citizens by Edward III, is preserved in Liber Albus.† This precept was transmitted by the Lord Mayor to the various Crafts, and it is fortunately preserved in an early English dress at the end of the Jury Book. The document is undated in the Liber Albus, but the reference in the Company's ancient book to Letter Book G of the City records enables us to fix its date as of the

same year, 1363.

This following is entred in be boke of G be leef cxxxv. Also it is ordeined bat alle be craftes of be citee of london be trewly rewled and gouned eight in his degree in due maner. So bt no falsnesse false werke ne disceite be found in no maner of be said Craftes, ffor be worsship of be good folk of be said Craftes, and for the coe pfite of be peple. that of eur Crafte be chosen and sworn. iiij. or vj. or mo. or fewer. as be Crafte shull nede, the which folk so chosen and sworn shull haue full power of be mair for that wele and trewly to do and pforme, And if any of the said Craftes be rebell contrarious or destourbouse, that they mowe nat duely pforme her office and of that he be atteinte that atte the first tyme he shal abide in prisone by x dayes and paie to be Comunaltee for his trespasse x s. and atte the secunde tyme he shall dwell in prisone by xx dayes and paye to be Comunaltee xx s. And atte the iijde tyme he shall duell in prisone by xxx dayes and paie to the Comunaltee xxx s. and atte the iiijth tyme he shall dwell in prisone by xl dayes and paie to the Comunaltee xl s.

1438. The materials at disposal for this early period are necessarily scanty, and we have no information as to the progress of the Craft during the next seventy-five years. In 1438 the silence breaks, and an interesting insight is afforded into the affairs of the Craft. Elated by the privileges granted them in the time of Edward III, the worthy men of the Pewterers seem to have taken upon them to make further ordinances without the authority of the Mayor and Aldermen and against the "profit" of the City. For this they had to appear before the Court of Aldermen on 19th November, when, after being examined, they fully confessed their fault, and on the 27th February, their illegal ordinances were "adnulled and utterly rejecte." A gleam of hope must have been vouchsafed them,

for on presenting themselves again with all due submission before the Court on the 20th March, a draft body of ordinances which they had prepared was approved.

This document is duly entered in the City books, but is here transcribed, as in previous cases, from the Company's old Jury Book.

Ordinaunces of the said crafte of peautrers enterd in the boke of k. in the lef clxxiiij. Be it remembred that the xix day of novembre In the yere of the regne of kinge henry the sixt aftir the conquest the xvij there came afore Stephen Browne maire & aldermen of london the worthy men of the craft of peautrers and severally examined of and oppon many ordenances made in counsaile confessid that they hade made ordenances amonge hemself without autorite of the maire the whiche by goode diligence and deliberacion examinid for as they were found ayenst the libertes of the cite and ayenst the comen profit and also with out autorite were made therfore by the maire and aldermen in their congregacion held in the chambre of the Guyld halle of the cite of london the xxvij day of februeri al tho ordenances were adnulled and utterly rejecte and afterwarde the xx day of march yn the yere abouesaide the wardeins of the saide craft putto the maire and aldermen abille wherof the tenor folowth the whiche bil aftir diligent examinacion afore had by the saide maire and aldermen was approued.

New bill approved.

**Ordinances** 

without

authority

annulled.

Previous ordinances ratified.

\*To the ful honurable lordes and soueraynes maire and aldermen of the cite of london. Humbli besechen the goode folk of the craft of peautrers in the saide citee that wher as for the goode of the comen peple worshīp of this cite & honeste of the saide crafte be said besekers have certaine pointes and articles entird in the chamber of the saide citee in the boke of . ff. the lef. clv that it like vnto youre goode graces the said pointes and articles in forme as they of old tyme ben entird to accept ratifie & hem conferme and ouer that by youre ful wise discrecions to se and tendirly considir the pointes and articles here suinge writen and in that thei be goode and resonable hem to admitte for ferme sure and stable and hem graunt so to be entired in the chamber of the yelde halle aboue saide.

<sup>\*</sup> A marginal note in a later hand is as follows:—A High Title given to ye Mayor & Aldren.

Every memher of the Craft to attend when summoned.

\* 511

No person to take another's house, shop or standing place.

House-holders of the Craft to pay 12 d. yearly.

None to sell or bargain deceitfully.

Firste for the treu observance of al the goode & commendable pointes articles & reules in the saide crafte that euery persone of be same crafte that holdeth open shop in the said Citee or in the suburbus of be same Citee whan and as often as he is warned by the mastirs of the said craft or by the bedel of the same craft that he come and be redy and attendant to the houre and place to hym assigned oppon peine of xij d that oone half alway to remaine to be vse of the saide chambre\* of the said chambre yeld halle and that othir half to the vse of the company of the said craft.

Also that no persone of the said craft hire procure ne put othir persone of the same craft out of his hous shōp or stonding place in the cite of london nor in faires markettes nor in othir places out of this Citee nor mak no maner brogate [brokage] bi no mene persone priue ne apperte for any suche shop hous stondinge place nor parcel of grounde and in especial in feires markettes and places oute of this Citee on lesse than the person that hathe ocupied it byfore tyme be dede or ells wol it yeld vp and leue it bi his fre wyl vppon peine of xls to be diuidid in maner as it is abouesaide and that is often tymes as any person of the saide craft be founde and proued doinge the contrari of this article and ouer that to be iuged by the maires discrecion.

Also that euery persone houshoulder of the saide craft that holdethe open shope by the strete side within the saide Cite or in the suburbs therof from this tyme forward paie yerly to the relef of pouer men of the same Craft xij d to be disposid by the discrecions of the masters and goode men of the same crafte in tyme of necessite in peine of dowblinge to the chambre.

Also where as heuy noise and greuous disclaunder is grouen through be makinge and vsinge of vnleful bargaynes of cheuisaunce for goddes cause and vnto be correccion & sauf kepinge of the honest & goode fame of the gode folk of the saide Craft and of al this honurable Cite in that in him is that no person of the saide Craft from this tyme forward selle ony Peauter vessel to cheuysaunce wittingeli oppon peine of xl d. the hundrethe to be paid by hym so made to be reced [received] and diuidid in maner and forme aboue declared.

None of the Craft to melt his metal ashes except in places appointed.

Also in eschewinge lettinge and cessinge of unleful sotiltees and comen hurtes that no person of the Craft from this tyme forward melte his metal asshes in any othir place than only with suche a person brothir of the same Craft and place convenient as by the wardeins and sad men of the same Craft generally therto shal be named and asigned oppon peine of xijd. the hundreb as oft tymes as ony person of the said craft dothe the contrari to be reced and divided in the forme aboutsaid.

It would have been interesting to compare these Ordinances with the first draft which the City annulled. Their object was to secure a firmer control over the trade, and the machinery for this purpose helped to consolidate and extend the internal organisation of the Fellowship. The provision obliging every member of the Craft to attend personally when summoned by the "Masters" is especially important, and it gives us the first notice of a "bedel" as a permanent official. Another enactment of value to the Craft was the power granted them to impose a yearly contribution upon all pewterers keeping open shop.

Of the same date, 1438, there is in the Jury Book a curious table of regulations for the standard weights of all kinds of pewter vessels. Inferior quality and bad workmanship had been provided for in the Ordinances of 1348, and it now remained to deal with offenders whose

wares failed to come up to the proper standard of weight.

For that divers artificers of the craft of peautrers hidir vnto have do to be forged & made vessel weinge lizter [lighter] or heuier ban bei out [ought] to wey berfore bat in every sorte of vessels to be made a comen certainte shalbe had in tyme comynge thece quantitees of weghtes ben limited and assigned in alle assises of the vessel vndirstond vndirwriten.

First the chargeours of be largest assise a doseine weinge iij quartrons of a C. the pece weinge vij li. Also next be grettist a dosen weyynge lx lb. be pece v lb. Also the middil chargeours a dosen weyinge xxxix lb. be pece weinge iij lb and a quarter. Also be smale holow chargeours be dosen weinge xxxiij be pece ij lb and iij quarter. Also the platers of the largest assice be dosen weinge xxx lb. Also the platers

of the next assice the doseine xxviilb. Also be middel platers a dosen weinge xxiiii lb. Also be smale myddyl platers a dosen weyinge xxii lb. Also the disshes a dosen weinge of the largest assice xviii lb. Also the myddil dishes a dosen weinge xiiii lb. Also be kinges dishes a dosen weinge xvilb. Also the smale dishes a dosen weinge xiilb. Also the holow dishes a dosen weyinge xilb. Also the smale holowe dishes a dosen weyynge x lb. Also be sawcers of be largest assice a dosen weinge ix lb. Also the myddil a dosen weinge vii li. Also next the myddil saucers a dosen weinge vilb. Also be smale saucers a dosen weinge iiii lb. Also xii of the grettest Galey disshes & Galey saucers a dosen weinge xijlb. Also xiiij dishes & xiiij saucers weinge of the next Galey mold of the smale dishes of Galy & Galy saucers weinge xiilb. Also the Cardinals hatte and saucers weinge a doseine xvlbi. Also xij florentyn disshes and xij florentyne saucers of the grettest assice weinge xiii lb. Also the next florentyne disshes and florentine saucers weinge xij lb. Also the smale bolles a dosen weinge xiij lb.

That ther be no conterfete bat cometh out of lundon but it be wel & sufficiantly bete & that there be no cours ware analed by no man of be franchice of london to be solde for counterfete in lundon or in the contrey for disceiuynge of be kinges peple from this tyme forward oppon be peine aforesaid. Also a square potel weinge iiij lb. Also a square Quart weyynge ij lb dī.  $[2\frac{1}{2}]$  lbs.] Also a square pinte weinge a lb. dī.  $[1\frac{1}{2}]$  lbs.] Also a doseine of plaine salers weinge xiij lb. Also a dosen of cowped salers weinge xiij lb. Also a dosen of counterfete salers weinge xiij lb. Also a dosen of smale counterfete salers weinge ix lb. Also a dosen short salers weyinge ix lb.

The list of wares is curious, but is confined to dishes and plates, the description of which is presumably exhaustive. Pots and liquid measures were perhaps made by a special class of workmen; an early list of them is found in the Accounts for 1482-3, see p. 57. Spoons, little salts, and other small ware were made by poorer members of the trade.

1444. The control over the trade now exercised by the general body of the pewterers was considerable, and the influence of the Craft was rapidly increasing. So far as the manufacture was concerned, an efficient oversight

was insured, but power was wanting to deal with abuses connected with the raw material. Although tin was required for other trades, the pewterers were by far the largest consumers of it, and from the allegations in the following petition, it would seem that much fraud was practised by the merchants of the stanneries. To ensure a sufficient supply of tin from the Cornish and Devonshire mines, and to prevent any tampering with its quality, were first necessities with the Overseers of the pewterers' industry. The Wardens of the Craft were fortunate in their efforts to attain both these objects, as appears from the following entries in the City records (Letter Book K, foll. 219, 219b).

**Memorandum** quod ad Comune concilium tentum die Veneris decimo die Julii Anno regni Regis Henrici sexti vicesimo secundo ordinatum fuit et concordatum per Thomam Catworth Maiorem et Aldermannos cum assensu Comunitatis quod Custodes Mistere de Peautrers pro se et hominibus dicte mistere in Comuni habebunt quartam partem tocius Stanni ducti ad Ciuitatem Londoniarum per terram siue per aquam de manibus ipsorum mercatorum stannum illud ad Ciuitatem deferentium pro tali precio sicut ceteris Ciuibus adtunc illud vendi

contigerit omni fraude cessant etc.

Comune consilium tentum die Mercurii vicesimo secundo die Julii Anno regni regis Henrici sexti vicesimo secundo. In isto comuni concilio porrecta fuit quedam supplicacio Maiori Aldermannis et Comunitati per custodes et ceteros Ciues de Mistera de Peautrers Cuius quidem supplicationis tenor sequitur in hec verba.

To the Right honurables lord and souueraignes the Maire & Aldremen of the Citee of London and to be right wise and discrete Comons of the said Citee assembled in this present Counseill.

Mekely besechen the Wardeins and goodmen of the craft of Peautrers in London; for as moche as at euery coynage made in thise dayes grete multitude of Tynne whiche is vntrewe and deceyuable is brought to this Citee and here is solde as dere as the best Tynne comyng to this said Citee, for as moche as no defaulte canne be perceyued therin tille it come to the myltyng Wherthrughe grete damages and hurtes daily growen and encrecen nat onely to youre said besechers but also to alle

The Wardens of the Mistery of Pewterers to have a fourth part of all the tin brought for sale to London.

Wardens to have power to search and assay tin melted within the City. the Kinges lieges bying myltyng and wirkyng the same tynne. Wherfore please it your honurable lordship and wise discrecions tendrely to considre the premisses and in eschuyng of the damages and hurtes aforesaid to ordeigne and graunt that the Wardeins of the said craft which for the tyme shulle be, haue auctoritee and power from tyme to tyme perpetually hereafter to serche and assaie alle tynne hereafter to be multe withinne the said Citee and the Fraunchise therof, And alle the tynne by theim to befounde deceyuable and vntrewe to take and areste to the vse of the Chambre of the Gildehalle of the said Citee as forfaite sauyng to the said Wardeins whiche for be time shulle be, a resonable part by you to be limited of euery forfaiture for thaire labour to be hadde in the serche aforesaid And this for the comon auaille and encrece and in wey of charitee.

Petition granted and allowed.

Que supplicacio per Comunitatem fuerat concessa et affirmata. Et quia videbatur Maiori et Aldermannis quod dicta supplicacio tendit in promocionem iusticie et ex consequenti in sustentacionem prosperitatis rei publice ordinatum fuit quod dicta supplicacio execucioni demandetur in adiutorium solicitudinis et laboris Maioris qui pro tempore fuerit ad quem spectat in solidum misprisiones negligencias et defectus omnium misterarum corrigere infra Ciuitatem supradictam etc.

1451. We have now reached a date when the long series of Accounts known as Audit Books begins; and these documents afford another and most valuable source of information. The earliest Audit Book commences in the year 1451. Prefixed to it are nine pages containing various memoranda of sums owing to the Craft and purchases made. They are interspersed with a transcript of the will and an inventory of the possessions of Thomas Cohed, who died in London on 19th July, 1425. These are of considerable antiquarian interest, and include the funeral expenses incurred by his executors. Cohed was probably a Pewterer and a benefactor to the Craft, but his relationship is not sufficiently clear to justify the transcript at length of these particulars. The following list of moulds purchased by the Craft is of interest, and occurs among the miscellaneous entries above referred to.

Ese partys of xv moldys bowthe [bought] of hew Swan Tho paruys willm prowde and Robard schalke, & Rychard ffelde John veysy

fferst	j holow scharyder iiij parte ys .			xix ti
Ifm	j C plat molde iiij part ys .			xvj đ
Itm	j C dysche molde iiij parte ys .		•	xjđjq <sup>a</sup>
Ifm	j C Sawsyrmolde iiij parte ys .		•	v ti qª
Ifm	j medyll plat molde iiij parte ys		. xij	ti đ j qª
Ifm	j medyll dysche molde iiij part ys			ix ti
Ifm	j medyll sawsyr molde iiij part ys			v ti <u>q</u> ª
Ifm	j kyngs ys dysche molde iiij part ys		. x	j ti đ ga
Ifm	j holow dysche molde iiij part ys		. iiij	ti đị ga
Ifm	j holow sawsyr molde iiij part ys			ij ti đ
Ifm	j Salydysche molde iiij part ys .		. iij	tiđj <u>q</u> ª
Itm	j Saly sawsyr molde iiij part ys			j ti qª đ
Ifm	j Salū bolle molde iiij part ys .			xvti
Ifm	j qware bolle molde iiij part ys .			vij ti
Ifm	j Trechor molde iiij part ys .		•	v ti đ gª
	Sma toli C. xviij ti j qa đ			

Bowth of Robard schalke. A Gret fflorentyn dysche Alffyndell þe weyth xiij ti j qa

These moulds were valuable trade possessions and their ownership was often shared by several pewterers. The Wardens of the Craft probably made the above purchases in the interest of the brethren to whom they were lent on hire.

1451–2. In order to assist in forming as clear a view of the position of the Craft as can be obtained at this early period, a complete transcript of the earliest annual account is subjoined, and will be followed by extracts from succeeding accounts and other records illustrating the growth and development of the Craft, the changes in its religious observances, its municipal functions and trade regulations, and the various aspects presented in these documents from time to time of its internal organisation.

This is the Accompt of John Grigge Maister of the Crafte of Peautrers of london, John Kendale and Stephen Annsell the Wardeins of the same Crafte, yoven and deliuered vp to piers Bysshop maister Robert Chamberleyn and Willm Eyre wardeins new chosen for the yere suyng that is to sey fro the fest of Seint Michell the xxx<sup>ti</sup> yere of the regne of kyng Henr the sixt vnto the fest of Seint Michell the xxxj<sup>ti</sup> yer which is by a hole yer

## Resceites

Resceites
ffirst they accompten by hem resceived yn the Coe Box by Willm
Baker maister John Coldham and Willm Crowde Wardeins beir
pdecessours x ti xv s vij d
Ifm received of Morice Panton in ptie of paiement of xxs . xjs
Sm <sup>a</sup> - xj ti vj s vij d.
Entrees of Bretheren and ffynes & Quartage
Item received of John Dogowe Cornysshman to be made ffreman
iij ti vj s viij d
Item received of John Elme for A ffyne vjs viij d
Item received of diu'se Bretheren and Sustren for quartage for an hole
yere as shew! by a Bille of hīr names lvij s  Sm <sup>a</sup> - vj li x s iiij d
Sm <sup>a</sup> - vj li x s iiij d
Yiftes and Bequestes
Ifem received of the Executours of Nicolas Westwode by the hondes
of Willim Brid ffoundor xvi ti viii s
of Willm Brid ffoundor
Sma xxj ti viijs. Sma to! Receiued - xxxix ti iiijs xj d.
Paiementes made by the seyd Accomptants
ffirst paied to the Almesman for a yere
Item paied to the Wexchaundeler for makyng of the wex atte iii
tymes viijs ix d  Jiem paied for hyre of a Barge atte be goyng of the Shereves to
Item paied for hyre of a Barge atte be going of the Shereves to
Westmynster
Item paied for points for be Baner clobes jd
Jtem yove to the Bargemen to drynke ij d
Jtem paied to ffrere Augustynes ij s
Item paied to Clerks the day of masse ij s
Jiem paied for makyng and peyntyng of Judas staves ix d
Jtem paied for the Burying of Thomas lambe xvj d
Sma - xliijs jd
Costes made yn the sute of Piers Welles Executours
Jiem paied to a Sergeaunt xij d
Jiem paied to Attorney xij d
Jiem spent vppon the Executours at wyne vj d
Sm <sup>a</sup> ij s x d

Ifem paied for makyng	writing a	ınd e	ngro	syng v	ро	f þis a	ccon	ıpt	xij d
Sm <sup>a</sup>	xij d Sn	na to	pai	ed xlv	S	xj d		•	
And so remayneth yn ti	he Box					xxxv	ti :	xvij s	
wherof is clerely of the	e quartag	ge for	thi	s yere			x	s j d	
	Dettours			payd	г				
ffirst Willm Sarkeler to	paie at C	ristm	nas la	ast by l	Pier	rs Byssl	nop	vj s	viij d
M/ 3.5 -				-		•	•	_	ix s
Item Robert Person for	Entre	:		•				vj s	viij d
Item John Hull for an	hundred	of la	yed	metall		•			XX S
	Smª	xlij s	s iii	j d					

#### Thinges deliuered for the vse of the seid Crafte

ffirst yn a bag diùse weightes of lede bat is to sey xxviij lb xiiij lb viij lb iiij lb & j lb

Item a Bordcloth of dyapre conteyning vij yerdes

Item a Bordcloth of dyapre conteyning ix yerdes

Item a Bordcloth of dyapre conteyning vj yerdes

Jiem a playn towaill conteyning x yerdes Jiem a pleyn towaill conteyning viij yerds

Item a nob [another] pleyn towaill conteyning viii yerds

Ifem a pleyn towaill conteyning vij yerds

Ifem a pleyn towaill conteyning vj yerdes

Item ij Baners of be Armes of be Crafte

Item a penon

Item viij Ban's wt lyly potts & straks for Trumpetts

This been the names of hem that been sworn and no Bretheren in oure tyme.

Thomas Turnour Robt Castell Thomas Merlowe Piers Pynton Thomas of Grove Robt Dewe

The accounts at this early period were very concisely kept and throw little light on the organisation of the Craft; we must look to those of a later date for more detailed information. The large sum paid by the Cornishman, John Dogowe, for his freedom, shows that the Company's control of the trade was widely exercised, and that its membership was at

this time a highly-valued privilege. It is clear also from the receipt of quarterage from "Sustren" as well as "Bretheren" that women were admitted, not only to the religious fellowship connected with the guild, but also to the craft, which included their contributions in its accounts. The mention of "freemen" and "brethren" shows the existence at this early period of two classes of members. The freemen probably possessed only trade privileges and had little share in the government of the craft. The gifts and bequests for this year amounted to no less than 211. 8s., the total receipts for the year being 39l. 4s. 11d. The payments include the hire of a barge to accompany the Sheriffs to Westminster, and two years later the charge of 10s. 8d. first appears for a similar compliment paid to the Mayor. Of the great religious festival annually kept at this time at the Augustine Friars, but afterwards at the church of the Grey Friars, fuller particulars appear in subsequent years.

Another characteristic function of the Company is shown in the payment of 24s. a year to an almsman, and the practice of attending at the funeral of a deceased brother is illustrated by the charge of 16d. for the cost of burying Thomas Lambe. The minor duties of hospitality were duly observed in the payment of 2d. for "drynke" to the bargemen and of 6d. spent upon Piers Welles' executors for wine. The entry of John Hull's debt of 20s. for a cwt. of lay metal refers to the Company's practice of melting down the pewter ware seized for bad workmanship or inferior quality, and selling it to their members as "lay" or common pewter. The bag of leaden weights mentioned in the inventory accompanied the officers of the craft in their searches for false ware. The last item in the inventory is interesting as showing two of the devices or cognizances of the Company, namely the lily-pots, assumed in honour of their patroness, the Virgin Mary, and the mysterious objects called strakes or strikes, which are charges in the Pewterers' arms. They appear from a subsequent entry (see page 99) to have been ingots of tin.

1452-3. It paide to a Clerk of the Chauncery bt arested John Turnor and Willim Crowde for his reward in laboyng to serche for statuts & obt thyngs to bentent to labor to be plement for a charter for be Craft to have serche thurgh England . vs.

The charter was not secured until 1473, after an expenditure of a large amount both of money and labour. Turnor and Crowde were both "bretheren," and the latter was an influential member of the Craft. What they had done to incur the penalty of an arrest does not appear.

Jim a penon of the Salutacion. [From inventory.]

1455-6. Item for a kylderkyn of threhalpeny ale . . . xx d. Item for the masse doon at Greyfrers on our lady day . . ij s. viij d.

The annual charges paid to the two great religious houses of the Grey Friars and the Augustine or Austin Friars are not intelligible at first sight, but a careful examination of the Accounts from 1451 to 1492 gives the following result. The Craft rented certain premises at Austin Friars at an annual payment of 2s., afterwards increased to 3s. 4d. The accommodation provided was the use of a great Hall for the great annual feast and for minor festive gatherings, apartments for elections, settlement of accounts, etc., and probably offices for the general use of the Craft and its governing body throughout the year. At the Grey Friars three religious meetings or "offryngs" took place each year, viz., at Christmas, Easter, and the Feast of the Assumption. The "braunch," kept clean and repaired from time to time at the expense of the Craft, was resplendent before the altar of Our Lady with candles provided by the wax chandler, who allowed in his account for the "waste" of partly burnt candles returned to him. The music was provided by the Company of Parish Clerks and "syngyng" boys, and the priests and clerks officiating were duly rewarded. The solemn duty of caring for the souls of Royal patrons, deceased brethren and sisters, and pious benefactors, duly performed, the festive ceremonies followed at the sumptuous abode of the Austin Friars. The last year of meeting here was 1486, when the Company took possession of their newly built Hall.

Jiem a licence vnder seal of the yifte Armes vnto the seide Crafte by an heraulte of Armes. [From inventory.]

No trace of this early grant of arms exists. It is important to note that the Craft bore arms before their incorporation.

1456-7. Ifm receiued for taking in of p'ntices . . . vs.

This is the first mention of fees for inrolling apprentices, and such fees do not appear regularly in the accounts until the year 1487. The

custom of apprenticeship was however well established, if not quite compulsory, at this time, as appears from the list of names on the next few pages.

Jim paid to maist' Rog' Clerk of the yeldhall for seyng of be ordenness bt be yj men of the Crafte made. . . vj s. viij d.

See pages 7-8 where the Six men or Wardens of the Articles, in 1350, have their duties described.

Jim paid for Syngrs at our lady masse at the Gray ffrerys. . . iij s. Jim to haue in mynde of awarde made bytwene the felaship of be Crafte of Peaut'ers & John Turno! & Richard lawton of be same crafte by iiij men chosen by assent of bothe pties as for offence don to be same Crafte touching for the lyue [livery] which iiij men awarded bat be said John Turno! & Ric' lawton shuld brynge in to be box for beir said offence xx.s. And bey woll not obeye it ffor be which & for ob! disobeisance b! bey haue don to be maist! & wardeyns bey ben put out of be said felaship.

The roll of the members of the Company in this year's account and that of the following year contains three divisions: (1) "the broth en bat paien quartage." These are the Livery or Clothing. (2) "hem b' be no brotheren & paien quartage." These are the Freemen or Yeomanry who had obtained licence to set up in business or "open shop" for themselves. (3) "Couennt men & Appntices." The "covenant men" are the Journeymen, but all of them were probably Freemen. It will be observed that the men whose names appear in the third class are attached to one or other of the "brotheren" whom they served as master.

Esese ben the names of the broth en of be said Crafte bat paien quartage

John Coldhm
Robt Chamberlayn
Thomas Page
Willam Dere
Thomas Dounton
John Gugge be elder
Stephen Aunsell

Willm large John kendale Willm Crowde John Goodale Piers Bisshop Willm Eyre John Dogowe

John Cokonow John Parys Stephen Todde Thoms Gardyner John Pepond John lambard Willm Smalwode

John Veysy Nicholas Walker Morys Panton Thoms Smyth	Hugh Swan John Whitehed Thoms launtot Piers Warbylton	Symond Drayton Willm Wylby John Gugge be yong John Turnor
Richard ffelde	Thomas Grove	Richard lawton
John Martyn	Piers pynton	John Bristowe
Robt Hacche	John Gynger	0
	be no brotheren & paie	
Thomas Marler	John Couper	John Mylys
Richard kyrke	Richard Halle	Wythm Blowfelde
William Randolf	Rauff Burnes Wif	Roberde Seyke
John Pecok	Watkyn Wardes Wif	John Harrys
Thomas Turnor	Roberde Dewee	Roberde Byllynge
Thes ben the r	names of Couennt men 8	& Appntices.
John Gugge þe elde	Robert Parson John Bouer John Baron John ffrank	Couennt men
	John Batte John Cambrigge John Hede Richard Halle	Couennt men
John Kenda	John Burgeys Willm Wode Ric Rowyn John Aleke Ric Brykley Ric Moresley Symond Thepler Thoms loth	pntices
	( John lambe	Couennt
Diago Diagha	Willm Baker	
Piers Bissho	John Armerer	pntices

Thomas Cade

John Turnor	Walf Waly Thoms Saltford Thoms Brevyll	pntices
Wat Warde	Thoms Blak John Sneylam	Pntices
Rie lawton	Robt ffoster	Couennt prices
	Willm Sexteyn Thomas Barton Bartholomew Eyles	Couennt
Willm Crowde	Thoms Steynford Willm Bedyll John lawston leonard Otwey	→ p̂ntices
John Goodale	Robt Squyer  John ffodryngey  John Gybon	→ p̂ntices
Willm large	Thoms large Willm Assh	pntices
	Harry Osbarn Willm Richardson Robt of Cokton	Couennt prices
Willm Eyer {	John Cleny James Hylton	pntices
John Parys 〈	John Clerk Thoms Goodlak Thoms Nycoll Rid Bekyrstaff Rid Morys	Couennt prices

	Willm Trekill	Couennt
Steplin Tod	Willm Elys John Chamberlayn	pntices
John pepond	John Westerby	Couennt
Morys Panton	Robt Smyth Arnold Negerby Thoms Chalke	Couennt  orange of the country of th
Nicholas Walker	( Robt Mounteyn ( John Broun	Couennt partice
Thoms Smyth	Thoms Wynd Thoms Bridbroke John Megyll	fintices
Piers Pynton	John Wyttyng John Robynet John Edward	Couennt prices
John Cogens	Harry	pntice
Thoms Grove	Harry Stapelherst John kynthorp Willm Cok	pntices
Symond Drayton	John Dymmeys Adam Hyndeson	pntices
John Whitehed	Wat Marchall John Coke	Couennt Patice
John lambard $\left\{  ight.$	John Briche John Hynde	pntices
Thoms Turnor {	Willm Symond Willm Lavynd	pntices
John Gugge the yong $^{9}$ $\Big\{$	John Baker John	Couennt price

John Coldhm	pntice
Willm Wace Thoms Bachiler	pntices
Ric ffowle	pntice
Willm Couper	pntice
	Couennt pntice
(	pntice
	Couennt
	Couennt
	Couennt
	pntices
John Kelefet	pntice
Thoms Johnsone	pntice
John Barbo <sup>r</sup>	pntice
Thoms Woo	pntice
John Oakele Walt Haydon	pntices
Willm Chambteyn Thoms Gyues John Blakeney	Couennt
John Goddesman John Egermond John Cardenall John Byceter Ric ffissher	pntices
Ric Speryng Willm vtle	pntices
	Willm Wace Thoms Bachiler Ric ffowle Willm Couper  Ric Esterby John Wysbech Thoms Dunton Thomas Plomer John lechford Thoms Dunhm  John Colman John Gylmyn John Robynson John Kelefet Thoms Johnsone John Barbor Thoms Woo  John Oakele Walt Haydon  Willm Chambteyn Thoms Gyues John Blakeney Thoms Smyth John Goddesman John Egermond John Cardenall John Byceter Ric ffissher

	John Grene	
	Harry Kykesby	
	Richard Moy	
	Richard Trekyll	Couennt
	Willm Skynner	
	Ric ffelde	
	Thoms Grove	
	John Robard	
Thoms Dounton	Thoms Alisaunder	
merc	John Warner	
	Willm Brydfeld	
	John Dunton	
	John Stowell	pntices
	John Barnet	
	Richard laykot	
	Piers Bisshop	
	Willm Baker	
	John Armorer	
Thoms Marler	C John Minorei	pntice
Thoms Waller	John Pytsey	1
	Richard Bacchawe	late Coldhins partice
		)
	Robt Stradley	
	Robt Byllyng	
	Harry loder Robt Seke	
	John Gyng'	Duighorro
	John Want oth wise	Distowe
	Willm Wylby	
	John Elmys	
	Ric Ramsey	
	John ffrost	

It is curious to note that Thomas Dounton, who has the largest number of workmen and apprentices, is described here and elsewhere as a Mercer. This religious house was the Abbey of the Minoresses of St. Mary of the order of St. Clare, from which the Minories takes its name. It was founded by Blanche, Queen of Navarre, consort of Edmund, Duke of Lancaster, in 1293. On its surrender at the Dissolution, the house was granted to Dr. Clerk, Bishop of Bath and Wells and Master of the Rolls. In 1552 the chief mansion, called the Minory House, was granted by Edward VI to Henry Grey, Duke of Suffolk, father of Lady Jane Grey. After passing through the possession of various other owners, it was appropriated for military stores and an armoury in connection with the Tower of London, and was ultimately separated into lesser tenements.

chambyrleyn mastyr and Wyllm smalwood Stevyn tod wardeynys off peawtrers  $b^e$  xxvjle day off avgwst  $a^{no}$  xxxvijle vn too  $b^e$  stellaschypp off peawtrers crafft  $b^e$  whych cost  $b^e$  Evne and  $b^e$  day and  $b^e$  morn viij thi xxijd  $a^n$ . Ther off ressceyvyd off alle  $a^n$  seyd Robard chambyrleyn mastyr and Wyllm smalwod & stevyn tod Wardeyns Be at moor coste  $a^n$  they weer sessyd Be  $a^n$  seyfelasschypp at stryr awstyn xxxviij s.

It will be seen by other extracts from the accounts that the "dyner" here mentioned did not really last three days, but consisted of three repasts held in connection with the great annual religious festival of the Fellowship. These were the modest meal of buns and ale after Dirige on the eve of the Festival, the great feast after High Mass on the following day, and a breakfast on the day after the festival, which was probably attended only by the governing body assembled at a meeting to settle the accounts. The religious functions were held at the Grey Friars, and the festivities and business meetings at the Friars Austin.

1459-60. Jt payde to viij men of the crafte for rydynge azens the kynge liijs. iiij d.

Who was the royal personage mentioned in the above entry is not clear, but it was probably Richard Duke of York, father of Edward IV,

who had defeated the Lancastrians at the battle of Blore Heath. Gregory in his Chronicle\* relates that the Duke sent for "trompeters and claryners to bryng hym to London, and there he gave them baners with the hole armys of Inglonde with owte any dyversyte, and commaundyd hys sworde to ben borne uppe ryghte be-fore hym; and soo he rode forthe unto Lundon tylle he come to Westemyster to Kyng Harrys palys, and there he claymyde the crowne of Inglonde. And he kepte Kynge Harry there by fors and strengythe, tylle at the laste the kynge for fere of dethe grauntyd hym be crowne." King Henry's fortunes were at a low ebb during the year 1459–60, which this account covers, and it seems most probable that the livery companies were summoned to attend his successful rival, who, as the above quotation shows, had assumed the title of king.

1460-1. Ifm payde to Thom lotte and to John ffroste fore wachchynge att the Towre of london fore xxx<sup>ti</sup> dayes eu'y day vd . xijs. vjd.

The position of the citizens at this period was not enviable. They were probably anxious to please both of the great contending parties. Besides being responsible for the defence of the City, which was especially liable to attack at London Bridge, they had to act in concert with the Governor of the Tower and furnish men for its defence in times of war and civil commotion. The Pewterers' Company furnished two men fully armed, whom they maintained for thirty days. The total contingent provided by the companies and the City probably reached 150 men.

Jtm payde of the Box monay to the viij men that rode azenste the kynge eu'y man vjs viij d . . . . . . : liij s. iiij d.

This year again the King—probably Henry VI, whose fortunes had been restored by his intrepid consort, Queen Margaret—was received by the citizens on passing through London.

Itm payde fore yowre Bedell ys gowne . . . xij s. vj d.

The Beadle of the Company was in those early times the most important of the paid officials. He attended the Master and Wardens in their "searches," and sometimes himself went on "search" by their direction. He lived in later times at the Hall, whilst the Clerk appears

<sup>\*</sup> Historical collections of a Citizen of London in the fifteenth century. Edited by James Gairdner, Camden Society. New Series, 17, p. 208.

to have had only an office there. It was his duty to summon the brethren to all meetings, to pay the alms people, keep the Hall and premises in safe custody and good order, and to carry on under the direction of the Master and Wardens the trade relations which existed between the Company and its members, such as purchase of tin, hire of moulds, stamping of wares, etc. He also superintended the workmen in repairs to the property of the Fellowship, purchasing all materials, and acting as clerk of the works, if not as master builder.

Jim payde for makynge of a byll to Cobbe for to pute yn the parlemente howse for the welle [weal] of all the ffelechype . . . iiijs.

The Company were now actively prosecuting at Court legal powers for securing adequate authority over their own members and the trade at large. Then, as now, it was an expensive matter to approach Parliament, and at this period, besides the official fees and payments to their own counsel, certain other "expenses" by way of gift and entertainment to those who could forward the Company's interests frequently occur in the accounts, and helped to make a long and costly series of charges by the time that the charter of incorporation was obtained.

Instances of the good fellowship which existed between the Pewterers and other city companies frequently occur. The officers of the Cutlers' Company seem to have been held in high reputation for learning and skill in legal matters.

1462-3. If m paid for j barge and j bote for to goo w the kyng to resceive hym atte his comyng to the plement . . . vjs.

This was King Edward IV, who had received great help from the citizens, and was coming from Sheen to London by water. The Corporation and the Guilds joined in giving him a stately and fitting welcome.

**Memorano** that in the tyme of the seid john kendall Master Thomas page and William Smalwode Wardeynes of the forseid Crafte of peautrers of the Citee of london by the advys and assent of all the hole ffeleshipp that oon Richard Moy was ffounde and proved opynly a theeff in robbyng of Robt Chamberleyn peautrer Clene haue dismyssyd hym owte of the ffelesshipp for ever more.

The above is an instance of the great powers which the companies possessed over individual citizens. The sentence upon Richard Moy practically involved a deprivation of all civil rights, since he could not carry on his trade as a Pewterer without being a member of the Company, and no other Company would admit him to its membership.

1463-4. Following the list of newly admitted brethren who duly paid the entrance fee of 6s. 8d. are the names of defaulters upon whom distress was levied. This list is headed "Stresses taken for entres," and the second entry is: **Item** of Thomas Dunton xvij countrefete platers weying xxxix lb beyng in the handes of Herry Staplehirst.

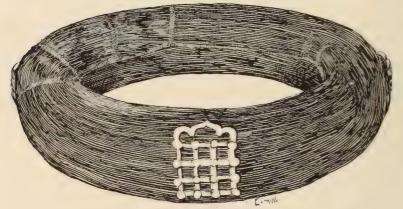
Jiem paid to John ffrost bedell for his wages of the hool yere. xxiiij s. Jiem paid to certeyn of the felaship that wolde not dyne with the Mayre the day that he toke his charge . . . ij s. iiij d.

The Companies gave their attendance to the mayor "at his going to Paules" seven times a year, viz.: on Allhallows day (1 November), Christmas day, St. Stephen's day (26 December), St. John's day (27 December), New Year's day, Twelfth day, and Candlemas day (2 February). They also attended him when he took oath at Westminster on the morrow of St. Simon and St. Jude (29 October), and "had place at the mayor's feast in the Guildhall" in order of precedence. The Pewterers were fourteenth in order, and were represented by their wardens and five persons, for whom two messes were provided (Stow's Survey of London, 1603, p. 541). The above payment was a contribution from the Fellowship for providing a dinner for those members who were not invited to Guildhall, the rest of the cost was provided by Stewards chosen in rotation for the purpose.

Jiem paid to John Broke the Almes man for a quarter . . . xx d. Jiem paid to Thomas Barton Almes man for an hool yere . vjs. viij d.

In this year, 1463, the ancient record book of the Company containing their earliest ordinances, previously described as the Jury Book, was given by Robert Chamberlain and Cicely his wife, together with three election garlands. In the inventory following the accounts for 1463–4 these chaplets are thus described.

Ifem iii Chaplettes of rede satyn with tasselle and on oon of them ii strakes and an Image of the assumption of our lady of silu.



Election Chaplet, or Garland, given by Robert and Cicely Chamberlayn in 1463.

In the Jury Book also are found the most ancient oaths of the Fellowship. First is the oath of a Freeman of London administered by the Chamberlain at Guildhall, and this early form has great interest:

## the Dath of the Freemen of the City.

**Re** shul swere that ye shul be goode & trew vnto oure souereyne lorde N kinge of ingelode and to his heires kynges obeysante and obedient vnto the mayre and to the ministres of this cite be fraunchises and the customes therof ye shul maytene and the cite kepe harmeles in that that in yow is ye shal be contributari to al maner charges win this cyte as somones wacches contribucons taxes tallages and al othir charges berynge youre pte os anob freman shal ye shul coloure no foreines goode wher bi the kinge myghte lece his custumes or his avauntage ye shal know no foreyne to bey selle nor marchandice wt anothir foreine wti

this Citee ne the franchices therof but ye warne be chambirleyne therof or sū ministre of the chāber ye shulle enplede no fremā oute of this Citee while ye mow haue rizte & lawe here wtī ye shal take non aprentice but if he be fre borne and for no lesse the than vij yere wtī the first yere ye shul do hī be ērolled & atthe times ende ye shul make hī fre if he haue wele & trewly serued yow ye shul also kepe the pes ī youre owne pson ye shul know no gaderīgges cōuenticles nor cōspiracies made ayenste be peas but ye warne the Maire therof and lette hit to youre power al thes pointes ye shul wel and truli kepe acordinge to the laws ande customes of this Citee to youre power so helpe yowe god.

Following the above oath are those prescribed for the brethren of the Fellowship and for the Master and Wardens.

## the othe of the feliship of peuterars of kondon.

You shall swere that you shall be faithefull to oure souerayne lorde the kynge and to hys eyrys [\*and successors] kyngs [\*and queens] of yngelande and the peasse of the Cety you shall kepe to youre powre. You shall be good in aberynge and obedyent to all laufull comaundements of the master and wardens of the felyschep of pewterars for the tyme beinge and theire successours Master and wardens. And the counsell of the said crafte that is said here or in any other place consarvynge the wealle of the felyschep you shall kepe and not vttur to no strange parson nother within the Citie nor wtoute. You shall knowe no piudyce nor hurt to be don to the felyshep but you shall lett yt to youre powre and geve warninge to the master and wardens therof. And all the good Rullys and ordenauncs of the saide crafte made or to be made by the master wardens and Comynalty of the said Crafte you shall kepe. And you shall come to all and to euv somons of the master and wardens lawfully warned by the bedyll in their name. And that you shall not worke preuely not apart with any parson excepte he be free of the same Crafte. And shalbe contributor to all charges within the said crafte nowe accustomed or here to fore hathe bene. You shall ayde and socoure the poore brotheren of the saide crafte to youre poure. In all thes thynges above rehersed and in all other

Obediens.

Councell

Preiudyce nor hurtt

Ordenaunce

Somons

pvely workynge Contributo's The poore

bretheren

\* Additions in later hand.

that to the same Crafte belongs well and truly for the welle and worschep of the same Crafte you schall behaue you and kepe you soo god you helpe †and all saynts &c.

#### the Othe for the maister and Bardens.

We shall swere that you shall be faythefull to oure souerayne lorde the kynge and to his ayris kyngs, and you shall well and onestly Intret your felyschepe, and Ryght do as well to the poure as to the ryche, and the profett of the felyschyp in that that you is, to youre power laufully and ryghtuously you shall mayntayne and incresse, and a trewe accounte therof make. And Just Jugys you shalbe vpon the complaynt of youre felyschep as well to the poure, as to the ryche. And no syngular profett do to youre owne parsons where thorowe the common profytt of the felyschep may be harmed or hurte, and all the good laufull ordenauncys and Rulys of the said ffelyschep that nowe be made or in tyme to come shall be made, yow shall kepe and mayntayne to your powre. Nor no man receyue in to the said felyschep woute the assent of the felyschep or the more parte of them. In these and all other thyngs that partayneth to your office to do, you shall well and trewly be haue you. So god be youre helpe and all sayntts.

This was the Lady Elizabeth Grey, the widow of Sir John Grey, whom Edward IV had privately married in February.

1465-6. The list of new liverymen for this year has the following quaint heading:—

"These be the names that beth taken in to the lyvery bis seid yere by the mayster and wardeyns and be thryfty men of be crafte."

Resseption in ffynis [fines]. ffirste of Wiffm Crowde for he cam nott Cristemas day and be twelthe day to Powlys . . . ij s. John Whytehed cam not to powlys be twelthe day . . . xij d. Richarde kyrke cam not to powlys be xije day . . . xij d. Ifm Richarde kyrke toke an axion on Roberde mownteyne we oute leve of the maist and be wardeynes a ffyne . . . iij s. iiij d.

<sup>†</sup> The words following this sign are marked through in the original.

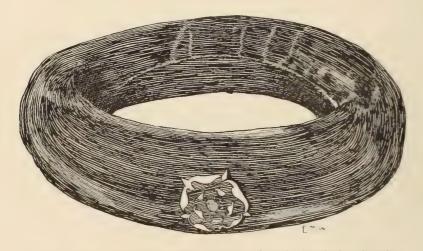
This heavy penalty shows what importance the Company attached to the article in their later ordinances forbidding their members to go to law with each other without first submitting their differences for adjudication to the Master and Wardens.

bretherhed of our lady thasompcion of pewtrers crafte in  $b^e$  yere of  $b^e$  maist and  $b^e$  Wardeynes of  $b^i$  Acounte vijlb. iiijlb. ijlb. and a jlb. of brasse Selyd [weights]. [At foot of inventory.]

The two following entries are remarkable specimens of composition. The first explains the refusal of the auditors to certify the accounts of the year because the balance had not been brought in. The second is an expulsion from the craft of one Thomas Wynde, an unruly brother, it being provided that he should only be re-admitted upon paying a new entrance fee.

Be it yn mende that the xxvijii day of Septembr be Saterday before myhelmasse Day that we John Coldhim mayster Will Smalwode Necolas Waker Wardenys made ther A compt at ffrere Austynis the day & zyer a ffor seyde of soche goodis and tresur beyng yn ther handis that is to say xv ti and be ou plus as it spisiffied in ther a compt wt other orlements [ornaments] as it aperith in be seyde a compt In presense of All be craft ther beyng And were [whereas] the seyde crafte wolde nauth exsepthe the seyde A compt by cause that the mony wasth nauth brouth yn beyng in the handis of John Kendall and John Parisch to be Sma iij & xij ti viijs vd it wasth A cordyt [accorded] that be craft schulde go to gedyr And to thake ther Avische [advice] or serch the iii olde maystr' and be wardenys and be iii newe mays't & wardenys this i don the seyd crafth a cordyd to gedyr and Wift Croude brouthz [brought] op thar verdyd [verdict] that be iije olde mayst & wardenys schulde kepe the seyde A comp in ther handis on thil [until] be monday iije wakys [weeks] after mihelmasse day in the zyer a bowe seyde.

After the good Reulis of be seyde craft the seyde good men dysmysyd the seyde Th? Wynde houth of be craft op on his a mendement of hym selfe and nauth to be take in to be seyd craff we houth [without]



Election Chaplet, or Garland, given by Robert and Cicely Chamberlayn in 1463.

 $b^e$  well of  $b^e$  seyde mays and wardenys that now ben And her after shall ben And be all  $b^e$  craft and  $b^e$  seyde Th' Wynde to paye a newe hentry as  $b^e$  craft shall will a corde.

This would seem to have been a payment towards the expenses of the charter, which is often described as the "livelihood" of the Company. Chamberlain gave, on 2nd May, 8th Edward IV (1468), to the Company as security for a debt of 8ol., a mortgage of certain tenements and shops in the parish of "Our Lady of Colechurche of London," held on lease from the Prior and Convent of Chicksand, Bedfordshire, for a term of which 65½ years were unexpired at the Lady Day preceding. The document is entered in the Jury Book, fol. 75a.

1469-70. If m paid in expences on the harnessed [armoured] men wacchyng with the mayre . . . . . ij s. ix d.

If m deliued oute for clothyng atte the kynges comyng inne . iij ti.

This year the unfortunate Henry VI was again placed for a few months on the throne. He was released from the Tower on 5th October, 1470, by the Earl of Warwick, and on 13th October went to St. Paul's in state to return thanks for his restoration.

1471-2. Itm payed unto be pryor of cheksond for rerage and in owre tyme unto mydsom in A rr Ed iiijii xijo sma . . . viij ti. v s.

This payment was a quit rent for Chamberlain's property just referred to, the mortgage of which appears to have been foreclosed by the Company. The houses were in the Old Jewry, near the Poultry, perhaps at its south-west corner. The Priory of Chicksand in Bedfordshire was a Priory of Gilbertine Canons and Nuns, founded circ. A.D. 1150.

Itm for coste & be sewte of owre lyuelode rekon hit . Sma. vij. ti. iiij.s.

1472-3. The whole of the "Discharge" or payments of this year's account is subjoined for comparison with that of the year 1451, printed on pages 15-17. It will be seen that the total annual expenditure had increased nearly fourfold during these 21 years.

These bene the paiement and necessary expisis made by the said maister and wardeyns within the tyme of this accompte as followith.

Ifm spente amonge the felauship at the gray freris in the plament
tyme xvj d.
Ifm affter that an other tyme to the ffelauship at the mermayde x d.
Ifm at the Grayfreris to make up the offryng there xij d.
Ifm paide at the Mitr' in Chepe to a scryvaner and for wyne . xd.
Ifm paide to the wexchaundeler for new wex & makyng therof
viij s. xjd. ob.
Ifm paide to the ffrere Augustynes in money iij s. iiij d.
Ifm paide to Willim Randell for making of the braunche . xij d.
Itm for making clene of the same braunche iiij d.
Itm they asken to be allowed for divers exspence and costs made up on
dyuerse psones lerned and writyngs for the spede and purchacyng of the
corporacon for the wele and worship of alle the crafft and pfite of the
same as by a bille of the peels more openly is shewed . s. xliij s. iiij d.
Itm paide for the ingrocyng and writyng of this Accompte . ijs.
Sm tot of alle thise paiemente viij ti. vjs. j d. ob.
Md that Thomas Jakson Richard magson and Willim Chalke Wardyns
of the Bretherhed of Saynt Mighell tharchaungell haue delyu'ed the
xiiij day of may ao rr E iiijii xiiijo Into the handes of oure Maistres
Willm Crowde Thomas langtot Nicholas Walker and John Cardenall
to the ayde and help of the Charge of or Corpacon as a lone of the
box of Saynt Mighell xxx s.
The cost of obtaining the Company's charter of incorporation
(described in the records as the "livelihood" or "corporacion") pressed
heavily upon the funds, and the Yeomanry were called upon to help
by a loan of thirty shillings from the common box of their fraternity,
whose proper style, as given in the accounts of the Yeomanry, was the
Fraternity of St. Michael the Archangel, kept or holden by the brothers
of the craft or mystery of Pewterers within the City of London. The
history of the Yeomanry and its Fraternity is of especial interest, and will
be fully treated of in later pages.



From the Company's first Charter, 20th January, 1473.

#### CHAPTER II.

# the Incorporated Company.

on the 20th January, 1473, in the thirteenth year of his reign, the Company of Pewterers entered upon its legal existence as a corporation. The charter is a finely written document in Latin, still preserved in the Company's archives. It consists of a single vellum sheet 25 by 19 inches with a handsome floriated border and initial letter (see above). Licence is given to Peter Bushop, William Large and Thomas Langtofte, Freemen of the Mistery of Pewterers, to found to the honour of God and of the Virgin Mary, a Fraternity or perpetual Guild of one Master, two Wardens and Commonalty of the Freemen of the Mistery of Pewterers, dwelling within the City of London or the suburbs thereof, and of the Brothers

and Sisters of the Freemen of the same Mistery, and of others who of their own pleasure are willing to be of the same Fraternity or Guild within the City of London. The said Master, Wardens and Commonalty shall form one corporate body, with power to acquire and hold lands, tenements, rents, services, &c., and shall have perpetual succession and a Common Seal, and power to plead and be impleaded. Power is granted to the Commonalty or Freemen of the Mistery, to elect whensoever they will and according to their own ordinance, one Master and two Wardens to carry on the business of the aforesaid Mistery, Fraternity, or Guild. The Master and Wardens are empowered to govern the said Mistery, and all men occupying the same, and all servants, stuffs, workmanships, and merchandizes belonging to it within the City and its suburbs, and to correct the defects according to their discretions. The Master, Wardens and Commonalty may make ordinances for the government of the Mistery as often as they please. The Master and Wardens may have a Search and government of all manner of workmanships and merchandizes belonging to the Mistery wrought and exposed to sale within the City and suburbs and in any other places throughout England, with power to correct defects. Further power is given to the Master and Wardens to seize and carry away as forfeited all deceitful and unjust workmanships and merchandizes, which in their searches they find exposed to sale wrought to deceive the people. Of such forfeitures, one moiety is to be converted to the use of the Crown, and the other moiety to the use of the Mistery, the offenders to be punished at the discretion of the Master and Wardens. All Mayors, Sheriffs, Bailiffs, Stewards and other officers whatsoever within the City and suburbs, and in other places where search is made, are strictly commanded to be overlooking, councelling, and assisting to the Master and Wardens, the Statute of Mortmain or any other statute, act, or ordinance to the contrary notwithstanding. witness whereof King Edward the Fourth caused these his Letters to be made Patent. Witness himself at Westminster, the twentieth day of January, in the thirteenth year of his reign. [See facsimile illustration.]

The powers granted under this charter enabled the Company to hold the trade in full control for the benefit of the public and also of the craft. The provision which enabled persons unconnected with the trade to become freemen with full privileges is worthy of note, as it strongly confirms the view previously put forth in these pages that the Fraternity was originally a semi-religious and social institution, its connection with the pewterer's craft being secondary and subsequent probably to the foundation of the guild. This careful reservation by royal charter of the rights of outsiders to membership of a Company of craftsmen points to a custom which must at least have been of long standing.

1473-4. Following the heading of the account of this year is this entry "M³ that Thomas Haryson stondyth for Solyst'." The Company were in the habit of engaging the services of a standing legal adviser, but he does not appear under the name of Solicitor except in this instance. The term may, however, have a different meaning here. Harrison figures next year as one of the principal Searchers in country parts.

The receipts for this year include the amount of an assessment upon the "Howsholdars Brthern for the cost of the Corporacyn' of the Craft." There are 39 contributors of sums varying from 3l. to 2s., the total amount received being 31l. 6s.

**Resceptio** of Butsyd gentillmā for the iij pece of fauty tynne. xxx s. Mr. Butsyd is described in a later entry as Receiver of Cornwall. He appears to have been an agent for the Company, and may also have been an officer connected with the Stannaries.

**Ifm** Delyu<sup>2</sup>ed vnto oure brethern bat dyned nat at the Shyrvys for brekfast . . . . . . . . . . . ij s.

Ifm payd to Wyllm Suthfoke bedyll for the half yere . xij s. iiij d.

**Jím** payd for iij vnce & đi  $\mathring{\underline{q}}$ ? [3 $\frac{3}{4}$  oz.] of Syluer for the Comen Sealle . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . x s. v d.

Jim payd for the gravyng and makyng of the Seall . . vj s. viij d.

The Seal is circular,  $1\frac{7}{8}$  inches in diameter, and now weighs  $3\frac{1}{2}$  ounces (see illustration on next page). It bears the arms of the Company, and on either side a lily-pot, with the inscription SIGILLV. FRATERNITATIS. MISTERE. DE. PEAVTERES. I. CE. LOD. This was the ancient device borne by the Craft, and was adopted in honour of their Patroness, the Virgin Mary. The price of silver is seen by the above entry to have been just below 3s. an ounce.

Ifm payd to Wyllm large for the Costs of the Corporacyon xlj ti. xviij s. viij d.

Ifm payd for the koffyn that be Corporacyon lyith in . . . iiij s.

This expenditure was for a box or chest for the new charter.

Ifm payd for the Rydyng of wyllm Chambleyn to Chelmyford iiij days vs. xj d.



Ancient Seal of the Company.

This is the first recorded country search. The Chamberlayns were prominent members of the Craft. Robert Chamberlayn, perhaps the father of William, was entrusted with the monetary negotiations for procuring the Charter. He appears in the list of the Craftsmen in 1452 (p. 24) as employing a large number of workmen and apprentices, was Upper Warden in 1452 and 1456, and Master in 1458 and 1466. He died probably in 1478.

**Ifm** payd to a Soper [supper] for a peauterere of Wellys and Covyntre & op. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ij s. viij d.

The Company's control over their trade under their newly obtained Charter extended through all England. This brought them into contact with pewterers in distant parts of the country. The above entry shows that however strict the Company might be in conducting their search for false or unworkmanlike wares, they were not unmindful of the rites of hospitality.

Jfm payd for the expence and costis to Styrbyrg fayere iii hors

Stourbridge, a hamlet of Cambridge, was famous for its annual fair on Michaelmas Eve, which lasted a fortnight.

An ordinance of this date, but written in a later hand, is on the third leaf of the Audit Book which begins in 1530-1:

Dere followethe a statute and ordinaunce made the firste daie of October the yere of the raigne of oure soueraigne Lorde the Kinge the xiiij<sup>th</sup> by us william Crowde Maister of the ffraternitie or gilde of the free men of the Crafte of Pewterers w<sup>th</sup>in the cittie of London and Nicholas walker and John Cardinall nowe wardens of the saide ffraternitie or gilde and by the cominaltie of the saide Crafte by there comon agreemente and assente in manner and forme that ensueth.

Where the moste gratious and Excellente prince Kinge Edwarde the iiij<sup>th</sup> by his letters pattente bearinge date the xxth daie of Januarie the xiij<sup>th</sup> yere of moste noble raigne, hathe graunted and given licence to his beloued liege men Peirs Bishop, william Large and Thomas Langtofte free men of the Crafte of pewterers wth in the cittie of London That they or anye of them mighte make, founde, and establishe, a fraternitie or gilde of a master and two wardens, and of the comynaltie of the fremen of the crafte afforesaide And the same fraternitie or gilde so made, founded, and established, The saide master, wardens and comynaltie amongest all other thinges to make ordinaunces and constitutions at there pleasure for the good rule and gouernaunce of the saide Crafte, vnder certen manners and forme in the saide fres pattente specified The whiche fraternitie or gilde is by the saide Peirs, william Large and Thomas

made, founded and established in due forme after the Effecte and vertue of the saide letters pattent? As in there dede therevpon made more plainlie maie Appere. Wherevpon we the saide nowe master wardens and cominaltie for the greate weale tranquillytie good rule and reste to be had in the saide Crafte, and to put awaie and amove debate, rancor, dissention and discorde hereafter happelye to be moved and had weh god forbitt, do make and ordeyne by vertue and aucthoritie of the saide fres pattente. That the maister and wardens of the saide fraternitie or gilde for the tyme beinge and other tenne parsons of the worshipfulleste discretest wisest and vnwilfulleste fremen of the saide crafte chosen by vs that is to saie, AB: CD: Eff: GH: IK: have full power and aucthoritie to make all statutes ordinaunce and constitucions frome henceforthe concerninge the weale prosperitie and good rule and governaunce of the saide crafte, and to adde and demynishe in that behalfe after there wisdomes and discretions. And that all suche statute ordinaunces and constitucions so made by them be as good effectuall and of as greate force and strengthe as they had ben made by vs the saide master, wardens and comynaltie, or by the master wardens and cominaltie of the saide fraternitie or gilde for the tyme beinge wthoute anye grudge or intervocon to be made in that partie. And he of the same crafte that as ofte attemptethe the contrarie forfeicte and paie to the master and wardens of the saide fraternitie or gilde for the tyme beinge to thuse of the same fraternitie or gilde for the tyme beinge to thuse of the same fraternitie or gilde vis viiid and to paie the same wthoute delaie vpon paine of xxs ymediatlie when the saide forfeite of vis viiid be asked by the saide m' and wardens of the saide fraternitie or gilde or by anye of them for the tyme beinge. Also we the saide m' wardens and cominaltie by the saide aucthoritie make and ordeyn yt when it shall happen any of ye saide ten men hereafter to die or decease, That then ye maister & wardens of ye saide fraternitie or gilde for the tyme beinge, and those of the saide ten men that ouerliveth him or them that so dieth or deceaseth choose another or others of the saide crafte after ther discretion & wisdom in ye place of him or them that So happeneth to die or decease as is beforesaide. And if it happen hereafter the saide m<sup>r</sup> & wardens of the saide fraternitie or gilde or anye of them to be chosen of the saide nomber of ten parsons as is aforesaide chosen. Then his or there laste pdecessor or predecessors in the saide office m<sup>r</sup> and wardens or anye of them not beinge of the said nomber of ten stande still in the saide nomber of xiij. So alwaies that the nomber of xiij be kepte, and that the maister and wardens of the saide fraternitie or gilde alwaies be iij of the saide nomber of xiij.

1474-5. The accounts now show abundant evidence of the vigorous use which the Company made of the legal and extended right of search which they possessed under their new charter, both in London and the country, at the great fairs and at the shops of individual craftsmen.

**Ifm** res' in the mothe of Nouēb by be hands of wyllm wilbey whan he Rode into northfok Suthfok & Essex to serch . . . v ti.

Other searches made by Wilbey and others this year in the West Country, Yorkshire, Somersetshire, Derbyshire, and other districts, produced receipts amounting to 15l. 7s. 3d. This probably represents one half of the value of the metal seized as fraudulent, the other moiety being the King's due. Besides the detection and seizure of dishonest wares these searches resulted in the enrolment of many country pewterers as brethren of the Company.

Jím resceyvid of Raynold Chyrche belfoundare of Bury . vj s. viij d. Jí Rs? of John Brokyng brasyer of Braynford in pty for ētres iij s. iiijd. Jí Rs? of Nycholas Hylton of Cambryge braysyare in pty fore entres xs. Jí Rs? of Lambard Snell brasyar in pty fore his enteres . xxs. Jí Rs? of wyllm kerkeby brasyere of Cauníbury fore his holle enteres xxs.

With the above entries are similar ones of the admission of many other country pewterers from Coventry, Leicester, Boston, Burford, Brentford, Nottingham, Cambridge, "Oxenford," Canterbury, Lincoln, Taunton, Exeter, Southampton, Salisbury, Winchester, Bristol, Chichester, Reading, etc. A list of thirty-two names follows the "Receipts" side of the account, and is headed "Eseis ben the brethren that ben of the Contre. Sworn to the kyng & be Craft." The usual entry fee of 6s. 8d. was at this time increased to a minimum of 10s.

**Ifm** paid vnto vmferey Sterkey Recordare for his advice fore be corporacyon . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . iij s. iiij d. **Ifm** paid at be Tavarn for owre brekfast wt be Recordare . . . xj d.

The Recorder's advice was doubtless sought with reference to the confirmatory charter which the Company obtained or sought to obtain from the King. This instrument appears only on foll. 5b-6b of the second Audit Book, and immediately precedes the account for 1530-1. It is granted by King Edward IV at Westminster, and dated 4th November in the 14th year of his reign. Its tenor is exactly similar to the later confirmatory charter of the same monarch granted on 14th April in his 18th regnal year, 1478 (see p. 52). The present document is not signed, and may be only the draft of a charter which was never granted. Humphrey Starkey was elected Recorder in 1471-2; he became Serjeant-at-Law in 1478, and Chief Baron in 1484. In 1486 an obit for his soul and the soul of his wife Isabella was provided by Thomas Lok, of London, chaplain, citizen, and skinner.

The following entry throws some light upon the composition of "Fine Pewter" as described in the Ordinances of 1348. The proportion of brass to tin is the same as that of lead to tin for "Vessels of Tin," as the Lay metal ware is there termed, viz., 26 lbs. to the cwt.

Jim for a quartorn wyght of tynne & vjtb đi of Copure to make be sayis [assays] of . . . . . . . . . vjs. iiij d.

The regulations prohibiting the sale of wares by hawkers or any other persons than duly authorised tradesmen at their own shops or standings in fairs or markets were strictly enforced, it being the interest of all the members of the Company, on whom the various charges of citizenship fell heavily, to assist the officers of the Company in putting down these practices. Giles Lakford, who came from Ipswich, proved a troublesome customer, resenting the Company's interference and taking

the law against them. In 1477–8 the Company had to pay 36s.  $6\frac{1}{2}d$ . "for Costes done atte yeppeswich for willia large," and in the following year the sum of 4l. os. 10d. for Large's "condempnacon" with costs, towards which they borrowed 51s. 4d. from William Smalwode.

It fore the wachyng of gyllis lakford & obr halkers [hawkers] at Bysshopis gate . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . xviij d.

It does not appear that the Company had up to now possessed a Hall. They hired the Refectory of the Austin Friars for their festive gatherings and rented premises there for their official use. The Company having obtained a charter and common seal urgently felt the need of a Hall both for their dignity and convenience. It was a great undertaking to which they now put their hands, and of which the following entry records the first item of expenditure. Many years were to elapse before the assessments upon the members for the site, building, and furnishing of Pewterers' Hall ceased. The elaborate details which appear in the accounts show that the Company's determination was to erect a building worthy of their position among the other guilds. The site ultimately chosen was in Lime Street, although several members were deputed to examine sites in other parts of the city.

Jim Spent by Willm Wylbey whan he went fore to Seke an halle wiij d. Wylbey was the Senior Warden for this year.

This was Edward IV's French expedition. The king landed at Calais in July, 1475, and demanded the crown of France, but agreed to a truce of seven years with Louis XI, who promised him a large pension. Edward returned to England on 28th September. The gathering of the Company to meet the king was at the site of their new Hall, which they had only just secured. The building was not finished till the year 1497, but a portion was ready for use in 1485–6.

Ludgate was the debtors' prison of the City. Tyllar was probably the Company's clerk, as by a previous item in this year's accounts he was paid for writing the charter in Latin and English in the "gret boke." This would account for the large expenditure of 16s. "to have hym oute of preson."

Jfm payd fore the Costs of John Adames man of Lynne whan he browght word to the m<sup>r</sup> & wardens of certeyn halkars bat b<sup>e</sup> said John Adam desyrid to have a powere to sesse [cease, i.e., make to cease] their goyng fro dore to dore & to be a brothire . . . xij d.

Jim to John mathewe rentgaderare fore the place in lymestret fore iij at rent . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . xvs.

From this it appears that the Pewterers at first rented the site of their Hall in Lime Street, and probably made use of the existing buildings, gradually replacing them with their new Hall, which was several years in building.

Jtm fore a hors for xxxix days . . . . xiij s. iiij d.

Itm fore his wagis for the said xxxix days whan forfautid xxx pece tynne . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . xiij s.

Other searches during this year were made by William Wilbey and William Watts into Norfolk, by William Wilbey and Thomas Haryson into Oxfordshire, Hampshire and Salisbury, by William Wilbey

and William Watts into Yorkshire, by William Wilbey and Richard Magson into the Eastern Counties, and by William Wilbey and Robert Hache into Derbyshire and Somersetshire.

56° paid ij hors to Braynford w<sup>t</sup> wylbay and haryson for be halkere xvj d.
56m delyu'd an indent<sup>a</sup> of the Bayly of Chelmysford of certeyn vessell that he hathe in kepyng that is to say xij gret platis xxij midill platis xvj gret dysshis xviij midill dysshis xxviij saucis bat were forfautid.

**Itm** an ob bille indentid of Willm Ruffe vnderbayly of beuerley of xij gret plat vj dos' dysshis ij dos' saucerce iiij dos' saltcellaris b were forfautid.

Ifm a bille in dentid of Richard Anable of bedford of lay metall Cast in platis & dysshis & sauc'is & saltcellars to the wyghte of iij at of an c [3] cwt.] forfautid.

Ifm delyued a box wt all the Evydence of our Tenement that haynys dwelith in and of the hows that Robert Chambleyn dwelithin.

The following is the first entry that relates to the marks used by the Company in their official examination of pewter vessels. As it was doubtless the fate of all vessels marked with the broad arrow to be forfeited and melted down without delay, it is not probable that any example so marked is now procurable as a treasured specimen by the collector of old pewter.

**If** delyud a ponchon of yrn [iron] w<sup>t</sup> be brode arowe hede fore the forfet marke.

Jfm delyud the metall that was made aft the Rotme'ts [sic ?enrolments] wherby all the holoware makers shuld temp there lay metall aft' in plats Endentid . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . xvj th đ.

mo that heraft followith the parcellis of the Tynne pat is drossy and hard.

fferst Resceyvid of a dowchman at hattis key be xxv day of may be xv yere of kyng Edward be iiijth iij pece tynne weiyng vij C vj fi.

Resception of Henry Smyth Stokfysshmong? the xx day of Juyn be yere a bouesaid ij pece of hard Tynne weiyng iije iij at. xxij th.

Itm Resceyvid of Watkyn tokare iij devynysshe pece.

Resceptio of John Whithed in lay metall half a C xij th

Res of Thomas Goode in lay metall C iiii ft.

Res of Rob? Turner in fyn metall C x ft.

Res of Nycholas Tokare in hard tynne lxx ft.

Res of Nycholas Tokare in hard tynne lxx ft.

Res of John a Collen v pyntte weiyng viji ft.

Lefte in be hands Robt hardyng Goldsmyth ij pece Cornyssh tynne.

Refte in be hands of willin Gefferey haburdasshare j devynyssh pece.

Refte in be hands of Richard Chaury salt iij pece devynyssh tynne.

Reft in be hands of John Skowe Stokffysshmog' vj Cornyssh pece.

Reft in be hands of John paris ij pece of Cornyssh tynne.

Refte in be hands of be bayly of Chelmysford in vessell C d [1½ cwt.].

Reft in be hands of be Shireff of Southhampton ij cornyssh pece.

Reft in be hands of be bayly of Brygwa? iij devynyssh pece.

1475=6. Ifm payde for costs at the popyshede [Pope's Head] whan the man of Couentre was there w' other of the felychip . iijs. vij d.
Ifm for dressyng of the same mete & for ffrewts . . . viij d.
Ifm payde for Costs whan Willm of lynne was made fremā . viij d.
Ifm payde for a dyn' at vyncentys whan the man of Bristow was there w' dyu'se other of the ffelychip . . . vijs. x d.

John Vincent was the Junior Warden and Accountant this year. His senior colleague was John Whitehead, and their journeys on "search" in various counties cost 9l. 6s. 11d., realising in forfeited ware the sum of 11l. 15s. 8d.

Itm payde for a pyke & other ffysch at a dynd . . . xxij d.

The repasts mentioned in the above entries for the entertainment of the Coventry man, William of Lynn, and the man of Bristol took place probably in the summer, judging from the fish and fruits which composed the bill of fare. The hospitality was doubtless intended to smooth the way of the Search officials when visiting those distant places.

Jfm for the hire of ij horse on may day to Chelmysford & so forthe to bery [Bury] to Thetford Newmarket Chambryg & to Bassyngbo'ne for to delyn the ware to a karyour [carrier] wich was forfet at Thetford by the space of x dayes for horse hire . vijs. vjd.

Jfm for a man ys wagis by the space of xxix dayes takyng ewy day iiij d. . . . . . . . . . . Sm ix s. viij d.

The above payment was for assistance in the search.

that the xix day of Decembr in the yere of the reygne of the kyng Edward the iiijth the xvjthe All the Worschupfull hole body of the Craft of peauterers of this Worshipfull Cite of london haue graunt & bounde them selfe & theyre successors hereaftr to cū to pay to the ffraternite & gylde of the same of eury dosen garnesch of rowgh vessel letyn to hyre aftr Cristmas day next comyng j d. to the mayntenaunce of the sayde ffraternite and that to be payde vpon eury man ys othe ons a årtr vn to the maystr & wardeyns of the sayde Crafte for the Tyme beyng where of the sayde m & wardens vppon theyre othe they schall geue a trew a Count ons a yere vn to the felyship.

This note throws light upon the relations between the Craft of Pewterers and its associated Fraternity or Gild. These two institutions clearly consisted at this period of the same body of persons acting in different capacities. The Master and Wardens of the Craft were the treasurers of the Fraternity, but the accounts were evidently kept separate from those of the Craft, although there is no indication of this in the Audit Books.

This was the Marching Watch, which was held on Midsummer Eve and resumed six days after, on the eve of St. Peter's Day, 29th June. On this day the old ten days' celebration of the great summer festival came to an end. The cressets carried by the Watch and the bonfires which were lighted, are undoubtedly relics of the sun worship (at the summer solstice) which came down from Saxon times. In 1510, King Henry the Eighth came to the City to see the Watch, and was so pleased that he came again on the eve of St. Peter's Day.

the fest of Cristemas the xvj yere of the Regne of kyng Edward the iiij<sup>th</sup>

vnto the fest of midsomer next suyng as for money by the hole body of the Crafte graunted for the Worship of the sayde Crafte that is to sey of every doseyn Garnyssh for the fest vessell jd. as it appereth by the names here after following.

ffirst John parys .	Robt fforster .	. xxj d.
Thomas heryson ijs. iij d.	Robt Turnour . x	cij s. iiij d.
William Sexteyn . xj d.	Willm Chalke .	. xx d.
John Whitehede . xij d.	John Grene .	
Piers Bysshop . vjd.	William Assh .	. xix d.
Willm Crowde .	Willm Watte .	. iiij d.
Thomas langtofte x s.	Beatrice Eyre .	
William Smalwode xviij d.	Agnes Chalke .	. vj d.
John Vyncent .	John Whityng .	
William Wylby . x d.	Willm Elys .	. x d.
John Coldham .	Draytons wyfe	. vj d.
William large . ij d.	henry Stapilherste	
Nicholas Walker .	John Snaylam .	. x d.
John Cardynall . v d.	John Coke .	
Stephen Todde .	William Whitman	. xij d.
Thomas Rysby .	John Robert .	. jd.
Everard Newchirch	Willm Randolf.	. ij d.
Thomas Jakson xviij d.	Thomas maryot	
Thomas Dunton . xv d.	John pecok .	
Thomas Gode . v d.	John mylys .	
Richard kyrke . ij d.	Richard Bolt .	. iiij d.
John Sawge iiij s.	John Broun .	•
Walter Walssh .	John lecheford.	
Thomas Alisaundre vj d.	Willm pecok .	. vij d.
Thomas Nassh . xx d.	Willm Chamberleyn	. jd.
Richard magson . xxiij d.	John Cave .	. iiij d.
Robt mounteyn .	Robert hurlond	
Sm of the fest ves	ssell lijs. v d.	

The sums paid by the members vary from 12s. 4d. to 1d., a large number of the brethren making no contribution. The list of payments in the following year contains different contributors and widely

differing amounts; the heading varies as follows: "That is to say of eug dos garnysshed of ffest vessell letten jd. by the hole body of the Craft gunted as it apperethe by the names here after ffollowing." Amounts run from 5s. to 3d. "Sma xjs. vd."

A garnish of pewter consisted of twelve dishes, twelve plates, and twelve small platters. All the well-to-do members of the trade kept a stock of "feast vessels," which they lent on hire to noblemen and other wealthy persons, and to public bodies for use at great banquets. This was a source of considerable profit, the pewterers helping each other when an extraordinary demand was made upon their resources. At these great feasts a remarkably large quantity of pewter was employed.

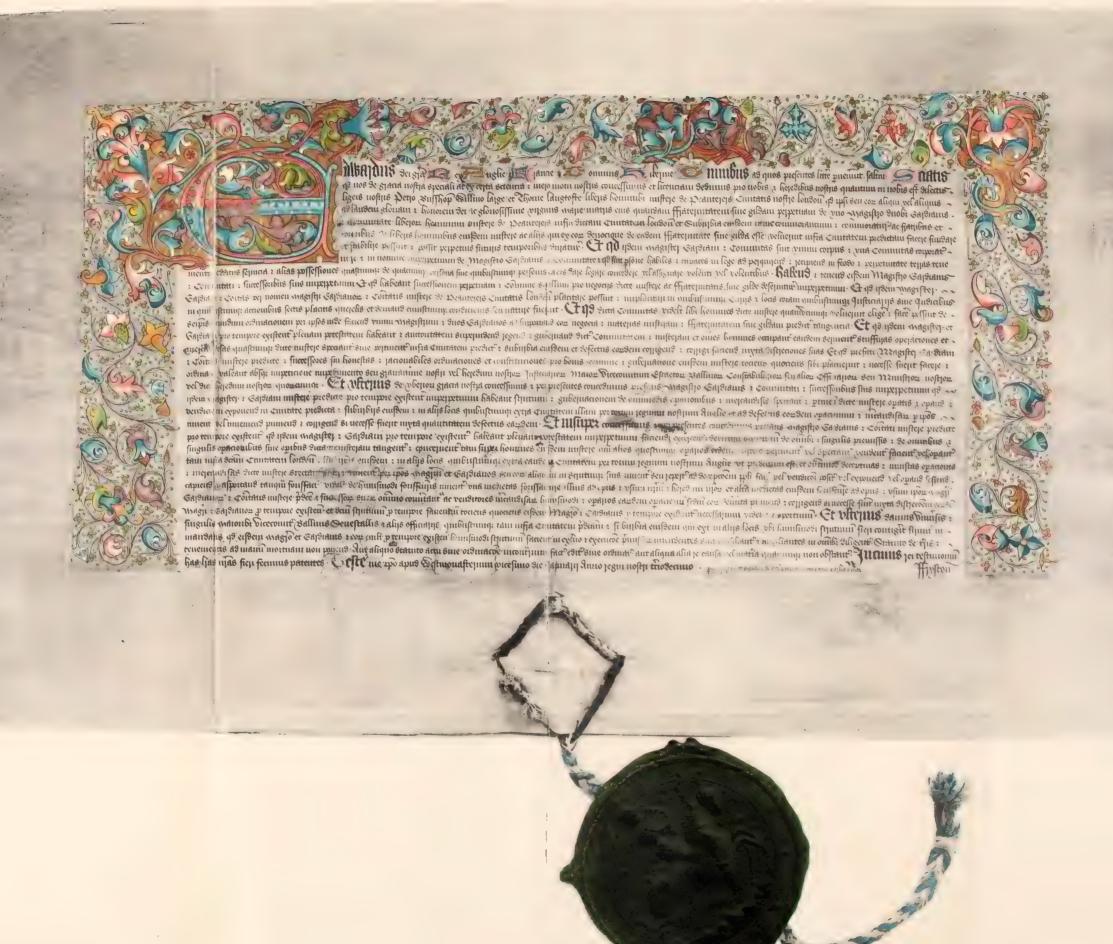
3fm expended atte montokks Barbour vpon dyvers of the felasship iiij d.
3fm payed to the ffryer Augustines for easement of the halle for a
yere iij s. iiij d.
Ifm payed for jaketts for the watchemen [on St. Peter's eve] . xvj s.
Ifm payed for Coles atte the friers the last wynter iiij d.
3fm payed atte Barthm' ffeyre in herryes sones bothe [Harrison's booth]
vpon peawtrers of the Contre [no amount].
Thomas Harrison was the Upper Warden this year.
1477-8 7fm Received of Rotit Turnor for a fune of late working wid

14/	7 0. 3	recey	aca or	TCODE	I till	10 101 6	t ry m	. 01 1	ice woi	11 y 11 8	s vja.
Itm	receyued o	f John	Whit	ehed f	for a	fyne fo	r war	e no	t sene		xij d.
Ifm	Receyued	of John	n Ran	desfelo	d Ser	geaunt	for h	nis er	ntrees		XX S.
Ifm	paide for a	potte	bough	t of tl	ne ffl	emmyr	ng att	te to	hill [	Tow	er Hill]
	to prove hi	s mete	all.								vj d.
Ifm	paide for a	Saler be	ought	atte ha	arbar	ugh ffa	yire t	o pro	ove the	met	ell iijd.
Ifm	spent on	Richa	ard ap	orice	atte	tyme	of	the	Serch	ing	of the
	fflemyng										iiij d.
	paide for										
Ifm	paid Cliffo	rd Scr	riven 1	or to	serch	for ou	ire ev	iden	ces of	the	tente in
	the Jury b	itwene	the P	riour 8	k Cō	vent of	Chi	ksan	d and	vs	xij d.
Itm	paide for	oure (	dyner	whan	the	mayre	had	cōm	aundi	d vs	to be
	Count .										iiij d.

viii d. Jim paide to the Maires Sgeaunt and entryng of the Suerties . xx d. Itm spent atte Mairemaide in bredstrete for a brekfast whan william large was fette out of the Counter . It is not clear what the Master and Wardens had done to deserve to be sent by the Mayor to the Compter. Perhaps they had taken the law into their own hands in their dispute with the Prior of Chicksand about the house in the Jewry. It seems more probable, however, that the trouble arose through the Company's searches, unless the incident was a sequel to the dispute with Giles Lakford the hawker. William Large, the Senior Warden, lost no time after his release in setting out armed with the fullest authority for another round of country searches. Ifm paide by william large for a patent w' a writte in the same comaundyng the kyngs officers thurgh England to doo it to be pclamed wyn euych of theire Bayliwiks . . . . . xxxvj s. viij d. This is the second charter granted to the Company by King Edward IV on the 14th April, 1478, in the eighteenth year of his reign. The original is a Latin document, in the Company's possession. The King recites and confirms his previous charter of 1473 (see pp. 37-8), and in addition, lays stringent commands upon all mayors, sheriffs, bailiffs, stewards, and other officers whatsoever, to publish, proclaim, and make known in their bailiwicks his letters patent and all the matters contained in them. These officials are also ordered to permit the Company to make free use of their right of search and to assist them in the same when required. 36m paide by william large for settyngforth of the Patent Sealed wt grene wax and a grete boke the which hadde ben in the Yeldhall by be

Itm a Cloth for the Ewry bord contenyng ij yerdes & half.

**Ifm** delyu'ed a plate of lay metell Endented made after thenrolements whereby all the holow ware makers shuld temp their lay metell.





This was a standard kept at the Hall for the inferior quality of pewter known as "lay" metal. The term was probably employed to denote all pewter made with an alloy or "alay" of lead. (See the Ordinances of 1348, page 3.)

Itm in Sadware fforfeited . . . . . . . lxj lb.

Sadware may mean "sayed," i.e., assayed ware, which would be forfeited only on account of faulty workmanship.

1478-9. Ifm received of Robt Turnour that he was awarded by arbitrement to bryng in for certeyn offenses by hī done xxiijs. iiijd. to be depted [departed, i.e., divided] half to the Chambre of the Guyldhall of London and bt obr half to the said crafte xjs. viijd.

Robert Turnor was a very prosperous member of the Craft, judging from his contributions, but was constantly giving trouble by his misdemeanours. In 1487–8 it was found necessary to arrest him, and in 1491–2, when Warden, he was fined 40s. for a dispute with the Master and the other Warden.

William Dunthorn was the Common Clerk of the City at this time; his name is preserved in "Liber Dunthorn," a compendium of City law which he prepared and presented to the Corporation, and which still remains amongst the City archives.

John Armurer was the Beadle of the Company. St. Martin's Day was 11th November.

5tm spent atte poppes hedd in lumbardstrete vppon the ffelauship xxiiij s. ix d. ob.

1479–80. Ifm Receyved for iij quartrons & xiiij lb of fyne metall after xxvij s. the C. Sm<sup>a</sup> xxiij s. vij d. ob. Itm for xlviij lb. of lay atte j d. ob. the lb Sm<sup>a</sup> vj s. The which metall was lefte in Smalwodes house that belonged to the Crafte. . . . . . . . . . . . . xxix s. vij d.

The price of fine metal, 27s. per cwt., was nearly double that of "lay," which was only  $1\frac{1}{2}d$ . per 1th, or 14s. per cwt.

ward by twexste willm welby and willm Sextyn for settyng a worke of john hamond beyng Sextyn coūand man that weby shold pay iiijs. iiijd. that is for to sey xx d. to crafte and xx d. to Sextyn toward his cost ou payd.

Jim payde to the Bargemen for a barge and their labour with other costes whan my lady margaret went oversee . . . xij s.

Margaret of Anjou, the Queen of Henry VI, was niece of Louis XI, King of France, and after the failure of the Lancastrian cause, was kept by Edward IV in honourable captivity at London, Windsor, and Wallingford. After the alliance between Louis XI and Edward IV, established by the Treaty of Picquigny, she was ransomed by Louis on 2nd October, 1475, for 50,000 gold crowns. She left England for Rouen on 29th January, 1476, and spent the remainder of her days in France, where she died in 1482.

"toward the makyng of ij newe stremers to the vse of the Crafte." The contributions amounted to 3l. 5s. 8d., and included 5s. 6d. "receyved among the Bachelers or Yeomanry."

In the list of payments of quarterage is the entry "of John Parys in fletestrete xij d." This is, unfortunately, almost the only instance which can be found of the addition of the place of business in the various lists of the brethren of the Company.

Jim payed to an herode [herald] of Armes for shewing of the Armes of the Crafte . . . . . . . . . . . vjd.

Itm payed for a bundell of Resshes to ley in the barge . . . ij d.

Be it Remembred that William Smalwode hath yeven atte his owne ppre cost to the sayde Crafte a fayre Baner of the hole Armes of the same Crafte.

This banner and two streamers were for decorating the barge in the water pageants and the Company's stand when they gave their attendance at processions.

Thes bene the payments mayde by the sayde mayster and wardeyns

for the making of the sayde ij Stremers and	other	necessaries	therto
belongyng			
ffirst payed for Sarsynet for the sayde Stremers			xvjs.
3fm payed for frenge to the same			viij s.
3fm payed to the payntour for payntyng		. xxxjs	. viij d.
3fm payed for bokeram to the sayde Stremers.			vij d.
3tm payed to the peyntours wyfe for sowyng .			xvj d.
7fm payed for it stayes for the sayde Strems		11	ie iid

If payed for a cofun [chest] for the sayde Strews. . . . ijs. ijd.

1–2. Ifm Receyved of the iiij dayes men that were Arbitrours bytwene Willm Smalwode, Whitehede, and Jakson in the xj day of Marche the xxij yer of the Regne of kyng Edward the iiij<sup>th</sup>

xxjs. viij d.

This sum was the fine ordered by the "dayes men" or arbitrators to be paid to the Company by the party adjudged to be in the wrong.

Jfm payed the xx<sup>ti</sup> day of ffeverer in the xxi<sup>ti</sup> yer of kyng Edward iiij<sup>th</sup> to Willim Crowde for the Rydyng ayens the kyng whan he come from be yonde the see and for ware that he hadde in the howse of Whitehede . . . . . . . . . . . . . xv s.

Edward IV again landed in France in consequence of the refusal of Louis XI to abide by the treaty of 1475.

1482–3. Ifm bought xj peces of tyn weiyng xxxj C xiiij th atte xxiiij s the C Sm<sup>a</sup> xxxvij ti. vij s. and boof solde to oon man iij pece weiyng viij C iij q<sup>a</sup> xxvj th atte xxvj s. iiij d. the C Sm<sup>a</sup> xj li. xvj s. vj d.

**Ifm** sold to an ob man a pece weiyng iij C vij tt atte xxvij s. the C Sma iiij ti. ij s. viij d.

56m sold a pece of tyn weiyng ij C đ C xxiij th atte xxvij s. the C Smaiij ti. xiij s.

Jim sold a pece for redy money weigng ij C viij thatte xxv s. viij d. the C Smaliij s. ij d. [Three other parcels follow.]

Jím bought vị C of tyn atte xxij s. the C Sma vị ti. xij s. Sold the same vị c for xxiij s the c. Sma vị ti xviij s.

the Encrease of all this tyn iiij ti. xiij d.

This was a profitable way of investing the balance on the Company's yearly account, and a convenience to the brethren who purchased the tin of the Company. The practice previously was to lend on interest to members of the livery any sums that could be spared. The price charged for the tin as above varied from 23s. to 27s. per cwt., the difference being doubtless due to varying quality and allowance for cash payment.

Ifm received of John Wright for a fyne of late working . . xij d. ffirst paide for Cariage of xj pece of tyn out of ffletestrete . ix d.

This was probably from the house of John Paris.

3fm spent on William West Rentgaderer to be said Prior [of Chicksand] to ou'see [oversee] the Repacons of our house and to be ffrendely

If m given to the said William a basyn pc [price] . . . xij d.

If m paide to v men to Ride ayenst the kyng . . . . . 1s.

Richard III having resolved to seize the throne was anxious to secure the support of the citizens of London. Dr. Ralph Shaw, the brother of Sir Edward Shaw, Lord Mayor, set forth the Protector's claim to the crown in a sermon at Paul's Cross, on Sunday, 22nd June, 1483. The Duke of Buckingham addressed the citizens at Guildhall on 24th June to the like effect, and induced them to join in a deputation of the Lords and Commons to Richard at Baynard's Castle on 26th June, to invite him to become king. The petition was received and the Protector, assuming the title of Richard III, rode in state as king to St. Paul's, "and was received there with great congratulation and acclamation of all the people."\*

It paid in labouryng for the Restreynt of tyn in be pliament tyme où [over] be xv s. vj d. given toward be same . . . xlvj s. ix d.

Following the account for 1482-3 is the ensuing curious ordinance written in a hand as uncouth as the spelling and composition. It fixes

<sup>\*</sup> Parker's Annals of England, Oxford, 1856, ii, 93-4.

the charge for workmanship of certain wares at 8s. the cwt. and of others at 7s. The 4d., 3d. and 2d. ware would seem to be articles sold at such prices per pound.

Knoing. bi. vs. all. Wirssipfull householdders and okepeers [occupiers] of the Craffte of pewtrers of the Cetee of london howe that the seyde householdders and okepeers was warned ther apon assemled affore. Thomas, hareson, maister of the seyde Craffte, and John vyncent. and Water Walsh Warddeynes, the xxx day of Januarij the ffhirste yere of be Reingne of kyng. Rechard the iii. In present of be seyde mais't and warddeynes and allso being there present. Wy'thm smalwud. Wyllam sexteine. Wyllam Wylby. steven Todd. Thomas Downton. Rechard macson Thomas Alisawnder Wyllam Elise. Wyllam Chalke. wyth be substans of be other parsones of be seyde Craffte stablysshed and eur parsone Greabull that be wurkemanssip. of eur. C. bt is to sev. Normandy potts potell quarte and peingte and Trowped saler is sartyfied be C. wurkemanssip. at viijs. and whoo ssoo eu [whosoever] be ffounde doing be contrary. ffynabyll. by be dysscression of be mais't & be warddeines of be seyde. Craffte ffor be yere being. And allso hit is sertefied by all be hole asent that be C. Wurkemāssip of howsold potts. potell, quarte, and peingte, and mesure potts. Gallon, potell, quarte & peingte and halfe peingte. and stope potts. and salt saler of be iiii d. ware and. iii d. ware & ii d ware at. vii s. and so to be wurkemanly wroght. apon peyne aforsayde also, hit is sertefiede by all the hole asent of seyde mais't and wardeines and be ffelesip of be seyde Craffte bt no parsone nor parsones sshall not pay ffor be C. wurkemanssip of Tanggard potts but affter be Rate of viijs be C. apon peine aforsayde. Also hit is Grauntted be same day at be ffreer Aussteynes in our assimelt [assembly] by all be ffelessip of be seyde Craffte bt no parsone nor parsones shall not make nor do to make no maner of ware wt noo. holoware. man. maker of be contre. ffro this tyme ffor warde apon peyne of his ffhyne set by be dysscression of be seyde maist' & wardeines, aforseid. And God saue kyng. Rechard.

Another writer has put his pen through "Rechard" and inserted "the" before "kyng."

1483-4. The Company did not allow much grace for payment of arrears of quarterage or even of fines for opening shop. If payment was not forthcoming in money the goods of the delinquent were promptly seized. The list of payments of quarterage for this year contains the following:—

Wellam Watts xij d. Stres for his quartrage ij pecis an erde dyssh a

grete salt saler weing v h and a quartern.

**Wessells** Olyffe xij d. Stres for his Entres vj grete platers & x dysshis countfete weing xxx ti.

Mobard Thurlond. Stres ffor his Entres & a yere quartrage ij bras potts

weing xxvj ti.

This was the triumphal entry of Richard III into London on his return from suppressing the Duke of Buckingham's rebellion. More than 400 liverymen of the City Companies met him on horseback in gowns of murrey. The citizens presented the king with a petition boldly announcing their resolution not to live in future under the thraldom and oppression which they had suffered during the late king's reign.

 $\mathfrak{J}\tilde{\mathfrak{t}}$  payed ffor the grene Clothe  $\mathfrak{h}^{\mathfrak{t}}$  s'uyth [serveth] ffor oure Courte

iij s. iij d.

1484-5. Ifm paide for bote hyre atte the Burying of the quene iij d.

This was Anne, daughter of the Earl of Warwick, wife of Richard III. She died, after a lingering illness, on 16th March, 1485, and was buried in Westminster Abbey. Their only child, Edward, died the year before at the age of eleven years.

mo that John Paris Citezeine and peautrer of london deceassid vpon the xxvj day of Aprile in the first yer' of the reigne of kyng Richard the iijd and his obite is kepte the xxvj day of Aprile yerely. [From Jury Book.]

**Ifm** paide for Brede & Ale atte be burying of maister Parys . v d. **Ifm** paide to a prest atte the burying of the same maist parys . xij d.

John Paris was the senior member of the Company and Master at the time of his death. His name is in the list of members of 1456-7.

and he had been Master in 1467, 1476, and 1480. He lived in Fleet Street, and left a sum of 101. to the Company, which was spent in purchasing a pall or hearse cloth of cloth of gold.

1485=6. The accounts for this year are of exceptional interest, as they tell the story of the acquisition of the site of the Hall in Lime Street. For several centuries it has been believed that the site of the Hall with six tenements adjoining was given to the Pewterers' Company by William Smalwood, Master in 1469, 1477, 1481 and 1486, whose portrait hangs in the Court Room. Beneath the portrait, a reproduction of which serves as a frontispiece to the present volume, is an inscription stating that the Hall and tenements were bequeathed by Smalwood to the Company in 1487. The painting exhibits the costume of the early part of James the 1st's reign, but whatever may be the date of the picture, that of the inscription cannot be earlier than the 17th century. The inscription has therefore no value as contemporary evidence, though the statement is literally correct. But the bequest involved no gift, the property having been previously conveyed to Smalwood, who was the new Master, with a view to its re-conveyance to the Company under his will. This is clearly evident from the documents of title in the Company's possession, an abstract of which will be found in the Appendix. The property was purchased by the Company from one Henry Nevyll for 120l. (see the first entry on page 62, where he is wrongly called Richard), and conveyed by him to trustees on their behalf. By these trustees it was transferred to Smalwood, who bequeathed it to the Company. The formal conveyance to Smalwood took place in 1486, but the Company obtained possession of the site in 1475, and began building the Hall, some of the apartments of which were sufficiently finished to allow of a dinner being provided there for the wives in 1486.

garden was also elaborately laid out and provided with a well and vinery. In the entries transcribed below will be seen a full view of the whole transactions connected with this important purchase of the site for the Hall, including the price paid, 120/.—the substantial instalment of 80/. being paid on completing the agreement. At the head of the page is written in a somewhat later hand "The purchas of the hall." The story is amusingly told by these entries: the care taken to obtain good advice both from Hawis and Moore, the men of law, and from the carpenter who was employed to act as surveyor, the entertainments judiciously provided for the principals and agents on both sides, and the anxiety to avoid the breaking off of what was certainly regarded as a good bargain for the Company are naively described. Although William Smalwood did not give the Hall or its site, he was yet a generous benefactor, as the next entry shows, contributing a large sum towards this great work.

fferst Receyuid off Willm Smalwode toward be byldyng of the Hall & ploure [parlour]. . . . . . . . . vj ti. xiij s. iiij d.

Jt Ress of the bequest of M' John Parise be be handis of Robt lytton x li.

the ben the names off the b have grau ntyd mone to b purchase of the hall. A list of 75 names and amounts follows, the contributions amounting to 45l. 6s. and varying from 12d. to 20s.

It payd for a dyner at the mairis fest & feccyng in of the kyng to his coronacon at thoms Nassh howse . . . . viij s. vj d.

Henry VII was crowned on the 30th October, 1485.

Jt payd to will a large for almes be the space of a hole yere vjs. viij d.

This was the influential member of the Company who was entrusted with the duty of procuring the charter of 1473, and had so much to do with the country searches and the prosecution of hawkers.

Jt spent on Ric nevell & vs whā we brak fyrst the bargayn of be place iii d. ob.

It for brede & drynk at oure comynicacon . . . . iiij d.

Jt paide at be salutacon w nevell Brekyng be suerte of be mat. ij d.
Jt paid at the secounde syght of oure evydencis or we durst do any
thyng towchyng to make a bargayn vj s. viij d.
It paid to a carputer for fewyng of oure ground to be in suere of lenght
& brede & buttyng to make oure evidēcis suere viij d.
It paid at nevellis wha we wer at dener iiij d.
Jt payd at myghter [Mitre tavern] at after none ij d.
Jt payd to m hawis & maister moore in paternoster Rowe whan edmūd
sthephyns & a nodir mā of Cowncell wer ther wt the sayd henrry
nevell & lyke to have broke oure bargayn vj s. viij d.
Jt payd for oure pte in drynke ij d.
It payd to m' moore & m' hawis at powlis whan the old ffeffos Schold
knowlige afore the mayre and an aldrma the Delyilly of ther
astate to be enrollyd at $b^e$ hustyngys vijs. viijd.
It spent at din wha the old ffeffue had done a fore the mayr . ijs.
It paied at be popis hede & at be myghter wha m hawis & m moore &
fox of the maires Courte delydid oure dedis old & newe aft they
were Enrollyd in the hustyngys beyng ther m & wardens & m willm
Smalwode nowe m & thoms Alysaunder vs. ob.
It paid in ther psence for ther last Reward to m hawis & m moore
xiij s. iiij d.
Ifm paide to ffox for the enrollyng of oure dede & for the wryting
iiij s. vj d.
It paid to pker [Parker] skrevener for wryting & conveying of oure dedis vs.
Jt payd at bull hede iij d.
Jt payd for Box to put in all oure evydencys iij d.
Jt paid to a preest whā maistres pis [Paris] was buryede ffor his laboure
This was the widow of John Paris above mentioned.
It paid for a quart coolis [1/4 cwt. of coals] vjd.
It payd for ij trene [wooden] disshis a doss trenchours and a borthen
[burden or load] of Russhis iiij d.

The payment for the Hall.

Jt payd to Ric Nevell in pt of payment of vj ti. be the handis of vs iiij ti.

Jt for a rake & mone in drynke among the gardeners & for sorell

Jt for pchmyn [parchment] to wryte our peni mone & a bakq [bag] to put in the same mone . . . . . . . . . iij d.

These were the weekly "pennies" subscribed by each of the Brethren towards the support of the Hall.

 $\mathfrak{I}$ t payd for brede & ale whan all the wyfis drank first at the hall xviij d.  $\mathfrak{I}$ t at  $\mathfrak{b}^t$  same tyme a galon of gode ale . . . . . ij d.

The following quaint and wordy order gives a curious insight into the methods of work in use among the trade and the position and duties of journeymen.

In the Tyme of Wyllam Smallwud maistyr of the Craffete of Pewtrers and Water Walsh and Robarte Turnor Wardeynes of be same Craffte Assemlyd at our hall. The xiij day of desembir the ij yere of the Reingne of kyng Harry the vijth wt all the hole ffelesipe of our seyde Craffte oute septe [except] Thomas nassh be cause of his Grete dysse Ese [disease] that he myghte not com to be sevde Asēmylt In that Asemyll and Courte sso kepte beffore the seyde maister and Wardedevnes There it was opnyd and presentyd beffor the savde Maister and Wardeynes And being there present Maist Sexten Maist hareson Wyllam Wylby Thomas Alysaunder Rechard Macson Thomas Jacson Wyllam Elyse by one Jhon Robarddys sum tyme prentyse wt Wyllam Crowde howe that the seyde Jhon Robarddis openyd by his Trouthe be ffore All the Craffte that he is A scot born by nature where apon the seyde Maister and Wardevnes with all the sent [assent] of be ffelesip of our Craffte making this Rule ffor be seyde Jhon Robardys that he shall ffro the day Aboue seyde shall okepy in oure Craffte wt eu'y householdder In this man [manner] of wurke To carste To sowde to fflote to shave To wype To holde the hoke to rowe or to plane And he the seyde Jhon to have ffor his day is labur ffro the ffeste of Myghalmas day to the Anunciacō of our lady iii d by the day and ffro the Anunciacō of our lady day to myghalmas day ffolowing affter iiij d. a day Also this is the Rule Grauntyd by the Maist' & the Wardeynes wt be hole sent of All be ffelesip that the seyde Jhon Rabardes is Jurneyman a metyt [admitted] and that the seyde Jhon shall not ffor loue nor ffor ffavor to o [one] man more than to anothir of the seyde Craffete but as sone as he the seyd Jhon be warned in whate plase in  $b^e$  Craffet  $b^t$  he wurkyth  $w^t$  all that is an house holder to yeve him ys ij days warnyng be ffor the day that he be Redy to com to his wurke yif this Rule be not kepte he  $b^t$  make deffauute the maist and the Wardeynes ffor the yere being sshall corecte the ffauute yif hit be ffounde in the seyde Jhon  $b^t$  he do not his dute he to be vnder the corexcion of  $b^e$  seyde Maist' & Wardeynes Also hit is to vndestande the seyde Jhon Robardes is ssworn to be Trewe to Eu'y man in the Craffte th<sup>t</sup> he wurkyth  $w^t$  all. And god save all  $b^e$  gode doers of our Craffte.

1486-7. Recetis ffor Entres of the fforeyne Brethirne of the Cuntre. Receupd of Richard Sele Chepman in the paresshe of Abchyrche ffor his Entres as a fforeyne brother . . . . . . . . . . . vj s. viij d.

The "fforeyne Brethren," that is those living outside the City boundaries, paid the same entrance fee as the rest of the brethren of the Company, the fee being now reduced to the old amount of 6s. 8d. Following Richard Sele the list includes four other chapmen and one brasier, residing in St. Giles in the Fields, Lewes, Suffolk, Canterbury, and Ware.

The list of contributions of penny money for this year is headed "This be the parssellis ffollowing by all the gode doers of our Craffte Graunting by the weke to the sustetaco of our hall a peny."

It appears that the colour chosen for the Company's livery cloth this year was violet. The usual dinners which followed the Company's attendance upon the Sheriffs and the Mayor at Westminster were held this year at the house of William Smallwood, one of the senior brethren, but at the Company's expense.

The Company having entered into possession of their Hall had now become parishioners of St. Dionis Backchurch, and became contributors to the parish assessments.

It payed for a ssupplygaco to be meire for our ffeyrs [fairs] . x d.

The expenses this year of the "dyrge of our brethyrne & ssysstyrs that is passte oute of this worlde" were for a "kyndyrkkyn of gode ale ij s." for "a chese x d." for "bunnys vj d." and for "a Galon of Wyne ffor our sseyde potacō x d." The last item in the payments is 39s. 3d. for carpenter's work upon a frame for the Company's vine. Walter Walsh, the Senior Warden and accountant, concludes his account as follows:—

56eXing vnto you all my Gode and loving Brethyrn as Tuchyng of all this Cosste bt is done ffor helpe and comfort of you and so all apon the seyde vyne I yevyde [gave] you all ffrely and God ys Blessing and myne. And God ssaue all the gode doers of our Craffte.

The expenses of laying out the garden and making a bowling alley, amounting to 21s., appear as an appendix to the account, with a further note by Walter Walsh, as follows:—\$6eBing vnto you one of yor syplyste [simplest] among you of this Cosste bt I have done to the onor of God and of you all apon the seyde Gardeyne as ffrely I yevyd [gave] vnto you all And God is blessing and myne And God saue all the Comenalte of our Craffte.

1487=8. 3fm receyued of John Here for a fyne for castyng of a
pece of tyn of James ostwedde not freman iiij s.
Itm of the same John for a fyne iiij d.
36m receyued of William Pecke for rebukyng Robt Turnor thelder
than beyng Wardyne vj s. viij d.
Itm paide to John pares Scrivener for drawyng and writyng of ij Supplicacons
to the kyng and my lord Chaunceller xiij s. iiijd.
Itm paide for botchire whan we went to grenwicch to kyng iiij d.
3fm spent whan we went to lamehith [Lambeth] to my lord Chaun-
celler ij d. ob.
Itm paide for makyng of a Supplicacon for the Comon house ijs. vjd.
Itm paide to Thomas Bayne Clerke of the pliament house to spede our
billes to be redde vj s. vij d.

22 total y by the 2 court of company.
Jfm paide to m Kyngesmyll and Englethorp gentilmen of the temple for correctyng our bill and to be of our Counsell . vjs. viij d.
Ifm paide at diuse tymes for botehire to and froo Westin in the pliament
tyme ijs.
Jfm paide for a garnysshe large vessell newe fascioned Counterfeit for Maist Speker of the pliament weigng lxxxij # the # iiij d.
Sm <sup>a</sup> xxvij s. iiij d.
The above eight entries give details of "Costs be tyme of be
pliament," which amounted for the Session to lix s. ob. The Company
were seeking parliamentary powers to suppress hawkers and pedlars, but
did not succeed until 1504, when they procured the passing of a statute. The large gifts to Mr. Speaker, the Clerk of the Parliament, and other
officials, "to spede oure billes" are not consonant with modern ideas.
Itm paide for Clothyng ayenst the kyngs comyng to london . iij li.
King Henry VII visited London on 3rd November, 1487, great
preparations having been made by the citizens for his reception. The
Mayor and Aldermen attended him on horseback in scarlet cloaks,
accompanied by a retinue of servants clad in medley at the City's cost.
The Livery Companies were also represented by mounted horsemen in
numbers varying, according to the position of each Company, from one to thirty.
Jfm paide in ernest for a Barge to have received the quene from
grenewich the said barge aft taken from vs iiij d.
This was the coronation of the Queen (Elizabeth, daughter of
Edward IV), which took place a few weeks later, on the 25th November.
The City presented her Majesty on the occasion with 1,000 marks.
Ifm paide for a wered latice sett in the galary of the hall iijs.
Ifm for Cuttyng the herbes of the knot in the gardyne ij d.
The payment in the following year was 4d.
Ifm for the arrestyng of Robt Turnour thelder xij d.
Ifm ij Spones of the gifte of Walt Walshe and Katyne his Wiffe wt

his mke [mark] & name on bt oon and on bt other Saynt Kateryne giltid weiyng ij vnce & đi.

This is the first entry concerning makers' "marks" or "touches" which the books of the Company contain.

Itm of the gifte of the same Walt a Standisshe of peaut a paire of golde balaunce and a sort [set] of Countres and a pen knyffe.

The set of counters was for the use of the Auditors in the examination of the accounts. Walsh was the Warden Accountant of the previous year, who expressed his goodwill to the Company in such homely terms. He also gave "ij diblis of Irne to set herbes and a peir" of Sheres to clippe the knotts, together with a fourme of the length of ij fote and an half for the ende of the high table."

Ifm of the gifte of William Smalwodde a maser w' a brode bande silu and ougiltid w' a bose [boss] in the botom w' his Armes weiyng viij vnce.

Mazer bowls were highly valued in former times. They had a deep rim of silver or silver gilt, and the boss at the bottom of the bowl was frequently a large gold or silver coin.

The following interesting list of the Crafts in their order of precedence is in the Jury Book. The order varied from time to time, as some Crafts grew into importance and others decayed, following the fortunes of their several industries. This is seen in the small supplementary list, where the Fullers, Bakers and Carpenters gain precedence at the expense of the Barbers, Saddlers, Sheremen, and others. "Mr. Butler," in whose time the latter precedence prevailed, does not appear among the Members of the Company in the records, but died perhaps before 1451, the date of the earliest Audit Book. He may perhaps have been an officer of the Company or a City official. The Pewterers take precedence as 14th.

beyng maire of this citi of london in the iijde yer of our Sou ayn lord Kyng henry the vijth [The order follows the full lengths of the columns.]

ffirst meres lethersellars ffruterers
Grossers hurers hatters
Draps vpholders pattenmakers
ffisshmong's Cordwaynners Gray taweyers
Tayllors Joyners brasiers

Goldsmythes	masons	wevars
Skynns	Carpenters	blaksmythes
haberdasshers	ffletchers	bladsmythes
Salters	bowyers	sporyers
vyntners	Inholders	lorymers
Irenmongers	wolmen	purcers
Scryvans [Scriveners]	plomers	Glovers
Dyers	Stacons [Stationers]	
pewterers	ffounders	In m butlers tyme
Cutlers	paynters	pewterers
Sadlers	stayners	Cutlers
barbours	wodmongers	ffullers
armorers	Turnors	bakers
waxchandlers	Curriers	waxchandlers
Talougchandelers	pulters	Talouchandlers
Schermen	pastelers	armorers
ffullers	Cowpers	Gurdelers
Girdelers	wyermongers	botchers
bochers [Butchers]	Glasiers	Sadlers
Bakers	Tilers	Carpenters
bruers	lynendraps	Cordwayners
	ffelmongers	barbours
1488 a 76m 11- C		

1488-9. If m paide for sedes to sowe in the gardyne . . . jd.

If m paide for herbes to set in the gardyne . . . ij d.

If m paide for hopyng [hooping] of our verjuys barell . . iiij d.

This barrel, tub, or vat, as it was variously called, was in constant need of repair, and was employed probably in testing the quality of pewter. It was sometimes repaired at the Yeomanry's expense, and may have served for the general use of the Craft.

Ifm delyued to the same pson [parson of Seynt Deynyse] half a garnyssh of new fascioned Countfett weiyng xxxviij # the # iiij d.

Sma xij s. viij d.

The Company having, as we have seen, paid their proper assessment to St. Dionis Backchurch, in Fenchurch Street, added a handsome gift to the parson, whom no doubt they also entertained at their festive gatherings. He was probably Robert Myddylton, LL.D., the new holder of the benefice, to which he succeeded this year on the resignation of Robert Grettam, B.D.

The palace of Greenwich, which was restored by Henry VII, as well as that of Richmond, became his favourite residence.

Jtem paied for the Copy of the new begonne ordinance for Tyn & metals . . . . . . . . . . . . ij s. viij d. Jtem paied for gravyng of a B and an R. in a spone of the yift of

Thomas a Bery . . . . . . . . . ij d.

The Book of Inventories begins this year. The first inventory which it contains is here printed in full, as it gives not only a list of the Company's possessions but a complete description of the earliest Hall with its many apartments and their furniture. The light thus thrown on the official and domestic concerns of the Company is interesting and cannot be obtained from any other source. The inventory was made to serve for several years by adding the acquisitions of each year.

## Thys is the booke of the Inventory of the goodys fonggyng to the crafte of peBterars Bithin the Cyte of London.

This Inuentary apartenyng to the brethirhode of thassumpcion of our blessid lady of the Crafte of pewtrer? of London was made the Vth yere of the Reingne of kyng Herry the vijth Thomas Alysandyr than mais? Water Walsh and John hyndsson than Wardens of the same brethirhode and crafte [1489–90].

Firste the corporacon of the same brethirhode and crafte vndir the kynges Seal in grene Wax lokyd in a cofyn with blake ledyr.

It the Comyn Seall of the same brethirhode & Crafte wt the ymage of thassumpcon of our blessid lady grauyn therin of syluer.

- It a patent w' a Wryte comaunding all the kynges officers hauyng gounance in eny Cite borowgh or towne within this the kynges Reame to doo the same patent to be proclamyd as offte and whan they or eny of them shalbe ther to Requyred.
- It a patente of the same in White Wex and ij othyr patentys in the handis of Robard Burnell of Couyntre & Willim Awbrey of Wellis.
- It certeyne Wrytynge vndir the Seall of the pryour and couente of Chiksande concernyng the tenemente in the old Jury of London in a box clossid.
- It a Relese of Willim Wylby and Stephen Tod pewtrers late infeffyd in the said tenement w other deceased of all theyr Ryght tytyll and Interesse ther by them made vnto Thomas Alysaundir than maist Thomas Jakson and John Caue than Wardenys of the same crafte & brethirhode and to their successos for euer more.
- It an Indentur made by John heynys drap of the same tenemente of certeyn yeres.
- It boxis wt dyuerse euydences concerning the pourch of the hall and tenemente of the said brethirhode & crafte sete in lyme strete of london.
- It a Casked loked w' the Jure booke and certeyn Wrytynge a bag of ledir w' old rolmente wrytyn in psement an White booke of pap Ryall and a lytyll blake booke.
- It a box wt xxiiij byllys of pap and iiij obligacons of dyus dettour in the contre.
- It ij stremers a ban and ij ban clothis viij pynyons iij ban chaftes verneshid Rede.
- It a blak cofyr wt iij chapelete of Rede Saten wt the ymage of our lady assumpcon of sylu and ij strakys of silu & ij lely pottys.
- It a punchon of Iron Wt abrode arowe hede grauyn therin.
- It a plate of lay metall to assis lay metall.
- It a brasse pot Weyng iiij and x ll.
- to serch w It in brasyn Weghtys a rt Weghte xiiij li. Weght viij lb weight iiij li Weghte ij li Weghte with a bag caneuas [canvas]. It j lb Weyght dī lb & qra.

The yiftys of such goodmen that be alyue and they that be paste oute of this Worlde.

It the yifte of John Pareis a clothe callyd an hers clothe of gold wt the tharmys of the crafte theron browdyred.

Pareis & vx.

- It the said John Pareis and Agnes his Wyfe a Tabyll clothe of dyaper conteynyng in lengthe viij yard.
- It a Tabyll clothe of dyap departed in tweyne contenyng ix yard and an Ewry clothe of dyaper halfe a shete of Canvas.
  - It the yifte of Willim Smallwud the xx yere of the Reing of kyng Edward iiij<sup>th</sup> a ban clothe W<sup>t</sup> the hole armys of the crafte.

Also Agnes the Wyfe of the seyd Wyllm Smalwud a spone of silu the ende therof wrethed with a wrethe gylte weyng an vnc a qrt and halfe.

Also the seyd Willm smalwud a masser wt a brode bande of siluer ougylte wt a bose of silu ougylte with his armys ennamelid ther on weyng viij unc.

It a collett of the yeffte of modyr schalcke V yeres.\*

Also the seyd Willm smalwud yaue a brāche of laton for v taps of wex to sete in onor of our blessid lady.

Also the seyd Willm smalwud yaue ij brasyn weghtys callid ij halfe hundir.

It the yifte of willm Sexten and Agnes his wyfe ij silu sponys with the endis\* & ougylte weyng.

It the yifte of margrete vyncente somtyme the wyfe of John vyncente pewtrer a siluer spone weyng.

It the yifte of Elizabeth Sawier sherman and doghter to Willm Sexten pewtrer vj dyaper napkynnys.

It the yifte of Water Walsh and Katryn his wyfe ij silu sponys the toon grauyn on the ende his marke and gilte the tothyr spone hauyng graue on the ende the ymage of seint katryn and gilte weyng ij vno & an halfe.

Also a standyssh of pewtyr w<sup>t</sup> a peyre of golddyn balans and a sorte of countyrs with a pen knife.

\* This entry is in a later hand. † This mark is explained by the last entry on p. 75.

Smalwud & vx.

this said masser was putyd to other vse.

Smalwud & agnes vx eic.

sexten & vx his daught. \* sic.

walsh & vx.

Also ij dyblis of Iron and a peyre of shers & a fowrem of ij fote in length with his marke ther on.

Also a grete Joyned forser peintyd w' the armys of the crafte and lokyd w' ij keys pry? viij s.

Also payed for the Reperyng of the bolyng aley in his tyme beyng wardeyn with maist Alixandir.

Also the same tyme a book of pap for to wryte all this Inuentary of the crafte.

Jakson &vx It the yifte of Thomas Jakson pewtrer and katyne his wyfe a tabyll of cipyrs [cypress] content in length iij yards and a lytyll bord wt iiij fete.

downton It the yifte of Thomas dowton pewtrer ij syluer sponys iche of them

hauyng on the endis a postell [apostle] wroght and ouergilte weyng iij vne iij qrt.

It the yifte of Johane late the wyfe of the seyd thoms downton a tabyll clothe of dyap content vij yards & đi.

Wylby. It the yifte of Willm Wylby pewtrer a potell pot square.

Elyse. It the yifte Willm Elyse a Tankkard pot of potell.

astelyn. It the yifte of laurens Ascelyne pewtrer a square quart pot.

large & vx. It the yifte of Willm large pewtrer and his wyfe a towell of dyap cont xvj yard mkyd with a dowbyll v and an l wroght with blak sylke.

It the yifte of John Griffith a keupayne [coverpane] of fyne dyap.

The wyfe of It the yifte of the wyfe of Thomas overy a sylu spone markyt wt a T and a b weing an vnc of sylu.

Item iij pottes called drynkyng Cruses made of the Serchmetell takyn in the craft.

In the tyme of Willim Sexten Robt Turnour thelder and laurence aslyn.

Will<sup>\*</sup> Smalwode. It of his Executors.

walsh & vx.

& VX.

of willm Smalwode a gilt Cup weiyng xxvj ounce

Itm a braspot weiying xxxvj lb.

Itm a peire of Rakke and a spit of Iron weigng xxxij lb.

Itm poleyn wax in a Cake weiyng vj li đi qar lasse.

Itm ij bell Candilstikke of laton.

laurence aslyn.

Itm of laurence aslyn a silu spone w an a tre on the bak & an Image of seint laurence giltid weigg j on d to.

Itm a posnett of bras weigng v lb.

†Itm ij platers and ij sausers of peaut weiyng v lb đi taken of an hawker.

\*Itm in olde ledde Weighte forfeited ij quarternes ij fourteynes xx lb wt Rynge and xxij lb of smale weighte Sm cxiiij lb.

Itm in Brasweighte sealid xiiij lb viij lb iiij lb & ij lb.

Itm iij false bemes taken from hawkers provid false & forfeitid.

Itin a peire of Tables to pley vpon of the gift of Thomas Alisaunder.

Itm an other peire of tables of the gifte of Thomas Jakson.

Itm a new ladder of xiii staves.

In the tyme of Thomas Jakson m' John Cave and Willim pecok wardens. A' dni? 1493°.

ffirst a stone mort and a pestell of the gifte of Thoms Jakson.

Itm a silu spone weigng j ounce qar mked wt J & k of the gift of John Cave.

Itm an holowe basyn of peau't of the gift of willm pecok.

Itm iij goblette of a peau't of flaundres makyng.

+ Itm iij salte ij of iiij d. & j of iij d.

→ Itm ij weighte of led weiyng both xv lb.

In the tyme of Thomas Jacson m' John hyndson & Robt Turno' the yong'. A' dm' 1494.

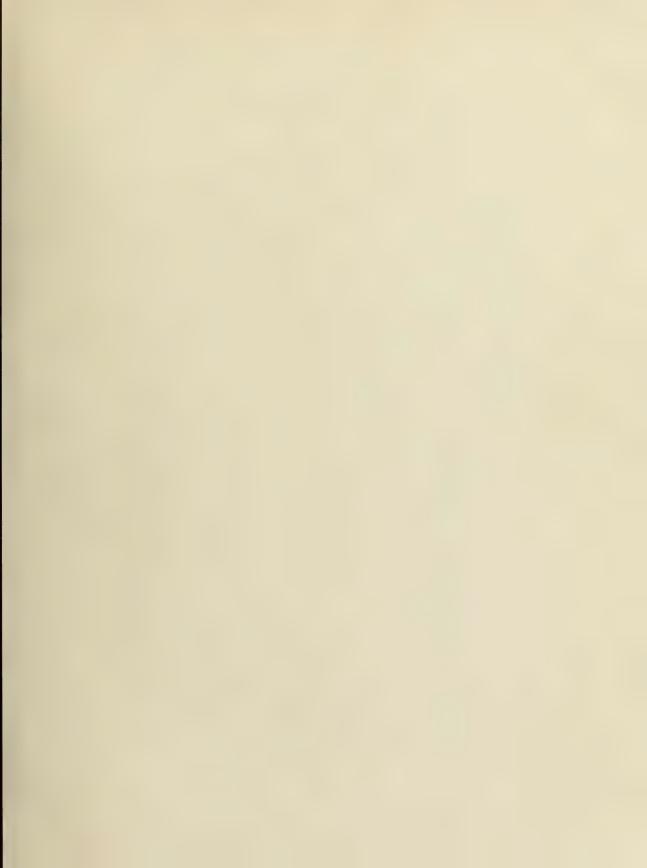
ffirst the seid John hyndson and Robt Turno<sup>r</sup> paide for the stuff and makyng of the bench of brik vnder the vyne in the south ende of the gardyne x s.

Itin of the gifte of John hyndson and Cicily late his wif a grete Chist bounde wt Iren callid a standard.

Itm of the gifte of the seid Robt turnour a stope pot pond vjlb mkid wt his owne marke.

Itm a potell stope brought ynne at comaundid of the seid m<sup>r</sup> and wardens by Thomas Crosse.

Itm a pynt pot for wyne.





SUN DIAL, WITH SPIDER AND FLY, FROM A WINDOW IN OLD PEWTERERS' HALL.

In the tyme of Will'm wilbeye m<sup>r</sup> laurence aslyn and Will'm mabshall wardeyns.

A Beme and a peire of scalis bought by theym.

In the tyme of laurence aslyn m<sup>r</sup> and Willim marschal and John Thurghgood wardeyns bigynnyng in the xiij<sup>th</sup> yere & endyng in the xiiij<sup>th</sup> yere of kyng henry the vij<sup>th</sup>.

ffirst the high wyndowe next vnto the bay wyndowe glasid by laurence aslyn.

Itm the high wyndowe ou the high deyce glasid by willm smalwode & willm sexteyn.

Itm the middill pane of the bay wyndowe glasid thurgh by Willm Welbey.

Itm the second wyndowe to the bay wyndowe glasid by Willm marschal.

Itn half of the third Wyndowe glasid by John Thurghgood.

Itm the Wyndowe next vnto the Comptynghouse dore glasid by Thomas Alisaunder.

Itm the wyndowe next therto glasid by John Cave.

Itm half the wyndowe next therto glasid by Thôs Jacson and the other half therof by Willm Elise.

Itm the hoole wyndowe next to the gardyne dore glasid by Robt Turnour yonger.

Itm the other half of the iijd wyndowe toward the northwest glasid by John Afferton.

Itm the oon half of the second pane and a quart in the bay wyndowe glasid by Agnes Crowde wedowe.

Itm the lower pte of the same panes glasid by Thomas malpas of ffeushm Peautrer.

Itm the half of a hoole pane in the same bay wyndowe glasid by margret sometyme wif of John Vincent.

The other half of the same pane glasid by willm Pecok.

Itm the lower pte of the half pane of the same wyndowe toward the high deyce glasid by Thomas langtot.

Itm the ou pte of the same half paine glasid by John Whityng.

Itm in the plour.

the wyndowe ou the hall dore glasid by Thomas Chambleyn.

Itm the bay wyndowe toward the tenantries glasid by robt langtot.

Itm in the end of the same bay wyndowe toward the North glasid by Willm lynne.

Itm the next hoole pane thereto glasid by John magson.

Itm the pane next therto glasid by Willm peck.

Itm the pane next therto glasid by Thomas Owtlawe.

Itm the hoole pane next therto glasid by Robt Wodwose.

Itm the whole pane next therto glasid by Ric talor

Itm half next therto glasid by John Robtson.

Itm the litill wyndowe in the Corner glasid by John hew.

Itm' in the Comptyng house.

A wyndowe of iij panes glasid by John Aslyn.

Itm other iij panes glasid by paule Alisaunder.

Itm a joyned fourme there of the gifte of John Thurghgood.

## In the halle.

vj joyned stoles given by Willm Baxster.

Itm other vj joyned stoles given by John Baxster.

Itm a forme given by John Browne.

Item a forme given by Robt Elise.

Itm a forme given by willm Crowe.

Itm a fourme given by Willm Richmond.

Itm a table given by Thomas pecok & Willm Jacson.

Itm a table given by John South & piers Curteis.

Itm a table given by Willm Caleis & Willm huchyn.

Itm halff a table given by Thomas Vstthweyte.

Itm half a table paid of the Crafte money.

Itm pd for half a table a peire of grete trestille given by John hudson.

Itm a table cloth of diapre of x yerde long & ij yerde brode of the gifte of a peautrers wif nameles god reward hir,

In the tyme of Will'm Welbeye maist Robt Turnour the yonger and Will'm Pecok wardeyns.

- ffirst of the Gifte of laurence aslyn and Robert Turnour aforeseid joyntly the Comptyng house is celid.
- Itm willm Sexteyn hath given the Celyng of x yerde di in the plour.
- Itm Willm Welbeye hath given the Celyng of x yerde in the seid plour.
- Itm Thomas Alisaunder John Cave Willm marschall John hyneford Willm Elise and willm Pecok ioyntly haue given the celyng of xxij yerde di in the same plour.
- Itm John Whityng John Afferton John Thurghgood Robt langtot Thomas Chambleyn Thomas Crosse Willim Pecke John magson and Thomas Pecok ioyntly haue gevyn the Celyng of the Residue of the same plor.
- Itm the seid laurence aslyn hathe paide for the tymbre and werkemanship of the wydowe atte the steire heed into the plour and the Crafte pd for the yren werke and glasse of the same wyndowe.
- Itm a long spitte of yren of the gifte of Maistres Alisaunder.
- In this yere tynne was very scant & dere for C the C was sold for xxxiij s. iiij d. redy money.

In the tyme of Thomas Alisaunder maister John hyndson and Robert langtot wardeyns Ao do millimo ccccc.

- A Cup of siluer parcelle gilt of the gifte of the seid John hyndson weiyng . . . . . . . . . . . . . xvj vne di.
- Itm vj drynkyng pottes w<sup>t</sup> couerynge pynte callid stopes weiyng xij lb.

  \*Itm viij saltes of fyne metell w<sup>t</sup>out couynge weiyng vj lb made of such
  - metalle as ben crossid vpon the heed bifore in this boke.

In the tyme of will Sexteyn maist and John wilson & John magson wardeyns Ao do' m'ccccc & iij.

Rec of the biquest of willm wilbey j maser.

Itm of the biquest of Robt wodhouse j maser weyyg vjoz ij gownes & ij hoode sowld for xxxvij s xd.

Rec of the biquest of the good veyfe ellys a tovell of dyap conteyning xj erdys đi.

Rec of the byquest of john veylson a seyluer spon veyd v oz.

Rec of the byquest of john veylson a stondyng Cope psell geylt xix dwt. [? oz.] iij grs.

R a ffrokke of Canvas wth a hodde of Canvas geuyn by Thoms ffowlle.

In the tyme of laurence Aslyn mr will pecoh and Thomas outlawe wardeyns A° xxj° [1504-5].

Receyued of the gifte of Thomas gode and Alice his wif a maser w<sup>t</sup> a brode band and above w<sup>t</sup> an ymage of our lady weiying xvj vnce q<sup>a</sup>.

Itm in the same yere  $R_{\mathfrak{C}}$  of ix psones comyng into the Clothyng ix silu spones.

that is to sey of John Aslyn a spone weiyng an vnce & more.

Itm of paule Alexander a spone weiyng an vnc & more.

Itm of Willm Jacson a spone weiging an vince and more.

Itm of John Baxster a spone weiging an vnc & more.

Itm of Thomas ofthwayte a spone weigg an vnc and more.

Itm of Robt Elise a spone weiging an vn2 and more.

Itm of Thomas vrswyk a spone weiyng an vnce & more.

Itm of Nichas langtot a spone weiyng an vnc & more.

Itm of John Cook a spone weiyng an vnce and more.

And it is ordeyned by the seid mr wardeyns and the hoolle Compeigny of the seid crafte that from hensfurth eur psone at his comyng in to the seid Clothyng shall bryng in and delyu vnto the maister and wardeyns of the seid Crafte for the tyme beyng a siluer spone weiyng as aboue. And this acte to endur vnto the tyme that the halle shalbe

stored of spones for as many psones as shalbe sett in the seid halle and plour and after that to be conuted [converted] to some other vse necessarie and bihoffull.

Itm Re of the wif of Willm Sexteyn a salt siluer & peell gilt weiyng xvij vnce di.

1490-1. If m paide at the Popis hedde for brede and wyne for our Compeigny at the etyng of the venysion the which maister ffenne gave vs as it appereth by a bille therof . . . . . x s. xj.d

Neither Master Fenn nor Thomas a Bery (Account for 1489-90) were brethren of the Company. They were probably Cornishmen, and their gifts may have had to do with the Ordinance for tin of the previous year.

**Itm** paide for Ale whanne the Cornysshe men were at our halle . iij d.

1491-2. Ifm Rs of Robt Spurreth for a qrt of the last yere that is to say a Chist in plegge for xvj d and in money . . . xvj d.

Itm Rs for a bras pot liying in plegge solde for . . . xd.

5tm Robt Turnor thelder beyng wardeyne for a certen variaunce bitwixt hī and the m? & the other Warden as is welknowen. he to stand in favor ageyn hath given of his frewill to the Crafte. xl s.

Ifm we bought xv pece of tynne weiyng xliij<sup>c</sup> q<sup>a</sup> xiiij<sup>th</sup> at xxvj s viij d the C. And solde the same tynne ageyne for xxix s the C So gayned & encreacid therynne . . . . . . . . . v ti xiiij d.

Jim pd to the grey freris for Reparacon of our braunch and light there by an holle yere. . . . . . . . . . . . . vjs.

Jfm p<sup>d</sup> to the same ffreres for dirige and masse for the soules of our brethern and Susters decessid . . . . . . . ij s. iiij d.

3fm pd for brede ale and chese at our hall after dirige done . vs. ix d.

mò that Willm Smalwod Citesyn and peauterer of london deceased the xxvj<sup>th</sup> day of may the vij<sup>th</sup> yere of kyng harry the vij<sup>th</sup> and his obite shalbe kepid betwixt the ffyst and xij<sup>th</sup> day of may in the parish chirch of Saynt mary wolnor in lumbardstrete of london yerely during vj yeres next folowyng after the said ffyst day of may the vij<sup>th</sup> yere aforesaid by the maist wardeynes and craft of peautrers of london vpon payne of forfat of an obligacon of xl.s. [Jury Book.]

1492-3. Itm delywed to our Compeigny which dyned not at the
Shireffs vpon the morn after mighelmas day iij s.
Itm delywed to them that went not the maires dyn viij s.
Jim pd for iiij new markyng Irons for holoweware men ij s.
This mark must have been for the Company's official use,
but no record of the device is to be found.
By the death of William Smallwood, the Hall and other property in
Lime Street came formally into the possession of the Company. His
will appears by an endorsement thereon to be enrolled in the Husting
Court of London, among the Pleas of Land, held on Monday next after
the Feast of the Translation of St. Thomas the Martyr (11th July), in
the eighth year of the reign of King Henry VII, 1493.
Ifm pd for enrollyng the Testent of Willim smalwode condnyng our halle
and tente therby ffirst pd to maist moor for his Counsell iij s. iiij d.
Ifm pd to a sgeaunt of the maires for his fee of pclamacion in the hustynge
xij d.
Jfm pd to a Clerke of the maires for entryng of the same at the
hustynge xij d.
3fm spent vpon diuse of our Compeigny labouryng for the same at
iij tymes ijs. viij d.
Jim paide to the Chambleyne of london for the fyne of the enrolment vij ti.
1493-4. If m pd toward the werkes of the Guyldhall x s.
·
The total contributions of the Fellowships to the erection of the
new Guildhall amounted to 3131. 16s. 8d., of which the Pewterers gave
in all 2/. The work was finished, and a final audit made in 1504.
Ifm spent the iiij <sup>th</sup> day of Nouembre vpon xij psones assigned by the hoole Compeigny to order certen price & ordnunce . xiij d.
This may have been the germ of the Court of Assistants, no trace
of which appears in the records at this early date. Compare a later entry
at the end of the year 1534-5, p. 136.

1495-6. Ifm p<sup>d</sup> for a brekefast made to the Churchwardeyns of Alhalowen in lumbard strete . . . . . . . xiiij d.

The Company left the Grey Friars for some reason which does not appear, and from about this date held their annual religious gathering at the Church of Allhallows, Lombard Street.

**Ifm** p<sup>d</sup> for drynke at Goldsmythes halle . . . . ij d.

This is the first notice of the Goldsmiths' Company, with whom in somewhat later times the Pewterers had much relationship, not always of the most cordial character.

Itm pd to the Chirchwardeys of Alhalowen for our masse . xx d.

for dirige and masse of Requiem wtynne the same chirch first to iij preests eche of hem viij d & to an obr pest iiij d Sm ij s. iiij d. Itm to the Clerke and Sexteyn xij d. Itm for spicid brede x d. Itm for bonnys vj d. Itm for Ale ij s. j d. Itm for saffron Cloves & mace [maces] for the seid spicid brede iiij d. Itm for eggs and butter to the same brede iij d. Itm for Chese ix d.

that of the cxv ti viij s viij d ob. remaynyng in the box as appereth by the fote of the last Accompte taken out and delyued to John Asserton to pay for xv peces of tynne by hym bought the some of lvij ti. xiiij s. x d. and solde the same tynne for lxj ti xix s. & vij d. so gayned and encreaced iiij ti iiij s. ix d. of the which lxj ti xix s and vij d is brought yn of Redy money xxxij ti xvij s. ix d.

Jtm an Indentur of Composicon for or masse to be kepte wtynne the pissh Chirch of Alhalowen in lumbardstrete.

The Yeomanry Accounts begin this year. They unfortunately consist of only one volume, which extends from 1495 to 1635. This is not the first volume, for the opening account records a balance in hand received from the previous Wardens, and a contribution from the Yeomanry funds was made in 1472-3 by way of loan to the Company at large as stated on page 36. When the Yeomanry first began to exist as a separate body cannot be determined, but at this time (1495) they appear to have consisted of all the members of the Company who were not "Brethren," "Liverymen," "Masters," or "of the Clothing," as the senior members of the Craft were variously called. Between this class and that of the Apprentices, the Yeomanry (who were also known as Freemen or Bachelors) occupied a middle place. They were members

of the larger body, and shared nearly all the trade privileges which this involved, attended the annual election ceremonies and festival, as well as the quarterly assemblies of the Company. They were probably also consulted with the rest of the Fellowship by the Master and Wardens on occasions of special emergency, when matters affecting the interests of the trade were being considered. They included the smaller masters and journeymen, and their ranks were constantly reinforced by the apprentices who completed the term of their indentures and were admitted to the Freedom. On the other hand the senior Freemen were from time to time summoned to the ranks of the Livery, so that the number of the Yeomanry or Freemen remained pretty constant. Like the "Masters" of the Craft, the Yeomanry formed themselves into a religious and social Fellowship, the "Fraternity of St. Michael the Archangel." They were governed by three Wardens, who were members of the Livery and chosen by that body.

The earliest account is for three years, 1495 to 1498, and the subsequent ones are for two years only, the Wardens being elected for this period, and presenting their accounts at the close of their term of office. The account printed below, that for 1498–1500, contains more details than the earlier one with which the volume opens. It shows the organisation of the Fraternity to have been of a very simple character; the annual religious festival and social banquet, attendance at the burials of brethren, and pensions to the poor, comprise nearly all the functions, which did not as yet include trade concerns. The subordination of the Yeomanry and their Fellowship to the general governing body of the Craft was complete. The Yeomanry employed the Clerk and Beadle as their own officers; and all its members also were required to attend their "Masters'" mass in addition to the duties which they owed to their own Fraternity. It will be seen from the later accounts that the powers of the Freemen's organisation grew considerably in the course of years, and it is to be regretted that none of its Minute Books have been preserved. The three following extracts are from the first Account, that for 1495-8.

Itm paide for torches occupied at our maisters masse kepte at the chirch of Alhalowen in lumbard strete in the ij last yeres . iij s iiij d.

Jim pd to a clerke to goo wt vs and to write by the space of iij yeres ijs.  Jim pd for suynyg [sewing] the cloth togider for lire to the same and hokes iijs viijd.  Zhis is thaccompte of John magson Robert Wodhouse and John Baxster Wardeyns of the ffraternite of seint mighell tharchaungell of Bachelers of the Crafte of Peautrers in the Citie of london delywed vnto theire successours Thomas Crosse John Symson and Thomas Vstthwayte
Wardeyns newe chosen that is to wite of all somes of money by them for the same fruitie aswele Receyued as paid from Cristmas in the xiiij <sup>th</sup> yere of the Reigne of kyng hen the vij <sup>th</sup> vnto the xij <sup>th</sup> day of nouembre in the xvj <sup>to</sup> yere of the same kyng.
ffirst the seid accomptaunt charge theym selfe wt money by theym receyued in the box of the same ffruite at their entres into their office sm vjs ijd.  Itm Receyued of the good Cave for wax at the buriyng of hir husbond
Paid by the seid accomptaunt $\epsilon$
ffirst paid to the waxchaundeler for torches & tapers occupied at the buriyng of Brether and Susters here bifore named and for the masse of our lady ijs and for makyng of the braunch at ij tymes w <sup>t</sup> iiij lb of newe wax bought & put therto and also for the makyng of viij <sup>xx</sup> lb in torches and tapres occupied at the buriynge of John Cave and Edith langtot & maistres wilbeye more than our stok of wax at jd the lb Sm  15tm paid for a chest w <sup>t</sup> ij lokkes and ij keies & for a sqre box iiijs iiijd.  35tm pd for papu and Inke  15th iijd.

Itm pd for lynyn Cloth for table clothes for the s	side ta	ables in the
halle		. xjs vd.
Itm for hemyng of the same Clothes		
Itm for ij dof trenchers lefte in the halle		. ij d.
Itm for the buriyng of Willm Wheteman		. xij d.
Itm spent vpon our Compeigny at the buriyng of Nicl		
vj d given vs by maist laurence		. iiij d.
Itm pd for wasshyng of lynyn Clothes		. viij d.
Itm in expens at making of our accopte		. xij d.
sm toł paid is lijs xjd.		
So Rest in the box & brought in xxvis ix d And all	thing	e conteyned

So Rest in the box & brought in xxvjs ix d And all thing conteyned in the Inuentarie afore writen.

1496-7. The balance in hand received from the accountants of the previous year reached the large sum of 124l. 2s.

This year a benevolence was contributed by the brethren towards "bieldyng of the halle." William Sexteyn gave 6l. 13s. 4d., the other contributions ranged from 20s. to 12d., one member giving 4d. The total amount reached 20l. 13s. 10d. At the same time an agreement was made for regular subscriptions payable weekly or quarterly. These brought in an additional sum for the year of 13l. 16s. 10d. The "Hall" now being built was the Great Hall for feasts and general assemblies. The main building was finished in 1485-6, when the wives were entertained, and the garden was laid out. The inventory of 1490 (see pp. 68-76) enumerates the various apartments.

The payments include the greater part of the expenses for materials and workmanship in building the Hall. Great pains were taken to procure a good design, the best of materials were provided, and the workmen were liberally paid and encouraged by special gifts. A selection of those items which appear to be of chief interest follows:—

ffirst Spent at Habdasshers	Ha	lle to take	a v	ewe		ij d.
Jim at Carpenters Halle for	the	same				ij d. ob.
Jfm at pappey for the same		•				ij d.

This was a fraternity or brotherhood of St. Charity and St. John Evangelist called the Papey in the ward of Aldgate. It was founded

in 1430, says Stow, for poor impotent priests and other brethren and sisters that should be admitted into the church of St. Augustine Papey in London Wall. This "proper house," as Stow calls it, ranked well among the sumptuous monastic buildings of ancient London, and from being specially selected for view by the Pewterers out of such a wealth of fine buildings must have possessed a magnificent hall.

Ifm spent at drawyng the note of the indentures bitwene the C	'arpent'
& vs	
I'm spent at Hakeney w' the Carpent to have a vewe of the	Deans
roof there	
Ifm pd to Symon Birlyngham Carpen in ernest of makyng of the	
xl ti & j d. & for papir j d. Sm xl. ti	& ij d.
Jim for a newe whelebargh [wheelbarrow]	xij d.
Itm pd for nailis for the hurdeyce at the heed walle	iiij d.
I'm on the first monday of lent pd to vj werkemen & vij labourers	vs. xd.
Ism the second monday of clene lent pd to iij werkemen	& iiij
labourers	iij s.

Similar payments follow for Tuesday and the other days of the week, also payments for the week beginning on the third Monday in Lent. Clean Lent is another term for Lent in allusion to the spiritual cleansing sought to be obtained in that season.

**Ifm** paide at Symon Birlynghms house for Ale . . . ij d. **Ifm** given to his mayny [Meinie, i.e., people, workmen] . . iiij d.

Simon Birlyngham seems to have filled the offices of architect and master builder, for which he received 40l. He was sent by the Company, no doubt in connection with the work of the new Hall, to Berwick, for which he received at his "Ridyng furth," 5l., and a similar sum "at his comyng home." The method of building is clearly shown in the accounts. All wages and materials were purchased by the Company. Simon Burlingham was superintending architect, and the beadle checked the workmen's time-sheets and purchased the materials under the direction of the Wardens, who paid the accounts in ready cash. The details of the expenditure are contained chiefly in the accounts of this and the next year.

1497-8. The gifts of the brethren of the Company towards finishing the Hall amounted this year (the last in which they appear) to xiiij ti xj s. vij d. There was "Given also to the halle by these psones following:"

ffirst by a certeyn psone not named. . . . . . xij d.
Jfm by Thomas Howden taylour for the soulis of Thomas langtot & luce his wif to be had in remembraunce . . . iij s. iiij d.
Jfm by John Griffyn Squier of the kyngs household . vj s. viij d.
Jfm by Thomas malpas of ffeuhm [Feversham] Peautrer C of Shrof sold for . . . . . . . . . . . xviij s.

The payments for building the Hall occupy no less than sixteen pages of the account, and comprise five hundred and fifteen items. These are of much interest as showing on a wide scale the cost of wages and building materials at the close of the fifteenth century. A selection of the principal items is given in full, preceded by a condensed list of prices taken from the numerous details in the accounts of this and the previous year.

Workmen. Daily wages of labourers 4d. or 5d.; dauber and man 9d. or 11d.; tiler and man 9d.; mason 7d. or 8d.; joiner 8d.; carpenter (seven days) 3s. 4d.; plumber, for casting lead 1s. 2d. per cwt., for casting and working lead 1s. 8d. per cwt.; quenching lime (two men) 6d. per day.

Materials. Asshelm stone 4d. per foot, pase stone 6d. per foot; Wardens of the Masons, for metage, 8d.; pavior, for six loads of stone, 7s.; water table stone  $4\frac{1}{2}d$ . per foot, carriage of 82 feet 12d., mason, for laying it, 12d.; sand 4d. per load; gravel 4d. per load; 30 loads of earth 10d.; 20 loads of rubbish and 5 loads of earth  $1\frac{1}{2}d$ .; white sand, 31 loads 14s. 6d.; bricks, 21 thousand 5l.; lime, per cwt., 5s. 6d. to 6s.; white plaster, per bushel, 12d.; grey plaster, per bushel, 6d. and 9d.; old plaster, per load, 1s. 6d., carriage 3d.; new plaster, per ton, with carriage, 8s. 6d.; load of billets to bren the plaster 2s. 7d.; faggots, per quartren, 10d.; tiles, per thousand, 5s. 4d. to 6s. 6d.; roof tiles, per hundred, 5s.; tile pins, 3 pecks 4d., per bushel  $4\frac{1}{2}d$ .; timber, 25 quarters 3s. 4d.; 2 short quarters 2d.; timber fillets each 1d.; planks, 4 for 6d., 3 feet a penny; oak planks, 145 feet for 3s. 11d.; "lire" board, 56 yards for 4s.; hire

of 8 scaffold posts 8d.; evesboard, per yard 1d.; lattice, per foot 3d.; laths, per load 118., per hundred 5d.; sap lath, per hundred 4d.; "hert" laths, per hundred 5d.; "spriggs," per thousand 6d.; new iron, per cwt. 12s.; "brodds" for the smith, per score 1d.; great "brodds," per hundred 10d.; lead, per cwt. 4s.; solder, per lb. 4d.; tenpenny nails, per hundred 8d. and 9d.; sixpenny nails, per hundred 5d., tinned 8d.; fivepenny nails, per hundred 4d., tinned, 7d.; fourpenny nails, per hundred 3d., tinned 6d.; threepenny nails, per hundred 2d.; twopenny nails, per hundred  $1\frac{1}{2}d$ .; roof nails, per thousand 7d.; tinned hinges, with hooks, per lb.  $1\frac{3}{4}d$ .; bolts, with forelocks, per lb.  $1\frac{1}{4}d$ .; 3 new locks, with staples, 21d.; "sodeletts" for the Hall louvre, per foot 1d.; the carpenter, for 8 puncheons, 28.; carpenter, for chymney mantell, 2 tassells, and new pece over the well, 15s.; a forme in the counting house 2s.; three forms in the Hall, 7s.; 6 fathom rope for the well 7d.; carrying the mantell of freestone 4d.; allowed to the carpenter for the dormond [dormer] in the Hall roof 14d.; to the plomer in ernest 1d.; to the Wardeyne of tilers for serch of tile 2d.

This seems to have been the roofing.

Itm pd for xij peire of gloves . . . . . . . xviij d.

These gloves were probably for the workmen, as the entry occurs between two payments to labourers.

Jim spent at hakeney vpon diuse of the Crafte wt the Carpentar takyng there a vewe & sight of the halle . . . . iij d. Ifm for a potte of tree [wood] standyng on the lovar [louvre]. xx d. Ifm pd to peynter brikman for xxj mt of Brik. v ti. Ifm for peyntyng the potte of tree on the lover xx d. Jim pd for peyntyng of the Rose on the lover . viij d. Ifm pd for Colours to peynt the halle Roof . xiiij d. **Ifm** p<sup>d</sup> for glasyng of the lover . . . iiii s. Ifm a stone of xi fote for the bay wyndowe . . . . iiijs. jd. ob.

Jim pd to the Smyth for v wite barres tynned for the high wyndowe in the hall weiyng xlvj to the tb j d ob qa [13/4 d. the tb.] vj s. vij d. ob.

Ifm xvj barres white tynned for the bay wyndowe weiyng C qa xiiij th	
[1 cwt. 1 qr. 14 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs.] the $\frac{1}{2}$ d ob $\frac{1}{2}$ q <sup>a</sup> [1 $\frac{3}{4}$ d.] Sm <sup>a</sup> xxij s. vj d. ob.	
3fm ij white barres for the wyndowe in the Comptyng House weiy	
xviij lb the lb j d ob qa Sma ij s. vij d.  Jfm v C dī of Spaynyssh Spikyngs the C x d ob Sma iiij s. x	ob.
Ifm iiij C of iiij d nailis tynned at vj d the C Sma i	js.
If a dog of yren for the litle house weiging iii the iii d. ob.	qa.
Ifm a Clamp by the kichyn dore ii	j d.
Jfm a lok to the Countyng house dore	ijs.
Ifm a lok to the grete dore	xd.
	j d.
Ifm a lok for the plour dore	cd.
Ifm a lok for the botry [buttery] dore vi	j d.
If m a lok for the pantry dore	j d.
Jfm a lok for the larder-house dore vi	j d.
Ifm pd for vnderpynnyng the speres in the Halle vii	j d.
Itm pd the vjte day of Aprile to Symon Birlynghm at fynysshyng	of
the halle	ti.
the halle	j d.
Ifm lost in eschaunge of Romayn money xi	
Ifm pd for colours to peynt the principal posts in the halle . xi	jd.
Ifm for an awterstone of vij fote to the Ovens ij s. x	j d.
Ifm to the pavior for pavyng of xviij taice & iij qrts . ix s. and iii	j d.
Ifm for v dosen trenchers	
Ifm for xxxiiij yerds of peyntid clothes in the Comptyng house xj s. iii	
These tapestries would seem to have been more in place in the H	all.
Ifm for a bultyng [i.e. sifting] tubbe xv	
1498-9. The balance in hand at the beginning of this account 1	nad
fallen to 61. 15s. 9d. through the large outlay upon the Hall, and it	lid
not amount to 40l. until ten years later.	
Recepted for quartags of brether. This is a very late instance of	an
ancient form of the plural of brother.	

Jim pd for the dyner of our brethern not dynyng wt the maire ffirst for a ribbe of Brawne xjd. Jim for ij piggs xjd. Jim for spice ix d. ob & brede viij d. Sm ij s. iiij d. ob. Jim to the Chaundeler for salt and savce j d. ob. Jim for floure water and a woman to dresse the mete v d.

Ifm pd for xiij fote dī of flemysshe glasse. . . . iij s. iiij d.Ifm for carvyng of the porch. . . . . . . . . . . . iij s. iiij d.Ifm for ix fote of Normandy glasse. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . xij d.

This is the first mention of a chair, but a form appears in 1487-8 among other furniture of the Hall.

1500-1. Ifm Rs of the wardmote quest for the halle . iijs. iiijd.
Ifm of the glou [Glover] pursers . . . . . . . iijs. iiijd.

The Company being now possessed of a spacious and sumptuous Hall were in a position to recoup themselves to some extent of the great cost incurred in its construction, by lending it out for occasional or periodical use. Their principal hirers were the Ward of Langbourn, the Coopers' Company, the Glovers' Company, and the Minstrels [? Musicians' Company], and the Hall was frequently let for weddings to brethren and strangers, the usual charge being 5s. A dancing master also soon comes on the scene as a tenant.

Jtm for beef and knokils of veell xx d. Jtm for ij piggs xij d. Jtm for ij gees xiiij d.

**1501–2. Recequed** of M' John Serle Squyer for his obite to be kepte in the Conuentuall Chirch of Bermondsey yerely vpon the day of his Anniusarie by the space of xl yeres next ensuyng after his decesse dispendig at eury such obite iij s iiij d . . . vj li. xiij s. iiij d. He died four years afterwards. See further particulars on page 98.

Jim receyued and brought in in gaynes of ij pece of tynne bought wt Serles money and more money therwith . . . vijs. viijd.

The new Hall being now finished, the funds of the Company were relieved from a heavy strain, and the practice of purchasing tin with surplus money was resumed.

Jfm Rs of good folks of the Crafte of eug garnyssh of vessell leten to hire towards the werk of the kychyn of the guyldhalle liijs. iiijd.

Stow gives the following particulars of this new work at the Guildhall:—"The kitchens and other houses of office adjoining to this Guildhall were built of later time, to wit about the year 1501, by procurement of Sir John Shaa, goldsmith, mayor (who was the first that kept his feast there); towards the charges of which work the mayor had of the fellowships of the city, by their own agreement, certain sums of money; as of the Mercers forty pounds, the Grocers twenty pounds, the Drapers thirty pounds, and so of the other fellowships through the city, as they were of power." In the final audit of the accounts which appears in the City records under the date of 13th November, 1504, [Repertory i, fol. 176] the contribution of the Pewterers' Company is set down as 40s.

Itm for piks						iiij s.
Jfm for ffresshe Codde and salt fisshe						xd.
Jfm for Salt samon & fresshe heryng						xiiij d.
Jim for lampurnes [? lampreys] .						v d.
Itm for a sek of smale Colis [coals].						ij d. ob.
Ism pd to the Carpent for the Raile						
pagent in Cornehill ayenst the co	omyı	ng of	the	prince	es [p	rincess]
from Spayne					xij	s. viij d.
3fm pavyng after the Railis there taken						
This was Katherine of Arragon, dau	ghte	er of F	erdin'	and I	I and	Isabella
of Spain. She arrived at Plymouth on	2nd	Octo	ber, a	and wa	as ma	rried to
Arthur, eldest son of King Henry VII,						
Ifm pd for a quarte of malevicyn and a	quar	te of	red w	yne se	nt to	maister
Priour of Chicksand						v d.
Jim spent at the Miter in Chepe vpon of						

1502-3. Jtm Rs of Thomas Pecok for our asshe metell xx s.

bill xxvjs. ijd. [Yeomanry Accounts.]

Itm for fynyng and meltyng of the same metell vijs. . Sm xxvijs.

Ifm R's of divise psones toward a newe bier cloth as it appeth by a

Jfm for blotefisshe [? bloater fish] and Samon .		. iij s. j d.
Jfm for oistres		. ij d.
Jim a pynt of wyne to seth the piks [seethe the pikes]		. jd.
3fm pd at the quenes buriyng for xxxvj yerds of	blan	nkkett for vj
gownes		. xij s.
Jim for making of the same gownes		. iij s.
3fm for the makyng and wast of vj torches the same ty	me	. vij s.
3fm spent in our halle atte delyuyng of the gownes.		. ij d. ob.

A similar sum for this purpose appears in the Yeomanry accounts. Elizabeth of York, Henry VII's Queen, died in February, 1503, her funeral being conducted with great pomp, in which the citizens took part.

Jfm spent at the Cokk and the Sterre when our Compeigny were togider for Robt Turnours beme . . . . . . iij d.
Jfm spent at the popes heed after the buriyng of moder Chalke . ijs.

At the foot of the account for this year, 1502-3, following the balance of "redy money" in the box, is the entry **Ism** in batry ware—xvij. it vij s. Sm tot in the box withe the batry is xxxij li. xj s. jd.

Charge them wt money Reseyuid towarde a bere [bier] cloth of dyuse psons whos namys herafter more playnly doth appere.

This is from the Yeomanry accounts. The contributions amounted to 27s. 4d., subscribed by twenty-six persons, in sums varying from 4d. to 3s. 4d. The payments for making the pall were as follows.

## ffor pe post cloth.

Ifm for ij yerde & j qrter of clothe of golld at xvijs. x d.		
	xls.	& j d.
Ifm for iij yerds & of blac veluet at xjs. & jd. le yerd . x	xxiij s	. iij d.
Ifm for iiij myghells at iiij s. le pece [Figures of St. Michael]		xvjs.
Ifm for strakys at ijs. le pece		viij s.
Ifm for xij flouers of golld at xix d		xix s.
Ifm for v yerde & di qrter of blew bokeram at v d. le yerd	. ij	s. j d

Jim vij oncz & đi of silk frenge of dyus colours at xiij d. le oncz viij s. j d. Sm to! . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . vj li. ix s. ij d.

The following interesting ordinances relating to the use of the pall, the annual religious meeting, and the accounts of the Yeomanry's Fraternity of St. Michael are also from the Yeomanry accounts.

Ordinancis made the xxix day of november In the xx yere of the reyng of kyng henry the vij<sup>th</sup> It was ordyned & astablysed by the adwyse of the master & wardeyns wyth all the hole body of the felaschip of peauterers wyth In the cyte of london that where a clothe called a poll clothe ordyned & made In the tyme of peter curteys Nycholas langtoft & Wyllm Jaxson then beyng wardeyns of the fraternite of seynt myghell the archangell for the brethern & sistern of the same fraternite as well for ye poure as the ryche payng ther dwetes to ye seid ffratrnite.

Prouided allwey that ye forseid clothe schall remayne with In the hall & that Willm kirk bedell or his Successours schall alwey be redy to bere forthe the seid clothe & he to have for his laboure & for warnyng of the brethern iiij d. of the party that settyth hym a werk & if he or they be not able that then the bedell to be paid by the seid wardens & they to be aloued In ther accompt for the same.

fforthermore it is inacted & agrede by the aforseid master & wardens w' the hole company that when & as often as any of the seid brethern beyng lawfully warned by the bedell Cum not to ye seid plase alynnted & at the oure assigned that then the party so absentyng hym self as ofte as he so doythe shall pay with ought fauer iiij d. to the encres & profyt of the seid fraternite.

Moreoù it was ordyned & agrede the day & yere afore namid by the aforseid master & wardens w' all the hole company that where of a gode & avncyent custom a masse for the brethern & sistern of the fraternite of seynt myghell the archangell kept In the freers augustyns In london on the sonday next after myghellms day shall allwey so be contynued & on the morow next enswyng the dyn' to be made if any that yere schall be & that with In the space of xiiij days next after the same day the seid wardeyns shall be redy & bryng In ther accompte apon payne of euyche of them to pay iij s. iiij d.

And also it is agrede that euy wardeyns for the tyme beyng shall as well bryng In ther bills of quarterege & of all other reseite & paymente & of euy peell of them as of all other thynge conteyned In the Inventary apon payne afore seid.

150	3-4. Ifm pd for vj quarters colis for the hoole yere.	ij s. iij d.
Itm	spent vpon the prior of Chiksand at the Rose	vj d.
Itm	delyded to Willm kirk for beryng of our buriyng	
	thobite of Willm Wilbeye	iiij d.
Ifm	for boylyng burnysshyng of ij Cuppes And mendyg of a	vice and
	the knoppe	
Ifm	pd for iij Rolls and the Couyngs of damask wt the wer	kmanship.
	Itm for ij lilly potts of siluer	xij s. iiij d.





PORTION OF THE STAND CLOTH, WITH A ROSE, ONE OF THE COMPANY'S EMBLEMS.



## CHAPTER III.

## Erade Legislation.

N 1503-4 a most important statute, 19 Henry VII, c. 7, was passed by Parliament to limit the power of the Companies in making ordinances. A similar statute had been made in 1437 (15 Henry VI, c. 6), ordering guilds and incorporate companies to have their charters duly recorded before justices of the peace, but had been very little regarded. preamble states that these bodies oftentimes made unlawful and unreasonable ordinances "for their own profit and common damage to the people," and for remedy the Justices are empowered to revoke and repeal such ordinances; those attempting afterwards to enforce them being liable to a fine of 10l. for each offence. Henry VII's new statute enacted that "no masters wardens and fellowships of crafts or misteries or any of them, nor any rulers of gilds and fraternities take upon them to make any acts or ordinances, but if the same acts be examined and approved by the Chancellor, Treasurer of England, and Chief Justices of either Bench, or three of them; or before the Justices of Assizes in their circuit." The preamble alleges that "masters, wardens and people of gilds, fraternities and other companies corporate, dwelling in divers parts of the realm, oftentimes, by colour of rule and governance to them granted and confirmed by charters and letters patent of divers kings, make among themselves many unlawful and unreasonable ordinances as well in prices of wares as other things for their own singular profit and to the common hurt and damage of the people." A further clause provided that "none of the same bodies corporate take upon them to make any acts or ordinances to restrain any person or persons to sue to the King's Highness or to any of his Courts, for due remedy to be had in their causes, nor put or execute any penalty or punishment upon any of them for any such suit, to be made upon pain of forfeiture of 40/." This enactment abolished the rule which had so long existed in this and other Companies that no member should sue in the king's courts without leave.

5tm for money taken out of the box and spent in the pliament tyme as it appereth by bills of the peells theref. . . . x ii xvij s.

The expenditure in the above entry was incurred by the Company in procuring the passing an important statute to suppress hawking and the use of false weights. This Act, 19 Henry VII, cap. 6, immediately precedes on the statute book the more general one described above, which concerned all the companies; its importance justifies its being transcribed at length. It was, together with later statutes, reprinted by the Company as recently as r741, and it contains the first compulsory enactment for the affixing of the makers' marks or "touches" upon all vessels of pewter made by them. The practice was, however, in use, though not compulsory, for many years previous to this Act.

## PeBtrers Waltigng.

habundaunt gree your humble Subjecte the Pewetrers and Brasiers of yor Citees of London and York, and all other place of this your Realme, That Whereas many simple and evil disposed psons of this your Realme of Engeland, using the said Crafts, daily go about this your Reame from Village [to Village], from Towne [to Towne] and from Howse to Howse, as well in Woddes and Foreste and in other place to bye Peweter and brasse, and that knowyng theves and other pikars, that steale as well Peauter and brass belongyng to yor Highnes and undre yor mark and to the Lorde spuell and temporell as to other yor Subjecte of this your Realme [byyng] such stolen vessell unto theym in such hyde place to sell, and it sell for litill or nought and abought they bryng it to pryve place or into Corners of Citees or Townes and ther sell much part of hit to straunge, the which carys it ov the See by stelth; also the seid p sons so goyng abowte, and dyvs others usyng the seid Craftys, use to make newe Vessell and

myxith gode metell and badd togider and make it nought and sell theym for gode stuff wher in dede the stuff and metell therof is nought worth the fourth parte that it is sold for, to the greate hurte deseit and losses of your Subjecte: Also dy'vs psons usyng the seid Crafte have deceivable and untrewe Beames and Scales that one of theym wold stand even with xij Hi weight at one end avenst a quarter of a Hi at the other end, to the synguler avntage of theym self and greate deseite and losse of your seid Subjecte byers and sellers with theym; For reformacion of the pmysses it wold please your Highnes of your most habundaunt gace with thadvise of yor Lorde spuall and tempall and the Comons in this psent pliament assembled by thauctorite of the same to enacte and stablissh that no pson nor psons usyng the seid Craftez of Peweterers and Braseers from hensforth shall sell or chaunge eny Peweter or brasse newe or old at eny place or places within this your Realme, but only in opyn fayres or Markette or in their owne duellyng Houses, but if they be desired by the seid byers of such ware, uppon payne of forfeicture to our Soveigne Lord the Kyng for evy such defaut x ti.

Also that by the same auctorite it may be enacted and establisshed that no pson nor psons, of what condicion or degree so ev he or they be of, from hensforth within the seid Citees of London and Yorke or without, either cast or werk eny pewer vessell or brasse at eny place or placys w'yn this your Realme, but that it be as gode fyne metall as is the peweter and brasse caste & wroughte aft the pfite goodnes of the same withyn the Citie of London, and by the Statute of the same owght to be, uppon payne of forfeicture of all such Peuter and brasse so cast and wrought of worsse peauter or brasse then ought to be wrought in the same Citees, That oon half of evy such forfeicture to be to thuse of your Highnes, and that other half to the use of the fynders therof. Provided alwey that this forfeicture in no wise stretche ne extend to brasse or peauter beyng in the possion of eny pson other then the werkers of the same, or such as have the same to sell and beyng of the Crafte Maisterye.

Also that it may be [by] the same auctorite be enacted and established, that no mane of pson ne psons of what degree or condicion soev he or they be of from hensforth make no holowe wares of Peauter, that is to say Saltes and Potte that is made of Peweter called Ley Metell,

but that it may be aft the Assise of Peauter Ley Metell wrought within the Cite of London; and that the makers of such wares shall marke the same wares with sevall marke of their owne to be entent that the [markers] of such wares shall avowe the same Wares by theym as is above-seid to be wrought, and that all and evy of such wares not sufficiently made and wrought and not marked in fourme aboveseid, founden in the possession of the same maker or seller to be forfeited, And if the same Ware be sold the seid maker to forfeicte the value of the same Waare so unlawefully wrought and sold, the oon half of the seid Waares or the moytie of the value therof to be to the use of your Highnes and the other half to be to the use of the fynder or fynders or Serchers therof.

Also that it may be the same auctorite be enacted and establisshed, that if eny pson or psons heraft usyng bying and sellyng of Peweter or brasse that heraft occupie any deceyvable or fals Beames or weightez of the seid Waares, that evy suche pson or psons usyng and occupyng such deceyvable and untrewe Beames or weighte to forfeite xxs. the on half to the Kyng and the other half to the ptie that therfor shall sewe by accion of dette, And that in the seid accion no pteccion nor essoyn shalbe allowed: And also the seid ptie, so offendyng shall forfeicte his beame to hym that shall sease it; and if the seid offender or offendours be not sufficient to pay the seid some or somes by theym so forfeited, that then it shalbe lawefull to the Mayres Baylifs, and other hede officers of such place or place wher eny such offendours shalbe founde, to put theym into the Stokke and theym so to kepe till the next Market day next adjoynyng, and in that market place to put theym in the Pillory all the market tyme.

And furthermore that it be lawefull by the seid auctorite that the Maister and Wardens of the seid crafte of Pewetrers within evy Cite and Borowe of this Realme wher such Wardens ar, and wher no such Wardens ar the hed or Gouvnour of the same Citee or Borough, to appoynt ctene psons most expte in knowlege of the same to make serch within the seid Citees and Boroughes wher they duell; And ov this the Justicez of Peas within evy Shire at their genall Sessions holden at Mighelmas shall assigne and appoynt too ctayn psons havyng experiens therin to make serche in the pmysses in evy part of that Shire, aswell

within the fraunches as withowte savyng in Citees or Boroughs where Serchers be appoynted by the hedde or Gouvnours of the same; And that of all such unlawefull Peweter or Brasse as the seid Serchors shall fynde, the oon halfe to the use of your Gace and the other half to the seid Serchours; and that in the defaulte of the seid Maister and Wardeyns of the seid Occupacions not serchyng in fourme as is aforseid, and wherby that eny such unlawefull metell is caste or made or unlawefull weighte used, that then it shalbe lawefull to eny pson or psons havyng sufficient connyng and knowlege in the seid occupacions, by ovsight of the Mayrez Baillifs or hed offics of the seid Citees and Boroughs, to serche all the seid place and to put the seid auctorite and acte in execucion in fourme aforeseid. Proyyded allwey that this psent acte contynue and endure till the next Parliament and no lenger. [The Statutes of the Realm, Vol. II, 1816, pp. 651-2.]

Itm R's of the Coupers for their easment of the hall . . . iijs.

3fm R's of ix of our brethern taken into Clothyng the xiiij<sup>th</sup> day August whose names hereafter folowe of eur of theyme a siluer spone weiyng an onz and more

Jfm R's for the kyngs pte and Oure of men in the Contrey in our ridyng aboute the land . . . . . . . . . . . . . . v li. & xxij d.

Under the Company's charter one half the value of all false wares seized was paid to the King, the other half being the property of the Company.

ffirst taken out of the box for alman [all manner of] ffees gifts and expens for the confirmacion of our chartre & for a Ridyng patent vij ti. & x d.

This charter, granted by King Henry VII on 19th March, in the 20th year of his reign, is not now in the Company's possession. It recites and confirms the charter of 13 Edward IV. A copy is preserved at the Public Record Office (Exchequer 2. R. Memoranda, Mich. 21 Henry VII, Roll 24).

Jim pd for the kyngs pte of the money Receyued in the Contrey xix s. iii d.

1505-6. quarterage of Brethern & Susters. Sir Robt Aslyn xij d.

He heads the list until 1515, when his name disappears. He may have been the Company's mass priest, or have joined the Company originally as a working member of the trade. In the accounts of 1530-1, he appears as Sub-Dean of St. Paul's. There were several Astlyns on the roll of membership.

Jim for the first yeres mynd of John Serle which must be contynved the space of xl yeres w'yn the Conuentuell Chirch of Bermondsey on the peyne of vs. eu yyere in which it shal happen to be lefte vndone to be kepte yerely the xviij day of Nouembre as it appereth in the bigynnyng of the Jurie boke . . . . . . iijs. iiijd.

The entry in the Jury Book is as follows:-

mò that John Serle esquyer decessid the xviij day of Nouembre in the xx<sup>ti</sup> yere of the Reigne of kyng henry the vij<sup>th</sup> the which John Serle gave to the Crafte of peautrers vj fi xiij s iiij d for his obite yerely to be kepte w'yn the monasterie of Bermondsey by the space of xl yeres next ensuyng after the seid xviij day of Nouembre expendyng at euy such obite iij s iiij d to be delyved to thabbot and Couent of the seid monasterie by the maister of the seid crafte or by oon of the Wardeyns or the bedill of the seid Crafte to bigynne the xviij day of Nouembre in the xxj yer of king henr? the vij a° dni) m v C and five.

Ifm receyuid of maister larans ashleyn for vj torchys for Roberd Ellys Berying weying a C xv lb. Sm vj s. iij d. [Yeomanry accounts.]

1506-7. 3fm pd to Willm Kirk our bedill for the hoolle yer

xxxij s. viij d.

Jfm pd to Willm kirke for dressyng of our gardyn and Cuttyng of the vyne . . . . . . . . . . . . xij d.

3fm pd to pests and Clerks for masse and ryngyng of the bells iiijs. iiijd.

1508-9. paged for making of our standing at coronacion of king xs.

This was the Coronation of Henry VIII, which took place at Westminster on 24th June, 1509. The funeral of Henry VII in his Chapel at Westminster Abbey was on 10th May.

paged for vj Tortchess at the kyngs berying for wast of ijli xij d.

paged for beryng & werkmanschep of the sayd torches ijs. viijd.

Jim paide to the churche wyndowe glasyng of Seint dyones Bakchurche of london xiij s. iiij d. [Yeomanry accounts.]

**1509–10.** The accounts for this period are very beautifully written, the initial letters being fine examples of the best writing of the day.

Jim R's of good men of the Craft toward ij garnesh & đi of vessel in mettall in this til.

Itm Reseyved in money of good folke of the kraft toward our vessell xix s. ij d.

This large sum must have purchased a very handsome service of pewter for the use of the Company in their Hall. In a marginal note is "ye facion is geven," an early instance of the curious transformation into the letter "y" of the old thorn letter "b," i.e. "th."

Ifm for a markyng Iren of the strake of Teyn & lellepott . . xvj d.

This marking iron must have been for official use, and was probably employed to denote good quality, just as the broad arrow (ante, p. 47) was used for the forfeit mark. The entry is interesting from the light it throws on the nature of the "strakes" or "strikes," which are charges in the Company's coat of arms. From the description here given they would appear to be ingots of tin, although the object of piercing them in so many places and with such regularity is not at all clear.

1510-II. Reserbed of the mynstrells for kepyng ther dyner at our halle ijs. Also of the "inquest of wardmot," iijs. iiij d., and of the "Coupers" vjs. viij d.

Jfm Bought A Sertyn of lams Skynes Towed for gloves or pursses wher of brought in of cler gayne . . . . . . . . . vjs. viij d.

This mode of investing the year's balance was a new departure, and did not form a precedent. The warden accountant for the year was probably a judge of white leather, and took advantage of the state of the market for the benefit of the Company. To taw is defined as "to dress and prepare in white, as the skins of sheep, lambs, goats, and kids, for gloves, and the like, by imbuing them with alum, salt, and other

materials." The investment may have been made through the Company of Glovers or Pursers, who rented Pewterers' Hall. See the accounts of 1500-1, p. 87.

day & dirge at after Noon & mas on the morn payed to the pyssh prest viij d. To s<sup>r</sup> Herry vj d. to s<sup>r</sup> Willm iiij d. to s<sup>r</sup> Thoms iiij d. to belgraves prest iiij d. to warnars prest iiij d. to gollsborowe prest iiij d. to Roger lawdall iiij d. to the Clark iiij s. iiij d. Itm to the Sexteyn ij d. for Spice bonnes & kaks ij s. vj d. for a kelderkyn of ale ij s. Itm payed to the Chandillar for werkmanschepe & Newe wexe for our branche at Alhallen viij s. for makyng Clenne of the branche viij d. Som xx s. x d. Itm payed for master Sexteyns obitte kepte at Saint bennet fenke vj s. viij d. Itm payed for Serles Obit kepte at Seint Saveours iij s. iiij d.

5tm payed to m morgayn for making of a Suplcacion to my lord the maire . . . . . . . . . . . xij d.

Jim payed to the Comon Cryar for berryng [bearing] vp a bill . iiij d.

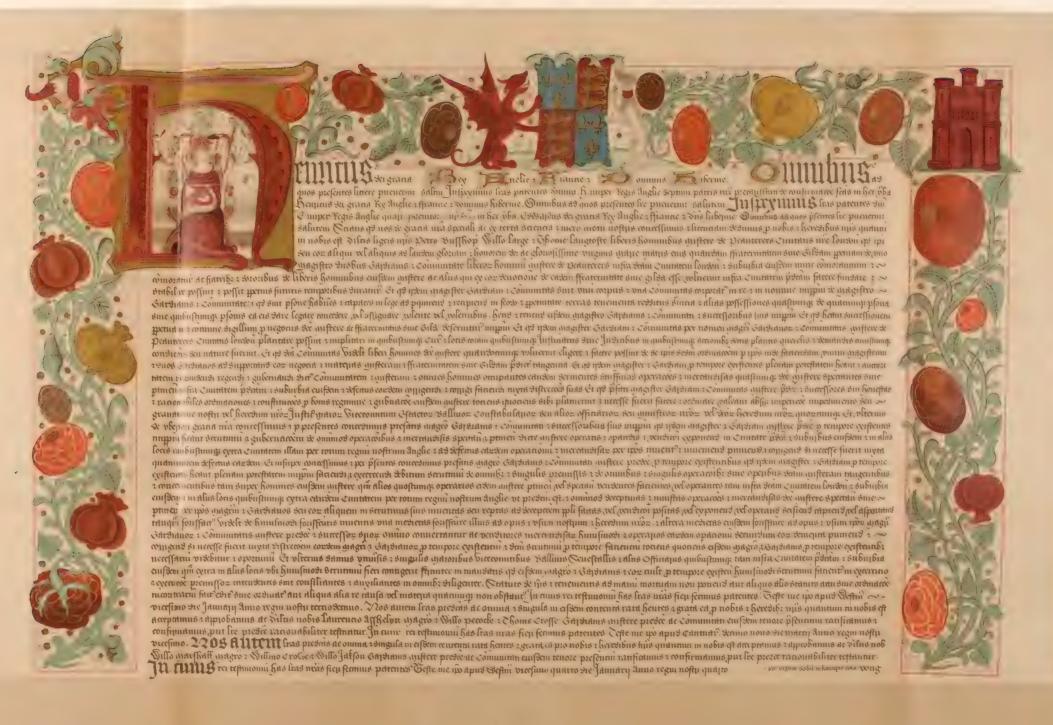
The subject of the Company's Supplication to the Lord Mayor cannot be traced, but it was certainly not of great moment, as the expenditure amounted to less than 2s.

1512-13. Paged for the confermacion our Corpacion and of the letter pattent & other copyes . . . . . . v fi. xviij s. xj d.

This year the Charter was again confirmed by an Inspeximus of the new king, Henry VIII, on 24th January in the fourth year of his reign. The original is one of the most beautiful of the charters in the Company's possession, and is reproduced in the accompanying illustration. King Henry recites and confirms the Charter of 20 Henry VII.

At the same time the Company procured an Act of Parliament (4 Henry VIII, c. 7), confirming and extending the Act of 19 Henry VII, c. 6. The tenor of the Act is as follows:—

to the King our Sovereign Lord and the honorable Lords spiritual and temporal and the commons in this present Parliament assembled.





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For as much as a certain act was made and established in the Parliament holden at Westminster the 19<sup>th</sup> year of the reign of the late most famous King Your Father Henry the VII<sup>th</sup> whom God pardon concerning Pewterers and brasiers hawking and walking about the country and also concerning the false beams scales and weights with a provision for castyng of fyne metall and of perfect goodness which acte was made to endure to the next parliament the tenour whereof hereafter ensueth. "That wher many symple and evyll disposed persons &c." [See Statute 19 Hen. VII,

c. 6, printed on pp. 94-7.]

Please it therfore your Grace and Wisdomes in so moche as the said Acte is thought good and pfitable that it be orderned and enacted and establisshed by the Lordes spiuall and temporall and the Comons in this psent pliament assembled and by the auctoritie of the same that the said Acte may endure for ev. And ov that be it enacted by the said auctorite that if any untrue or deceyvable metall or workmanshipp of Tynn or Peauter be founde either in Platters Chargers, disshes, sawsers Potengers trenchers Basyns, flagons botelle potte salsellers Goblette spones Cruette or candelstikke, or any other suche Wares of Tynne or peauter wher so ev it be caste made or wrought within this Realme or with oute and brought to be sold withyn the same Realme, That than it shalbe lefull to the Maire of the Citee of London and the Maistr and Wardeyns of the Crafte of Peauterers of the said Citie for the tyme beyng and their deputies to have serche of the of the same withyn the said Citie of London and Subberbys of the same; and that in all other Cities Borowes and Townes wher any Wardeyns be or shalbe, the Maires Baillifes or hede Officers and Wardevns to have like auctorite, And wher noo Wardevns be then the hede Officers or Govnours of the same Cities Borowes and Townes to appoint C<sup>9</sup>teyn psones moste expte and Connyng in knowlege of the same to make serche withyn the said Cities, Borowes and Townes wher they dwell; And if any suche newe Wares wrought of tynne and peauter as is aforesaid be founde defectif and beyng in the possession of the Seller, that then the same psone or psones that putteth any suche newe Wares of peauter to sale shall forfeit the same Wares, the oon halfe to thuse of our Sovaign Lord the King and the other halfe to the Serchers or fynders of the same. Pvyded alwaie that this Acte concuying

the forfaiture be not pjudiciall nor hurtfull to any psone or psones havyng grunte of our Sovayagn Lord the King or of any of his noble pgenitours by his tres patentes of such forfeiture but that they and evy of them shall have and enjoye the same according to their former gruntes and libities.

Ifm payed for mendyng a Syessyng of our weyghts called our standart ijs. (paged to the yeman of the Chambr for sellyng [sealing]. iiijd. Ifm for mendyng of the Crucifex of the Jure book. xiiijd. If pd for beryyng of kyrke ijs.jd. [Yeomanry accounts.] If pd for makyg of the j dentters of the wexchandelers viijd. [Yeomanry

accounts.]

1514-15. Ifm rs of James Holand broker for on of the Tenements in

the Jure for half a yer endyd at lamas after iiij Nobles by the yer xiij s. iiij d.

Jim rs of master botteler for the tother howse in the Jure called the pykt hatche after fyfty Shelyngs by yer for half a yer endid at mydsom

The "pykt hatche" is a curious name for a house, and may mean a tenement "picked out" in ornamental bands of colour.

- 1515-16. If m rs for the hire of iij garnesh of our vessel in the haull of the Couppars . . . . . . . . . . . ijs.
- Jim payed for makyng of the branche & for iiij lt a qrt & di put therto of newe wexe for vij judasses ij boughte of Tembr mad be a juner & payntyng of the holy gost in Sylu Colour xvij s. iiij d. [Yeomanry Accounts.]
- 1516-17. Ifm payed for barge hire whan the pressonars whent to Westmenster and the Crafts also wt them . . . vj s. viij d.

This was the incident so well known as the Evil May Day, when the jealousy which had long been felt by the Londoners and their apprentices against foreign workmen broke out into scenes of terrible violence. On the 1st May, 1517, one John Lincoln, a broker, induced Dr. Bell, a canon of the Spital, to preach against the foreigners at the customary Easter sermon on Tuesday, 14th April. The trouble broke out on the May Day following, when the apprentices, journeymen and others, who had

gone "a Maying," attacked the foreigners and sacked their houses in Blanchappleton, near Fenchurch Street, and elsewhere. The riot assumed serious proportions, but was quelled by the Mayor, and 300 of the rioters were made prisoners. Lincoln and twelve others were hanged in Cheapside and various parts of the City, the fate of the rest being reserved, as the King suspected the City authorities of having connived at the outbreak. After much negotiation with Cardinal Wolsey, to whom Henry referred them, the Mayor and Aldermen, with the Companies clad in their best liveries, were ordered to attend the prisoners to Westminster Hall, where the King sat in great state to conduct their trial, on the 22nd May. The prisoners, men and women, who all appeared with halters round their necks, were pardoned by the King on the intercession of Queen Katherine and her sister Queens of France and Scotland.

Jim for lxxxxj fot of elmyn bord for the stayre and the pyp of the draught [drain pipe] . . . . . . . . . ijs. iiijd.

Jim payed to the glasyar for glaseyng of a wendowe in alhallow church conteynyng lvj fot eu y fot iiijd ob and xxd mor in all som xj s. iiijd.

This was a gift from the Company in graceful acknowledgment of the bond existing between them and the church in which their religious duties were performed. The above payment must be taken with that of 57s. for stained glass in the accounts for 1518–19, which seems to refer to the same window. The "images" there mentioned were no doubt those of the Assumption and St. Michael, and the arms those of the Company.

1517-18. Ifm r's of Thoms norfolke for a fyn for making of holowar warse then the Master & wardens wt the hooll compayny hathe ordenet it to be mad & agayn the good rewells of the crafte xls.

Ifm for the gayness [gains] of the mony for the ocqupeyng to the Sm xs.

This entry from the Yeomanry accounts shows that in a modest way they invested their small balance, possibly as part of the larger sum so dealt with by the Masters. The word "occupying" signifies "use" or "employment."

1518-19. The rents i fanchurche stret. If m rs of John magson for the rent of the hows that he dothe dwell in geven to the crafte be m. gvattam prest for half a yer rent endit at Midsomer . . . xx s.

Reserved of Thomas Norfolke for potts of messor ware not beyng lawfull
messor
These were probably pewter "measures" for wine or ale, found not
to be of true capacity.
Itm of John Radysh for disse ordering of hym self against the master
& wardence vs.
rs' of men of the crafte toward the byldyng of the mynores . xjs. x d.
Itm glasyng of a wendowe at alhallow churche for the glase Images and
the armes in the same wendowe lvij s.
Itm payed to master Gottame preste of pouls [priest of St. Pauls] for
the hows in fanchurche stret a quit rent for half a yer endyd at
mydsomer xiij s. iiij d.
Ifm payed toward the byldyng of the mynnores delived to the chambrleyn
of london xls.
There appears to have been a general collection throughout the City
towards rebuilding the Convent of the Nuns of the Order of St. Clare,
known as Minoresses, at Aldgate. The Company obtained 10s. 10d. by
contributions from their members (see above), and made up the sum
to 40s., which they paid to the Chamberlain at Guildhall.
1519-20. of the rents in lymstret. Itm rs of the howse the medwyf
dothe dwell for half yer vj s. viij d.
(Rs) of herry clarke for dissobedyence agaynst the master & wardence xij d.
Itm rs of the same herry for revylyng of a broder of the clotheyng
xvjd. Itm rs of John care for comyng to the stall of the sayd herry
geveyng hym occacion of vngoodly words iij s. iiij d.
Ifm payed to lawrence bally for paveyng of xxiiij tasse . xj s. viij d.
This is a term of superficial measure used in paving.
If' Resseued of the gaynes of the bereyng of Rychard schettellworthe
ij s. [Yeomanry accounts.]

This 2s. was the excess of the sum left by the deceased or given by his friends for the burial over the amount actually spent by the Craft in tapers, &c.

1520-1. Itm paid for iij it & a haulf of tyne & all of peke . xvij d.

I can make nothing of this entry. If tin and peak are meant (and there is no other possible reading), their connection is most obscure. Reperacions in lymstret. Payd for a pewpece of a stawll. viij d. Jt paid to maister Gren Comyn sargaunt for his Cownsayll in our boke 1521-2. Charge agaynce the empour cumyng. It paid to a Carpnter for makyng the stondyng wt rayles and pauving the same grounde ayenst the Comyng in of the Emprovre . . . This was Charles V, Emperor of Germany and King of Spain, who was in close alliance with Henry against France, and had also, in 1520, paid a short visit to England. He arrived in May, and was accompanied by the citizens in great state to Bridewell Palace, which had been prepared for his reception. This visit proved a costly one for the City and country, as the Emperor persuaded Henry to join him in invading France. Jt paid to the wachmen that wayched at mydsson . It paid ffor pwynts [points, i.e., bows or ribbons] to the same watch-Ifm payed to the Wardence of the Jemeure [Yeomanry] of them borowed be our predisessors psell of twenty pownd lent to the brege iij ti. vis. viij d. This was a time of famine and pestilence. The 201. lent in 1520 to the Bridge Masters was part of 1,000/. subscribed by the Companies for the purchase of wheat to be stored at the Bridge House for relief of the poor.\* Jt we aske to be allowed of xxvs layde out appon serten molds remayneng in the haull ffor them that wyll by them that ys to say a narro borded dysche molde weyng xxxviii th đi. Jt a narro bordid savcer molde weyng xvi th di. It a valled by the fyllet saucer molde weyng xv lt iij \(\hat{q}\). Sm iij x lt. It iij payre of Clams of yron weyng xxx th

1522. This year the Company prepared and submitted to the

King's high officers their bye-laws or ordinances in compliance with the Act

\*History of the Tower Bridge and the Bridge House Trust, by C. Welch, 1894, pp. 96-100.

of 19 Henry VII, c. 7. The preamble states that through the non-ability of the Company to make any new provision for the control of the trade or of their members, much unruliness had arisen. This document is transcribed from the Jury Book, where it appears without date, but it is clear from the City records that it is of the year 1522. A marginal note, written apparently by a Clerk of the Company late in the seventeenth century is as follows:—"Ordinances made pursuant to ye Statute of 19 H. 7. No date to ym but as appears by the preamble they were made after ye demise of that King." The initial letter is finely illuminated.

In THEYRE MOOSTE HUMBLE WYSSE. Shewen vnto youre good lordshipis the felowshipp of the poore crafte or misterye of pewterers within the Citie of london That where their predecessours diverse tymes in the saide crafte or misterie before this tyme by reason of suche good ordenaunces and actes as haue bene made vsed and had amonge theym selfe have honestly and quietly lyved and kepte the charges of their householdes vnto nowe of late that the moste noble kynge oure late souraigne lorde kynge henry the vijth by auctoritie of his parliament holden at westin in the xixten yere of his reigne hath by an acte then made for dyuerse resonable causes expressed in the saide acte restraigned all bodyes corporate from thexecucyon of suche ordenaunce and actes as they have made amonge them selfe for the welthes of their saide bodyes corporate and for the good contynuaunce of the same vnto suche tyme as the same ordenaunce and actes ben examined and approved by the Chauncelour and Tresourer of Engelonde the chiefe Justice of etheir Benches or thre of them or before the Justice of assises in their circuite or progresse in the Shere where suche actes ordenaunce be made upon payne to forfaite x hi for euery tyme that the doo the contrarye. by occasion of whiche restraynte dyuerse and many of the saide crafte or misterye beinge vnreasonable parsones haue nowe of late fallen in to greate disobedience to the greate hurte and inquietenese of the good and obediente psones of the same crafte or mysterye.

And also to the greate slaundere and rebuke of the saide crafte ffor remedye and reformacyon whereof youre saide Oratours in theyr moste humble wyse besechen youre good lordshipps that it may please the same of youre godly and charitable disposicion to take the payne to viewe see and consyder suche poore ordenaunces and actes as be vnder written whiche your said Oratours thynke and truste veraily well kepte shalbe a meane to brynge the saide crafte or mysterye in to their former astate of honestie quietnes and good obedience.

And furthermore that it may pleas youre said good lordships to examyne and approve all the saide ordenaunce or actes or as manye of them as by youre high discrecyons shalbe thought good for the good contynuance of the said poore crafte and mistery. And they and all their successours whiche shalbe hereafter vse the said crafte or mystery within the saide Citie shall accordinge to theyr dueties pray to almighty god for the longe prosperous contynuance of your said good lordshipps in thys lyfe And afterward for the welth of your soules.

ffor peauter truly myxte and sub stauncyallye to be wrought.

FFIRSTE BE IT ORDEYNED that noo parsone of the crafte of Pewterers of the Cytie of london or lybertyes of the same fromehensforth shall make or cause to be made eny maner vessell or other stuff of pewter redy to be solde but only suche as shalbe truly myxte substancyally and workmanly wrought and so by the master and wardeyns of the saide crafte for the tyme beynge alowed and adiudged. And also that the said vessell and stuff shall be marked with the marke of the workman therof to thentente it may be knowen of whoos makynge the seide vessell or stuff is vpon payne to forfaite and paye for every pounde weight of all suche pewter so made redye to be solde as shall fortune to be founde vntrulye myxte or wrought or vnmarked oon peny the oon halfe therof allweys to be levyed and taken to thuse of the Mayre and Cōialtie of the Citie of london and the other halfe to thuse of the wardeyns Cōialtie of the saide crafte or mysterye of pewteres within the same cytie.

\* Infamye and slaunder by bargaynes Towchynge chevysaunce AND WHERE AS before thys tyme hath growen vnto the said crafte greate infamye and slaunder by occasion of vnlaufull bargaynes touchynge chevysaunce of and for pewter vessell made by soom parsones of the same crafte for their singuler profyte and aduauntage whiche neither regarded the honestie of the saide crafte nor it the highe displeasure of allmyghtye

The forfaite for chevisaunce makynge.

The forfaite for entertaignynge of any straungers. god to the greate hevynes and inwarde sorowe of the good folkes of the same crafte. Wherfore be it orderned that fromhensforthe noo parsone of the saide crafte shall sell any pewter vessell to any parsone for chevysaunce wyttyngly vpon payne to forfaite for euery hundereth pounde weyght soo solde. vj.s. viij.d. the moytie whereof to halfe to thuse of the said wardeyns and Comynaltie of Peauterers. And the thother moyte to be to thuse of hym or them that can or woll laufully prove any suche bargayne made for chevysaunce.

AND WHERE AS OF A LATE DAYES soom parsones of the saide crafte not considerynge theyr duetyes to be had to the same crafte nor the good cōtinuaunce therof haue for theyr singular aduauntage entertegned straungers borne oute of the kynge obesaunce and haue suffered theym to See the previties of the myxture of theyr peutre by occasyon wherof greate domage hathe growen to the said crafte and more is lyke daily to doo to the greate hurte of the poore folkys of the same crafte yf remedy be not the sooner provyded, wherfore be it ordeneyed that no straunger beynge borne out of the kynge obesaunce shall here after have any recourse in to any suche place belongynge to any parsone of the sayde crafte where as the said straunger shall or maye have knowledge or syght of the saide myxture And who so euer of the said crafte that shall hereafter suffre any suche straunger to haue recourse in to any suche place shall for euery tyme soo doynge duely proved forfaite xx.s. to bedevided the oon halfe therof to be to thuse of Maire and Coïaltie the other halfe thereof to thuse of the wardeyns and cominaltie of the saide misterye.

The forfaite for wares to be conveide or caried tyll they be vyeued. Also be it orderned, that no man enfraunchysed in the saide crafte shall here after delyuer nor cause to be delyuerid by way of bargayne or sale any parcell of ware made of pewter aboue oon hundreth weight to any parsone Englishman or Straunger or elles pakke convey or cary or cause to be pakked conveyed or caried any man suche wares to fayres or marketts to be solde before the master and wardeyns of the saide crafte for the tyme beinge or oon of them at the leste haue viewed seen and serched the saide wares to thentent the same wares shalbe good and substancyall in euery poynte soo that the kynge Subjective or other parsones byinge the said wares shall not be disceyved thereby vpon payne

that euery parsone that dothe the contrarye probably knowen shall forfaite at euery tyme for euery hundereth weight iijs iiijd the moytie of of the saide forfaiture to be taken and levyed to thuse of the saide Maire and Coīāltie and other moytie to thuse of the saide wardeyns and Comynaltie of peauteres.

The wares to be viewed by the master and wardeyns or by oon of them.

PROVIDED ALLWEYE that the master and wardeyns of the saide crafte for the tyme beinge or oone of them at the leaste vpon a reasonable requeste to them or any of them by any parsone of the same crafte to be made shall come vyewe see and serche suche maner of wares as the owner entendeth to put sale or to sende or conveye to markette or fayres to be solde. And yf the saide wardeyns and eny of them refuse that to doo then the owner to vse hys libertie with his saide wares thys ordenaunce not withstondynge.

The presentynge of apprentyces.

Also be it orderned that noo psone of the saide crafte shall fromhensforth take eny to be apprentyce to be bounde vnto hym before suche tyme as the said apprentyce be presented to the wardens of the saide crafte for the tyme beinge or oon of theyme at the leaste by hym that shalbe his maister to thentent it maye be knowen whether the sayde apprentyce be free borne or hoole of hys lymmes or not or haue eny other impedyment whiche sholde be thought to the same wardeyns reasonable that he shulde not be bounde. And that the master of that apprentyce shall within vj weekes next after the sayd presentemente and takynge of the sayde apprentyce pay vnto the comen box of the saide crafte ijs towardys the reliefe and comforte of the coaltie of the saide crafte. And that whosoeuer of the saide crafte shall fortune to doo contrarye shall forfeite for euery tyme soo doinge iijs. iiij d. to be levyed to thuse of the saide wardeyns ande comynaltie of the saide crafte or mysterye.

ffor takynge of apprentyce straungers.

Also be it ordeyned that noo psone of the saide crafte receyve or take eny to be hys apprentyce excepte he be an Englysshemans soon borne or elles borne in wales Irelonde Cales or marches of the same or elles where vnder the kyng<sub>ℓ</sub> obesaunce vpon payne to forfaite x ti for euery apprentyce receyved or taken to the contrarye the moyte of which forfaiture to be taken to thuse of the sayde Maier and Comynaltie and the other moyte to thuse of the wardeyns and comynaltie of the saide crafte.

ffor entycynge of apprentyce or sarunte from hys master.

ffor apprentyce & sarunte that maye sarwe will the same crafte.

ffor takynge & receyvynge of apprentice

\*[A good pramble.] Also be it ordeyned that noo psone enfraunchised in the saide crafte entyce or procure any apprentyce or saruaunte of eny other parsone of the said crafte to departe frome the seruyce of hys master afore the saide apprentyce or Sarunte hath fully serued his terme of his apprentishode or saruyce vpon payne that euery parsone soo doynge and duely proved shall forfaite and paye xls. to thuse of the saide wardeyns and cominaltye of the saide crafte.

Also be it ordeyned that yf any parsone of the saide crafte whiche hathe sarued hys yeres of apprentyshode with any parsone of the same crafte and maye haue a suffycient seruyce and reasonable wadge within the saide Citie of eny of the saide crafte and wyll not sarve but goo in to the contrey to seeke werke and sarvyce. And after that dothe come agayne in too the saide Citie to thentent to sarue that noo parsone of the saide crafte for the tyme beinge shall set hym oon werke vnto suche tyme as he have agreed and made a fyne with the master and wardeyns and assistaunce of the saide crafte for the tyme beinge for the same. And who soeuer that taketh eny suche parsone in to his sarvys contrarye to the acte shall forfaite and pay. xl. s. to be taken and levied to thuse of the saide wardeyns and coiāltye of the saide crafte.

And where as dyuerse occupacyons in the saide Citie haue amonge theym selffe dyuers good rules and orden ncs concernying the takyinge of apprentyce to the the same apprentyce shall not soo encrease in nowmber but that they shulde be alwayes set in worke amonge theyr occupacyon whan they shall come oute of theyr termes of appretyshode and not be compelled for necessytie to seeke for theyr lyvyinge in other placys and to view other occupacyons than they were brought view. And also where as dyuers prones of the saide crafte Peauterers of theyr coveteus myndys not regarding the goode and honeste contynuaunce of the same crafte not regarding the preferment and honestye lyvinge of the poore apprentice comyinge out of their apprentyshoddes but rather woll doo thoose actes that shall bryinge them to extreme povertye or elles to view soome other view and laboriouse occupacyons after they have sarved their termes of apprentyshodes have of late dayes for their

<sup>\*</sup> In a later hand.

syngular profytte and aduauntage taken in to theyr sarvyce soo many apprentice that the nowmber of the said crafte is soo encreased that oon of theym is not able honestelye to lyve by a nother. And soom that haue bene apprentice and spent theyr tymes of apprentyshode at thende of their termes haue been compelled for theyr lyvinge to vse other occupacyons bothe within the Cytic and without to theyr greate losse hurte sorowe and hynderaunce. And also a Slaunder of the saide crafte.

The nowmber of apprentyces to be taken.

FFOR REMEDYE whereof be it ordeyned that noo psone of the same crafte beinge of the clothinge of the same crafte shall hereafter haue in saruyce as apprentice aboue the nowmber of three at oone tyme. And that noo parsone owt of the clothinge hereafter shall haue in hys saruice as apprentyce aboue the nowmber of two at oon tyme. And whosoeuer of the same crafte that doothe the contrarye to thys ordenaunce shall forfaite for euery tyme offendinge the same ordenaunce ten poundys the moytie of the saide forfaiture to be taken and levyed to thuse of the saide maire and co\(\textit{a}\) and the other moytie to thuse of the saide wardeyns and Comynaltie of the saide crafte.

The forfaite for hyerynge houses shoppys or stondyns at fayres or markette [\*over another man's head].

Also be it ordeyned that noo parsone of the saide crafte shalbe any maner meane ffromhensforth hire oone other of the same crafte out of hys house or Shopp within the Citie of london or elles out from his stondynge place at fayres or marketts at any place within thys realme vpon payne to forfaite euery tyme soo doynge provably founde xl s. the moytie whereof to be levied and taken to thuse of the saide wardeyns and Comynaltie of peauterers and the other moytye to be levyed and taken to thuse of hym that shulde fynde hym grevid or take eny hurte by eny meanes of any thynge expressed or mencyoned in thys article.

The forfaite for delytiynge of any pewter but to a freman or a broder of the same crafte.

Also be it ordeyned that no parsone of the sayd crafte shall hereafter put or delyuer any maner of pewter to any parsone or parsones to be wrought bot oonly to a freman or brother of the same crafte vpon payne to forfaite at eur tyme that he soo doothe provably founde iij it the moytie whereof to be levyed and taken to thuse of the saide Maire and Coīāltye and the other moytie to thuse of the saide wardeyns and Cominaltie of Peauterers.

<sup>\*</sup> In a later hand.

The forfaite for opprobrius and evyll & vnconvenyent wordys.

\* [ffor slaundering any a one another in the Company.]

To serche fyve tymes in the yere.

\*[for opprobrius words in open Court.]

Also be it ordeyned that noo parsone of the saide crafte shall from-hensforth rebuke or revyle in open places or audyens any other parsone of the same crafte with any obprobrious evill vncouenient or vngoodly wordis or accuse hym openly of any cryme to hys dishonestie or reproche excepte the accuser haue good and resonable cause soo to doo and can and will substancyally prove the same before the master and wardeyns with the assistaunces of the sayde crafte for the tyme beynge within xl dayes nexte after suche mysbehauor supposed vpon payne to forfaite at euery tyme soo offendynge xx s. to be taken to thuse of the saide wardeyns and Comynaltie of Peauterres.

AND WHERE as the master and wardeyns of the saide crafte for the tyme beinge haue and doo vse comonly to serche bothe weighte and wares belongynge to the saide crafte fyve tymes in the yere and oftener as vnto them shalbe thought necessarye to thentent the saide wares shulde kepe the true fynes and substancyall makynge and workmanshipp. And also the saide weighte their true weighte by occasion whereof soom light and evyll disposyd parsones of the saide crafte makynge vessell of Stuff not truly fyned nor myxte and also their vessell slyght and not substaucially wrought and therof by the master and wardeyns or soome of theym be founde giltye and also vsyng nor kepynge their true weight, and woll and doo mysorder often tymes theym selffe towardys the saide master and wardeyns in their wordys And also be disobedyent to theym in makynge theyr serches And also soom highe mynded and obstinate psones doothe mysvse hym selfe in his worde in suche courte as shall frome tyme to tyme be kepte amonge the saide crafte for coïcacyon there to be had for the good order of the same crafte therfore be it ordered that every parsone of the saide crafte whiche hereafter shall fortune to mysorder hym selfe by hys wordys or other wyse contrarye to Justyce and reason ayenste the saide master and wardeyns for the tyme beynge in makynge the sayde serches or in their saide courte shall forfaite for euery tyme offendynge thys artycle and therof beynge convicte xiij s. iiij d. to be taken and levied to thuse of the sayde wardeyns and Coialtie of peauteres.

\* In a later hand.

ffor laufulle warynyng by the wardeyns or the bedell. Also be it ordeyned that when so euer and often as any parsone of the saide crafte shalbe warned by the wardeyns or bedyll of the same crafte to come and appere at any certen houre and place if the parsone so warned come not accordynge to suche warnynge but make defaulte and noo resonable excuse for suche psone had that then and soo often the same parsone at euery tyme soo makynge defaulte shall forfaite and paye xij d the same to be levied and taken to thuse of the wardeyns and Coiāltie of the sayde mysterye.

ffor Sueet or vexacyon w'm same crafte. And also be it ordeyned that noon of the saide crafte shall hereafter suee or vex any other of the same crafte in any courte for any parsonall accyon or for any other cause where he maye have hys reasonable remedye and redresse in the same accyon or cause by meanes of the master and wardeyns with the assistaunce of the saide crafte vpon payne to forfaite for early tyme doynge the contrarye xx s. the moytie whereof to thuse of the mayre and Coāāltie and the other moytie to thuse of the sayde wardeyns and Comynaltie of the saide crafte. Soo that alwayes remedye and redresse be laufullye geven to the complaynte by the saide master and wardeyns within xv dayes nexte after the sute of the complaynte to theym made or elles the complaynte to be at his libertye thys ordenace notwithstondynge.

ffor a oothe to be taken befor the wardeyns or thassistaunce. Also be it ordeyned that noo man of the saide crafte shall entromitte medele or occupye the same crafte within the saide Citie nor libertyes of the same vnto suche tyme as he be sworne before the wardeyns and some of the thassistaunce of the same crafte and hathe taken the same othe that hathe bene vsed and accustomed to be taken in the same crafte vpon payne that every parsone doynge the contrarye shall forfaite xls. the same to be taken and levyed to thuse of the saide wardeyns and Cominaltye of the saide crafte.

ffor refusynge of any offyce when they be elected therto. FFURTHERMORE be it ordeyned in case any parsone of the saide crafte shall fortune hereafter to be electe and chosen to eny offyce within the saide crafte and after to refuse to excercyse the same offyce that then eug suche parsone so refusynge shall forfaite fyve pounde the oon halfe to be levied and taken to thuse of the saide Maire and coīāltie and the other halfe to thuse of the saide wardeyns and Comynaltie of peauterres.

[\*For payment of quartredge.

ffor openynge of theyre shoppys.

[4ffor the giuinge vppc thaccompte before Michael

ffor redynge of thys orde-naunces.

ffor gaderinge of forfaitures penalities & other somes of moneye.

Also that every housholder within the saide crafte that is a freman or a broder of the same crafte shall pay for hys quartage as hathe bene accustomed that is to say xvj d. every yere.

Also that ever parsone of the saide crafte that woll kepe house and open his shoppe for hym selfe shall paye for his openynge of his Shoppe as hathe bene accustomed tyme oute of mynde that is to saye 3vj s viij d. FFURTHERMORE be it ordeyned that the master and wardeyns of the said crafte or mysterye for the tyme beynge shall yerely before the feaste of Saynt michell tharkangell make a clere accompte for the tyme that they have bene in their sayde offyces of and for suche thinge as by reason of their office have and myght have comen vnto theyr handys upon payne to forfaite for every tyme that they shall make refusell therof agayne a reasonable requeste to theym to be made by their successours named to be wardeyns of the same crafte for the yere followynge xiij s. iiij d. the same to be taken to thuse of the same wardeyns and cotaltie of the sayde crafte.

Also be it ordeyned that fromhensforth for euer more the master and wardeyns for the tyme beynge of the said crafte shall oone tyme euery quarter in the yere at the leaste in the hall belongynge to the saide felowship called the peauteres hall redde or doo to be redde all the articles aboue saide to and before the mooste parte of the ffelowshipp of the saide crafte to thentent that noo parsone of the saide felowshipp shall pretende ignoraunce concernynge the saide articles upon payne that euery of the saide master and wardeyns at euery quarter makynge any defaulte in thys behalfe shall forfaite to thuse of the wardeyns and Comynaltie of Peauteres vjs. viij d.

Also be it ordeyned that all maner of forfaitures penalities Somes of money whiche shall fortune to be forfayted by force and vertue of suche ordenace and articles as above be expressed shalbe levyed and gadered by the master and wardeyns of the saide crafte for the tyme beynge to the seuerall vses aforesaide. And yf any master wardeyne

<sup>1</sup>In a later hand.

<sup>2</sup>This amount is altered by a 17th century scribe above the line and in the margin to ij s.

<sup>3</sup>This amount is similarly altered to iij s. iiij d.

<sup>4</sup>This is written in a later hand.

or wardeyns of the saide crafte for the tyme beynge doo not hereafter weele and truly execute all and euery the saide ordenaunce aboue written accordynge to the tenure and effecte of the same that then the sayde forfaitures penalyties or somes of money shalbe levied and taken upon euery of the saide master and wardeyns for the tyme beinge to thuses a bove saide.

ffor quarterages ameyamente and fynys to be payd.

Also for the parformaunce of all and singuler the ordenaunce before rehersed Be it orderned that every parsone occupyinge the saide crafte of peauterers within the Citie of london or fraunchises of the same that offendith in any article of thordenaunce aforesaide of hys frowarde disposicyon or otherwyse refuse to pay his quarterage or eny other fyne forfaiture amercyament or penalitie afore saide or disobeye any article or ordenaunce herein expressed. That then it shalbe liefull to the Master and wardeyns of the same crafte for the tyme beinge at euery tyme that they shall fynde theym selfe grevyd in any of the premyssys to enter in to the house of eur suche parsone or parsones that offendyth as is above saide. And ther for the forfaiture in not parformynge any of the saide articles to take a distresse and the same dystresse soo taken liefully to bere and cary a way and the same to deteigne and kepe vnto suche tyme as the parsone offendynge any of the saide articles hath payed hys forfaiture concernyng the same article.

[\*To take a distress.]

ffor bryngeynge in the indentures of apprentice Also be it orderned that eur parsone of the saide mysterye havyng any apprentyce shall within oone monethe nexte after that he hath taken any suche apprentyce bringe in the oone parte of thendenture wherby the said apprentyce is bounde in to the hall of the saide companye to thentent the Master and wardeyns and the assistaunce of the same companye for the tyme being maye knowe howe and what tyme the saide apprentyce shulde come out of hys terme of yeres soo that a maye appere that noo man take any moo apprentyce then hys nowmber and he that doothe the contrary shall forfaite and paye xxs. for a fyne for euery tyme soo doynge to be devydid as is a fore saide that is to saye the oone halfe therof to be to thuse of the saide Maire and Comynaltie and the other halfe to be to thuse of the saide wardeyns and Comynaltye of the sayde mysterye.

\* In a later hand.

A feature of much interest in the above Ordinances is the increased stringency of the regulations for apprenticeship. Apprentices were to be presented to the Wardens before being bound, and none were to be accepted who were not of sufficient strength for work. They must be of English parentage. As the number of apprentices had unduly increased and not sufficient work could be found for them when they came out of their time, each liveryman was restricted to three and each freeman to two apprentices.

1523-4. Wher of lat the Craft hath benne sore chargyd by the reason of lone of the moneye for the kyngs Grace wher for the Master and Wardynce for that tym beyng was compellyd to laye the plat that wase in this howse to plege to make moneye and so deliued it to duse psons as appereth be dyuce bylls endentyd ther of amonge al other ther was layd out ij doseyn & vij spunes wherof ther was bylls in endentyd in lyke wys the ptis that hade them to plege hath brought them to vs & deliued them clerly w out any money payeyng for them & the bylls endenttyd brokyn thay lyst not be a knowen nor schall not be ffor vs but god reward them.

The French invasion proved a costly matter, and the City was required to furnish the King with 100,000/. The Companies were called upon to surrender their plate, of which a valuation was made by Wolsey's order. It does not appear that the plate was actually taken to the Royal Mint at the Tower "there to be coyned" as was at first ordered, and the payment by the City was eventually reduced to 20,000/. Other loans were soon exacted by Wolsey until the citizens took courage to refuse the extortionate demands, and the King was compelled to call a Parliament.

Jfm payed for paveyng in fanchurche stret at the howsyng geven by m gottam for iij lood of ston to pave wt the carage and all iiijs.

Jfm a lod of gravell iiijd.

Jfm for the paveyng of ix tasse & a half vs. iijd.

- Jim Reseyued of the be guest of will Bennet for the fraternyte of the said batchelers delived by the hand of his excecuturs ij spounes of Sylu on whos Soull god haue merci amen. [Yeomanry accounts.]

William Bennett, described in the accounts for 1547–9 as "Wyllyam hulson alies bennytt," was a pewterer on Tower Hill.

- Jtm payed for fetcheyng of a bill out of the Sprituall court for our wex to m<sup>r</sup> longe viij d. [Yeomanry accounts.]
- the Reseyte excedithe the payemente of this Accompt whiche remayneth to our Successors John Scherwyn John Euad & clemet kelyngworthe in money & plegs xvij li. iij s. vij d. wher of ther remayneth in the hande of the sayd clemet x s. the masters hande that was lent to the masters of the bregehows iij li. vj s. viij d. also that the masters had for the lone on steyn plege as aperethe by a byll therof ix li. vj s. viij d. & in moneye iiij li. & iij d. [Yeomanry accounts.]
- Be it Rememberd that ther remaynethe to our Successors iij torches weyng ljlb. & jqrte and iijlb. of weke and also in pollyn wex lxxiiijlb. [Yeomanry accounts.]
- 1524-5. Rents at tour hill. Itm rs of the marynar for a holl yers rent endyd at mydsom xs. Itm rs of the hows wylsons wyf dwelt in for iij drt vijs. vjd. on qrt voyde. Itm rs of the hows the osteler dwelt in xs. Itm rs of the hows that okys of the stewe keye dwelt in xviijs. Itm rs of brown the laborer for a yers rent xs. Itm rs of Sampson for the garthyng [garden] rent for iij drts vs. on drt voyd Itm rs of the hacnayeman for a holl yers rent vs. Itm rs of a wedowe for the hows next for a yers rent vs. Itm rs for the hows mather forest dwellyth in viijs. Itm for the hows that mad mawd dwellyth vs. Itm rs of father steven for holl yers rent xiijs. viijd.

The Company's Tower Hill tenants would seem from the above list to have been more numerous than profitable. Mad Mawd, the Hackneyman, and the widow paid much less than the rest of the tenants. They probably occupied smaller tenements.

1525-6. Ifm Delived to the wax chandyller in old wex wt iiij Image iiij angells and the pynnys or styks weyng all xxjtl. Ifm rs in newe wax v tapers iiij Image iiij angells wt the bolls and Symon xxv tl & di and mor ij tapers of ij tl Som of newe wex xxvij tl & di for the werkman of xxjtl euy tl jd. xxjd. and for vjtl & di of new out ryght euy tl viijd. Sm iiij s. iiij d. for payntyng iij d. . . . . . vjs. iiij d.

This was for the festival decoration of the Company's private altar at Allhallows, which must have made a brave show. It is not clear what "the four angels with the bowls and Symon" were.

1526-7. ffennes. Itm rs for a fyne for Salts vn markte xij d.
Itm rs of willm aprise for a fyn for deliwyng vessell vn markyt w' his
towch acordyng to the ordynance vs.
3fm payed for a gardynar iij dayes viij d a day ij s.
<b>Ifm</b> payed to a Carpenter for iij dayes đi viij d. a day ij s. iiij d.
The four following entries are from the Yeomanry accounts.
Ifm payd for ij allmes torchys weyng xxxvjlb. Sm . ix s. viij d.
Ifm payd for makyng of the branche weyng xxxiij lb. di at a jd. a lb.
warkema'schyp ij s. ix d. ob.
put ther to in powllyn waxe xix lb.
Ifm payd for iiij treys to the same lyght xij d.
1527-8. Jim Reseyved of Ser Robrt Astlyn Subden of Poulls for to by howsyng to kep an obit for hym of xx s. by the yer . xl ti.
Ifm R's of the yong mens box of the Crafte toward the lonne for the brege hows to by Corne vj ti. xiij s. iiij d.
Ifm Reseyved of gaynce of Tynn bought withe the money reseyved of
Ser Robrt astlyn Subdene of Poulls as is a for Sud [aforesaid] to the proffet of the crafte
Jfm payed to the maires Sergeant for ij dayes to Serche a mong the habbardasshers iijs. iiijd. Jfm for met & drynke for thos ij dayes for the Sergeant and the company that went whym iijs. iiijd vjs. viijd.

The Sergeant was an officer of the Lord Mayor who went with the Company during their Searches and had the power of arresting offenders. He was retained by a yearly fee, and gave his attendance also at the Court meetings.

Jtm for the carage of the Saltsellers that was take a monge the haberdashers to the yeld hall . . . . . . . . . . . . ij d.

fferst for makyng of the branche of wex co'teynyng vij grete tapers w' lity potte and branchies with bowlle of wex that is to say of the olde stocke of wex xxxij ti di and in newe wex xxxj di sm lxiiij ti at peny the pownd wormanshipp Sm v s. iiij d. the newe wex v d. the pound sm xiij s. j d. ob. . . . . . . . . . . . xviij s. v d. ob.

This and the four following entries are from the Yeomanry accounts.

Jf payd for iiij deelle that the tables wer made of and carage of them to thall [the hall] . . . . . . . . . . xiij s. iij d.

Jf payd to ij workemen that wrought and made the sayd tables for ix days worke . . . . . . . . . . . . xij s.

If for ledgies glewe wex hespys and naylys for the said tables . ij s. iiij d.

If for payntyng of the said tables . . . . vjs. viij d.

1528-9. Masarges [necessaries]. Ism payed for the boke of acts of parlment iiijd. Ism for Skyn of penement iiijd. Ism for ynke & pap jd. ob. Ism for the carage of the Salts fro the yeld haull ijd.

that ther is left in the hands of me lord of battells bally of forfyt mettall takyn at whye [Wye] fayre be the warden and Seche as rod wt hym C di & xiiij th. Ifm left in the hands of Port Ryves at maydston also of forfet mettall C j qrt v th. Ifm left in the hands of John Champneye of fevsame of forfett mettall C j qrt. . . . . . . . iiij C xixtb.

On the last folio of the first Audit book is the following curious note by the stationer: "Anno Domini 1530 Johan Gowgh stationer bond thys bok-thys tyme was moch to do for the word of god yet shal it euer endewer-cōtented ijs. And that yere dyed the sumptuous hye cardynal thomas wolse in leyceter the x day of Nouembre a gret psecul. Celū et terram [sic] trāsibunt verba mea autem manebit verbū

Domini manet In eternū." The Latin words are an ungrammatical jumble intended as a quotation of Matthew, xxiv, 35, followed by the Stationers' Company's Motto.

**1530-1.** Among the pledges held this year by the Company for debts owing by members are the following:

Ifm xij molds of Poull alysanders that lyethe for . . v li. iij s. iiij d.

Ifm rest in Thoms Curte hands for the sporyar [spurrier] . xx s.

It may be well to transcribe the whole statement of the Company's receipts for rent during this year, as they give an interesting view of the rents paid at this period by different classes of tenants in the City of London.

Gents in the Pultrye. ffirst Reseyued of John Wendyn Grosser [grocer] for a holl yers Rent of the hows he dothe dwell in endid at midsomer v hi. Reseyued of John hardyng in the same Rents for a holl yer at mydsomer xxvjs. & viij d. Rs of John baker in the same Rents for a yer at mydsom xxvjs. viij d. . Sm vij hi. xiij s. iiij d.

Jn Saint Denis [Dionis] Pish. Jtm Reseyued of mr magson for a holl yers Rent endid at mydsom xls. Jtm Rs of harmstrong for a hooll yer at mydsom xxxs. . . . . . . . . iij li. xs.

**Lymstret.** Itm Rs of Ros wedow for a holl yer at mydsomer xiijs. iiij d. Itm Rs of howdyn wedow for a holl yer xiijs. iiij d. Itm Rs of fox Skynnar [skinner] for a holl yer at mydsom xiijs. iiij d. Itm Rs of the cart [carter] for a hooll yer endyd at mydsom xiijs. iiij d. Itm of Watson the cordwynnare [cordwainer] for a hooll yer endyd at mydsom xiijs. iiij d. . . . . . . . . . iij h. vjs. viij d.

Gents at crepilgat. Item Reseyued of Henry Capper for Rent of his Howse for a hooll yer endyd at mydsom viij s. Itm Reseyued of John Huntlaye for a holl yer endyng at mydsom viij s. Itm Reseyued of John Hert for a holl yer at mydsom viij s. Itm Reseyued of John Hunt for a holl yer at mydsom viij s. Itm Reseyued of Robrt pembrton for a holl yer at mydsom viij s. Itm Reseyued of Robrt pembrton for a holl yer at mydsom viij s. Itm Reseyued of Willia stevence for a yer at mydsom vij s. viij d.

Ifm Reseyued of Willim Jacket for a yer at mydsom xs. Ifm Reseud of esabeth honylowe for a holl yer at mydsom vjs. viij d. Ifm Rs?

		Willm Sampson for a yer at mydsom vj s. viij d. Im Rs of elysabeth bottell sone for a holl yer vj s. viij d. Im Rs elyn hatfeld payed be pelborowe for a yer vj s. viij d. Im Reseyud of willm haynnes for ij howsses xxvj s. viij d iij ł. iij s. iiij d. Sm of all the howlle Rents ys xx h.
	(Bas)	of Thoms curts in pt of xx s. for the sporyar v s.
	Jfm	Brought in this yer in moneye of gaynce of Teyn bought and Sold agayne wt moneye of the crafte to the a vantage of the Som of xls.
	as "	In the list of payments of quarterage the Yeomanry are described yong men."
		f payed for Barge hire whan the mayre went to westmenster to take his othe xijs. iiij d. Ifm payed to the barge men to drynk viij d. Ifm payed for the company that dynt at our haull xxs. Ifm payed for iiij quarters of colls ijs. Ifm for half a C of fagot xx d. xxxvjs. viij d.
	Jfm	payed at allhallow for mase on our lady day and dirge at ny3ght and mase on the morn to the pish prest viij d. <b>Ifm</b> to ij prests xij d. to the sexsteyn iiij d. to the clarke iij s. iiij d. <b>Ifm</b> to churche wardens for the ornamēts xx d. <b>Ifm</b> for a kynderkyn of ale for dirge ij s. <b>Ifm</b> for a chese xiij d. ob. <b>Ifm</b> for Spice bred iij s. vij d. xiij s. vij d. ob.
	Jím	payed to the por and covnt of Cheksand a rent out of the howsyng in the pultre p by the hands of Doctur freman for a holl yer endyng at mydsomer iij ti.
to the Subden of poulls for	Jím	payed to sr Robet Astlyn Subden of poulls for an obit to be kept for m gottam for a holl yer endyng at mydsom . xxvjs. viij d.
m gottam To m	Ifm	payed to m astlyn Subden a quitrent for a holl yer endyng at mydsom for an obit to be kept for hym
Subden for hym Selfe	Jfm	payed to the Abote and covent of barmsay for an obit for Serell kept
		the xviij of nouembr iij s. iiij d.
	Ifm	for cutyng of the vyn in the gartheyng vj đ. and for drysyng of the
		herbe iiij d. and for Rods & poulls iij d. Ifm payed for drysing of the gartheyng x d

Jfm payed be Thoms curte to m walshyngham for goyng w vs to claron Sewe [Clarencieux] a crown of vs. Jfm payed to masters garters suand [servant] for goyng w vs to on Alysander a payter w his masters boke of armes to mend our banner xij d. Jfm payed to the sayd alysander for payntyng and makyng the Right armes vjs. viij d. Jfm to Richemond harot of armes to have consell xij d. for drynk when we went about that bessynes vij d. . . xiiij s. iij d.

Jim payed to Docraye the smythe for a keye for the colhowse dore iij d.

Jim for mendyng of a loke of the seller dor ij d.

Jim for a henge for the dore goyng in to the well weyng x th xv d.

Jim for a henge and ij hoks for the wendow wt out crepilgat weyng v th vij d. ob.

Jim for a garnet for the seller dore at hall iiij d.

Jim for ij happis and ij gogyns and wynche for the well weyng iiij th di ix d.

Jim for a loke for the weket of the great gat at the haull ij d.

Jim for a nold henge for the wyndow at crepillgat ij d.

Jim for a hasp & a stapyll for a wyndowe j d.

Jim payed for a new boket for the well ij s. iiij d.

vij s. xj d. ob.

Jim payed for iiij bowmen for the maire at mydsom ijs. viijd. Jim for poynts ijd. for a cheffe of arowyse [sheaf of arrows] xijd. iijs. xd.

Jim for hoppyng of a great tob of the haull iiij d. Jim for makyng clen of the harnese [armour] viij d. Jim for washyng of the cotts [coats] iiij d. Jim for mend of the bage to ber in the weyghts viij d. ij s.

that on Robit Skolls deptyt out of citi w' wyf & goods at mydsom the yer of our lord god m'vxxxj w'out any lycence of the master and wardence of the crafte of pewterers or of the holl company of the same.

This is one of three memoranda, out of date, inserted on a blank page at the end of the accounts for 1496-7.

1531-2. Ifm brought in the yer for the gayns of Teyn that was bought & sold agayn wt the crafts moneye the . . Sm xxxvj s. ij d.

Jim payed to a gardenar for viij dayes and a half vj d. a daye iiij s. iij d.
Jim payed to the bedill for met & drynke for the gardnar ij s. ix d.
Jim payed to the same gardnar for a day & half viij d. a day xij d.
Jim payed to a nother gardnare for ij days & half xix d.
Jim payed

Charge in the gartheyng

a gardenar for settyng of herbes and sowynge seds x d. Ifm payed for herbis to set & seds to sowe ij s. ob. Ifm payed for poulls for the herbes & Roods to bynd wt ij s. ij d. . . xiiij s. vij d. ob.

To a Carpent for Rayling & bordyng the gartheyng payed for xxij fott of Tembr for the Raytls & posts vnder the Raytls eury fott the pris ij d. iijs. viij d. Ism sawyng of the same tembr xij d. Ism for xij qr'ts eury qr't ij d. ijs. Ism for ix qr'ts price of a pece j d. ob. xiij d. ob. Ism for v C of planch borde eury C ijs. x d. xiiijs. ij d. Ism for half a C of quart bord the price therof xviij d. Ism for ij carpenters for a day at viijd. a day a man xvj d. Ism for ij carpenters for iij dayes werk and half iiijs. viijd. Ism for a carpent for on day viij d. Ism for a carpent ij dayes and a nother a day ij d. Ism for mendyng of the fot of the seller stayre iiijd. Ism for v C of vi penne naytls & v penne naytls ijs. Ism payed for drynke j d.

Som of all charge of the gartheyng xlix s. jd. ob.

Repacions at crepilgate

Ifm payed for a half a C of planche bord & di C of qrt borde ij s. viijd. Itm payed for cc & xx fott of borde vjs. vjd. Itm payed for iiij qrte ij d. a pece viij d. Ifm payed for ij jests xvj d. Ifm payed for vi C of vi pene naylls v d nayll & iiii pene naylls ijs. ijd. payed to carpenter for v dayes viijd. a day iijs. iiijd. Ifm payed for a lood of tell [tile] vs. iiijd. Ifm payed for v lood of lym xd. a lod iiijs. ijd. Ifm payed for ij lood of Sande xijd. Ifm payed for a C of lath viij d. & mli of Rof naylls iiij d. xij d. Ifm payed for tell pence [tile pins] iii d. & ii lod of lome viii d. xid. Ifm for a C of lathe vij d. & for a mli & di of spryg ix d. xvj d. 3fm for a dawbber & his laborer for iiij dayes iiijs. iiijd. Ifm payed to a laborer to cary out Robysh for a daye v d. 36m payed to a carter for carying a waye iiij load Robysh viijd. Ifm payed to a tellar & his laborer for ix dayes ix s. ix d. Ifm payed to a plomer for xix It of Sawder viijs. ijd. 3fm payed for drynke and fyre for the plomer vijd. Itm payed for beryng of tell from the haull to crepilgat iii d. payed for a keye for a looke iii d.

Sma liiijs. x d.

Jim payed the same day [20 Feb.] for dynnar for master & the wardens wt certeyn of the plement howse of our company . . . vj s. vj d.

- Jfm payed the same day [23 Feb.] for dynnar at the kjngs hede in fletstret for the kyngs atarnaye the kyngs Celister mr cromwell the master and wardens Royedon & mylls . . . . ix s.
- on seint mathewes even payed for dynnar at the kyngs hed in fletstret for the kyngs atornaye mr. Cromwell Sr Willm Polyet master northe mr Rowse mr and the wardens and mo of the company whan they had comyncacion for our booke cost . . . . xxvjs. viij d.
- Jfm gave to me lord of the great Seall to be good to vs a hogghed of claryed wyne cost . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . xls.
- Itm also mad a dynnar to hym to mr atorneye mr cromwell mr Riche mr. northe & gefford and a nother . . . xiij s. iiij đ.

  Som spend at parlment xj fi. xiiij s. j d.
- the space of vj weks contrary to the good rewells vs. Itm Rs of the sayd clement for vngoodly words spokyn a gaynst Nicolas peke in opyn awdyence of peple vs. Itm Rs of the sayd Nicolas peke for Revylyng of the sayd clement kelyngworthe in lykwyse vs. Itm Rs of the wedowe lat pyes wyff iiijd. Itm Rs of Thoms fowll for Dissobedyence xxd. Itm Rs of Walter maykyns for vngoodly wordys spokyn a gaynst Thoms fowst som tym his master xxd. Itm Rs of v psons that com not to the place a poyntyt wan they warned by the bedyll that is to saye henry clark Thoms macham Willm hustwayt John Wencelow John palm xd. . . xixs. vjd.
- ffirst payed for the Barge hire whan the maire went to westmenster to take his othe xvjs./ Itm payed the ij stewards for the dynnar of them that dynt not at the yeld haull xxijs./ Itm payed for wod & colls iiijs.jd....ij hi ijs.jd.
- Jím payed whan the quene was fette fro grenwytche to the Duke of norfolke bargeman for the barge xxij s./ Jím payed to henry clarke that he layd out and spendyd on the Duks s'vands after we had hired the barge or we coude haue it vjs. iiij d. Jím payed for the bargemance brekfast viij d. Jím payed for a kenderkyn of ale ijs. Jím for bred vjd. Jím payed to the bargemen for a Reward ijs. Jím to the bedyll to lambet to fetche barge ijd. Jím payed to John abbot

carpenter for makyng of our standyng in cornelle xjs ij ti iiij s. viij đ.
This large sum was spent by the Company as their part of the
magnificent welcome given by the Corporation and all the Guilds to
Henry's new Queen, Anne Boleyn, who passed through the City on the
31st May, the day before her Coronation at Westminster. Three pageants
were prepared, and the Pewterers among the other Companies attended
both in their barge on the river and in their "Standing" in Cornhill.
Itm payed for a tabill and p [pair] of trystell for the lyttell plor iiij s.
Jim payed for a longe Junet forme of wayn skot for the same. ijs.
3tm payed for a carpet for the same tabyll iij s. iiij d.
Jim payed for a crusyfex for the Jure booke iijs.
<b>Ifm</b> payed to a glasyer for mendyng of the glas wyndows in the hauli
that wer broukene & setung them close
that wer broukyne & setyng them close vijs. vjd.  Jim payed to the coleturs [collectors] after xv & halfe x s.
This was the Company's proportion of a general tax upon the City
of one fifteenth and a-half.
Itm payed for iiij men to wayt on the maire at mydsom wt bowe and
arowys ij s. viij d. & makyng of tha harnese clen xx d. iiij s. iiij d.
Itm payed for iiij harest men at mydsom ij to the maire & ij to m martyn
shereff ix s. iiij d.
shereff ix s. iiij đ.  Ifm payed for a doss of tronchers was geven to m northe iiij s.
Itm payed for dynnar of viij psons the xvijth of februari iiijs.
Itm spent at broks apon abbot of taystoke ijs.
Itm payed for dynnar at hornnars for the m & vij psons moo . ij s. vjd.
3fm payed for a pottell of ipocryse for to geve To master Cromwell. and
the kyngs atornaye
chanceler iiij d. & spent at broks iiij d viij d.
Itm payed on wedynsday from the duke of soffolke to the court iij d. &
from westmenster wt m northes clark to bryd well ij d. and after
dynnar to the court & from ye court iiij d x d.
Ifm payed for a gowrnard [gurnet] for the duke of soffolke ij s. viij d. and
for a pyeke [pike] and an ell iiij s. viij d vij s. iiij d.

Jfm payed to a man to bere the same pent [present] . . . v d.
Jfm payed for a doss tronchers for my lord lattymer . . . iiij s.
Jfm payed to master northes clark for bott hire to fetche the leeg
[league] betwen france & yngland . . . . iiij d.
Jfm payed for a marche payne & v pyes of orengegs for the kyngs atornaye
and m northe . . . . . . . . . iij s. viij d.

A marchpain or march-pane was one of the triumphs of the cook's art in former times. It was a sweet cake or confection made of pistachionuts, almonds, sugar, &c. It was in high esteem in Shakespeare's time, as appears from the account of Queen Elizabeth's entertainment at Cambridge. It is said by Peck (*Desiderata Curiosa*, vol. ii, p. 29) that the University presented Sir William Cecil, their Chancellor, with two pairs of gloves, a march-pane, and two sugar-loaves.

Oranges were a very scarce fruit in Henry VIII's reign, and an "orange pie" was a costly dish fit for presentation to a man in high

position.

ffirst payed to m Clarencious kyng of arme of the sowthe pertys of yngland for to conferme our patent newe iij li. vjs. viij d. Itm payed for viij yerds of fyne blewe Sersnet iiijs. vjd. yerd xxxvjs. vjd. Itm payed to gatts the paynter staynner for makyng of the ij stremers and the banner for staynyng and freng [fringe] wt all man of werkmanshep to the same belongyng iijti. xiijs. iiijd. Itm payed to his servands to drynke ijd. Itm payed to a man to mak the banner staves longer xijd. Itm payed to a sadiller to sennewe them glewe xvjd. Itm payed for a case to put in our pattent of armes viijd. viijti. xix s. viijd. There was an earlier Grant of Arms, of which few particulars are

preserved. It is mentioned in the earliest Account, that of 1451-2 (p. 17), and in more detail in the inventory following the Account of 1455-6 (p. 19). The arms engraved on the seal provided after the charter of incorporation was obtained, in 1473-4 (p. 39), are identical with those at present in use, but are flanked on either side by a lily-pot, the Company's old emblem. The present grant seems, therefore, to have been nothing more than a confirmation. It is beautifully written and illuminated, as will be seen in the fac-simile opposite. The text of the document is as follows:—

ffor renewyng the arms of the





to all present and to come which thise present letters shall see or here, I Thomas Benolt ats Clarenciaux kyng of armes of the Sowth Est and west parties of this Realme of England from the Ryuer of Trent sowthwarde, sendith due humble Recomendacion and gretyng in oure lord god euerlastyng Equite willith and reason ordevnith that the vertuouse men and of honest occupacion be by their merite renumered & rewarded in this worlde & to be in ppertual memorye for their good and vertuouse name and fame, and their successors after theym for euermore, wherefore I the said Clarencyaux kyng of armes aforesaid considering the honest demeanour and good gouernaunce of the company mistery felawship and crafte of Pewterers of this noble citie of london hath been of olde tyme, and yett contynowed in good name and vertuouse fame, so that the said company and ffelawship haue ryght well defued to have signes and tokens of armes gyuen and graunted to their said copeny, to be shewed att tymes and places conuenyent in the laude and praysyng of the said ffelawship and company, And for as moche as Thomas Chamberleyne master of the said worshipfull crafte and compeny of pewterers, John Roydon and John Keneston wardeyns of the same company of Pewterers aforesaid hath required and desired me the said kyng of armes to gyue and graunte vnto them Armes, vnder the Seale of myne armes, and in consideracion of their honeste and vertuouse disposicion the kynge oure souueraigne lorde preyued to be in them dyd gyue and graunte vnto the said company their corporacion to vse their liberties amonge them selues. Wherfore they be the more worthy to have tokens of honour and noblesse to their said crafte and ffelawship I the said kynge of armes considering their request to be Juste and reasonnable by auctoritie and power to myne office annexed confermed and graunted by the kynge Royall maiestie henry the eight by the grace of god kyng of Englond and of ffraunce Defensor of the ffeith and lorde of Irlande &c. by expresse worde in his tres patente vnder his greate seale &c. I the said Clarenciaux kyng of armes aforesaid have gyuen graunted ordevned and assigned vnto the said ffelawship crafte and company of pewterers the blason and armes following. That is to say asure a chiueron gold betwene iij stryke siluer, vpon the chiueron three Roses gueules their stalke buddes and leues vert, as it

aperith in this margent, and in their Stremer oure lady assumption powdred with lyllye potte and stryke with their worde accustomed. To have and to holde to and for the said felawshippe crafte and compeny of pewterers, and their Successors for eumore, withoute any impediment lett or interupcion by any kyng of armes or any other psone. In wytnes wherof I the said Clarenciaux kyng of armes of the South Est and west parties in maner abouesaid hath signed these presente lettres patente w myne owne hande, and sett ther vnto the Seale of myne armes, yeuen at london the xxvj day of maye in the yere of our lorde god Mccccc xxxiij, and in the xxv yere of the Reign of our said souueraign lord kynge henry the eight.

## Clarencieux king of armes.

The important object which the Company had in view in approaching Parliament this year (see pp. 123-6) is seen in the following Statute, 25 Henry VIII, c. 9. It confirms the previous Acts, and confers many additional powers for preventing the importation of foreign pewter, which was threatening serious competition with the justly prized home manufacture. The value to the Company of this wide-reaching Act is shown by their re-printing it in 1741, and explains the extraordinary efforts in the way of presents and payments to statesmen, officials, and subordinates which seem to have been necessary to procure it.

Petition.

In their most lamentable wise shown, and pitteously complain unto the Kings most Royal Majesty, and to this most high Court of Parliament, the Kings most humble, poor, and obeysant Subjects, the Master, Wardens, and poor Fellowship of the Craft and Mystery of Pewterers, as well of the City of London, as of all other Places within this Realm of England; That where the said Craft or Mystery before this hath been one of the best Handicrafts within this Realm, which hath not only grown and continued by mean of divers good Acts and Statutes made for the true Exercise of the same; whereof one was made in the 19th Year of the Kings most Renowned Father, whose Soul God pardon. And one other was made in the fourth Year of the Kings most victorious Reign, concerning the Crafts of Pewterers, and Brasiers; of and for the truer making, mixing, and selling of good and true Pewter, and brasen Vessels. And also for exercising and using of true Weights and Beams,

to be occupied by the Sellers of any such pewter or brasen Vessels, within this Realm, so that none of the Kings Subjects, nor any other Person, should (by any Sale of any false mixed brasen and pewter Vessel, or any untrue Weights) be deceived, as by the said Statutes more plainly

doth appear.

Which good Statutes duly put in Execution, hath caused the said Craft to increase, and multiply, to the great Profit and Utility of a great Number of the Kings Subjects; and the Commodity of Pewter Vessel much to be had in Reputation, in all strange Regions and Countreys, until now of late, divers evil disposed persons, being the Kings Subjects born, which have been Apprentices and brought up in the Exercise of the said Craft of Pewterers; have now of late, for their singular Lucre, repaired into strange Regions and Countreys, and there do exercise the said Craft of Pewterers, teaching Strangers, not only the Cunning of mixing and forging of all Manner of Pewter Vessel, but also do teach all Things belonging to the said Craft of Pewterers; by Means whereof, there is not only brought (daily into this Realm) out of strange Regions to be sold, great Number of Things made of Pewter, untruly mixed and made of Tin, wherewith the Kings Subjects be daily deceived, and the People of strange Countreys greatly instructed in the Cunning of the said Craft of Pewterers, in such wise that thereby not only a great Number and Quantity of Pewter Vessel, and other Things of Pewter, made in divers Sorts and Fashions, amounting to a great Value, which was daily and continually wont to be carried and conveyed out of this Realm, by Merchants, into strange Regions and Countreys, and there to be sold and vended. Whereby the Commodity of Tin made into Pewter Vessel, which hath been had in great Estimation; as Things very necessary and commodious, and the Kings Customs thereby much advanced, is now utterly to cease and decay; and not to be esteemed as heretofore hath been, but also the said Craft of Pewterers, which at this Day setteth and keepeth in Work and Occupation a great Number of People, shall be utterly undone. And a great Multitude of the Kings natural Subjects, thereby fall into Idleness, to the great Impoverishment of this Realm; if speedy Remedy for the Redress of the Premises be not provided.

Any manner of Pewter wrought out of this Realm to be forfeited.

Penalty.

Search and

Nostrangers to be employed.

In tender Consideration whereof, and for Reformation of the Premises, it may please your Highness, by the Assent of the Lords spiritual and temporal, and the Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, to Ordain and Enact, that no person or persons hereafter, at any Time now inhabiting, or which hereafter shall inhabit within this Realm, shall buy, or otherwise take by Exchange for other Wares, any Wares made, or hereafter to be made out of this Realm, of Tin, or mixt with Tin, as Platters, Dishes, Sawcers, Pots, Basins, Ewers, Flaggons, Goblets, Salts, Saltsellers, Spoons, or any other Thing made of Tin or Pewter as aforesaid; whosoever it be, upon pain of Forfeiture of the same Ware, in whose Hands soever it may be found or taken: And also lawful Money currant in this Realm to the Value thereof. The one Half of the same Forfeiture to be to the Use of the Kings Highness, and the other Half to the Use of the Finders of the same.

And furthermore be it Enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Master and Wardens of the said Craft of Pewterers, as well within the City of London, as within every other City, Borough, and Town of this Realm where such Wardens be. And where no such Wardens be, to the Head Officer or Governour, Head Officers or Governours of the same City, Borough, or Town, for the time being, to appoint divers Persons most expert in Knowlege of the same, to make Search and Seizure, and to take into their Hands and possession all such Wares as hereafter shall be brought contrary to the true Intent and Effect of this present Act, in whose soever hands or possessions any such shall be found.

And also be it Enacted by the Authority abovesaid, That no person or persons, occupying the said Craft or Occupation of Pewterers, within this Realm, shall set on work, or retain in his or their Service, any person or persons, to be his or their Apprentice or Journey-man, being Strangers born out of this Realm; upon pain to forfeit for every such Apprentice and Journey-man ten pounds Sterling. And that no Stranger, born out of this Realm, shall occupy, exercise, or use, from the Feast of Penticost next coming, the said Craft of Pewterers, nor work any manner of Vessel or other Ware aforesaid to be made of Tin or Pewter, within any place or

places of this Realm, upon pain of Forfeiture of Ten pounds Sterling, and also upon pain of Forfeiture of the same Pewter or Tin so wrought, in whose Hands soever it may be taken or found.

Not to exercise the Craft beyond Sea.

And also be it Enacted by Authority aforesaid, That no person nor persons, being born within this Realm, occupying or exercising the said Craft of Pewterers, shall at any time hereafter resort to any strange Regions or Countries, there to use, teach or exercise the said Craft of Pewterers, upon pain to lose the Privilege and Benefit of an Englishman. And if in case any of the Kings Subjects at this present Time, being dwelling in any strange Country or Region, and there occupying the said Craft of Pewterers, do not repair into this Realm, within three Months next after Request and Warning to him be given, by Writing sealed with the common Seal of the Wardens of the said Craft within the said City of London, and here in this Realm continually from henceforth dwell and inhabit, that then and from henceforth he shall be taken and reputed as no Englishman, but shall stand and be from henceforth out of the Kings Protection.

Hawkers.

And forasmuch as sundry evil-disposed Persons which commonly be called Hawkers, by Authority of the Kings Letters Patents or Placard, do not only go about from place to place, within this Realm, using Buying and Selling of Brass and Pewter: And by colour and pretence of the same Licenses and Placards, use unlawful and deceivable Weights and Beams, but also do use to sell both Pewter and Brass which is not good, nor truely, nor lawfully mixt nor wrought, to the great Deceit of the Kings true liege People, contrary to the Form and Effect of the said good Act and Statute made in the said fourth Year of the Kings most Noble Reign. Be it therefore Enacted by Authority of this present Parliament, That all such Licenses and Placards heretofore had, made or granted to any such person or persons, contrary to the true Meaning, Form, and Effect of this Statute, shall be from henceforth by Authority of this present Parliament clearly void and of none Effect. And whereas in the said Act of Parliament, (concerning the Craft of Pewterers and Brasiers) made in the said fourth Year, for divers Causes and Considerations in the same contained, among other Things it is expressed, That no person or persons, using the said Craft of Pewterers or Brasiers, should from henceforth sell or change any Pewter or Brass, new or old, at any place or places within this Realm, but only in open Fairs and Markets, or in their own Dwelling-houses, but if they were desired by the Buyers of such Wares, upon pain of Forfeiture of every such Default 101.

Penalty on Hawkers,

Forasmuch as the same Forfeiture is to the only Use of the Kings Highness, and that any Party, searching or finding the same, is not intituled to have any Benefit thereby, it hath not been known that any person or persons have taken any pain to insearch or make any Inquiry thereof. By reason whereof, divers and many evil-disposed Persons, using Buying and Selling both of Brass and Pewter, and not regarding the said good Act, nor the said Penalty, daily go about from Village to Village, Town and Town, and from House to House, to sell such Pewter and Brass which is not good. And also use deceivable Weights and Beams, as they did before the making of the said Act, to the great Hurt and Deceit of the Kings true liege People and Subjects. Wherefore be it Enacted by the Authority abovesaid, That as well the Moiety of the said Forfeiture of Ten pounds, limited in the said Estate made in the said fourth Year, as also the Moiety of all other Forfeitures before expressed; and every of them be and shall be to the Use of the Kings Highness, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety of the same Forfeitures, and every of them, to the Use of him or them that shall seize, find, or present the said Forfeitures, or any of them, or that shall sue for the same in any competent Court or Courts within this Realm, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, wherein the Defendant shall in no wise be admitted to wage his Law, or any Protection or Essoin to any person or persons, which shall be impeached to have offended contrary to the Form and Effect of this Statute, shall be allowable. This Act to endure to the last Day of the next Parliament.

ffor our ordinance Ism payed for the confirmacion of our ordynance in expences first payed to monleye to have his counsell iiijs. viij d.

Ism payed for brekfast at mobroks whan we disyred hym to goo we monleye to me lord chanceler xijd.

Ism payed for a horse for mobroke whan monleye Rood for vs to me lord Chanceler xx d I payed

for a nother horse for vrswyk viijd. Ifm gave to monley for his labore the sam tym xxs. Ifm payed for horsmet iiijd. Ifm payed for our sopper xiijd. Ifm spend a nother tym whe we went to spek wt broke vd. Ifm the wardyn and vrswyk spendyd at stretforthe when they went to speke wt monleye iiijd. Ifm payed at broks for brekfast for my lord Chanslers servants & brought the wrytyng frome lord & had it a gayn iijs. xd. Ifm payed for both hire the same tyme ijd. ob. Ifm payed to hedlaye clarke of the chambr of london to have his counsell xijd. Ifm spend on the sayd hedlaye at suyt in easchep for his brekfast xijd. Ifm gave to my lord Chanceler a garnesh of vessell weyng lxxxviijth iiijd. ob the the xxxiijs. to brekylbank for wrytyng vjs. viijd. to James stods for wryttyng in pchement vjs. viijd iiijti. ijs. vjd. ob.
Ifm payed to Thom's curte that he payed for lokyng the books for goyng
on proceshcion xij đ.
If payed whan went graves end for barge up & down for iiij men xvj đ.
Jfm payed for j qrts of ffagot & ij qrts of colls for to drys met [dress meat] whan mylls wyf was berryed
1533-4. Itm pd to vj harnese men for the mayres for the schyryffs
for mydsom & seynt peto's nyght xij s.
Jfm for iiij mens which went wth the maire wt bowys at mydson & seynt
peto's [Peters] Evyn ij s. viij đ.
If for wasshyng and hemyng of the cotts for the bowemen . viij d.
Ifm ffor xvj straks of Tynne waying vij lb qrt at iiij đ. ob the lb.
This entry confirms the view previously expressed as to the meaning
of the term "strakes" or "strikes." They are shown to have been small
objects, weighing only 7 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> oz. each, either actually or in the average.
The fact of their being bought by weight at 4d. per pound, strongly
suggests that they were small blocks of tin in an unmanufactured state.
Ifm pd to harry basse grauor ffor the new grauyng the sealle off causys xij s.
This seal was made eighty years before. See p. 39.
Ifm pd' ffor a dynn <sup>r</sup> made for the kyngs attorney and mr speker xxx s. viij đ.

Jim paid To mr selyster [solicitor] iiij ti. vj s. viij đ.
Itm for pyppyns and botthyer [boat hire] v đ.
Ifm spent at broks taune and the bulles hedde in cheppe ix d.
3fm for ij doss' Trenchars whiche was geuyn to the kyngs attorney
waying xviij lb at vj đ ix s.
These trenchers were of better quality and workmanship than the
garnish below, which cost only 43/4d. per lb.
Ifm ffor a pottell bottell geuyn to the kyngs Attorney [A pottle is a liquid
measure of 4 pints] ij s. iiij đ.
Itm ffor a holle garnysshe of vessell geven to the kyngs Attorney waying
iiij xvj lb p's the lb iiij đ. ob q xxxviij s. vj đ.
Ifm pd for the breckefaste at the Rosse at Westm' of the mr wt wardeyns
mr baxtor mr Royden myllis everyd and me xviij d.
Ifm pd to the coke of the tempill for steyn metts whiche was spente at
the kyngs hedde iiijs. viijđ.
Jim pd to John haward wardeyn of the collage off petycannons of powlls for a holle yeres quytt rent endyng at mydsom for a nobbett
to be kepte ffor mr gottame
3fm pd to Willim Weyver sgeaut [serjeant] for his holle yeres fee
vj s. viij đ. and for his attendance geuyng at o' hall for disobedyant
psons xij đ vij s. viij đ. <b>Jím</b> pđ ffor a malvissay vessell for Wat? Tows xiiij đ.
Arabic figures for the date heading are first used this year in the
Yeomanry accounts.
1534-5. Ifem paied for the dyner for theym that dyned not at Guylde
hall
Item paied to the dromslawe
This performer is called a drumslade in the accounts of 1539-40.
He accompanied the fifes or pipes on the Company's barge.
Inprimis geven to my lorde maire of Newyeres day for his Newyeres
gift iij ti.
This continued for many years as an annual payment to the Lord
Mayor from the Company "to be good unto them."

Item payed to the wardeyns of the yoma ry of the money tha cam out of
the chamb iij ti.  Jiem for a quyre of paper ij d. ob.
Item for a quyre of paper ij d. ob.
Item wham went to enquere of the mat? betwixt the yomanry and the
clothyng xviij đ.
No mention of this dispute is found in the account book of the
Yeomanry, but an entry in the City records (Repertory 9, fol. 96b.)
gives the decision of the Court of Aldermen, dated 25th February,
26 Henry VIII, as follows: Sor the matter yn varyance betwene the
pewterers & the yomanry of the same It ys agreed that by the agreement
of Master & Wardeyns of the same mystery no Iourney man of the sayd occupacion that afore thys tyme hath bene apprentice withyn thys Cytie
shalbe suffred to be Idell but at all tymes hereafter according as he
shalbe hable shalbe sett on worke wt the Masters of the sayd Craft &
have theyre wages well & truely payed accordyng to theyre dimerytes.
J'em whan my lorde maire sat in our hall for wyne waffars a potell of
ypocras for brede ale and wood & coles iiij s. x đ. ob.
Hippocras was a cordial composed of wine with an infusion of spices
and other ingredients.
Ifem paied to our pedecessours for the almosse of the yomanry viij s. iiij d.
Jiem paied to sr harry hayward prest for iiij skynnes pree the skynne
iiij d xvj d.
Ifem for the lymyng [painting or illuminating] of the same . xvj d.
Jeem for the writynge of the ordennace & the intetelyng of the articles
xij s.
Ifem for the byndyng of the same & the stuff pteynyng thereto xx d.
Item for writing of the foure gospels viij d.
Ifem for ij gernards that we gave to my lorde maire iij s. j d.
Item for woodde to make a fyar iiij d.
Ifem for Rysshes the same tyme ij d.
Item for a Galon of ypocras iij s iiij d.
Item for a Galon & a potell of Cleret wyne xij d.
•

Item to the gardyn for makyng of the gardyn x d.
Item for drynke for the master & wardeyns at Guylde hall gate vd.
Item paied for brekyng of a lidde of a stone potte at a habdasshers
house ij đ.  Jiệc for caryeng a poore man out of the hall to the churche . iiij đ.
Item for caryeng a poore man out of the hall to the churche. iiij d.
Item for a sheafe & xxti arrowes at ij s. the sheafe iiij s. viij đ.
A "sheaf" is generally supposed to have contained 24 arrows, but
this estimate does not agree with the above entry.
Jiem for feathryng of ij sheafe & iiij arrows & xij heddes xx d.
Item for iiij cases & iiij girdels at ten pens the case & girdelle . iij s. iiij d.
Jiem to iiij bowmen in harneys for two nyghts watchyng ijs. viij d.
Jiem to iiij harnes men in complete harneys the which were sent to my
lorde maire viijs.
Jiem to two harnes men the which were set to mr Denam the Shirif
from mr Roydon iiijs.  Them for pavyng of lviij yards at ij d. a yerde at mr magson and
harmyngstrongs dores ix s.
Ifem vij lode of pavyng ston price the lode xvj d ix s. iiij d.
Item for two grattes of lede wayng vjli vjd.
Item for xvj li of plomars sodar at v đ. li vj s. viij đ.
Jtem for a sokette of lede wayng x li x d.
Item to a carpent? for layeng of two pieces in the draught in the hall viij d.
Jiem for two bondell of poles & roddes to bynde the arbar . vjd.
Jem for a bokette for the welle viij d.
Jem to the carpenters for fyue rayles for the vyne ijs. jd.
Item for drynke & brede for the mr wardeyns & thassistaunces iiij d.
The "assistaunces" were probably the Past Masters of the Company,
who afterwards developed into the Court of Assistants.
4
Item wee aske allowannee as our pdecessours did for our dynar of our
lady day
1535-6. Quit rents. Ifm payed to the abbot & covent Serls obet iijs, iiijd. Ifm payed to sr Robrt astlyn subden of powlls for a holl
njo. mj d. Jom pajed to si reovit astijn subden of povins for a non

yer endyd at mydsomer for his obet xx s. Itm payed to the warden
of peters comons at poulls to kep an obet for master gottam for a
holl yer endyd at mydsomer xxvj s. viij d. Jfm payed to the master
& brethern of seinte Thoms of akers a quit rent out the howsyng
wtout crepylgat called Gregore ale for a holl [year] endyd at
michalmas iij ti. iij s. iiij d.
"Peters commons" is a curious illiterate rendering of Petty Canons.
Ifm payed to thorowgood s <sup>r</sup> geand wan we Serche $xx d$ .
Ifm geven to my lord chanceler ij garnesh of vessell weyng viij xij lb at
iiij đ. ob. q <sup>r</sup> a lb iij ti. viij s. ij đ.
36m payed for brekfast when we Serche her in the citie for the offycer &
vs viij đ.
Itm gave vnto my lord the maire that he shuld be good to the craft as he
hathe bene alwayes for his New yers gyft iij ti.
Itm re of on Niclas Rose a haberdasher for iiij dose small salts vj goblets
iiij dose ston pot heds valued at vs.
The haberdashers appear to have dealt largely in the smaller kinds
of pewter ware. Frequent entries concerning their misdeeds appear in
these records.
3fm rs of Thoms arnold for the vj horses that was bought for the men to
goo Northeward w <sup>t</sup> the kyng grace iij ti. xiij s. iiij d.
Ifm payed to James stods for wrytyng of a sublycacion to me lord the
maire xij đ.
Ifm for a quartron faggots x d. & iiij sakks of colls ijs ijs. x d.
A formidable insurrection arose this year (1536) in Lincolnshire
and Yorkshire, which was known as the Pilgrimage of Grace. It was
occasioned by the popular indignation against the suppression of the
smaller monasteries by an Act of Parliament passed in that year. The
insurgents were joined by the Archbishop of York and several noblemen,
and the Duke of Norfolk was sent against them with a hastily summoned
army. This included a levy from the City of London of 250 armed
men, 200 of them well horsed, which the Livery Companies were required
by the Mayor to furnish within twenty-four hours. The Mercers were

to provide twenty men, the Grocers, Drapers, Merchant Taylors and Clothworkers, sixteen each. The other Companies were assessed according to their ability to supply contingents varying from twelve to two, the quota demanded from the Pewterers being six horsemen. The rebels had seized York and Hull, and the Duke of Norfolk found it best to temporize with them, inducing them to disperse by the offer of a general pardon and the promise that Parliament should sit next year in the north to redress their grievances. The particulars that follow give an interesting picture of the varied duties which were laid upon the wardens of a City Company, including the purchase, grazing, and sale of horses at very short notice.

The prepacion & settyng forthe of vj men wt hors & harnes to wayt on the
kynge grace northwarde. ffirst payed to ni mednall for ij horsses
pris iij li. Jfm payed to Nicolas gaskcon for a horse xxviij s. iiij đ.
Ifm payed to Thoms arnold for a hors wt sadil & brydill xvjs. Ifm
payed to John parker for a horse xx s. Ifm payed John Spragyn
for a hors xiij s. iiij đ vj li. xvij s. viij đ.
Ifm payed for vj p of botts & vj p of spors xj s. x d.
Jim payed for vj swerds & vj dagers xvj s.
I'm payed for xxijti yards of whit cotton for cotts price euy yard vj d. ob.
xjs. xjđ.
Ifm payed to a tayllor for making of vj cotts & for red clothe for crosses
& armes of the citye ij s. vj đ.
Ifm payed for hors meat afor the goyng out of Sadyors viij s. x d.
Itm payed for the carage of vj p of harnes the whiche com fro m Jans
to the haull the [? which] he gave frely to serve the craft as pereth
ī a nother boke ij đ
Itm payed for vj dos poynts to harnes men w xjđ.
Itm payed for iiij bowys viij s. iiij d.
Ifm payed for iij shutyng gloues & bowstryng vj d.
If m payed for vj schef arowys to mak vp a scheff vj đ.
Itm payed for iij sadylls xs.
Itm payed for mendyng of sadylls & streplethere ijs.

the ft vj s. iiij d. **Ifm** for newe payntyng of iiij angells & iiij Rosses crowned ij s iiij d. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . x s. x d.

The rose was an emblem of the Company, and one of the charges in their armorial bearings. A crowned rose was used also for marking pewter, and may have been an *official* mark of the Company.

Itm payed to the master and bretheren of Seint Thoms of acres a quitrent out of gregores ale [alley] wout crepillgat . . xiij s. iiij d.

This was the last payment made to this famous religious house before its suppression.

From the inventory at foot of account. @nd more in pewtrobelongyng to the hall iij bassons and iij yewars, iij dd [dozen] plattars, iij dd j dysche, iij dd ij sawcers, & vj v lt chargars bareld, xij iij lt chargars bareld, xij pottell potts, xiij quarte potts, xij pynte potts, xv small drynkyng potts, wher of one was brockyn & vj salts. And more in new vessayll yt came from pecks xviij newfassyond plattars & iij newfassyond dyschys.

The last entry is crossed through, and following it is the note "delyuyd to Nycolas peake agayne."

1538-9. Recepted of the sayd inquest of the warde mote for syttyng and occupying of o' hall for the Cryste mas sceason. iij s. iiij d.

Recepted of xiiij psons of the sayd Compeny for comyng after the owre that thay war warned the Corte dey byfore mydsomer last paste at ij d. a pece vppō amēdmēt . . . . . ij s. iiij d.

Ifem for the hyre of a barge wt xijth orys to westemynstor. xvijs. viij đ.

The charge of the purchase of or howsce in ffanchorche strete of late Antony porters.

Jiem to maystor Chydley for hys devyssce of the wryttyngys for the assewrans of the sayd howssce. . . . . . . . . vs.

Jiem payd to bryght the skrevenor for the ingrosyng of scerten wryttyngs conscerny the assurans of the sayd howsce a payre of indenturys a dede a realesce and ij oblygacions . . . vjs. viij d.

Jiem payd to the Clerke of the stapyll to make scearche whether the sayd porter was by fore bownd in any stastute . . . xij d.

Jiem payd for drynke when we toke posscescyon . . . ij d.

Sm xxj ti. xij s. x d.



FROM THE CHARTER, 14 OCTOBER, 2 AND 3 PHILIP AND MARY, 1555.





## CHAPTER IV.

## the Geformation.

in full progress. The suppression of the larger monasteries soon followed that of the smaller ones. The houses of the Friars, Black, White, Grey and Augustinian surrendered
soon followed that of the smaller ones. The houses of the
Friars, Black, White, Grey and Augustinian surrendered
to the King, who also took possession of the great
Hospitals, Priories, and other religious foundations. The Hospital of
St. Thomas of Acon or Acres, founded in honour of Thomas à Becket,
was ultimately purchased by the Mercers' Company, who converted the
buildings for use as their Hall and Chapel. Meanwhile the quit-rent for
the property in Gregory Alley, formerly paid to that Hospital, was now
paid by the Pewterers' Company to the King's rent gatherer.
3fem payd to thomas adam Renttegatherer for owr sovereyn lorde the
kynge of the suppreste londys of thomas beckett for a yerly quwytte-
rent owte of gregorys alle wtowte Crepulgate dew at myghelmas laste
paste xiij s. iiij đ.
the chargys a gaynst the Generall mustor holden the viijth dey of may.
<b>Item</b> payd for ij ellys and iij q <sup>ts</sup> canvas for to make iiij payre of dublette sclevys for them that went to the mustor at vj đ. the ell . xvj đ.
3fm payd for xiij yardys of whytte Cotto for theyr cottys at vjd. the
yarde agaynst the sayd muster vij s.
Ifem for makyng of the sayd cottys and redde Crossys at vj the pece
agaynst the sayd mustor ijs.

garlandys

Henry having thrown off his allegiance to the Pope was threatened with a coalition against him of the Emperor and the French King. A general muster of all his male subjects throughout England and Wales between the ages of sixteen and sixty was accordingly summoned. The citizens of London met on the 8th of May, 1539, at Mile End, and consisted of three divisions of five thousand men each, exclusive of pioneers and other attendants. After marching through the City they were reviewed by the King and Queen at Westminster, and returned to the City by way of Holborn.

Jtem payd for hopyng of the bultyng tubbe in the larder . . . v d.
 Jtem payd for iij qts di of Red vellott for the new garnysshyng of the garlandys whyche the wardens be chosyn wts . . . vij s. xj d.
 Jtem payd to wyllam callaway goldsmyth for the workmanshyp of owre lady assumpcyon in sylver and gyldyng therof for the sayd

1539-40. If the received of masteris Myllys that she gaue to make the clothyng a dener at her husbands buryall xxs. Whiche xxs. the clothyng gaue towarde the charge goyng to Grenwhiche for the feechyng in of the Ladye Anne of Clevelonde . . . xxs.

Anne of Cleves, Henry's new bride, landed at Dover on 27th December, 1539, and passed through London to her coronation at Westminster Abbey on 4th February following. The citizens accompanied the Lord Mayor and Aldermen in their barges to Greenwich, whence the King and Queen were escorted from the Royal Palace with great pomp to Westminster.

Charge at the receueng of The ladie Anne of Cleve londe. Jsem to the bargeman for the hyer of his barge with a Crys [ten oars] xxjs. Jsem paied for the hier of a drumslade and to a man w a pype ijs. viij d.

The other items for fitting up the barge on the occasion of
this elaborate water pageant include "vj targetts at xvd. the pece,"
"xvjs. viijd. to the paynter for payntyng of ij olde Stremers banars and
the viij ban's for trompetors," & "planche bords and raylles for to tryme
the barge wt rayllis abowte." These boards were taken from the Hall to
Lambeth, where the barge lay. The cost of "nayllis and taynterhockis
[tenterhooks] to hang vp the clothis [draperies] aboute the barge"
was ij d., and time ran so short that iiij d. was "payed for a bote to
lambith to haste the Barge the mornyng that the ladie Anne came yn."
3fem payed to viij men that bere cressetts and ij men [that] bere baggs at
vii d the pece vis vii d

Jiem payed to viij men that bere cressetts and ij men [that] bere baggs at viij d. the pece . . . . . . . . . . . vjs. viij d.

Jiem payed for x greate strawen hattys . . . . . . . . . . . xv d.

Jiem payed to master Urswyke for the workmanship of the vpper parte of a stylletorie wayeng xiij lb. at j d. ob le pounde Sm xix d. ob And for the workmanship of the nether parte of leede wayeng xxvij lb. at ob le pounde sm xiij d ob. The whiche stilletorie was geven to the

Jiem payed to a man to se the tonnys ffylde for waccheng three nyghts at viij d. the night . . . . . . . . . . . . ij s.

mayor.

The above entry appears under the heading of "Repacyons at Gregory Alley."

It would be interesting to have known the name of this "estraunger," who seems to have hired the hall for the purpose of entertaining his friends. No public accommodation for such purpose was then available, as the taverns boasted no apartments of large size, nor could they be hired for exclusive use. There was a dancing master later, see page 149.

Jtem payed to m<sup>r</sup> Alayne of the Chekker [Exchequer] for a write for lx lb. of blacke lay and \*\* lb. of bras by the Informacon of bellamy of Taunton and for bott hyer at ij tymes . . . . ij s. iij d.

Browars stondyng at Gravisende . . . . iij s. iiij d.

This fine was imposed during the search at Gravesend Fair. Unfair practices towards brother tradesmen were strictly repressed.

to the Clarke and his company for syngyng of mase and dirige iij s. iiij d.

The payments for "our Lady day" at Allhallows usually included this large payment to the Clerk who was assisted in the musical portion of the service by his brethren of the Company of Parish Clerks.

Jiem geuen to the speker of the pliament in reward xij frenche platters & xij disshis of pewter wayng lij lb. at v d. ob the lb. Sm xxiiij s.

Jn prmis pd to the kyng for his subcide . . . . xxj s. x d.

This is the earliest recorded instance of the Company's contribution to a royal subsidy.

Ifem pd to the kyngs prynter for pryntyng of a hundrethe of o' Actys

**Ifem** spente the daye that ye master warden went to serche beyondsee warre in london . . . . . . . . . . . . . vj d.

"Beyond sea ware" is a quaint expression for foreign pewter.

Ifem pd for or den [dinner] and the maires officers in the Dager in Chepe when wee went to serche haberdasshers shopps in london . ijs.

only suche partyculars as we have crossyd owt & not allowyd. And ffurthar we wyll that the sayde Rychard crostwayt Thoms ffowlle and harry clarke schall make a parfet & a iust accompte as well of ther Receytts as of ther payments ffor ther rydyng & goyng a bowte in serche for this yere by twene this & candellms next comynge. of th' that ys now come to ther hands and ffurthar we awdyt th' all suche matt's as be in svet [suit] in the kyngs excheccar by ther Informacyon & not yet recoueryd schall at all tymmys & from tyme to tyme as they may recou any some of money agaynst any parson for offendyng of the kyngs hyghnes stattuts consarnyng the craft of pewterars or any thyng havyng now in ther hands or here aftr schall have by vartu of ther serche w' in ther sayd yere shall bryng in all suche some or somys of money w' in the space of monthe after the

Receyte ther of & make a yvste [just] accommpte ther of and at ther accommpte the sayd craft to allow them ther costs & chargs according to ryght & good consiens, and wyche of them that ys founde fawty and denyeth thus to do, to forfayt for eury peny doble that he schall so receive or come to hys hands & not brynge in.

Jiem p<sup>d</sup> for o<sup>r</sup> drynkyng at the bailie of the Savoies howse when the beame was tached at the copsmytthis howse . . . vj d.

This entry is crossed through, not having been allowed at the audit, as explained in the entry above. The Savoy, formerly a palace and at this time a hospital, situated on the south of the Strand near Wellington Street, was a Royal manor, and as such had its own "bailie" or chief official.

This is the earliest instance that I can find in the records of the introduction of the term "Company" in place of "Craft," "Mistery" or "Fraternity." (See note on page 5.)

Jtem more gevoyn to the sayd maystor maysson a threquarte fflagon pryce . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . iijs.

This fine flagon appears among several other gifts and payments amounting to 53s. 7d., incurred in obtaining the Company's final Act of confirmation passed in the 33rd year of Henry VIII (c. 4). The Act recites the statute of 25 Hen. VIII, c. 9 (see pages 128–132), and proceeds thus:

Parliament, then next following, and which Act was afterwards renewed in the Parliament holden at Westminster, the 28th Year of the Reign of our Sovereigh Lord, to endure until the end of the next Parliament then next following. And which Act was also renewed at the Parliament holden at Westminster, in the 31st and 32nd Years of our said Sovereign Lords Reign, to endure until the last Day of the next Parliament then next ensuing: Prayen therefore in this present Parliament our said Sovereign Lords true and obedient Subjects the Pewterers of this his said

Realm, and other the true Commons of the same, because the same Act is beneficial and necessary for the Common-wealth of this Realm: That it may be enacted by the King our said Sovereign Lord, the Lords spiritual and temporal, and the Commons in the present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, for as much as the same Act, and every Thing therein contained, is good and beneficial to the Common-wealth of this Realm, and all and every the said Acts and Statutes, and all and every Article, Sentence, and Clause comprised in the same, may from henceforth stand and abide in as full Strength and Effect, for evermore from henceforth to endure, according to the Purport, Tenour and Effect of the same Act and Acts, as though the said Articles, Sentences and Clauses, were specially limited, recited, or declared in this present Act. And that no person nor persons, from henceforth buy or take to exchange, or otherwise take into or within this Realm, to the Intent to sell any such Things or Wares, above rehearsed, made or to be made out of this Realm, upon pain of like Forfeitures and Penalties, as are and were expressed in the said several Acts, the same Penalties and Forfeitures to be levied, as is before expressed.

Wares made and brought from beyond the Seas.

Master and Wardens shall not be withstood in

And that it may be further enacted by Authority aforesaid, that if any person or persons, do unlawfully withstand, interrupt, disturb, or let the Master and Wardens, or their Deputies of the said Craft of Pewterers, their Search for the Time being, or the Head-Officer or Governour, Head-Officers or Governours of Cities, Towns and Boroughs, within this Realm, wherein no such Master and Wardens are, or shall be, or any of them, in searching, seizing, and taken into their Hands and Possessions such Wares as shall happen to be bought, or brought into this Realm contrary to the Purport and Effect of the said Statute, made in the said 25th Year of the Reign of our said Sovereign Lord, and then every such person and persons so offending, in letting, disturbing, or withstanding the said Seizure, or taking of such Wares as is aforesaid, shall loose and forfeit for every Time so doing, the Sum of five Pounds Sterling, the one Half whereof, shall be to the King's Use, and the other Half to him or them that will or shall sue for the same, by Action of Debt, Writ, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any the Kings Courts of Record, in which Action or Suit, no Protection, Privilege, nor Wager of Law, shall be allowed nor admitted.

The Act thus finally amended, gave the Company powers which remained in vigorous use for the next two centuries; it was reprinted without alteration as their empowering statute in 1741.

**Item** in stone pottys w<sup>t</sup> pewto<sup>r</sup> Covers of the beyonde the sey makyng xxxiij takyn of Robert waddyngton.

AAAII takyii of reobert waddyiigtoti.
1543-4. If Received the xxti day of marche ao p'dicto of the straunger that kept the Dawnsyng in the Halle xs.
Item paide for botehire for the maister and myself and the Bedell to &
ffrom lamehith on thursday in Easter weke whan we went to hire a
barge v đ.
Item paid more to a plomer for newe castyng of CC a qr & vij lb. leade
for a gutter in the Costardmongers hows in ffanchirche strete
ijs. iij đ. ob.
ffirst paide to Olymden Carpenter ffor the ffram of the vyne and settyng
vp of the same lviij s. viij đ.
the Charges of the Settyng fforth of Ten men to the kynges armye.
Inprimis paid for ix yardes of yelowe karsey at xvj đ. the yarde Sm xijs.
Item paid for xj yards of brode blewe price the yarde iij s. & iiij d.
xl s. iiij d.
Item paid for a yarde of white a yarde of Black and a yarde of Redde
iij s. x đ.
Item paid for xvij yards of blewe karsey at xix đ. the yarde xxvij s. jđ.
Item paide for iiij yardes of blek karsey at xv d. the yarde . vs.
Jtem for iiij yards white karsey at xiij đ. the yarde iiij s. viij đ.
Jtem paide for iij yards of Rede karsey iiij s.
Ifm for chaungeing of vj yards karsey viij đ.
Ifm paid for vj yards of rede karsey at xviij d. the yarde. Sm. ix s.
Item paid for v yards & iij quarters of yelowe for the alteryng of cots
& hose vij s. viij đ.
3fm paid for a yarde of blewe and a yarde of yelowe for the man that
went awey ij s. vij đ.
Ifem paid for x hatts vjs. viij đ.
Item paid ffor the chaunging of vj hatts
para nor the changing of vy hatto.

	xvij đ.
Itm for making of six Cots of the duke of Norffolks lywey. St	n js. vjd.
Jim for makyng of xj dubletts & lynyng of x gorgetts Jiem paid for the lynyng & makyng of vj paire of hosen Jiem for makyng & lynyng iiij paire of hose of my lorde preve	vijs. vjs.
slop ffacion	s. iiij đ.
Jtem for makyng & Translatyng of vj cots	
Jtem for the Translatyng of vj paire of hosen for my lorde of normy lorde prevye seall	
Ifm for xij ells Canvas	vj đ. ob.
Ifm paid for viij billes ix	
	ij s. xđ.
Jiem another bowe for the Bowe that was broken	xv đ.
Jiem for brasers shotyng gloves & stryngs	хđ.
Jtem for iij harneys & iij saletts	XXS.
	xiij đ.
	s. iiij đ.
Jiem paid for a groos of poynts	viij đ.
Jtem for ij daggers	ij s.
Jtm for another dagger for richard phillip	viij đ.
Ifm for a dagger for the litell Bowman	xij d.
Jim for a dagger for william Browne	xđ.
Jtm for a dagger for John lowe	viij đ.
Jtem for a dagger for John lane	viij đ.
Jfm for a dagger for xpofer neelson	viij đ.
Jtem for a dagger for Thomas Grene	viij đ.
Ifm more for a dagger & a swerde	xx đ,

History of the Pewterers' Company. 151
Jim for vj suerde girdells xij đ.
Jfm for vj suerde girdells
Jfm paid viij swerdes xvjs.
Ifm for makyng clene of x gorgetts viij đ.
Itm paid more for oon swerde for not brown xviij đ.
Jiem paid to the x men after Trinitie sonday to drynke iij s. iiij d.
Jtem paid for botchire the next day iiij đ.
Itm paid for drynke on Trinitie sonday
Jtem paid for a swerde whiche was Broken ijs.
Ifm paid more to the same ten men on corpus xpī Even . iij s. iiij đ.
Ifm laide oute for prest money to x men at ij s. vj đ. a man . xxv s.
Item for brede & drynke for the same soulders vj đ.
Ifem more for a dagger & a girdell x d.
Jem to James fflent which mr vsthwayte brought whiche maister
usthwayte shall pay in xij đ.
Sm tots xv ti. x s. v d. ob.
These preparations were necessitated by the renewal of Henry VIII's quarrel with France.
1544-5. Jiem Receaved of Mast Aleyne skynnere at the beryall of Mistrys Taylor hys mother to thewse of o' halle . xxxj s. viij d.
The Charges of the settyng forthe of xxij men to the kyngs armye at iij Sondry tymes.
Ifm payde for a pece of fryse of xxxvij yards long j li. iij s.
Ifm payde for a harnys to Robarte Taylor prise ix s. vj d.
Ifm payde for ij pare of slevys of Mayle by Machim iij s. iiij d.
Ifm payde to John Day for a hole alman Revett a sallat one pare of splents a pare of Bregenders viij s. viij d.
Almayne rivets were overlapping plates of armour to protect the lower
parts of the body. They were held together by rivets moving in slits to
allow of freer motion. The word "Almayne" was the mediæval name for
Germany, where this armour was made. A "salade" or "sallett" was a

light helmet, with or without a visor, chiefly used by foot soldiers.

Ifm payde to John day for Another Alman Revett prise vijs.
Itm payde for ij lether Jorkyns ij s. iiij đ.
Ifm payde for the making of x cotes vs. viij d.
Itm payde for the mendyng of the harnys js. ij d.
1545-6. Ifm Resceyvid for vj brasse potts sold weyng cvij lb. at xvj s. the c xvij s.
Ifm Resceyvid for êten Course pewter mettell whiche remayned in the hall weyng di C vj lb. at ij d. ob the j lb xiij s. j d. ob
Ifm Resceyvid of Clement kellyngworthe for old spones weyng vij lb. at ij d. ob the j lb xvij đ. ob.
Ifm Resceyvid for xxxiij stone potts sold to dyus of the company at j d. le pese ijs. ix d.
Ifm Resceyvid for xlij bottells of stone sold to dyus of the Company at ij d. le pese
These were pewter-lidded pots and bottles which had been forfeited, with the other ware mentioned, for bad workmanship or quality.
Ifm Resceyvid of henry Clerke for a ffyne because he came after the ower appoynted when mr hawkyns was buryad xij d.  Ebe xv <sup>ths</sup> for the Cundytts that be newe made. [A payment of 6s. 8d.
for the "first" fifteenth, and a similar payment for the "second."]
These were probably the Conduits for distributing the water newly conveyed from Hampstead in 1543 and from Hoxton in 1546. Stow states that conduits were erected in Lothbury and in Coleman Street in 1546. In 1589 a fifteenth was granted by the Common Council for cleansing the River Fleet.
<ul> <li>Jfm payd to a paynter for payntyng of xxvij yeards of clothe whiche was the old paynted clothes that did hang in the Countynghouse and for vj yeards of clothe more to pforme the sayd hangyngs vij s. iiij d.</li> <li>Jfm payd to a Glasier for makyng the pewterers armys in ascochyn in one of the hall wyndows &amp; for settyng in of ix quarells in the</li> </ul>
wyndowes where the Glasse was brokyn xx d.

1546-7. Ifm pd for a dynner at the pewterers Hall for mr shryue
[Sheriff] certayne alderman and the hole crafte of the crafts free
gyfte to m <sup>r</sup> Shryue the same daye vij li.
Thomas Curtis, Sheriff of London in 1546, was Master in the
previous year, and was re-elected to that office for the year of his
Shrievalty. A full account of this eminent member of the Company
will be found on a later page.
3fm delyuered for a dynner at the hall for the Rest of the company that dyned there withe all them that had byne Wardens wyfs. xviijs. vð.
3fm payde to Elderbeeks wyf for dressynge of the dynner at the mayers
ffeaste xij d.
Itm payde at dyrige and masse on owre ladye daye, to the Curate viij đ.,
to the Decon vjđ., to ij condute viijđ., to ij preste viijđ., to the
Sexton iiij d. 3fm to the clark for syngynge the highe masse in
pryckesonge and for his dyrige and masse of Requyem iijs. iiijđ.  Ifm p <sup>d</sup> to the churche wardens for the occupyinge of theyre
Ornamente xx d. If p for spyce Breade iij s. vj d. If p for a
chese xj d. <b>Ifm</b> p <sup>d</sup> for a kylderkyn of good ale ijs. <b>Ifm</b> for ij half
pownde tapers viij d xiiij s. xjd.
This is the last record of the religious celebration at Allhallows,
Lombard Street, on "our Lady daye Assumption" with the full ritual
of pre-Reformation times. Compare with the above the details of the
service held in 1548-9.
Jtm payde more for a xv <sup>th</sup> & half agaynst the crownacion of the kyngs maiestye xs.
King Edward VI was crowned at Westminster, 20th February, 1547.
Itm pd for cressyt lyght and for cresset berers and men to beare the bags
w <sup>t</sup> lyght on mydsomer euyn and sainte Peters Euyn for m <sup>r</sup> shryue viij s. iiij d.
AffoBances thys yere. Itm we aske allowaunce for the dynn on owre
lady daye assumption for that that the mayre of london my lorde
Chefe Baron & other dyned theyre that daye by the graunte of the
hole clothynge iiij ti.
Jtm pd for wryttynge and Ingrossynge of this accompte vs.

The accounts for this year and those of the twenty-two years next following are written in a beautiful hand by Edmund Browne, who was Clerk to the Company from 1551 or earlier until his death in 1568–9. His skilful penmanship was a labour of love, and the initial "T" of each account is beautifully drawn and embellished in the later years with humorous devices and elaborate flourishes. After Browne's death, this artistic excellence disappears. For ingrossing each yearly account at this time, the Clerk received 58.; this was increased later to 68.8d., and in 1570, 108. was paid. The Clerk's yearly salary was 208., and his other emoluments included fees for preparing legal deeds, the roll of members, and other documents.

## 1547-8. **R**s of a Spanyarde for kepyng Daunsyng in ye Hall for iij months . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . xv s.

An entry two years later gives the name of the Spaniard as Jesper. In this and the previous year's accounts first appears (except for a casual margin use in 1509–10, which may not have been contemporary) the form "ye" in imitation of the old English "be" which dropped out of use at the end of the 15th century. The older letter was used in various words and syllables, as in "bt," "bis," &c., but its later equivalent was used only in the word "ye," and came down to quite modern times as a convenient and rapid way of writing this much used word.

Ifm spent at the Ale howse by the Hall Amonge the wardens & d	lyuers
of the company ye xxvij daye July	iij d.
<b>Ifm</b> the therde daye of August spent at $y^e$ ale howse	ij d.
Jfm spent at an ale howse at yelde Hall when mr Curteyes prentyomade free	
	IIJ CI.
The above three entries were disallowed by the auditors.	

**Ifm** p<sup>d</sup> to y<sup>e</sup> beadle for half a thowsand of brycke the xxj daye of ffebruary . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . iiij s.

This outlay was for repairs to the Company's property. Among his various duties the Beadle also carried out those of Clerk of the Works or Master builder,

Ifm Spente at the iij tonnes at newgate market When the mrs mr Heyfforde
mr Ponder & goodma Rewe after theyre beynge at the speker of the
plyament the xxvij daye of novembr viij đ.  Jím to the Mase Bearer of the plyment vj s. viij đ.
Ifm to the Mase Bearer of the plyment vjs. viij d.
Itm to the Porter of the common [Commons] howse . xij đ.
Itm to the Inner porter of the common howse iiij d.
36m pd for viij mens Brekefast at westmynster That ys to saye mr
warwycke mr Wylkynson & Curteys w thyre company . xviij đ.
Ifm pd to the Clarke of the plyament vs.
Ifm pd to his clarke for a Reawarde xij đ.
3fm pd to mr Baker speker of the plyament ij quarte potts gylt which
we Receyved of mr Rowlande xx s.
Costs of the lawe done In london for ye Defence of Rewe
•
Edward Rewe was a rebellious liveryman. In the list of payments
of quarterage for this and the next year he is a defaulter, but paid his dues once more in 1549. The points in contention are not stated, but
they probably related to the obit of Lawrence Astlyn, whose will was
brought in evidence. The proceedings took place first before the Court
of Lord Mayor and Aldermen, who delegated four Aldermen to hold an
enquiry at Pewterers' Hall. Afterwards the Master and Wardens were
summoned to Saddlers' Hall to appear before Commissioners who were
charged to enquire into the dispute. Their decision is not recorded, but
Rewe afterwards became reconciled to the Company.
3fm pd to a pursyuaunt that belonged to the Vysyters at Sadlers Hall ye
xxvj daye of Ap <sup>r</sup> ell iij s. iiij d.
Ifm pd to my lorde cheffe Barnes [Lord Chief Baron's] Clarke for
Redyng & takynge of yo' names the xxvj daye of Aprell xvj d.
Jim spent at the Sadlers Hall when the maysters & wardens went to the
vysyters ijd.
Jim pd to Robert xpoffer one of my Lorde mayres Clarke for Drawyng
or Answere to thartycles Dyrected vnto vs by the comysoners towching owre Hall & pvsing or evydence vs.
towening owie trail & pysing o evydence Vs.

The "Letter Books" are a series of volumes preserved among the City records. They extend in date from the early part of Edward I's reign almost to the end of that of James II. "Boke G" is the seventh in the series, the earlier volumes of which contain the proceedings of both the Court of Aldermen and the Court of Common Council.

Ifm spent at yelde hall gate . . . . . . iij d.

This appears to have been at the entrance to Guildhall in Cateaton Street, now Gresham Street, St. Lawrence Jewry Church being at the west corner and perhaps the "ale house" at the east. There were two taverns in Guildhall Yard, and each is described on the tradesman's token issued by its proprietor as at Guildhall Gate. Thomas Ailay of the Three Tuns (the Vintners' Company's Arms) issued a halfpenny token in 1665; of the White Lion at Guildhall Gate two tokens exist, one issued by W. C. before the Great Fire of 1666, the other in 1669 by Robert Peete.

**Afso** be yt rememberyd that all the crfts moulds be browght home from m<sup>r</sup> Curtys house to the hall & certyn harnys that is to say a payer of wambrats, a payer of polrons & a payer of vpper parts of legge harnys & also xx s. iiij d. of money for the dett of barnard belamy of taunton whych he receyuyd of m<sup>r</sup> grymys.

p<sup>d</sup> amonge the pore people of the same pishe in almes . . . ij s. vj đ.

Ifm p<sup>d</sup> to the bedyll for his paynys . . . . . . . . iiij đ.

The charges at this obit for the preceding year amounted to 9s. 10d., and included payments to the priests and clerks for dirige and mass, for ringing, wax, and other expenses, including gifts to the poor. The poor still received their gifts and the beadle his payments, amounting together to 2s. 10d., the balance of 7s. being paid to the King's rent gatherer. A hand with extended index finger points to these entries in this year's accounts.

thassuptio. Ifm pd to the Curat of the sayde churche for takyng paynes at the comunyon iiij d. Ifm pd to the clarke for hym & other syngers at the comunion iij s. iiij d. Ifm pd to the churchwardens for Ocupyinge of theyre Ornaments xx d. . . . . . . . . . . . vs. iiij d.

This is the first record of the annual religious festival on election day in Reformation times, and its baldness must have afforded a striking contrast to the splendour of the older ceremonial; even the modest meal of buns and spiced ale disappears.

In prmis pd for the Renewynge and confirmacon of owre Corporacion and also of or Readyng [riding] patent . . vij li xiij s. iiij d.

This was the usual charter of inspeximus. The original, granted by King Edward VI on 26 November, 1548, being the second year of his reign, is in the Company's possession.

**Ifm**  $p^d$  for a markynge Iron of the flowre delyce to amarked stone potts  $w^t$  . . . . . . . . . . . . x d.

It does not appear to have been the practice of the Company to mark all pewter ware, but rather to oblige the maker to put his own mark on every article. Why the lids of stone pots should have had a special mark, that of the fleur de lys, is not clear.

Jfm pd for ye wryttyng of the othe of the crafte in text hande in the crucyfyx boke . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . viij d.

Jim pd for woode & cole at the tyme that sr Martyn bowes knight Sat in the Hall at Edwarde Rues Request at dyu'se [divers] tymes for the tryall & proffe of or saye of layemettall . . . . xiiij d.

Sir Martin Bowes was the Court goldsmith and a principal member and great benefactor of the Goldsmiths' Company. His portrait by Holbein is in their Hall.

Jim pd to Stephyn Rowland for a payre of saye stones for the hall ijs.

Jim pd for a Gebbet of woode to hang the golde ballans [balance] on xviii d.

These payments were for appliances required by the Company's officers to assay pewter at the Hall.

**Ifm** pd to cosynton one of the mayres Sargeaunts for beynge or caruer & geuynge attendaunts for the hole yeare for his ffee

vis. viii d.

A return of the payments made by the Company for obits or chantries from funds left to the Company by deceased members is found this year in the records of the Augmentation Office. The result was, as we have seen, that the obits were abolished, and the amounts paid to the chantry priests were henceforth paid by the Company to the Crown; whilst such sums as were directed by the testators or founders to be applied to the relief of the poor, education and other purposes, were left in the hands of the Company, who continued to apply them to such uses.

Exchequer. Ministers' Accounts. 1-2 Edw. VI. Roll 31.

Lands &c. temporal and spiritual in the hands of the Crown.

Accounts of all and singular the Bailiffs Farmers and other Officers and Ministers of all and singular the lordships manors lands and possessions as well temporal as spiritual whatsoever being in the hand of the Lord the King by virtue and authority of a certain Act of the Parliament holden upon prorogation at Westminster the fourth day of February in the twenty-seventh year of the late King Henry the Eighth and there continued until the fourteenth day of April then next ensuing thereof published ordained and provided within the government and survey of the Court of Augmentations and Revenues of the King's Crown there, namely, from the Feast of Saint Michael the Archangel in the first year of the reign of the Lord now King Edward the Sixth by the grace of God King of England France and Ireland Defender of the Faith and of the Church of England and Ireland in Earth the Supreme Head until the same Feast of Saint Michael then next ensuing in the second year of the same Lord the King, to wit, for one entire year.

Account of Edward Mildemay gentleman Collector of the Rents there for half a year ended at the Feast of Saint Michael the Archangel in the second year of the reign of King Edward the Sixth.

None because the first Account for the Lord the King.

Sum—none.

City of London.

Rents of Corporations within the City of London Corporation of Goldsmiths of London.

Corporation of the Society of the Pewterers.

BUT HE RENDERS ACCOUNT OF—66s. 8d. for a certain Rent received from the Wardens of the Company of Goldsmiths London etc.

AND OF-4s. 11d. of Rent received from the Wardens of the Company aforesaid for a certain obit founded in the Church of Saint Mary Abchurche issuing out of their lands and tenements which were formerly of Laurence Astelyn at 9s. 10d. by the year due for half a year ended at the feast aforesaid OF 6s. 8d. of Rent paid to the late College of Acon at 13s. 4d. by the year due for half a year ended at the feast of Saint Michael the Archangel this year he does not answer Because the said Rent is charged among the possessions of the said late College within the City of London as appears in the said Account BUT HE ANSWERS FOR—10s, of Rent received from the Wardens aforesaid for a certain obit founded at Sabbysforde in the County of Hertford issuing out of their lands and tenements at 20s, by the year due for half a year ended at the feast aforesaid AND OF-13s. 4d. received from the same Wardens for a certain obit founded in the Cathedral Church of Saint Paul for the soul of John Gotehame at 26s. 8d. by the year due for half a year ended at the feast aforesaid.

Sum—28s. 3d.

In their accounts for 1547-9 the Yeomanry is for the last time styled a fraternity. The heading of the ensuing accounts is in the following style:—" **Chis** is the Acomte of vs Symond Ponder thomas kychyne John powell thomas wyddous wardens of the yomenry of pewterers wyth in the cytty of london maide & dellyveryd &c." The heading of the account for 1498-1500 is printed on p. 81.

1549-50. 3fm Rs of John Mathewe for breakyng an order made by the Maister wardens and ascystaunts by his concent for a voydynge . . . . betwene Thomas Clarke and hym at ffayres . . . iij s. iiij d.

Jfm pd for ij newe horsse Shewes vjd.
Jtm pd for ij payre of Spurres xij d.
Charge of the Purchase of the Obbyts and Quyt Rents of the
kynge, wt other Necessary payments as followithe:
3fm pd to my Lorde Treasorer by my Lorde Mayors comaundement for
the Purchase of vijs. a yeare yerely for mr Ashlyns obbyt, And more
xiij s. iiij d. for a yearly quyt Rent payde owt of gregory Allye. And
more vjs. viij d. payd to the Petycannons of Poules for kepynge an
Nobbyt at Sappysford for Ser Robert Ashlyn Sm xxvij s. by yere,
which cost the Sm of xxvij li.
Itm pd more by my Lorde Mayors comaundmet towarde the Drawyng
& wrytyng of the Patent for o' parte iiij s. iiij d.
Ifm pd to mblackwall the towne Clarke for Assuraunce & for Drawynge
and Wryttynge therof for the sayde Obbytts and Quyt Rents
as yt aperyth in the dede viij s.
Ifm pd to M' Hewys the kyngs Surveyo' to have his lawfull ffavor that
we might not be ouer Charged for a Rewarde iij s. iiij d.
The payment by the Companies to the Augmentation Office every

half-year as a rent charge all sums which they had been wont to pay for the maintenance of obits lasted but a short time. A year afterwards, the Government found itself in urgent need of money, and resolved to sell chantry lands to the annual value of 5,000/. In this 5,000/. were included the 1,000/. annually due from the City Companies, and accordingly they now received an intimation from the Council that they were expected to redeem these rents by the payment of 20,000l., and that within eight days. The Companies dared not resist, and as they had no large sum of money at their disposal wherewith to meet the demand, they had to sell a good deal of the property remaining to them, in order to raise the requisite sum. The simultaneous throwing of so much land upon the market, compelled some of the Companies to accept rather low prices. But on the whole, the Companies made a satisfactory bargain for them-The sum of the rents sacrificed by the eleven Companies, for which we have the requisite information, was 601/. 14s. 6d., and the rents recovered, 6281. 4s. 10d. The total amount which the Government finally

accepted from all the London Companies was about 18,700l.; in return for which it handed over the right, not apparently to the whole of the rent charges, but to an amount calculated on the basis of twenty years' purchase. These can hardly be regarded as extortionate terms, seeing that twenty years' purchase was the ordinary price of land. The letters patent conveying the re-grant to the Companies were signed in July, 1550, and the title of the Companies, and of all other purchasers of chantry lands, was confirmed by subsequent statute. [Ashley's English Economic History, Vol. I, part 2, pp. 153-4.]

**patent Boff.** 4 Edw. VI. part 7, m. 15 (43).

Grant of Rents late of the Pewterers' Company.

For Augustin Hynde and others—Of a Grant to them and their heirs.

The King to all to whom etc. Greeting Know ye that we for the sum of Eighteen thousand seven hundred and forty four pounds eleven shillings and two pence of lawful money of England paid to the hands of the Treasurer of our Court of Augmentations and Revenues of our Crown to our use by our beloved Augustine Hynde and Richard Turke Citizens and Aldermen of the City of London and William Blackwell gentleman Common Clerk of the same City whereof we acknowledge ourselves to be fully satisfied and paid and the same Augustine Richard and William their heirs executors and administrators to be thereof acquitted and discharged by these presents of our especial grace and of our certain knowledge and mere motion and also with the advice of our Council have given and granted and by these presents do give and grant to the aforesaid Augustine Hynde Richard Turke and William Blakewell All that our rent and annuity [and so forth].

\* \* \* \* \* \*

And all that our rent annuity and yearly sum of seven shillings issuing out of messuages and tenements of the [Master] Wardens and Commonalty of the Mystery of the Pewterers of the City of London situate and being in Gregorye Alleye without Crepulgate London within the parish of Saint Giles without Crepulgate London which said yearly sum rent or annuity the same Master Wardens and Commonalty lately

paid and used to pay yearly for the anniversary of Laurence Astelyne in the church of Saint Mary Abchurche London And all that our rent annuity and yearly sum of thirteen shillings and four pence by the year issuing out of the same messuages and tenements in Gregorye Alleye aforesaid which said yearly sum rent or annuity the same Master Wardens and Commonalty lately paid and used to pay yearly to the Master and Brethren of the lately dissolved College of Acon in London And all that our rent annuity and yearly sum of six shillings and eight pence by the year issuing out of the messuage called the Pewterers hall of the same Master Wardens and Commonalty and out of five tenements to the same messuage adjacent and appertaining situate and being in the street of Lyme-strete within the parish of Saint Dionis London which said yearly sum rent or annuity the same Master Wardens and Commonalty lately paid and used to pay yearly for the anniversary of Robert Astelyne in the parish church of Shapford in our county of Hertford AND all that our rent [and so forth].

ALL AND SINGULAR which aforesaid several yearly rents sums of money annuities and yearly sums above expressed and specified now amount in the whole to the clear yearly value of nine hundred and thirty nine pounds two shillings five pence and one halfpenny To HAVE hold and enjoy all and singular the aforesaid several yearly rents annuities sums of money and yearly sums and other all and singular the premises above expressed and specified with all and singular and every their appurtenances to the aforesaid Augustine Hynde Richard Turke and William Blackwell their heirs and assigns for ever to the proper use and behoof of them the said Augustine Richard and William their heirs and assigns for ever without in any wise rendering paying or making account rent service tenure or any other thing therefor or for any part thereof to us our heirs or successors Any law statute act ordinance use custom provision proclamation or restraint to the contrary thereof had made published ordained or provided or any other thing cause or matter whatsoever to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding AND we will and by these presents do firmly enjoin and command as well the Chancellor and General Surveyors and our Council of our said Court of Augmentations and Revenues of our Crown as all Receivers Auditors

and other Officers or Ministers of us our heirs and successors whomsoever for the time being that they and every of them upon the sole demonstration of these our letters patent or the inrolment of the same without other writ or warrant from us our heirs or successors in any wise to be obtained or sued forth shall make and from time to time shall cause to be made to the aforesaid Augustine Hynde Richard Turke and William Blackwell their heirs and assigns full entire and due allowance and manifest discharge from all and singular the aforesaid several yearly rents and sums of money above expressed and specified and from every parcel thereof And these our letters patent or the involment of the same shall be yearly and from time to time as well to the said Chancellor and General Surveyors [and] our Council of our said Court of Augmentations and Revenues of our Crown as to all Receivers Auditors and other Officers and Ministers of us our heirs and successors whomsoever for the time being sufficient warrant and discharge in this behalf AND MOREOVER of our more ample grace we give and by these presents do grant to the aforesaid Augustine Hynde Richard Turke and William Blackwell all the issues revenues profits and arrearages of all and singular the aforesaid rents annuities and yearly sums above expressed and specified and of every of them arising or growing from the feast of Saint Michael the Archangel last past until now To have to the same Augustine Hynde Richard Turke and William Blackwell without account or any other thing to us our heirs or successors in any wise to be rendered paid or done WE WILL ALSO and by these presents do grant to the aforesaid Augustine Hynde Richard Turke and William Blackwell that they may have and shall have these our letters patent duly made and sealed under our Great Seal of England without fine or fee great or small to us in our Hanaper or elsewhere to our use therefor in any wise to be rendered paid or made Although express mention etc. In witness whereof etc. Witness the King at Leighes the fourth day of July. By the King himself.

Jfm pd more to the Clarke of the mearsers [Mercers] too pvse ouer owre corporacion by my lord Mayers comaundement and for drawyng owt the effecte therof . . . . . . . . . . . . ijs.



a° tercio Rs E vj<sup>ti</sup> menc<sub>c</sub> January ffyrst m<sup>r</sup> curtes gave a playne table clothe for the hye table a dd [dozen] of playne napkyns markyd w<sup>t</sup> hys m<sup>r</sup>ke & a towell of cambryck. [Book of Inventories. The mark of Alderman Curtis here shown is copied from the margin of the Inventory.]

The inventory of the Company's goods in 1550 is here transcribed from the Book of Inventories for comparison with that of the previous

century, printed at pages 68-76.

This is the Inuentori made by vs Wiffm Hustwayte John Deye and Thomas Woodowce mr and Wardens of the ffelowship of Pewterers the xvth daye of septembr In the ffourth yeare of the Raigne of or Soueraigne Lorde Edwarde the Syxte by the Grace of god of Englande ffraunce and Irelande kynge Defendour of the faithe and of the Churche of Englande and Irelande in yearthe the Supreme hed.

In the countynge howse.						
In prmis in Sylver Spones	xxj.					
Ifm in Garlande of Red veluet						
Ifm vpon the sayde Garlande a pendaunt of Syluer and gylte of an In	nage					
of or lady ij Scochyns of Syluer enanyueld wt the Armes of	the					
Crafte and ij lylly potte of Syluer & iiij strake of syluer waing all	1					
3fm a Common Seale of Syluer wt the Armes of the Crafte Gra	auen					
therin weyng						
Ifm a Table of Waynscot wt a payre of Tresselle						
Ifm a Carpet lyinge vpon the sayde Table	j.					
Ifm iij Joyned formes wherof one Couered w' a Clothe Olde . iij.						
Ifm in Cheste one blacke cheste couered wt lether and bounde wt	Iron					
A cheste of Waynscote for Napery, and a lytle cheste pay	nted					
wt the Armes of the Crafte	iij.					
Ifm a lytle newe forme and a chest of waynscot	ij.					
Pewter.						
Ifm in Pottell Potte	xij.					
Ifm in Quarte potte	xiij.					

	History	of th	ie P	ewte	rers'	Com	pan	ν.		165
Itm	in stope Pynt <sub>e</sub>									xij.
	in Nuf half pynte									xiiij.
Jťm	in Salte Syllers wtow	t Cou	ers						•	vj.
Itm	in Salte Sellers wt co	ou whi	che v	vas h	ad of	mr bl	lackw	all		vj.
Itm	iij basons & iij yores	s [ewe	rs							iij
Itm	in iiij li Chargers ba	.rrelled	1			•				xij.
Itm	in Platters .		•							ij <sup>dd</sup> xj.
Jťm	in dysshes .									iij <sup>dd</sup> ij.
Jtm	in Sawcers .									iij <sup>dd</sup> ij.
Ifm	in v lb chargars									vj.
				oulde.						
	in iiij li Charger mo				ered	•	•	•	•	j.
	in Newe fasshion H		ould <sub>t</sub>		•	•	•	•	•	ij.
	in Spyce Plate Mou	-	N.A.	. 11	•	•	•	•	•	1j.
	in Narrowe bordered	•		_		•	٠	•	•	J.
	in Narrowe bordery					· Coala	٠ .			11J.
Triii	a Readyng Patent Rownde lether boxe		e Kyı	ige c	oroge	Seare	or y	elowe	wax	e in a
Itm	a Lether Case w <sup>t</sup> Pa		f the	Arm	es of	the C	Crafte			1.
	the laste confirmaco								ed w	grene
	waxe in a lether Cae							•		j.
Jťm	in Rowlys of wrytt					ette of	f the	Sute	for A	icte of
	plyament lying in t					•	•		•	iij.
	a longe boxe of way		-				•	•	•	j.
	a Table of Pewter v		•		Iarke	therei	n¹	•	•	j.
	in Streamers of Syll				•	•	•	•	•	ij.
	in banners of the ol			-	craft	•	•	•	•	j.
	in olde Stremers of	*	Mig	ghell	• .		•	•	•	j.
	in other Small Strer			•		•	•	•	•	j.
	in Trompet banners	of Sy	lke			•	•	•	•	viij.
	in Jurye bokes.		•			•	•	•	•	j.
Jtm	in Greate borded bo	oke of	the.	Acco	mpte	of the	ward	lens	•	ij.
	(I) The olde	est of the	existin	g Toucl	n-plates i	is temp.	Charles	I.		

Itm this present boke of Inuentoryes wrytten on gyfte of good people beynge of the gyfte of walter walshe whose name ys wrytten the gyfte of the gyfte of walter walshe whose name ys wrytten the gyfte of the gyfte of walter walshe whose name ys wrytten the gyfte of
ten theron
Ifm in lytle boke wt blacke Coueringe ij.
Itm in Tables wherin ys wryttyn the Othe of this Citie and of the Crafte
and the Names of the hole Clothyng of the sayde Crafte.
Ifm in Markyng Irones w' the badge Or marke of the Crafte . ij.
Ifm a standyshe of Pewter & a sandboxe of Pewter.
Jfm an olde boxe or Casket w' iij Corporacons Sealed w' grene waxe the one of Edward the iiijth and the other of kynge henry the vijth and
the therde of kynge henry the viijth wt iiij Patente Sealed wt yelowe
waxe wt a Coppy of a Patent Sealed wt Red waxe graunted out by
the crafte viij.
Ifm a whyte boxe wt dyuerse wrytynge j.
Ifm a boke of Acte of Parlyamente made in the xxviijth yeare of kynge
Henry the viij <sup>th</sup> j.
$\Im t$ the ordynance of the craft ij booke
3tm in Hangynge of Paynted worke Hangyng abowte the countynge
howse iij.
Ifm in wooden Trenshers iiij <sup>dd</sup> & vj.
If $m$ a jebet for golde balland $\ell$
If a payre of saye stonys & a payre of gold balande
Napery.
Jfm Dyap Table Clothes ij.
Itm playne Table Clothes v.
Ifm Dyap Towelle vj.
Ifm Dpap Napkyns iiij <sup>dd</sup> vj pece.
Jim Playne Napkyns iij <sup>dd</sup> .
Ifm olde Hand Towelle of Dyap
Ifm a Cupborde Clothe wrought w' sylke of Neadleworke of the gyfte
of Willim hustwait j.
If playne towell wherof ther is oon fyne & two corse iij.

## History of the Pewterers' Company. 167 In the hall. Jim in longe Tables Jim in Tresselle X11]. Jfm in longe formes mj. Jim in Shorte formes ij. Jim in Joyned Stoles X11. Ifm in Scocshyns of the kyng Armes and the Armes of the Crafte xviii. **Ifm** in longe fore pace. 1111. Jim Shorte fote stollys . xix. Ifm in Hangynge about the hall . . . i pec. Jim ij Scowchyns of the gyfte of Robert Taylor one wt or lady Assumptyon & j wt ye kynge armes In the buttry and ij sellers. **Ifm** a lytle bred-chest w<sup>t</sup> a couer . . . . Jfm a lytle Awmbery . . . Ifm a lytle Ale Jeste & for beare . . . In the Pantry. Ifm a greate cheste bounde wt Iron & a cord . . . In the kytchyn. Jfm a greate brasse pott weying lxxxxv li. iii qrt xx li. Ifm in lesse brasse potte ij weyinge. Ifm in lytle pannes of brasse . . . Jfm a greate brasse pann weyinge xxxiii li. Ifm in spytte square and Rounde . 1111. Ifm a greate Gredyron weying ix li. Ifm a dryppyng pann waying . . . Ifm a payre of Iron Racke waying . . . Ifm a grene sawce morter of stone wt a pestle. Jim an Iron Couer for the ouyns mouth. . . . Ifm a Dressyng borde wt tressette. **Itm** a cestorn of lede for wattr

	· · ·	1			
Jťm	a latten collynder				j.
Jťm	a latten skemer [skimmer] and a ladell.				
	In the larder howse.				
Itm	a boultyng Pype to boult meale in				j.
	In the Parlo ouer the ho	all.			
	in longe Tables	۰			iiij.
	in Tressett $_{\ell}$	0			vj.
	in Joyned formes	•	•	0	iij.
Itm	a Carpenters forme				j.
Jfm	in longe banner staues				iij.
	In the Garret ouer the Par	rlour.			
Ifm	in Small Iron beames wt Scales of lether and	d wtov	vt Sca	les wl	nich were
	forfyted	٠	٠		XV.
	a quarter waight of brasse				j.
	a waight of brasse of		•		xiiij li.
	a waight of brasse of				viij li.
	a waight of brasse of				iiij li.
Itm	a waight of brasse of				ij li
Jtm	in half pound waighte of brasse	•			ij.
Itm	in quarter brassen waighte				ij.
Ifm	in half C waighte of leade [This entry is	crosse	ed thr	ough	.] ij.
Jťm	a lether bage to Carry waighte in when Sear	ch ys	made		j.
Jfm	a fyer bason of latten weying				vj li.
Jfm	in Cresette				viij.
Jfm	a hearse Cloth of Cloth of Golde				j.
Jťm	a boxe for the sayde hearsse Clothe and lynn	nyn Cl	othe	to lay	e yt in
Ifm	in whyte Cotton Cotes for bowe men .				vij.
Itm	in Strawen Hatte for Cresset berrers				ix.
	in Canuas ffrocke wt hoode				ij.
	in tresseff <sub>e</sub>				iiij.
Itm	in olde Tymbr for a bey wyndow				ij pece
	a Complet Harneys lackynge a showlder Pl	late,		•	iiij pece.

spent abowte the howssys.

History of	the	Pew	terer	s' C	ompa	ny.		169
Ifm in Aprons of Male .								iij.
Itm in Gorgette of Male								vj.
Itm Almen Reuete [Almain							ij payr	
vij payre of Šplynte							for vi	j men.
Jim a nother payre of Splynt								
Ifm a payre of bregynders.								
Jim iiij scolle & x Sallette								xiiij.
Itm in sworde	٠							x.
Jim in Daggers								vj.
Ifm in Gorgette	•						•	vj.
Jim a payre of Canuas sleues								j.
Itm a payre of Gauntlyte								j.
Jfm in olde legg Harneys							. xiii	j pece.
Ifm in shoulder pece .								iiij.
Ifm in bowes		4	•					v.
Jim in Sheue of Arrowes					•			iiij.
Jfm in new Cotes								XX.
Jim a mowlde for gonnys [la								j.
Jim in lether botes for horss:								ij.
Jim iij Gonnes and three Ho								vj.
Itm in bylle vj and in Halbe								ix.
Ifm a longe byll wt a long po		~						j.
Itm Gerdles for sword? .								vj.
Jfm spurres							. j	ij pair.
3fm in Empty Casis for Arro								ij.
Itm a greate block wt fete to								j.
Jim a Skrene								j.
Jfm in Lytle banner staues								V.
Jfm in lether Jerkyns [later a								
If ther is two pece of payntyd		_						_
			· Yare		5 (1			-3.
Jfm a bocket to the well wt a					corde	3.		

1551. In 1551 the minute books begin. They were first styled an "accompt" of "playnts and defaults," then of "complaints and acts," and later still of "all acts and things" done during the year. At the beginning of each yearly record is a general heading, the first (for the year 1551) being as follows: the page is much mutilated.

Esis ys the accompt of [the] playnte and defalte done of the hole felowship of . . . the yeare of Robert Taylor maister, John [Royston, Nycholas] Crostwayte Wardens whiche ys for the space of one ho[le yeare begynnyng] at the feaste of Saynte Michaell the Archaungell In the [yeare of owre] lorde god a mlvclj And Endyng at the sayde feaste . . . As more playnly heareafter appearythe.

Stuf taken at sturbrydg fayre by mr Hustwayte and Willim baker.

In Prmis George quyntyn a Brasse pott weyinge xiij lli di John Warren of Walden ij Brasse morters stopped wt leade weying xvj lli John Watson a Lytle morter of Brasse weying v li . . . xxxiiij lli di.

Jim pd for the half therof for the kynge parte to Richarde Brasye, Willim Sherwoode and John merse, Offycers apoynted for the mayor of Cambrydg and the vnyuersyte [university] theare iiij s. iiij d.

Jim John Vmble of Berry ij myddyll platte and a sawser weying iij lli qrt, John Warren iij Salte weyng j lli qrter, John Watson a dysh and viij sawcers weyinge iij lli iij qarters. Jim taken in owt Landysh Salte with ij Lydde weying ij lli & a di of dyuerse mens Sm x lli.... more ij bottelle one of Lether and the ... her glasse

wyssed wt pewter of mr... at Newgate. It is other bottelle of glasse Couered wt blacke Lether wyssed wt pewter of the goode of Randall Hankey dweling in the poultery.

5tm which iiij bottelle the foresayde Richard Brasye & his parteners hath ij of them and the other ij Remaynyng for the Crafte.

mos agreed wt the sayde Richarde Brasye Willim Sherwood and John merse for or parte of the forfayture of the last yeare in Ano 1551 that ys to saye for the half.

RRs E. vj<sup>ti</sup> by Willm hustwayte, John dey, Willm haynes and Edward Rewe, So that we the sayde audytours do fynd by neclygence of mr.

Richard Crostwayte, Clement kyllyngworth & Stephyn Rowlanson late m<sup>r</sup>, & wardens of the sayde felowship for mony which remayned in the crafts boxe after two Seuerall ffalls made by ij Seuerall Proclymacons of the sayde mony the one half of v ti x d, which mony ys but at this present daye, ls. v d. [Foot of Account for 1550–1.]

**If** the same court [23rd October] m<sup>rs</sup> pecke wayte ys determyned to be forfet that ys to saye an viij lli for vij lli waite a x lli for viij lli wayte a iiij lli w<sup>t</sup> a Ryng a iij lli Wayte a ij lli wayte that ys ij li & a di and a vij li wayte that ys vij lli iij qrters.

1551–2. **@f** a Courte holden the fyrst daye of ap<sup>r</sup>ell yt was agreed that Robert West shall delyuer betwene this and Easter next comyng xxij li wrought in tankerd pott? to mr Crostwaytes house one of the wardens, and ij s for workmanship.

Jfm p<sup>d</sup> for half a garnysh of new ffrenche vessell w<sup>t</sup> doble ffyllyts and gravyd and a dosyn of Spanysh trenchers which was gevyn vnto my lady baker m<sup>r</sup> Spekers wyf which vessell was bought of the mr of the Company waying xl ti & di at x d. the ti. Sm xxxiij s. xd. Sir John Baker, knight of the shire for the county of Huntingdon was Speaker of the House of Commons in Edward VI's first Parliament, 1547.

36m pd for a dynner at westmynster for the mr. and wardens and the Secretory vnto bysshop hoper and certayne other . . . ij s. ij d.

John Hooper, the martyr bishop of Gloucester, was appointed to that see in 1550, and held the bishopric of Worcester in commendam in 1552. He was deprived by Queen Mary in 1553, and perished at the stake in Gloucester on 9 February, 1555.

In the sayde Robert ys agreed to paye vpon maye euyn next comyng And also the sayde Robert shall Suffer the sayde John to occupy the sayde prynt for the space of two yeares next ensuyng after this sayde daye before Rehersed.

Af a Courte holden the tenth daye of maye yt was agreed by the mr wardens and assystaunce to geue vnto one Robert Torners sonne whose name ys peter torner which some tyme dwelled in mylkstreate beynge ffre of owre Company of pewterers, which nowe dwellyth in Northfock by occasyon he had Sute in the lawe in the Easter terme and of necessyte lackyng of help desyred the Charyte of the Company Wherfore the mr Wardens and assystaunce hath geuyn hym owt of the Crafte boxe iiij s. iiij d.

Recepted of Richard Selby vij half pynt potte which be forfeyted And yt ys agrede that he shall geue to John burnam the waight in mettell of one pot and as moch money as he was payde for the workmanship And also to geue vnto Anthony Cacher the waight of ij potte & also for the workmanship q<sup>r</sup> them And yf he be euer taken w<sup>t</sup> suche lyke faute to be presented to the mayo<sup>r</sup> & benshe.

- At a Courte holden the xxjt daye of June Thomas hassill Complayned and sayde that harry martyn had called hym knaue in the open streate and harry martyn complayned and sayde that Thomas hassill sholde owe hym for a pownde of Tynne and also call hym Jack a napes and prating Jack. Wherfore yt was agreed that the sayde partys from hensforth sholde be lovers and ffrende and to paye xij d. apece towarde the Releffe of the poure people of the Crafte and iiij d. apece to drynk to gether before the mr wardens and assystaunce and ij d. apece to the beadle And which of them that fyrst doth offend after this tyme to paye xx s. a pece according to or Ordenaunce wtout Redempcion.
- At a Courte holden the xiij<sup>th</sup> day of August A° 1551 yt was agreed at the same Courte by the hole Assistaunce that for Certayne Salte which were made of laye mettall of dyverse mens which ought to have byne made of fyne mettall to be broken forthw<sup>t</sup> and the owners to have theyre mettall agayne and the makers therof to beare the one half of the losse of workmanship and the owners therof that bought them to beare the other half of the workmanship And ffrom hensforth what so euer they be that makyth any salte other then iiijs, salts and iijs. Salts and chopnets greate and small after the olde fashion that then they shalbe forfeyted And that no man make no Salte of any new fashyon wout yt be allowed and adiuged by the m<sup>r</sup> and wardens Except yt be of fyne mettell The makers of theyse Salte be theyse men that folowe

Richard Pryer Richard Selby Lawrence Norfock John Dobbyns John slack Thomas Awger.

**&f** the same Court [23 September 1551] yt was agreed that the howse should beare the one half of the m<sup>r</sup> and wardens charge at strbrydg fayre & they the other half.

**Efres** ys to be hadd in Remembrance and gevynge you or successors to vnderstonde that of the almesmen of our sayd company whose names here aft followythe wee have not getheryd of any of them ether for there quarterayge or dynners but have frely sufferyd them to enioy the Releffe whiche they  $R_{\ell}$  of the howse whysshyng all other whiche in our Romes here after followe to supporte & maynetayne the lyke that the pore men may eu here aft be dyschargyd of there quarterayge and have there dynners frelye.

This and the following entry are from the Yeomanry accounts.

Jim payde to the mr and wardens towarde the sewyte yn the plyment howse then beyng mr mr taylor as yt dothe apere by a byll of Nycolas croswayte hande then beyng nether warden vj li. xiij s. iiij d.

Of was agreed [16th December] by the hole asystaunce that the howse shold beare the one half of the mony gevyn to the poure at Saynt Bartholemews and the company of all the hole crafte the other half And the Assystaunce to be newe Seased for the payment therof By theyse men that followe That ys to saye mr Deye mr Cacher and Stephin Rowland And the yemandry to be Seased by theyse men that follow that ys to saye Willim Curtys and Allyn gardener And Collectours to gether the same Willim Mylle and Richard pryer.

1552-3. **@f** a Courte holden the xix<sup>th</sup> daye of January. Yt was agreed betwene m<sup>rs</sup> peck and George stockmede for Certayne Shroffe that her husband ought to m<sup>r</sup> fflecton which was iij q<sup>a</sup>rters ix li di which amountyth after xxxvj s. the C to xxx s. ij d. Whearvpon the m<sup>r</sup> and wardens w<sup>t</sup> the assystaunce haue ended the same So that the sayde m<sup>rs</sup> peck shall paye forthwith xx s. And so to be cleare of all matters betwene her sayd housband and the sayde m<sup>r</sup> fflecton ffrom the begynnyng of the world vnto the daye of making herof.

- At the same Court [22nd February] Richard Willmson brought in his ffyne being xls. for the keping a man named Symond bradshaw w<sup>ch</sup> went abrode in the Countree to seke work & when he cam agayne the sayd Richard set hym a worke vnknowne to the m<sup>r</sup> and wardens, and for that yt was his ffyrst fautte the m<sup>r</sup> & wardens w<sup>t</sup> the asystaunce forgave hym for xij d w<sup>ch</sup> he pd to the craft? box & ij d to the beadle & ij to the clarck of the hall & yf he weare taken w<sup>t</sup> the lyk ffaute to paye the whole w<sup>t</sup>out ffavor.
- **&f** the same Court [15th March] yt was agreed that none of the Company should nother bye nor sell for no kynd of ware w<sup>t</sup> Stephyn Callye of Westmynster from this daye forward vntyll yt should be farther determyned by the m<sup>r</sup> and wardens vppon payne & penaltye of xls. w<sup>t</sup>out Redemcon.
- **&f** the same court [13th April] harry tompson was before the m<sup>r</sup> & wardens & assystaunce & there confessed that he had bought of Thomas holden vj gobbyte of mettall Sm waying iiij li v li xj li some more & some less at vj d. the j li.
- It the same Court Thomas holden confessed that he had bought win this xij monethes of John Smyth xl tymes sometyme vj ti v li xij ti some more some les always molten in a pan & bought yt for v d. & v d. qr the pound.
- **If** the same Court Robert wilkynson confessed that Willing slack hath bought of one willing fremlyn sertayne of the kinge vessell & the sayd wylkynson hath bought of the sayd fremlyn three dysshes two platters barrell bordered the platters viij d. a pece & the disshes vj d. a pece.
- any be taken to sother any wares with softe payle but only one kynd of payle being hard & substancyall such as shalbe made w' tyne & peke & w' no other kynd of mettall. Yf any such wares be other wise payled & yt be taken shalbe forfeyted And the makers therof to forfayte as moche in mony as the ware ys worth besyde the ware.
- At the same Court yt was agreed that all those that lyd stone potte should set their own marck on the in syde of the lyd & to bring in all such stone potte in to the hall wherby they maye be vewed yf

they be workmanly wrought & so be markyd wt the marck of the hall on the owt syde of the Lyd. Also every one that makyth such stone potter shall make anew marck such one as the mt & wardens shalbe pleasid wt all whereby they maye be known from this daye forward. Theise potter to be brought in wekly upon the satterdaye and yf the satterdaye be holly daye then to bring them in upon the ffrydaye. And loke who doth the contrary shall forfayte for every stone pott so duely provyd iiij d. in mony over and besyde the forfayte of all such potter as be not brought in according to this artycle.

Another version of this order inscribed in the Jury Book orders the maker's mark as well as that of the Craft to be placed *outside* the lid.

**&f** the same Court [8th June] yt was agreed that none of the hole Company of the Craft shall sey [assay] nor bye no tynne for no stranger nor Englyshman Except yt be for one of the Company being a ffreman of the same Craft or for his owne vse & occupying vpon payne to forfayte for every pece of tynne so sayde duly provid xx s. to be levyd & taken for the Releif of the pore of the sayd Craft.

Offelde sholde losse iiij potte w<sup>ch</sup> was taken at Saynt Albones for being vij graynes worsse then ffyne & some viij some more & some lesse And yf he be taken w<sup>t</sup> the Lyk ffaute agayne to be banysshed Clene out of the Craft forthw<sup>t</sup> w<sup>t</sup>out any ffavor to the which greament the sayd Doffelde hathe here vnder set to his hand.

Ifm Rs of mr Carye mr [Master] for the chaunge of a hatmolde.

This seems to refer to the ware known as the Cardinal's hat, but whether the term refers to the shape of the vessels or a device which they bore I cannot say.

Jfm pd to mr Hewet for patrons [patterns] of cloth for them that cam in to the lyvery . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . iiij s. iiij d.

This was the coronation of Queen Mary, which took place on 1st October, 1553, at the beginning of the Mayoralty of Sir Thomas

White. The Queen passed through the City on her way from the Tower to Westminster, and the City presented her with the accustomed gift of one thousand marks.

1553 and in A° p'mo Regine marie The xxviij day of January M<sup>d</sup> Sartayn sogyars [certain soldiers] sent forthe of the Cety of london and delyu yd to ye lorde mayre of london at ledynhall the day & yere a bowe wryttyn to wayght appon the Duke of norfolke leftenant to staye sartayn rebellyons at Rochest in kent y ys [to] saye Syr Thoms Wyat knyght, Syr george harpar knyght, Syr harry Isley knyght, mr Radston.

1553 in A° prmo Regine marie The second day of ffebruary Md Sartayn sogyars made forthe to wayght appon the mayre and the lorde wyllm haward lorde admerall of England to kepe london brege & the cety at wyche tyme Syr Thoms Wyat and dyu's rebellyous came & lay in southewarke from sattrday at aftrnon till tuesday the mornyng aftr beyng schroftuesday.

gunnars iij. John Jengley Robart wylkynson Rychard harryson bowe men iiij.
Rychard wyllmson
Thoms awgar
Rawffe mollynars
Rychard borne

bylle men xiij.

lawrans holstock John barker George lawe John powell Rychard crosse Robart borne Thoms wolschere harry Tomson Wyllm slacke Stephyne baro Rychard selbye Rychard kyng

Rychard androwys.

London Bridge suffered siege early in 1554, during the rebellion of Sir Thomas Wyatt. He arrived in Southwark at the head of the City Trained Bands (whom by pretences he had induced to desert to him) on the 3rd February. Meeting with no opposition in Southwark, he destroyed the Bishop of Winchester's Palace, and laid two pieces of ordnance at the Bridge foot. He found everything well prepared for his

reception. Sir Thomas White, the Lord Mayor, had been assisted by Lord William Howard, as Lieutenant of the City; Queen Mary remaining meantime at Guildhall. The drawbridge at London Bridge was cut down and thrown into the river, the bridge gates shut, ramparts and fortifications raised round them, and ordnance planted to defend them. The Lord Mayor and Sheriffs, well armed for the conflict, had ordered all persons to shut their shops and windows and to stand ready harnessed at their doors, prepared for any event that might occur. After reporting to his followers the active measures of the citizens, Wyatt decided, upon consultation, to withdraw his forces to Kingston, and crossing the Thames there to enter the City from the West. He entered London on the 7th February, but after a sharp engagement, was compelled to surrender at Temple Bar, and was executed on the 11th April on Tower Hill.

- 1553-4. Of the same Court [12th January] Thomas hassill lost a platter ffor lack of workmanship.
- Wardens and assystaunce the m<sup>r</sup> Mayster kyllyngworthe of his goodnes hath graunted to goo to the plyament at his owne proper Coste to Sue for the behofe of the hole Company So that yf he doo obtayne his purpose, the hole assystaunce hath promysed to paye hym his coste and charge for the Sute therof And yf the plyament be kept at Oxforde then the sayde assystaunce hath promysed to fynd hym a man & horsse to wayte vpon hym at theyr owne proper coste.
- @fso [7th May] the sayde Robert hethe was contented to be set a worke by the Company at iiijd. a daye meate & drynk.
- **If** the same Courte [29th May] allyn gardener lost ij spanysh trenchers w<sup>ch</sup> was forfayte.
- greed [14th July] by theise psonnes afor-sayd that who so ever speakyth any more of the Seasyng that late was for the payment of the xxx li to the quens mati shall paye for every tyme xxs. to be devyded amongs the pore of the sayd Craft wtout Redemcon.

- **&f** the same Courte [3rd September] the m<sup>r</sup> Wardens and assystaunce w<sup>t</sup> the hole clothing hath graunted that John Curtys sholde haue ffor markyng of every dosyn of stone potte whosesoever brought them to marck one ffarthing.
- Wardens and assystaunce that John Robson sholde brynge in his pawne which was xxs. for sothering otherwise then ys apoynted by the Craft And also yt was agreed that mr makyns warden mr Rowland, mr baker John gery and Edwarde Reo shold over se all wares wr in the Crafte to se so what sother they vse and so to brynge Reporte accordyngly by the tryall of the same and if they fynd any faute the mr wardens & asystaunce to determyne the same.
- Alman Revet that ys to saye a backe a Brest a payre of splynt? a sallet & a gorget ffor his harnys that was lost by wyat [i.e. Wyatt's Rebellion].
- & wardens and mr Rowlandson harry Wright promysed to serve the sayde mr Rowlanson from this daye vntyll mighelmas next Comynge and to haue every daye that he workyth v d. to be payde hym monethly And yf he absent hymself from his sayde worck & be found at any vnlawfull game as dising bowling & Carding or any other such vnlawfull games. Then the sayde mr & wardens shall wrout favor bryng the sayd harry wright before the lorde mayor of London & there declar all his demeanor to the vttermost & so the matter shalbe holy put to the sayd Lorde mayors order Provyded alwayes that the sayde harry wright vpon the sondayes & other holly dayes after devyne svice ys done shall take his pastyme in the ffeild? wr his bowe Also the sayde harry dothe promys vnto the mr mr daye for monye whiche he owithe hym being the sm of xix s. ij d. to be payde xx d. amoneth of his wag? aforesayde and to paye the sayde mr Rowland other xx d. a moneth of his sayde wag? for mony he owr vnto hym.
- It the same Courte [8th December] John powell payde for certayne mettall vntrewly myxt to the boxe ijs. & iiijd. betwene the bedle & the Clarcke, And yf he be taken w' the lyke ffaute agayne shall paye x li w'out favor besyde farther ponyshment.

Ifm Rs of a pewterer of brystowe for spyce plat molde waying xxvj lb at viij d. ye pound xvij s. iiij d. The following entries show that the soldiers raised by the Company had to pay for their own arms; it also shows the weapons used by the gunners, bowmen and bill men. The men were members of the Yeomanry of the Company, citizen soldiers, who left the workman's bench to go to the wars, and returned to their occupation when their services were no longer required.
•
Ifm Rs of barker for his daggar vjd.
Ifm Rs of Willm Slack for his sword & dagger ijs.
Ifm Rs of Thomas awgar for his sword & dagger xviij d.
Itm Rs of Richard Kyng for his sword & dagger iij s.
Ifm Rs of John Powell for his dagger vjd.
Ifm Rs of Richard borne for his dagger xij d.
Ifm Rs of Raphe mullener for his dagger iiij d.
3fm Rs of John Yngley for his sword & dager iijs.
Itm Rs of the bill of Seasement for the Quenes mony that was gathered
of ye copany
of ye copany
Ifm Rs of the benevolence of ye company toward ye plyament iij li xvjs.
Jím Rs of the benevolence of ye company toward ye plyament iij li xvjs. Sm xxxviij li. xviij s. x d.
Jim Rs of the benevolence of ye company toward ye plyament iij li xvjs.  Sm xxxviij li. xviij s. x d.  Jim pd ffor Carying of the fframe that we stand in the lower end of Corn-
Jfm Rs of the benevolence of ye company toward ye plyament iij li xvjs.  Sm xxxviij li. xviij s. x d.  Jfm pd ffor Carying of the fframe that we stand in the lower end of Cornwall [Cornhill] when the Quene went to the Crownacion quene
3fm Rs of the benevolence of ye company toward ye plyament iij li xvjs.         Sm xxxviij li. xviij s. x d.         3fm pd ffor Carying of the fframe that we stand in the lower end of Cornwall [Cornhill] when the Quene went to the Crownacion quene Marye vj d.
Jfm Rs of the benevolence of ye company toward ye plyament iij li xvjs.         Sm xxxviij li. xviij s. x d.         Jfm pd ffor Carying of the fframe that we stand in the lower end of Cornwall [Cornhill] when the Quene went to the Crownacion quene Marye vjd.         Jfm pd for x Red night caps vs.
Jfm Rs of the benevolence of ye company toward ye plyament iij li xvjs.         Sm xxxviij li. xviij s. x d.         Jfm pd ffor Carying of the fframe that we stand in the lower end of Cornwall [Cornhill] when the Quene went to the Crownacion quene Marye vjd.         Jfm pd for x Red night caps xvjd.         Jfm pd for ij scotyshcaps for ye bowmen xvjd.
Jim Rs of the benevolence of ye company toward ye plyament iij li xvjs.  Sm xxxviij li. xviij s. x d.  Jim pd ffor Carying of the fframe that we stand in the lower end of Cornwall [Cornhill] when the Quene went to the Crownacion quene Marye
Sm xxxviij li. xviij s. x d.  Sm xxxviij li. xviij s. x d.  Jim pd ffor Carying of the fframe that we stand in the lower end of Cornwall [Cornhill] when the Quene went to the Crownacion quene Marye vjd.  Jim pd for x Red night caps vjd.  Jim pd for ij scotyshcaps for ye bowmen xvjd.  Charge of the xxii men in Harnes that kept the Cyttye agaynst Wyat the Rebellyon as ffolowith [A few selected entries.]
Jim Rs of the benevolence of ye company toward ye plyament iij li xvjs.  Sm xxxviij li. xviij s. x d.  Jim pd ffor Carying of the fframe that we stand in the lower end of Cornwall [Cornhill] when the Quene went to the Crownacion quene Marye
Jim Rs of the benevolence of ye company toward ye plyament iij li xvjs.  Sm xxxviij li. xviij s. x d.  Jim pd ffor Carying of the fframe that we stand in the lower end of Cornwall [Cornhill] when the Quene went to the Crownacion quene Marye vjd.  Jim pd for x Red night caps
Jim Rs of the benevolence of ye company toward ye plyament iij li xvjs.  Sm xxxviij li. xviij s. x d.  Jim pd ffor Carying of the fframe that we stand in the lower end of Cornwall [Cornhill] when the Quene went to the Crownacion quene Marye
Jim Rs of the benevolence of ye company toward ye plyament iij li xvjs.  Sm xxxviij li. xviij s. x d.  Jim pd ffor Carying of the fframe that we stand in the lower end of Cornwall [Cornhill] when the Quene went to the Crownacion quene Marye vjd.  Jim pd for x Red night caps

Jfm pd to Thomas Awgar for his bow . . . . . . . ij s. iiij d. Jfm pd to Robert Wilkynson for his sword . . . . ij s. iij s. Jfm pd to the Collectours for a xv<sup>th</sup> & a half for the Cyttye for pagents xs.

- 1554-5. The iiij<sup>th</sup> day of miche A vewe made for Repacyons to be done by willim vmbyll or Tenaunt at gregory ally at Crepull gate between this and mydsomer next in payne of forfayture his obligacyon. If yrst he must Rype & poynt all the hole howses through wt tylyng. To amend the walle which be broken in all the howsys where nede ys. To newe cast the ptye gutter between the whyte hynd & vs.
- At the same Courte [31st May] before the mr & wardens & assystaunce Stephyn Cawood of westmynster desyred the good wille of the mr wardens & assystaunce towarde the brynging of hym as a brother amonge them, So yt was determynd to be ordered the next court daye being the quarter daye at mydsomer And so he to have an Answere of all the hole Companys good wille therin.
- **At** the same Court yt was agreed that m<sup>r</sup> heytwayte & m<sup>r</sup> Baker shoulde be dayse men betweene m<sup>r</sup> Clarck & Thomas gylberd for certayne mowlds w<sup>ch</sup> ys in variens between them, So they are contentyd to abyde their award w<sup>t</sup>out any farther Sute.
- At a Courte holden the same daye [19th June] by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens & assystaunce & most pt of the hole clothing yt was agreed that John Sandye shoulde be o<sup>r</sup> offycer in the mayo<sup>rs</sup> Court & he to haue for his ffee as others haue had in tymes past.
- **®f** the same Courte yt was agreed that the m<sup>r</sup> m<sup>r</sup> daye shoulde haue the next advoydaunce of anye of the howses belongyng to the hall in Lymestreate for his ≰vaunt Robert Sommers or for any frend of his they doyng as other men wyll doo.
- Ist July was most parte of the hole felowshp of pewterers and there was agreed as folow That ys to saye that none of the sayde Crafte shall bye anye Leade of Tylers, Laborers, Masons, boyes, nor of women Nor of none such as shall seme to be a Suspect pson except they can fynde good & suffycyent warrant for the same And that the byers therof will make answere for the same psonnes so Sellyng the sayde Leade, Also yt ys farther agreed that no man of the sayde com-

pany shall by no pewtr Leade, or any other kynde of mettall of no suspect pson or psonnes at their stalle or elle wheare before vj of the clock in the mornynge nor after vj of the clock at night in the Sommer Season And not before viij of the Clock in the mornynge nor after foure of the Clock in the after none in the Wynter Season And yf yt be provyde that any of the Company do the contrarye, and that the sayde pewter or Leade or other mettall shoulde chaunce to be founde stollen. That then the byers therof offending in this artycle shold not only at the discressyon of the mr wardens & assystaunce for the tyme beinge be dismyssyd from the companye new [never] to occupye the same agayne. But also shall stand to suche ponyshment of the Lord the mayor of London and the Aldermen of the same as they shall think mete for the same. And that none of the sayde companye shalbe excusyd by his wif or servaunte nor none other suche lyk excuse.

of Thoms Hassyll for that he ought his predecessour certayne monye whiche was agreed by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens & assystaunce as ffolow<sup>t</sup> that ys to saye the sayde Hassell shall paye for ix<sup>c</sup> qrt of tynne bettyng & fflotinge at iiij s. viij d. the C amote to xliij s. ij d. also to paye towarde the Reperacions of his pytt & all his tolys v s. More for iij half C waighte xiij s. iiij d. Sm of all ys iij li xviij d. wherof he hathe payde xl s. So Rest to be payde to the forenamyd allyn dawson xxj s. vj d. To be payde forthw<sup>t</sup> this present daye w<sup>t</sup> any farther delaye.

ffenes [6th December] for naughty workmanship & not touching their ware. Will Readman vj bow potte vjd. hugh wadelow ij Collecke ijd. [and sixteen others.]

**In the Same Courte** [8th December] Thomas mason by the mr wardens an asystaunce ys forgeven for ever duringe his povertye his quarterage yerely due vnto the Clothing So that he shall paye yearely to the yemandrye iiij d. for his qrterag.

**Ifm** Rs for all the weddyngs whiche hathe bynne kepte in the hall this yeare being v in nobr . . . . . . . . . . x s.

3fm Rs of Robert heathe an Alman Revet That ys to saye a back and a brest a payre of splynts and a sallet.

Jim pd for a C di [1½ hundred] of Nayle . . . . viij d.
Jim pd for cuttyng of v shores [? saws] & basys . . . v s.

pagmente of Almas men. [Yeomanry accounts.]

- 1555-6. **@f** the same Courte [17th January] George hudson was sent to the ward for that he made his laye worsse then the m<sup>r</sup> saye by vij & viij graynes of pfyt goodnes And yt was agreed that he sholde put in suertyes to the m<sup>r</sup> wardens & asystaunce for the pfyt workyng of iiij<sup>xx</sup> iiij li And also yf yt maye be found that any suche ware sholde be found in the hand? of the company of his making to make yt good at all tymes And farther to put in suertyes for his trewe workmanship & myxture of mettall hereafter Or ell? to not to occupye any more for hymself.
- At the same Courte ffrank the glassyer and Willm Curtys complayned agaynst Thomas holden for that he solde suspecious Gobbete of Leade & other pece of suspect Leade. The sayd holden confessed that he hath certayne waighte to the nombr of xlli wch he sayth he hath melted & cannot tell of whome he bought them & he melt them sayth he for that no man wolde by no waighte ffarther he sayth that he hath solde to the goodman ffrank at iij sondry tymes iij C & odweight we'h parte of that was cast in gobbette vppon the ground some of iij qrters of a C & some in plate Leade.
- **At** a Courte holden the xxvij daye of marche At the same Courte yt was agreed that Richard mannyng sholde paye vnto Thomas mason the Sm of iij s. iiij d. for that the sayd mannyng dyd not acording to his bond made betwene them delyuer certayne vessell when the company of mynsterelle shold haue occupyed wherby the sayde mason was dryven to hyer vessell in another place who was vj garnysh and payed vj d. for every

garnysh and viij d. for Caryage besyds the damage the said mason was dryven vnto And yf the sayd mannyng do breake in the lyk case agayne he shall stand to the order of the m<sup>r</sup> & wardens & assystaunce for the tyme being what they shall adward for the same.

- Øf the same Courte [27th March] Ellis kelsey some tyme €vaunt and app¹ntyc w¹ mr Cacher & after €ved w¹ m¹ Thomas hassyll & after w¹ m¹ hustwayte and after w¹ Richard Waight ffrom the w¹ Richard he hath picked certayne tynne manyfestly provyd afore the m¹ wardens & asystaunce Wherfore the sayde Ellis ys quyte dismyssed for occuping in the crafte of pewterers for ever.
- At the same Courte [3rd June] the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and asystaunce in the name of the Lorde mayor of the Cyte gave comandm<sup>t</sup> to all the hole company to provyde every man for hym and his howsholde suche convenyent Corne as he or they sholde think mete in tyme at ij s. iiij d. the Busshell.
- At the same Courte [8th July] yt was agreed that Robert Wylkynson shall not after Mighelmas daye next comyng worke prevely in his backhowse but openly in a shop to the sight of all men comyng therbye vpon payne & forfayture for the contrary doinge to fyne xxs. to the company for every tyme that he ys taken w'all.
- monye & mettall that John Waryng owith vnto mr heytwayte the Sm in monye iij li. xiij s. ix d. ob and in olde laye mettall xlij li. iii q<sub>s</sub>ters wherof mr heytwayte must allowe for fyne mettall weinge xvij li And more the sayde Warryng owith for the hyer of xiiij garnyshe & ij doss of Rowe vessell over and besyds ther ys lost of the sayd vessell one dyshe weing ij li The sayd Warryng haue promysed payment befor the mr wardens & asystaunce & to come even with the sayde mr heytwayt befor & on this syde viij dayes after myghelmas daye next comyng wrout any farther delaye And the sayde Warryng haue promysed to paye vnto the hande of John Curtys for the debt that he owith vnto John hicke the Sm of iiij s. in monye and xxj li of fyne mettall wrin iij dayes after the Natyvyte of or ladye next comyng wrout any farther delaye and for a more Wytnes of both theise promyses here vnder he hath set to his marck. [The "marck" is a Maltese cross with a pellet or dot in each angle.]

- **@f** the same Court [4th September] Ser peter Waryson was taken in Emongst the company to be a brother & he hathe payde for his quarterage xij d.
- At the same Courte [18th September] yt was agreed by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and asystaunce that m<sup>r</sup> heytwayte m<sup>r</sup> Ponder m<sup>r</sup> kyllingworth Jarvis hilton and Willin Lamkyn shall from the ffeaste of Saynte Mychaell the archaungell next comyng vnto the same ffeast of Saynt mighell come Twelmoneth then next following that ys to saye for one hole yeare. Searche throughout all this Realme of Englande (London and gravisende & tenne mylles about london only except) And they to paye Clerelye to the hall the Sm of Twelue pounde To be payde at the ffeaste of all Saynte next comyng, And ffarther vt ys agreed that the sayde ptyes aforesayde at theire owne proper coste and charge shall beare and paye all manner of Enformasions, penaltis Somes of monye & other charge what so ever yt be due or to be due to the king & quens mate for all manner of ware or wares & other thinge that by them shall chaunce to be taken seased and forfayted So that they the sayde partyes shall save & kepe harmeles all the hole crafte for all manner of matters concerning the Seasuer aforesayde And what so ever they shall happen to sease or take as forfayt to be only to the sayde ptves, they answering the king & quens mate parte at all tymes In Wytnes wherof the ptyes aforesayde to this present agreement haue put to their hande yeouen the daye aboue wrytten A° 1556 And farther the sayd partyes shall paye the one half of the wrytting & sealing of another Reading patent & the howse shall beare the other half

p me mighell heytwayt be me symond ponder be me Jarvis hilton be me wyllyam lamkyn.

Wardens and assystaunte that John Curtis the beadle shal haue to his owne proper vse all the weddinge that shalbe kept in the hall yerely as his predecessours haue had in tymes past to make the best he can of them.

- &f the same Courte [17th October] it is agreed by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens & assystaunce and the hole clothing that who so ever was chosen steward and assocyate w<sup>th</sup> John mathew sholde haue his charge borne by the crafte boxe over and aboue the xls. w<sup>th</sup> hath byne accustomed to be geven to the stewarde for this yeare.
- the same Courte my Lorde the mayor sent by comission to the companye for the Sm of xlli. to be geven to brydwell or the companyes answere therin to the wch the companye answered that they are contentyd to paye their monye of benyvolence wch they do geve frely wekely in their severall pishes where they dwell And for that mr Alderman Curtis is taken from them who was wont alwayes to bear the one half of suche payment? they ar not able to paye such a Sm but desyrethe to haue a leser Sm of them to be had.
- Af the same Courte [12th November] it was agreed by the mr wardens and assystaunce that no pson being of the clothing shall from hensforthe have as aprentice about the Nombr of two at one tyme. And that no pson owt of the yemandry shall have as aprentice about the Nombr of one at one tyme and who so ever shall happen to do contrary to this article shall forfayte and paye x li for fyne according to the Ordenaunce Provyded alwayes and it is agreed that every man shall enioye those pntice that he hathe before the making of this ordenaunce.
- **&f** the same Courte [1st December] yt was agreed by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens assystaunce and the most pte of the hole clothinge that no pson of the companye shalbye any Cornysh tynne or devonshere tynne w'out he do take ij li for the Clof of every pece of Cornysh tynne And to take one pound for the Clof of every pece of devon tynne And who so ever byeth any suche tynne contrary to this article shall paye for every pece of Cornyshe tynne in the name of a ffyne to the Crafte boxe tenne shillinge And for every pece of devon tynne so bought contrary to this artycle vs. w'out any favour.
- Mullyns and Richarde hudson sholde haue the Releif of the yemadrs boxe as folow<sup>th</sup> that is to saye between them the porcion of one man w<sup>ch</sup> is vjs. viijd. a yere so that the yemandry shall have the nombr of

An Ordar to by no tynne w'owte cloffe. viij psons and when any do fall then they shall have vjs. viijd. a yere either of them and they shalbe payd now at Chrismas next comyng for the first quarter that is to saye xd. apece and so quarterly vntill any do fall.

Af the same Courte [24th December] it was agreed by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and assystaunce that the hole Clothing and certayne of the yemandry shoulde be seased for the payment of x li. towarde the payment of xxv li. geven to brydewell and the howse to paye xv li. And when so ever there sholde Remayne clere to the crafte boxe xx li. and the howse owt of debt then the ptyes so seased sholde haue their mony agayne owt of the Crafte boxe so that the howse then sholde bear the hole Sm of xxv li.

Ifm pd to the Collectours in ffarthingward [? Farringdon] for a Subzedve					
for or hall as doth appeare by a byll of their owne hands, due to the					
Quene in Maye last Sm					
Ifm pd for an Ell & a quarter of Camerick for yo' ansigne .v s. viij d.					
Ifm pd for Gylding of the same ansigne xxxs.					
<b>Ifm</b> pd for the one half of the Charge of another Readinge patente. Sm					
xvjs. viijd.					
3fm pd for iiij paire of ffrize Slappes [for military equipment]. viijs.					
Reperacions done uppon or lande in ffanchurche streate vpon the					
howse called the iij tonnes & patrick kewes howse.					
Ifm pd to the Carpenter for xx C of lathe at x d. the C. Sm xvj s. viij d.					
Ifm pd for xlix fote of Evis [eaves] Borde ijs.					
Ifm pd for ij Rafters of a xj fote apece xx d.					
Ifm pd for a puncheon of vj fote viij d.					
3fm pd to the Carpenter for half a dayes work vjd.					
3fm pd to ye Iremonger for nayles as yt apearyth by his byll of pcells					
xxj s. viij d.					
Ifm pd to the Tylemaker for vj m1 tyle at xj s. the m1. Sm . iij li vj s.					
Ifm pd to lyman for ij C iiij lode of lyme xvj s.					
Jtm pd for xvj Ruf [roof] tyle xvj d.					
<b>Ifm</b> pd for iij busshells di $[3\frac{1}{2}]$ bushels] of tyle pynnes ij s.					

Ifm pd for a ti of Candell ij d.
Ifm pd for viij lode of Sande at viij d. the lode v s. iiij d.
Ifm pd to the plumer for Casting of a gutter weinge xxxv ti di viij d
Ifm pd to the mr Tyler for xxvij dayes work at xij d. the daye xxvij s.
3fm pd to his laborers for xxiiij dayes apece at viij d. the daye apece
xxxij s.
Ifm pd for Caryage awaye of xij lode of Rubbyshe iiij s.
If $m$ pd for wrytting and engrosing of this accompte $S_m^a$ . $vjs. viijd$ .
@150 we fynde in the hands of mr ponder for certayne bottells and
mettall taken on bartylmew daye w <sup>ch</sup> was praysed at xxxvij s. ij d. the
one half thereof due to the quene & the other half to the howse wch
as yet ys vncompted for w <sup>ch</sup> ys xviij s. vij d.

The Inventory for this year has in addition to a "Banner of the olde armes of the craft," "One Ansigne of sylke w<sup>t</sup> the newe Armes of the Crafte." [Book of Inventories.] The costs of making this new banner or ensign, amounting to 35s. 8d., are set out on the previous page.

Jfm viij Banners of harts heds & Roses in the myds ij of Silke & ij of Clothe, and iiij small pendaunts wt harts heds of the gyfte of mrs ashlyn. [Book of Inventories.]

**1556–7.**—**®f** the same Courte [15th January] the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and assystaunce for matter in varyence between m<sup>r</sup> hustwayt & Robert west w<sup>ch</sup> was for certayne monye the sayde west ought vnto the sayde m<sup>r</sup> hustwayte dyd ordayne that the sayde west shoulde vpon twesdaye next comyng worke a qterne waight of tankerd pott € so being wrought to delyuer them Imedyatly vnto the sayd m<sup>r</sup> hustwayte and R € the waight in olde mettall and to be payd for the workmanship of the monye he ow<sup>th</sup> him w<sup>ch</sup> is viij s. vij d. & so from thence forth to work every fortnight of tankerd pott € a qterne waight vntill the sayd viij s. vij d. be payd.

**@f** a Courte holden the same daye [30th Jan.] it was agreed by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and assystaunce That if any man of the felowship do from hensforthe make or cause to be made prevely or apte [aperte, i.e. openly] any measure potte comonly called taverne potte of any lease measure then by the standard apoynted for the same potte that then the pson so

making any suche potte lesse then measure shall paye for making defalt therof to the crafte boxe Tenne pounde And if the pson so making Defalt be not able to paye the sayd fyne of x ii then the m wardens and assystaunce shall so Sue the same pson that he shall stand on the pillarye thre lawfull market dayes according to the order of the Cytie for suche ofenders w hout any favor therin to be shewed.

- If the same Courte [13th March] John Cutler payde for a fyne of ij brasse potte wch weare taken forfayte at gravisend ffayre waying xxxij lli wch potte weare falsly myxed And it was agreed that he sholde haue the mettall agayne when the potte weare broken for this tyme.
- At the same Court yt was agreed by the mr wardens and assystaunce and the hole companye that no pson of the sayde companye shall from hensforth make or cause to be made any Eare Disshes fflower delice [fleurs de lis] or any other manner of Eares except suche eares be cast in the mowlde to gether wt the body of suche disshes so made and not to be sothered to the body as heretofore they have done And whosoever doth make any suche disshes contrary to this article shall paye & forfayte for every dosyn dishes so made & therof being convict iij s. iiij d. wthot favor.
- **@f** a Courte holden the same daye [5th May] Robert west was sent to the warde for making of ffalse measure potte by the comaundement of my Lorde the Mayo<sup>r</sup>.
- At the same Courte yt was agreed by the mr wardens and assystaunce that harry Ractlyf sholde haue Lycence to goo into yorkeshere to his brother and there to Remayne for ever if he will so that he do not ocupy the crafte of pewterers as by due prof therof maye be had in wrytting & set to the mr & wardens for the tyme being and that it was also agreed that he sholde haue owt of the crafte boxe towarde his charge to bring hym thether ij s.
- Of the same Courte [14th May] the mr gave leve vnto Thomas Duffilde to goo in to the contre to se his mother and there to Remayne at his pleasuer so that he be at london agayne whin xiiij dayes after his depture toward? his Jorney.

ge yt Remembered that all manner of Lymbecke is made of ffyne and the burnyng ys of leye and the knop of the stille is fyllyd wt leade.

**It** the same Courte [14th June] it was agreed by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens & assystaunce that all suche psons as had any potte made by Robert west they sholde as well bryng a bill of such waight as also the losse sustayned by the same.

mrs ashlyn takerd pote weing x	dvj li	lost			viij s. iiij d.
James bayne xvj li waight	•				. ij s. viij d.
Nicholas Torner iiij**j lli lost	•				. ix s. iij d.
Thomas Elyot Cxx lli lost					. xvj s. j d.
Wiftm Readman xxxix ii di los	st				. vij s. vj d.
Robert Bakehowse ix li di lost					. ij s.
Wittm Mylle j Cq, xij lli lost					xxvij s. iij d.
Thomas hassill xl li lost .					. vjs.
Robrt grave xxviij lli Lost					iiij s. iiij d.
John harvy xxxij li tankerd los	st				. v s. viijd.
Wittm Hooton iiij**iiij li lost					. ix s. vj d.

**&f** the same Courte it was agreed by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and assystaunce that Robert west shoulde quyte be dismissed owt and ffrom the ocupying the Crafte & mistery of pewterers & that none of the same company shall nother by nor sell w<sup>t</sup> hym from hensforthe for ever vpon payne & forfayture of x li.

**&f** the same Courte [14th August] all the hole assystaunce dyd agree that Richard Willmson shoulde have warnyng to advoyde owt of his howse between this and Chrismas next wthout any farther delaye for that he wolde not come & apeare at the warnyng of the mx & wardens by vertue of a Commission sent vnto them by the lorde mayor for the apoynting of xx men to wayte vpon the quene but when the sayd willmsom was warned wolde not be found but kept his howse and not be sene.

that yt was agreed by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and assystaunce that harry Tompson shoulde haue the Vewe and markinge of all stone pott<sub>f</sub> and he

shoulde marke none but those that be substancyally wrought. And for his paynes taking in the same he shoulde haue his howse Rent ffree vntill farther order were taken beginning at mighelmas next & so forward.

the xix<sup>th</sup> daye of August being the same daye that m<sup>r</sup> Clarck was buryed. ffynes for late comyng to dirige mr baker iiij d. [and six others.] ffynes for late comyng to masse. mr mylle ij d. [and four others.] Thomas hassill for missing both at dirige & masse ij s.

At a Courte holden the same daye [22nd September] it was agreed by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and assystaunce that Thomas Nicolle shoulde be chosen as warden for the yemandry for and in the name of his m<sup>t</sup> John Burnam for that he is owt of towne vpon this condicon following that is to saye if the sayde John Burnam come agayne afore the yemandryes feast be past or afore the m<sup>r</sup> & wardens of the yemandry geve vp their accompt and do well and trewly paye vnto the sayde Thomas Nicholle all such monye as he shall happen to laye out betwene this and that tyme about the necessary busynes of the sayde wardenship That then the sayde thomas Nicolle shall peaceably & quyetly goo forthe of the same office as thoughe he had never be chosen to yt And if it happen the sayd burnam do not come home by the tyme aforesayd or otherwise do not paye the said Nicolle his monye as ys aforesayde Then the said Thomas Nicolle shall eniove the sayde office of wardenship for hymself and never herafter to be elect or chosen or otherwise troubled neither for the office of mr nor yet wardens of the yemandrye agayne.

**Monng** that is gathered for a gift to sr' Thomas Curtis knight and lorde mayor of london fyshmonger & before shreif of London pewterer for the Sm of x li. and the Rest geven to the howse.

	Bridewell.	mony geven.
m <sup>r</sup> cacher	XS.	vs.
m <sup>r</sup> crostwayt	vs.	vs.
m <sup>r</sup> myll <sub>C</sub>	vj s. viij d.	xs.
m <sup>r</sup> Carye	vj s. viij d.	vj s. viij d.
m <sup>r</sup> hustwayt	X S.	vs.
m <sup>r</sup> killingworth	xs.	
gevyn to the howse		

	Bridewell.	mony geven.
m <sup>r</sup> daye	iiij s.	v s.
m <sup>rs</sup> Clarck	xs.	VS.
m <sup>r</sup> Royston	vj s. viij d.	vj s. viij d.
m <sup>r</sup> heytwayt	xs.	
m <sup>r</sup> wodowce	iij s. iiij d.	iij s. iiij d.
m <sup>r</sup> baker	iiij s.	iij s. iiij d.
m <sup>r</sup> ponder	vj s. viij d.	iij s. iiij d.
Ric pryer	xx d.	ij s.
Jarvis hilton	vs.	
m <sup>r</sup> Rowland	iij s. iiij d.	ij s. viij d.
m <sup>r</sup> makyns	iij s. iiij d.	
John gerye	v s.	
geven to ye howsse		
Edward Reo		vs.

he lent to brydwell v s. wyche he wold not geve to my lorde mayre.

Thomas whitbe ij s. Wittm Curtis x s.

gevyn to ye howse ffrelye the order before wryten to be voyde.

Richard Scot XS. iii s. Will haynes ij s. vj s. viij d. Thomas allyn John benston xij d. ij s. Thomas hassill vis. viii d. Allyn gardener iii s. ij s. John mathewe ij s. mrs. ashlyn XS. XXS. John harvy ii s.

Of the which monye m<sup>r</sup> warden myll<sub>ℓ</sub> layd owt for the mony that was geven to brydewell the Sm of v li. v s. to be payd agayn by the howse at & before shrove sondaye next comynge A° 1557.

- At the same Court [5th October] the m<sup>r</sup> of the yemandry complayned agaynst Robert maryner for that he wolde not goo w<sup>th</sup> them to the offering of Stephin gartons daughter & gaue the said m<sup>r</sup> apbrobrious worde yet vpon entreat of the m<sup>r</sup> the m<sup>r</sup> & wardens and assistaunce for gaue hym.
- At the said Court the m<sup>r</sup> of the yemandry complayned agaynst ffraunce folyot for that he mysvsed hym self towarde the porter that kept the gate on o<sup>r</sup> Lady daye the assumpcon being yo<sup>r</sup> dynner daye the said folyot throwed a great brickstone agaynst the gate & disquyeted all the whole company Yet vpon entreat of the assistaunce & the said m<sup>r</sup> of the yemandrye he was forgeuen.
- At a Court then holden [21st October] yt was agreed for mater in varyaunce betwene harry Normand & Withm abdye for all manner of Reconynge Sute quarelle strife and debates from the beginning of the worlde vnto this daye that the said harry shall paye vnto the said Willm abdye in monye forthwith ijs. & so to be lou's & frende. Provided alwayes that the obligacon of xxxvjs. wch is in the hande of the said hary normand payable by xs. a quarter the first payment due at hollandtid next shall stand in effect acording to the tenor therof.
- **&f** the same Courte there was a newe marck devised by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and assistaunce for Robert west w<sup>ch</sup> was a W. f. and he denyed yt & wold not haue yt.
- **&f** the same Courte [10th December] my lorde of Burgaveny complayned agaynst John bowlting for certayne lymbecke wch was fawtie solde vnto hym Yt was agreed that the said bowlting shall content his m<sup>r</sup> m<sup>r</sup> baker for one newe Lymbeck and he shall make another substancially & delyuer hit to his said m<sup>r</sup> & so to be marked w<sup>th</sup> the mark of m<sup>r</sup> Baker & then delyuered by m<sup>r</sup> baker to my lord.
- $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{Af}}$  the same yt was agreed that John burnam sholde be Banysshed the company for ever.

With lamkyn for their lycence in going throughout England to serche . . . . . . . . . . xij li.

Ifm pd to Edmund browne or Clarck for the wrytting of the Indenture
of Coumaunts [? covenants] and the Lycence of the whole crafte between vs and mr killingworth and the rest that went to searche
vi s. viii d.
Ifm pd for pecking of a grene sawce morter ij d.
3fm pd for ij plates for the Oven mouthes and for one of them was there
geven by the smith an newe trevet to be put into yt and so we payd
for the workmanship and the over waight of Iron . vs. viij d.
Jim pd for making of one Newe spyt and for mendinge of iiij olde &
mending of a grediron xviij d.  Jim pd for iiij new bills iij s. viij d.
<b>If m</b> pd for dressing of a swerde & a payre of Hilts & a newe scaberd xij d.
Itm pd for a newe sheve of arrowes and Repayring of other iij sheves &
for mending of their Casis vs. xd.
Jim pd for mending of iij gonnes xiiij d.
Jim pd for half a pound of gonne powder vid.
Jim pd for half a pound of gonne powder vj d. Jim pd for making clene of x swords & for vj new scaberds iiij s. ijd.
Jim pd for a quarter of doble tenpenny nayle and half a C single x penny
nayle & ij Joynts xiiij d.
Jim pd for a Rope for the well viii d.
3fm pd to brydewell owt of the crafts boxe xv ti.
Itm pd for o' dynner at billingsgate when the tankerd potts were broken ijs.
Commission of my lord mayor. [Three selected items follow.]
Ifm pd for their barge hyer to gravisend xxd.
Ifm pd for xxx yards of white cotton at vijd. ob the yarde and a quarter
of Red at xj d. Sm of bothe is xix s. viij d. wherof there was cut owt
iij yards for one cote and the rest delyued agayne to the drap whiche was losse for every yarde ob amounts to xiij d. ob and for the iij yards
Remayning at vij d. ob the yard amounts to xxij d. ob Sm iij s. xjd.
Jim pd for making of the same Cote iiij d.
E hargs in setting forthe of xx men whiche weare appoynted to serve
the Quens mati by my lord mayors comysson. [A total of 59s. 8d.]

These levies were for the disastrous war with France, into which Queen Mary was led by her consort Philip.

Ifm pd to iij gonners that is to saye Ric? harrisson Raphe mullyners and Nicholas Browne at my Lord the mayors comaundement . xs.

**Mong** lent by certayne of the companye & payde in to the hands of mr Cacher Stephin Rowlanson and Withm Haynes towards the payment of xxv ti. whiche was geven ffrelye towards the ffurnyture of Brydewell the xvth of Decebr Anno 1556, And must be payde agayne according to the grement of all the hole clothing at the chargs of the howse in manner & forme folowing that is to saye when soever there shoulde Remayne clere in the crafts boxe xx li. and the howse owt of debt, then the pties hearafter folowing who by estymacion haue payd suche somes as is lymyted vpon theire heds shall be payde their monye agayne.

The Book of Inventories contains a transcript of the will of Michael Heythwayte, citizen and Pewterer, of which he made the Company overseers, with a gift of 40l. and 40s. yearly, to the Master and Wardens during the minority of his heirs. He lived in the parish of St. Bennet Fink, and died in 1557. Preceding this document is a Latin deed of feofment from Mr. Heythwayte to Edward Catcher and Nicholas Crosthwaite, on behalf of the Company, of a house at Eltham in Kent, the Three Kings at Aldgate, and a house at London Stone, in the parish of St. Swithin.

An important Act of Common Council passed on 27th September, 1555 (2 and 3 Philip and Mary), regulating the custom of apprenticeship, is entered in a book of ordinances of the Ironmongers' Company. It provides that no person should be admitted to the freedom of the City (and so be enabled to set up in business) before reaching the age of twenty-four, nor were apprentices to be taken for fewer years than such as would bring them to that age on coming out of their time. The reason that is alleged is the great poverty lately arisen within the City, of which "one of the chiefest occasions," it is said, "is by reason of the over hastie marriages and over sone setting up of housholdes of and by the youth and young folkes of the sayde citie, which hath commonly used, and yet do, to marry themselves as sone as ever thay come oute of theyr appren-

tishode, be thave never so young and unskilful, yea and often tymes many of them so poore that they scantly have of their proper goodeyes wherewith to buye theire marriage apparel and to furnyshe ther houses with implementes and other thinges necessary for the exercise of ther occupations." Nicholl's Ironmongers' Company, 72-73. Nearly a year later, on the 15th September, 1556 (3 and 4 Philip and Mary), an order of the Common Council limiting the number of apprentices was assented to by several of the Companies, chiefly those belonging to the minor crafts. "This day the Wardeyns of the Founders Compy, Pastelers, Bowyers, Tylers, Fletchers, Blaksmyths, Spurryers, Joyners, Weavers and Cordweyners, Coryers, Plomers, Paynters, Masons, Armurers, Cutlers, & Pewterers, dyd here appere, and were very well contentyd and agreable to stande to the order of this Corte for the apoyntyng of the nombre of the Apprentices that ev'ry Householder of ev'ry of there fealowshippes shall receave and keepe at once, and by cause of the sayd Wardens of the Founders and others confessed that they had certayn Ordenances for the same effect already, they have this day seven-nyght to bring in their Bookes thereof, and as for the reasidue as year not having such Ordenances the Corte agreyd to call theym agayne shortly." City Records, Repertory 132, fol. 426b.

- **1557–8.**—**@f** a Court holden that daye [18th June] by the mr wardens assistaunce & most parte of all the whole company of pewterers yt was agreed that no psonne from hensforth shall make any tankerd potte or hoped potte but they shall sother the same wth fyne mettall in all place saving only the setting in of the bottam and who so ever shalbe taken doing contrary to this article shall forfayte all suche potte from mydsomer next following forwarde.
- **&f** a Court holden the same daye by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and assistaunce Stephin barowe complayned of Allyn dawson for taking awaye his standinge at kingstone fayre So yt was agreed the said allyn dawson to laye downe his fyne for the same who so did yet the mr wardens & assistaunce for that he shewed hymself gentill toke no more of hym for this tyme but xij d, the one half Stephin barowe had & the howse the hother half w<sup>ch</sup> was vj d.

- At the same Courte John sawnderson brought in his fyne for going in to the Countree to worke w<sup>ch</sup> was no monye but spones & the mr wardens & assystaunce was good vnto hym for this tyme & toke but a dosin of spones for his offence & if he be taken w<sup>th</sup> the lyke faut herafter he shall paye his whole fyne w<sup>th</sup>out favo<sup>r</sup>. Also yt was agreed he shoulde paye for openyng his shop forthw<sup>th</sup> iij s. iiij d.
- At the same Courte yt was agreed that Peter Rigsby Svaunt wth Edward Rewe shoulde for amende paye vnto John Cutler for that he pulled of his bearde ijs, betwene this and midsomer next and if any of them do one mocke or scorn the other or otherwise make any ofence the first offender shall paye xxs.
- George basker for mony he owth hym beinge iiijs. iiijd. yt was agreed that the said Basker shall from this daye forward wekely lyd vj stone potte who comyth to x d. vntill the said mony be paid.
- assistaunce yt was agreed (for certayne varyaunce betwene Thomas fisher and wiftm Jones for the service of Richard bigg whiche was hyred by fisher to serve wekely wth hym one weke and another weke wth Jones) it is agreed that the said Richard Bigge shall forthwth worke wekely for the space of iij weke to gether Immedyatly after this daye wth Wiftm Jones and after that iij weke ended to worke wth thomas fisher one weke and wth the said Jones another weke and so to contenewe wth bothe pties vntill mighelmas next and then the said bigge to be at his libertie.
- The first of Julye Anno 1558. Also yt is ordered and agreed that no man of the sayde Crafte shall sell no rough vessell to no parson for any mony or other wise vpon Payne and forfayture of all the sayde vessell so solde the one moyetie wherof to be to hym or them that canne fynd the same and the other moitie to be to the use of the maister and wardens and Cominaltie of the sayd mistery. [Jury Book.]
- **&f** a Court holden [5th August] by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and assistaunce Yt was agreed that John Taylo<sup>r</sup> shoulde be Receyued agayne as a Brother of the company but if ever he goo owt in to the Countree to worke agayne he shalbe clene dismyssed & neu [never] be Receyued agayne.

Of a Courte holden the same daye [2nd September] yt was agreed by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and assistaunce that m<sup>r</sup> Mill<sub>e</sub> and Withm Curtis shoulde goo to sturbridge fayer & there serche and that that they take sholde Remayne to the howse and they shall have for their paynes toward<sub>e</sub> their charge the Sm of xs.

**@f** a Courte holden [22nd September] by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and the whole Clothinge yt was agreed that Thomas armestronge shoulde be dismyssed owt of the company and from hensforth taken as no brother of the companye for that he will not com contributer to all maner of Charge and beare office accordinge to o<sup>r</sup> Ordenaunce.

ware taken and seasid by mr Mille warden and Wiffm Curtis

apoynted to goo to serche at sturbridge as folowith

## A fayre at Saynt albones

taken of George bate of alesbery a sawc<sup>r</sup> . . . di thi. vj chopnete of Laye . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . iij thi di

Taken at sturbridg fayer

of harry Ractlyf a iij thi platter not marked iij d. & he marched in company wth a french woman

of Thomas Lessy victualler vij platers xj dishes Ruf of Laye pōz [poids, i.e. weight] . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . xl fli

**&f** a Courte holden the saide xix<sup>th</sup> daye of octobr it was agreed by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and assistaunce that no pson of the same Company shall take any aprentice but the Clarck shall make theire Indentures and whosoever that dothe put theire Indentures to make to any other pson they shall paye vnto the Clarcke his duetie although he make them not w<sup>ch</sup> is viij d for every payre.

Willm Bargson who cam in by Redemcon was sworne [4th November]. This is an early instance of the use of the term Redemption.

It the same Courte [10th December] Thomas hassill laid downe vis. viij d. for that he ware not his Lyvery gowne at the Mayors ffeaste but the mr wardens and assystaum agreed shoulde haue it agayne for this tyme and if he be taken wth the lyke faute agayne he shall paye doble as the mr & wardens shall se cause.

Richard selby hathe promysed [10th December] to bring in a spone of an oz or better betwene this and Chrismas even next and delyuer the

same vnto m' warden Curtis hande or vjs. viijd. in monye or ette to advoyde the wearing of his hood & not be taken as one of the clothing.

—[Rough Minutes, 21.]

At the same Courte [30th December] yt was agreed by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and assystaunce and the hole Lyvery that the m<sup>r</sup> and wardens shall not Lycense any to set vp or open his shop, vnto such tyme as the pson that comyth owt of his yeares do come before the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and assystaunce and bring his m<sup>r</sup> w<sup>th</sup> hym to make report of his behavor, substaunce, and what workman he is so that he may be knowne whether he be worthy to set vp or not.

Ese Chargs of the Tenne harness men whiche weare Charged to [sic] serued the king A° Quarto & Quinto Regis et Rigine Philipi et Marie the forth of January Anno 1557. [Sm iij li v s. ij d.]

Itm	for vj charge boxis .								v d.
Itm	for v shoting gloves			٠				•	xx d.
Ifm	for gerdles iij	٠				*		۰	ij s.
Itm	for ij payre of shewes	٠			٠		٠		xij d.
Ifm	pd to the Beadle for his	char	ge ge	ing to	Qinb	orou	gh [si	c] to	delyuer
	them to the capetayn		6"					· vi	ij s. xd.

Ese Charge of the xx men whiche went to serue the Quene at Callyce set out the xiiij<sup>th</sup> of Janu'y Anno 1557 of the w<sup>ch</sup> x went owt.

Jim pd for ij armyng swords .				vs.
The total sum paid was 3/, 1	8s.			

Ifm pd for newe Russhes for the plor . . . . xij d.

Ifm pd for a lytle Iron ladle to make sayes [assays] . . . ij d.

Clement Killingworth, Citizen and Pewterer, who died 22nd November, 1558, left to the Company certain contingent benefits arising from a wharf and tenements in the parish of St. Mary Somerset. The bequest was subject to default of issue to the testator's son, and no benefit seems to have resulted to the Company. Killingworth lived at the sign of the White Horse, the tenancy of which after his death passed to his apprentice Richard Thompson. His will is transcribed in the Book of Inventories, and in the Inventory of 1556 are the following entries:—

31 the Last will & testament of m<sup>r</sup> killingworth. that m<sup>r</sup> Killingworthe hathe his wyll delyvered agayne the vj daye of september 1558 by the m<sup>r</sup> & wardens that tyme being.

The following ordinance is from the Jury Book:—

The therde daye of marche Anno 1558 in the tyme of mr Royson mr Willm Baker and willm Curtis wardens. Also be it ordeyned that no parson of the sayde felowship shall reuile slaunder or Taunte one another before the maister and wardens beinge other settinge in their courtes or any other places with vnhonest or vnsemely wordes or Comunicacon or at any time speke more then shall become hym or them ouerthwartly and frowardly to the disquietting of the felowship by meanes therof therebe partes taken and the good orders of the felowship hyndered by suche vnsemely demeanours. Therfore it is ordered and agreed that he or they that shall hereafter offend in any poynte as is aforesayde and therof founde ffawty by the sayde maister and wardens and assistance or the moste parte of them shall forfayte and paye for every tyme so offending iijs. iiijd. to the vse of the comon boxe of the sayde felowship.

obstynate mynd will not be ordered and Judged for their offences by the sayde m<sup>r</sup> and wardens and assystance or the most parte of them but will obstinately and wilfully stand in his owne singuler openion and quelybeth contrary to reason and honesty and further do attempt to have his remedy in other places to the greate slaunder and disquiettinge of the sayde ffelowship. Therfore it is ordered and agreed that he that so doth shalbe Banisshed owt of the felowship and company. And except he Reconsile hym self to the sayde m<sup>r</sup> and wardens and assistance or the most part of them within xl dayes then next ensuing and to paye such fyne as shalbe Judged by the sayde maister wardens and assystance without grutching. Or elle to be Banisshed the company for euer. And all his partakers and mayntayners beinge proued euery of them shall forfayte and paye for euery tyme offending to the vse of the comon box of the sayde felowship xx s.

@nd further that no parson of the assystance or clothing of the sayde felowship do at any courte heareafter Rise from the tabull or owt of his

place when any mater shall be in debating as hath byn done in tymes past for some hath Rissen and gon theyre waye before they understode what the matter ment to the greate disquietting of the rest of the felowship. Wherfore it is ordered and agreed that who so euer riseth from the Tabull or owt of his place in the Courte tyme without the lycens of the maister and wardens or one of them shall forfayte and paye for euery tyme so offending ijs, to the use aforesayde.

- @nd further it is ordered and agreed that no parson of the sayde felowship shall interrupt one another in telling of his tale before the maister and wardens setting in theire Courtes or presume to speake in another mans tale Till he hath tolde his tale to an end and that there speake but one man at once. And who so euer and as many as doth offend to the contrary shall paye for euery tyme to the poore mens Box one pennye.
- 1558-9.—@f the same Courte [17th March] Wilfred Bakehowse dweling in Blasing Lane is amyted to be a brother of the Company. Willm Graye spone maker in frydaye streate is also amytted a brother of the company.
- **@f** a Courte then holden [31st March] yt was agreed by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and assystaunce that Robert west sholde bringe in his wif vpon ffrydaye next to reconsile her self to m<sup>r</sup> Cacher and others of the Company for her naughty mysdemeano<sup>r</sup> of her tonge toward<sub>e</sub> them.

Thomas Curtis aprentice wth sr Thomas Curtis sworne [7th April].

**&f** the same Courte [7th May] yt was agreed that no man sholde by any Tynne of Allyn the Taylo<sup>r</sup> in bucklers bury after this daye.

Ese names of all those that gaue Towarde the Reparacons of the newe Glassynge of the newe Parlor.

A list of twenty-three contributors follows, the gifts being "a wyndowe" or "xij d."

and to wey Indiferently the state of the whole companye who is able to mayntayne and kepe prentice and who is not. Mr warden Baker and mr warden Curtis Mr hustwayte, mr Cacher Mr Rowlandson Edwarde Rewe John Gery Richard Scot.

&t the same Court [4th August] yt was agreed by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens & asystaunce that from this tyme forward yt shall not be leafull that the m<sup>r</sup> and wardens of theire owne mynd<sub>c</sub> shall not geue leaue to any man of the companye lybertie to Set vp, but the pson that Requyreth to set vp shall be sene by the assystaunce & his m<sup>r</sup> that he served w<sup>th</sup> all to declare his honestie and behavo<sup>r</sup> & also to bringe in a sample of his worke and so to be sene vewed and adjudged by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens & assystaunce and they to geue theire verdyt whether the ptaye be a mete man to set vp or not.

—[Rough Minutes, 21.]

Sir Peter Warryson received the second highest number of votes in the election of junior warden.

**@f** the same courte [31st August] yt was agreed by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and assystaunce wth the whole consent and agreement of the whole clothinge and yemandry yt was ordered that every man and wif that comyth to the yemandries dynner sholde paye xvjd. And every Jorneyman that hath a wif and do come to dynner shall paye xvjd. And every lone man beinge a howsholder that comyth to dynner shall paye xijd. and every Jorneyman having no wif and comyth to dynner shall paye viii d. And if any pore man being not able to paye his charge concerning the same dynner shall be remyted yf he come not vpon Lycence And acording to the olde order every man that hath bynne maryed wthin the same if yeares shall geve his cocke or effe paye xijd. in mony over & beside the paying for his dynner. And also every man in the company shall paye as they have done in tymes past jd. towarde the playe and a jd. for his offering And every man that promyseth to come to dynner & come not shall paye his whole duetie as if they cam. Provided alwayes that none bringe his gest wth him wthowt he paye for his dynner as moch as he paith for hymself and that they bring no childerne wth them passing one & no more.

Ese names of them that gaue fyne mettall towarde the making of pewter Trenchers & other thynge mr alderman Curtis viij lli. mr Peter warison x lli. & 37 others.

**the** names of them that went to the muster before the Quenes ma<sup>tie</sup> in Julie last past A° 1559 beinge xxvij men as folow<sup>th</sup> Gonners 5, Halberde 12, Pikemen 10.

of the company. For the Clothing the sums vary from 4d. to 1s., for the yeomanry from 4d. to 8d. The total sum amounts to 31s. 2d.

Stepsen saro e paid [26th September] in the name of a fyne for that he solde certayne ware less then the price xij d. [and it is ordered that he should paye Anthony Smyth for that he laid a wager his mony agayne.—

Rough Minutes.]

**B**<sub>C</sub> of Richard Scot for that he cam not to Saynt Martyns to goo in ye barge the same daye the Mayre toke his othe . . . iiij d.

At a Courte holden the same daye [27th November] it was ordayned and agreed by the mr Wardens and asystaunce and the hole Clothinge that ffrom hensforthe there shall none of the yemandry come to the accompte of the yemandrye the sondaye after saynt katherins daye but only suche as be howsholders and others as shalbe thought mete by the discression of the mr and Wardens of the yemandrye wth the consent of the mr & Wardens of the Clothinge and that every man that dothe come to the geving vp of the same accompt shall paye for his supper iiij d. a pece.

More the same Courte yt was agreed that Harry tompson sholde haue no more the vewe nor making of stone potte nor that from hensforth the marke of the Hall sholde pas vpon the stone potte lydde But that all makers of stone pot lydde sholde make them substauncyally & workmanly according to theire samples Remayning in the hall by the said makers brought in and frely geven to the hall and whosoever do make any worsse lyde then those are yt shalbe leafull for the mr and wardens from hensforth to breake the same lydde and the potte that shalbe found fawtye either in the lydde or Jawmes in whose hande so ever they may be founde, and the makers therof to make them good agayne eyther to haberdasshers or others And that from hensforth the makers of stone pott lydde shall set theire marcke on the inside of the Lydde.

[5th December] That Thomas allyn gave v s. for a Recreason for beinge at the Buryall of his wif the same daye in monye xxvj s. viij d. Wherof vj s. viij d. was spent the same daye m<sup>r</sup> alderman Curtis was buryed at the Castle in newe fyshstreate and the Rest which was xx s. it

was agreed by the whole clothing that Willim Curtis sholde haue towarde the payment of the debt due to hym to be payde as maye apeare by the fote of his accompte.

- **&f** the same Courte [8th December] John strange bounde hymself as a Covenaunt fraunt with Raphe Mullyners and to serve hym from this daye forthwarde one whole yeare and to haue wekely ijs. when he workethe, and every broken weke to haue for his dayes worke every daye when he worketh iiii d. and so throughout the yeare.
- **@f** the same Courte [15th December] John Norton bound hymself a couenaunt fvaunt with Raphe Mullyners and to serve hym from this daye forward one whole yere and to have for his wage ijs. a weke bothe broken and whole, Christmas weke and Easter weke only except.
- **&f** the same Courte [19th December] John Russell bound hymself as a Couenaunt Evaunte wth Robert Tymme and hath Taken a jd. to sarue hym a whole yeare and to begyn at Candelmas next comynge and to haue for his wage iii li for his yeares wage to be payde quarterly xv s. and his maister hath made clere wth hym tyll Candelins.
- Jtm Rs of dyverse of the lyvery for fynes for late comyng to the buryall Jim Rs of dyverse of the lyvery for fynes for late comvnge to the buryall 3fm Rs of hughe wadelowe and John bowltinge for a fyne for that they
- were at varyence xii d. Jim Rs for iii statute Bokes . . .
- vid.
- Jtm Rs of John Bussbye my lorde mayre yeman . . . xij d. Jim Rs of John Jackson for John hare his aprentice . . .
- [Note in margin] the same John hare is quyt dismyssed for his picking and bribing the xxv<sup>th</sup> daye of June 1563.
- 3fm pd to wiftm Lowton, and wiftm Readman stewards to make a dynner for the rest of the company that dyned not at yelde hall xxvis. viii d.
- **Ifm** pd to the pson [at abchurch] for dirige and masse viiid, and to iii other prests xij d. To the clarck viijd, for ringing, for ij half pound tapers xd. Ifm to the mr of the Craft for being at dirige and masse vid. and

to the ij wardens viijd., and to ij other of the lyvery for their offering ijd. Ifm to the Beadle for warnyng of them iiijd. Ifm pd to the  $m^r$  and wardens and ij other of the lyvery to drink xijd.  $S\hat{m}$ . vs. xd.

Jim pd to the Curat [at alhallowes in Lumbertstreate] for taking paynes at the Comunion xij d. Jim pd to the Clarcke and other singers at the Comnon iij s. iiij d. Jim pd to the Churchwardens for occupyinge of theire Ornaments xx d. Jim pd to a precher for his paynes at the same Comunyon iij s. iiij d. the sexton iiij d. Sim . . . ij s. viij d.

Ifm pd for a xv<sup>th</sup> graunted to Quene Mary for owre hall . vjs. viijd.

**Itm** pd for ij xv<sup>th</sup> graunted agaynst the Crownacon of Quene Elyzabeth xiij s. iiij d.

Queen Elizabeth succeeded to the throne on the death of her sister, 17th November, 1558. The Queen, who was staying at Hatfield, soon (24th November) removed to the Charterhouse, being escorted thither through the City by the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Sheriffs. On 21st November the Common Council voted two fifteenths for the customary gift to be presented to Her Majesty on passing through London to her coronation.

Jfm pd for a xv<sup>th</sup> graunted by Comon councell for Billets vj s. viij d.
Jfm pd to m<sup>r</sup> osborne for a Superzedius for the discharge of the wardens the last yeare of a rest owt of the Exchequyer . . . ij s. vj d.
Jfm pd for Carying of o<sup>r</sup> standing at the Comyng in of Quene Elyzabeth the xxix day of Novembr Anno 1558 . . . . . vj d.

This was the state entry of the new Queen into her City of London on the way to the Tower, amidst universal acclamation from the citizens of all classes. The Queen was attended by the Lord Mayor, Recorder, and principal citizens from Charterhouse Gate, through Barbican, Cripplegate, and London Wall to Bishopsgate "and so with Lordes, Knightes, and Gentlewomen richly apparelled [they] brought hir to the Tower of London." The Livery Companies, as usual on these occasions, lined the greater part of the route, each Company in proper precedence attending in its stand.

Jfm pd to the Carpenter for setting vp the standing ij s.
Ifm pd for bringing of yt home iiij d.
Ifm pd for the hyer of a Barge at the Quenes comyng to the Tower by
water xxiij s. iiij d.
Ifm pd for iiij staves for ye wyflars viij d.
Ifm pd for Carying owt of or standing agaynst the Crownacon of the
Quene and for bringing of yt home xvj d.
Elizabeth was crowned at Westminster on 15th January, 1558-9.
The ceremony was preceded by two great receptions of their new
Sovereign on the part of the citizens. On the 12th the Queen proceeded
by water from Whitehall to the Tower, attended by the Lord Mayor and
Corporation and all the Crafts of the City in their barges; and on the
14th the Coronation procession passed through the City by land from
the Tower to Westminster.
Jfm pd for wryting the names of the Clothing in a newe order in a table

Jtm pd for wryting the names of the Clothing in a newe order in a table iij s. iiij d.

Jfm pd for a C of ffaggot to laye in the hall for store agaynst wynter vj s. ij d.
Jfm pd more for the playe then was gathered of the Companye as apearith by a bill . . . . . . . . . . . . . iij s. j d.

Jim pd for dyverse charge of xxvij men w<sup>ch</sup> went to muster at grenewitch on saynt peters daye as maye apeare. . . . xxxj s. iiij d.

This famous military display seems to have been held not on St. Peter's Day (29th June) but in July, as recorded in the Court minutes at the foot of page 201. Stow in his Chronicles gives the date as the second of July, and describes the scene as follows:—"The Citizens of London had a muster afore the Queenes Maiestie at Greenwich in the Parke, of fourteene hundred men, whereof eyght hundred were Pikemen, all in fine Corselets, foure hundred Haquebuts in shirtes of mayle with morians, and two hundred Halberters in almanriuets, which were furnished and set forth by the companyes of the Citie of London: they had to euery hundred two wiffelers, richly apparelled, and twelue wardens of the best companyes riding in coates of blacke Veluet to conduct them with drommes and fifes, and sixe Ensignes, all in Jerkins of white Bridges

[Bruges] Satten, cutte and lined with blacke Sarsenet, with cappes, hosen, and skarfes according: the Captaynes Robert Constable, and Mayster Saunders, brought them in battayle ray afore the Queene, euen as they should have fought, which made a goodly shewe before hir Maiestie, the Emperoures and French Kings Embassadours being present."

**Ifm** pd for the payntinge of the olde plor wyndowes and for ij newe pece payntinge for the new plor . . . . . . . . . . xls.

**Ifm** pd to the beadle for gathering of the mony w<sup>ch</sup> was geven of certayn of the company towards them that went to muster . . xij d

Jfm pd to ffranke the Glassyer for takinge downe and seting of all the glasse as may apeare by his bill on the East side of the hall xxjs. viijd.



FROM THE CHARTER, 20 NOVEMBER, 2 ELIZABETH, 1559.



## CHAPTER V.

## Reign of Elizabeth.

ITH the commencement of Queen Elizabeth's reign, the Pewterers' Company lost one of their most prominent members, Alderman Sir Thomas Curtis. Of this worthy alderman, whose leading position in the Corporation must have made him a valuable friend to the Company, a full biographical notice is given in a later chapter.

1559-60. Mo [12th January] that mr stukeley dyd geue to the company for a Recreasion for beinge at the buryall of mr Alderman Curtis who depted on monday at night beinge the xxvij daye of novembr and was buryed the vij daye of decembr Being Wedinsdaye 1559 xls. whiche was agreed yt Willim Curtis sholde haue in ptie of payment of the mony the Crafte owith hym.

Churche of Saynt Deonis on the left hand where the highe Aulter stonde on whose soule and all Christen Soules Jhus haue mercy amen.

Mathewe was comytted to warde by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and assystaunce for that he had promysed to serve a certayne tyme w<sup>th</sup> John Cutler as maye apeare the last yeare and after his promys w<sup>th</sup>in ij dayes after went to maydstone and wrought there w<sup>th</sup> a Tynkerd and made hym mowlds And beinge Suspected to come and Entice mens ¢vaunte and prentice to be obstynate agaynst there maisters as before tyme he hath donne.

ffurther the xix daye of January 1559 the saide Smyth was Commytted to Brydewell for his obstenacy for that he wolde not submyt hym self But Rather worsse when he cam owt of the Counter then he was when he went in. The saide John Smyth was Releassed owt of Brydewell the xxiiij daye of January and dyd submyt hymself and desired the company of fforgeuenes kneling vpon his knees in the psens of the mr and wardens and assystaunce and parte of the clothinge and yemandry howsholders and Jorneymen never to offende agayne and if he doo to be Banyshed the company for ever.

the same daye [31 January] mr Thomas stukeley Esquyer was taken in to be one of the Company and was sworne to be a trewe Pewterer according to the order And the same daye he was made ffree of the Pewterers at the Guilde Hall by the Chamberlayne in the Presence of the mr mr Willim Hustwayte John Gerye warden John daye Edwarde Cacher Willim Haynes and willim Milte.

Besides the above minute, the following entry is in the Audit Book at the end of the account for 1558-9.

**M**r Thomas Stuckley esquyer was made ffree in the tyme of mr Willim Hustwayte, mr of the mistery of Pewterers, Water makyns and John Gery Wardens the daye and yeare as maye apeare as followith.

Lorde god a thowsand ffyve houndreth fyftye and Nyne, and in the Second yeare of the Raigne of o' Soveraigne Lady Elyzabeth By the grace of god Quene of England ffraunce and Ireland. defendo' of the faythe &c. Yt was condissendend and agreed and [at] a Courte holden the same daye by the m' Wardens and assystaunce of the ffelowship of Pewterers yt was consented and concluded that m' Thomas Stucley Esquyer shoulde be taken in as a brother of the saide felowship and thervpon the same day was made ffree of the same ffelowship at the Guyldehall, And for that the saide companye bare suche good will vnto the saide m' Thomas stucley and Anne his wif, they the saide m' Thomas stucley and Anne his wif dyd ffreely geve of theyre owne meare gifte vnto the saide Company, one certayne Indenture of Lease of twoo Tenement? Set lyinge and beinge in the pishe of Saynt Deonis

Backchurch in London in the streate called ffanchurch streate in Langborne Warde w<sup>ch</sup> saide twoo Ten<sup>a</sup>te were lately graunted by the same Indenture of Lease, with the assent of one m<sup>r</sup> Thomas Vrswicke late m<sup>r</sup> of the saide ffelowship of Pewterers John Sherwyn and John daye then wardens, w<sup>th</sup> the consent of the Bodye of the saide felowship to the late worshipfull S<sup>r</sup> Thomas Curtis knight and alderman of London decessed as by the same case more playnly apeareth Which saide lease the saide m<sup>r</sup> Thomas Stucley And Anne his wif w<sup>th</sup> one assent consent will and agreement by theire deade bearing date the xv<sup>th</sup> daye of marche next ensuynge the date herof, dyd ffreely geve as aforesaide to the sayde company for none other entent and purpose But only of there good will and as theyre owne prop gifte for the lyke good will that they beare to the saide felowship.

- Mr. Thomas Stukeley, of whom some biographical particulars are given in a later chapter, married Alderman Curtis's grand-daughter Anne, the daughter of his only son Thomas who predeceased him.
- on whose Soule god haue mercy And the monday after there was a dynner kept at the hall of his gifte being xls. And the same monday there was Eleccon for a newe Warden and yt fell owt soo that m<sup>r</sup> Crostwayte had the most Prick<sub>t</sub> as afterwarde more playnly apeareth.
- agaynst John Powell for that he solde hym aprentice for xxli of mettall and the same aprentice dwellith nowe wth a Hossyer.
- **&f** a Courte then [1st April] holden by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and the assystaunce yt was agreed that Thomas Curtis sholde be lycensed to set vp and open Shop.
- At the same Courte yt was agreed that John Bowntinge sholde paye in the name of a ffyne for Selling of certayne pece of vessell doble turned fylyted for vij d. ob the pound to the olde duches of Suffolke at easter last past that is to saye vj great Platters doble ffyllyted and v ff mydell platers doble fillitted iij s. iiij d. wherof the beadle had for his paynes iiij d. So rest clere to the crafte iij s.

**Ebe** x<sup>th</sup> daye of Apriell. The names of the xx men and ij wiflers w<sup>ch</sup> brought in the Quenes mat<sub>e</sub> withe the same daye by the Comaundem<sup>t</sup> of my lord Mayo<sup>r</sup> who had xij d. apece.

The list consists of 4 Gonners, 6 Bowmen, 10 Pickemen [pikemen], the two Wardens of the Yeomanry who served as Whifflers, George Baskertone sword player, and William Thomas an attendant.

who that the same daye [4th May] Geffery Mathewe wolde be at his owne lybertie for the workmanship of hollowwares and the Morrowe after he was contentid to worke for ix s. a C taverne potte for x s. the C stopes and for x j s. the C new fasshon &c vntill farther order was taken.

Ese xxv daye of Maye the Names of the ffyve men that was set forthe for Soldyars in the Quenes ships and delyuered to # Thomas Woodowce knight theire Capetayne vpon Tower hill by Comaundem<sup>t</sup> of the lord mayo<sup>r</sup> in the quenes name by presept.

These troops were required to repel the French invasion of Scotland. A force of nine hundred soldiers was demanded of the City in April, 1560, two hundred and fifty seamen in May, and two hundred more soldiers in June. These were furnished by the Livery Companies by allotment, in accordance with their respective ability and standing.

[28th May] for the Enterest of L li lent to Quene Marye the Sm of v li xj s. vj d. and yt was agreed by the hole company that lent the same that yt sholde be ffreely gevyn to the hall to bryng them owt of debt.

This was the Company's quota of a loan of 20,000/. raised by Queen Mary in March, 1558, eight months before her death. Interest was guaranteed at twelve per cent., and the Crown lands were pledged as security for repayment. Each member of the Company was assessed to contribute to the loan, and was therefore entitled to share in the distribution of the first year's interest. They, however, unanimously decided to give the interest to the Company, which was at this time in debt. The method of assessment occasionally gave rise to discontent, as in 1554. On the 14th July in that year (see p. 177) it was ordered that "who so ever speakyth any more of the seasyng" should be fined 20s.

&t the same Courte [19th June] yt was agreed by the mr wardens & assystaunce and the most part of all the whole ffelowship as well of the yemandry as of the Clothing, that no pson doo ffrom hensforth in his shop or in any other place eyther in selling or Chepnyng of his ware do saye that his ware is better then any others of the company by a j d. of or qr in a pound more or les he shall forfayte and paye for a ffyne if it maye be Justly & duely provid xx s. to the boxe wthowt ffavor.

This regulation, though doubtless found necessary, merely reinforces a long established rule of the Company. A high standard of trade honesty was set up and strictly maintained, no favour being shown to any of the brethren, however high his position in the Guild.

do from hensforth slack them selfe to wayt vpon the mr and wardens of the yemandry eyther to offeringe or buryalle or any other tyme when they shalbe warned by any of them or the beadle in theyre name they shall forfayte and paye for every tyme offending vjd. wthowt any favor and that yt shalbe leafull for the beadle for the none payment of the said vjd. to take a dystres from the howse of the offender and to bryng to the Pewterers hall and then to be ordered by the mr and wardens of the clothinge Provyded alwayes that if any pson be owt of towne or elle being Sicke vpon good profe yt shalbe a lawfull Scuse Or elle all excusus to be layd apart Also yt is agreed that the yemandry shall come in clenly apell and wthowt theyre aprons And shall not use to playe at any vnlawfull games in the hall as at shove grote or any such lyke vpon payne to forfayte and paye for every tyme offending xijd.

The Yeomanry had doubtless one or more apartments in Pewterers' Hall set aside for their own use, and here some supervision over the rough recreations of the journeymen became necessary. The "unlawfulness" of shove-groat and other games was probably owing to their gambling character.

**®f** the same Courte yt was agreed that the m<sup>r</sup> and Wardens of the ffelowship and theire Successours sholde ffrom hensforth kepe theire

foure quarter dynners in the Hall belonging to the said ffelowship and that all the whole clothing shoulde paye for theire dynner at every of the quarter dynners vjd. a pece.

- the same Courte yt was agreed that no Jorneyman fyinge by the yeare shall departe ffrom the fyice of his m<sup>r</sup> without he geve his maister half a yeares warnyng And he that dothe serve but for half a yere shall not departe w<sup>th</sup>owt a quarter of a yere warnynge and he that fyith by the weke shall not departe w<sup>th</sup>owt a weke warnyng And who so ever do offend in this article shall forfayt and pay for a fyne xxs. And that if any pson of the felowship do Happen to set aworke any suche Jorneyman as shall departe contrary to this article before he do pfytly know that he is clere from his m<sup>r</sup> he cam from, he shall paye lykewise in the name of a ffyne xxs.
- **Esc** byll of Seasement for l<sup>li</sup> lent for wheate. M<sup>r</sup> Thomas Stewkely was seased at iij fi & he wold pay none. [The list contains 59 entries.] Sm to<sup>ts</sup> L<sup>li</sup> Receyued of m<sup>r</sup> Chamberlayne the xxv daye of decembr in ptie of payment of the said Sm of L<sup>li</sup> the sm of xij<sup>li</sup> xs. [9th July.]
- At the same Courte [3rd August] yt was agreed for all manner of matters & varyaunce depending betwene Thoms Curtis and Thomas Hassill for fving straungers of ware and other matters The said Thomas Curtis shall byd Wiflm Curtis and his wif and thomas Hassill and his wif to a supper home to his howse and there to be mery to gethers and so to be lovers and ffrende from hensforthe, and that the said supper shalbe betwene this and bartylmewtyd next comyng. Or elle the said Thomas Curtis shall paye in the name of ffyne to the crafte boxe in monye xx s.
- At the same Courte [18th September] yt was agreed that if any pson that doth vse to goo to markyte or ffayres wth any wares he shall sell for no les then for a ob in a pound more then ye pryce doth goo at London, vnles that there be in the same markyt or ffayre any Countreemen that sellith for lyke pryce as is at london vpon payne to fforfayt for a ffyne ffor every tyme being duely provid xx s.
- **If** the same Courte Robert Somers paid for a ffyne for the lyke offence and for bying tynne wthowt Cloffe vs.

The term "cluff" is used in the trade at the present day to denote rough or scrap metal.

Afso it was agreed [6th December] that the said Thomas wolshere shall paye in the name of fyne for his approbrious worde towarde the same [Richard] Scot saying he played the Scote part and had a Scotte hart xvjd.

Richard Scot, the other party to this quarrel, was fined 10s. for calling Wilshire "begerly knave."

**@n** order [16th December] for the new Election of the m<sup>r</sup> and wardens that is to saye the m<sup>r</sup> shall have his ij Pricke at his lybertie and if it happen to be prick for Prick the m<sup>r</sup> shall Call the assystaunce agayne for the same officer and then vpone the voyce of the most parte of the assystaunce the same psonne to beare the office.

Wittm Readman	Thomas allyn	Wittm Baker
Thomas Elyot	John Gerye	Nicholas crostwayt
Willm Loughton	Willm Curtis	m <sup>r</sup> Rowlandson
John mathewe	Willm Mylle	Edward Reo

**@n** order for the new Eleccon of the m<sup>r</sup> and wardens that is to saye the m<sup>r</sup> shall have his ij Prick<sub>l</sub> at his lybertye and if yt happen to be prick for Prick looke who is the elderman shall have the office.

Richarde Selby	Thomas whitbe	Willm hustwayte
Robert chawnor	John Royston	Richard walling <sup>r</sup>
Stephin Calye	Edward Cacher	Thomas Hassill
Lawrence ashlyn	Withm Haynes	Richard Scot
Allyn gardener	m <sup>r</sup> daye	
Nicholas turner	mr woodowce	

**@f** the same Court it was agreed that all those psones wch haue bynne m<sup>r</sup> and wardens shalbe of the assystaunce and set in Court<sub>ℓ</sub> for all manner of matters debating in the Pewterers Hall w<sup>th</sup> the m<sup>r</sup> and wardens.

This was an important step in the constitution of a permanent Court of Assistants, which in later times became the chief ruling power, at the expense of the authority of the Master and Wardens on the one hand, and that of the Livery on the other.

**&f** the same Court yt was agreed that who so ever be m<sup>r</sup> this yeare shall not be maister the next yeare that is to saye no man shalbe m<sup>r</sup> ij yeares to gether.

**@f** a Court [20 December] then holden the Lorde mayor Sr wiffm chester sent to the hall a proclamacon for the wearing of aparell emonge the Company. Wherfore yt was agreed that theise psonnes following should have the oversight rule and government of the company for the observing of the said pclamacion according to the Tenor of the same.

John Gerye Wiftm Readman John Bowlting Thomas allyn Anthony smythe John Robson

&f the same Court there was deputies chosen for the m<sup>r</sup> and wardens to supply theire Roomes [places] at all tymes when the m<sup>r</sup> and wardens was absent aswell to make answere to the Lorde mayo<sup>r</sup> as also in other matters within the hall that is to saye

ffor the mr Cacher

ffor the vpp<sup>r</sup> warden m<sup>r</sup> baker

ffor the vnderwarden m<sup>r</sup> Rowlandson.

**At** the same Court [23rd December] m<sup>r</sup> Crostwayte asked alowaunce of iiij li xviij s. iij d. w<sup>ch</sup> was lost in the fall of the mony So the hole assystaunce graunted hym to haue the occupying of the mony w<sup>ch</sup> Remayned vpon his said accompt vntill mighelmas next comyng to bring in the hole Sm for the same.

3fm in markinge Irons of the armes of the Crafte lying in the Red chest iiij. (Book of Inventories, 3, 31a.)

Ifm Rs for xiiij wedings and dynners kepte in o' Hall this yeare xlvs. iiijd.

Jfm pd to xxx pore men and women in the same pishe [St. Mary Abchurch] in Almas ij s. vj d. and to o' beadle iiij d. Sm . ij s. x d.

This is the form which the simple religious service at Mr. Ashlyn's obsequies now assumes in the Audit Book.

**Ifm** pd to mr Lutley one of the Chauncery for Renuynge of o<sup>r</sup> Corporación as maye apeare by a bill of pticulers therof . viij<sup>li</sup> xv s. iiij d.

Jim pd for the Coppye of a wryt called acowaranto [Quo warranto] to compell us to Renue or Corporación . . . . . . . ij s. vj d.

These entries throw light upon the way in which the Companies obtained, or rather were forced to procure a renewal of their charters at the beginning of a new reign. Queen Elizabeth's charter of inspeximus, which added nothing to the existing privileges and regulations of the Company but was only confirmatory, was granted on the 20th November, 1559, in the second year of her reign. The initial letter E of this charter, containing the portrait of the Queen, is reproduced on page 206.
Jim pd for the Copie of a tre of ministracon w <sup>ch</sup> mr stukeley toke owt for mr Alderman Curtis xij d.
mr Alderman Curtis xij d.  Itm pd to mr Stukely for ij payre of greate Melting bellowes for the
Hall vs.
Hall vs.  Jim pd for the Change of iij dosin Sawcers poz xvj lb. [poids, i.e. weight]
xvj d.  The pd for bringing vp of a hogshed to the hall to make ij watering tubbes and for cutting of the same hogshed, and hoping [hooping] of a greate ffat [vat] vj d.  The Chargs of the xx men made owt by the Lorde Mayors com-
maundement the xth daye of apryell 1560 and to geue attendaunce to
ffetche in the Quenes maty withe to westm
Ifm pd vnto George Baskertone sword player xij d.
This was for the men's entertainment after breakfast.
Ifm pd the same daye for theire brekefast for a salt ffyshe and a half xvjd.
Ifm pd for ij thi of butter xd.
Jfm pd for ij Cheynes of Salmond viij d.
Jfm pd for ij white staves for the wiflers iij d.Jfm pd for iiij swords and iiij daggers xiij s. vj d.
The part of my swords and my daggers
There are in all twenty entries, and the total cost of their repast
and outfit amounts to lvijs. x d. ob.  Charge of v men set forthe at the Crafts charge the xxv daye of
Maye for Soldyers to the Quenes mate [Majesty's] shippes as may
apeare in the Boke of ffaute
3fm pd for laces to hang the gonne powder boxis abowt their necks vj d.
Ifm pd for v Red scotish Cappes vs. viij d.
Itm pd for theire Prest pence vd.

Jim pd to iiij of them for conduct mony. . . . . iiijs.
Jim pd for theire meate and drynk for ij dayes to kepe them to gether
ijs. iiijd. ob.

There are 19 entries, and the expenditure was lvij s. iij d. ob.

The Company was further required on 7th July, 1560, to furnish two men to serve in Scotland, and paid 13d. to "dyverse of the yemandry" for prest pence to keep themselves in readiness for such service.

Jfm more I aske alowaunce owt of xxvjs. viijd. wch I do charge myself in the Receipt for the buryall of m<sup>rs</sup> allyn for that was spent at a dynner at the Castle in newe ffyshstreat when Sr Thomas Curtis was buryed . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . vjs. viijd.

One of the obligations of Guild membership from the earliest times was to attend the funeral of deceased brethren, absence without legitimate excuse being punished by fine. The simple refreshments served on these occasions, at the obsequies, in later times took the form of elaborate funeral feasts, payments for which, generally accompanied by gifts to the poor, were frequently provided by wealthy persons in their wills. The feast at the funeral of Sir Thomas Curtis having cost more than the sum of 40% furnished by Mr. Stukeley, his executor, the Wardens provided the difference by curtailing the funeral feast of Mrs. Allen to the extent of 6% 8d.

Nicholas Crosthwaite, the outgoing warden-accountant, was allowed twelve months (till the following Michaelmas) to pay the balance of 61. 6s. 7d. remaining in his hands.

**Which** tyme of the said payment was grauntid hym for that he sholde beare the fall of the said vj li vj s. vij d. being in his hands at the daye of the proclymacon being the xxvij of Septembr 1560 which dyd amount vnto after the rate of v s. and xij s. the pounde to an uncertayne Sm.

Mo that this accompt was awdyt the xxij daye of Decembr in Anno Dñi 1560 and in the therd yere of the Raigne of o' Soveraigne lady Quene Elyzabethe, by us Willim Baker, Willim Mills, Nicholas Turn And Richard Scot. So that we fynde by the neclygence of m' Hustwayte, Nicholas Crostwayte and John Gery warden theise peells folowing.

In p'mis the whole Receipts to lytle cast by . . . xij d.

Jim where it is acustome that every weding that is kept in the hall ought to paye iij s. iiij d. we fynd to lytle by . . . . xvj d.

The above sums were paid into the next account. Then follow five quarterage payments, and the Audit concludes as follows:—

If m we fynd that they aske more fyer more  $y^{en}$  ordenary .  $x ext{ s.}$ 

1560-1. At the same Court [18th January] mr Crostwayte made Ernest Sute [earnest suit] and laboure to Chaunge his Coppye to the Vynteners Whervpon yt was agreed by the mr wardens and assystaunce in manner & forme following that is to saye the saide mr Crostwayte shall forthwith paye vnto the crafte boxe for the good wille of the Company for his depture Eight pounde of good and lawfull mony of England And shall paye or provide to be paid wthin xx dayes after his dicesse other viii pounde and for the sure paymt therof shall make an obligaçon to the Company And ffarther the said mr crostwayte shall quyt geve over the occupying of pewterers crafte before the ffeaste of Saynt John Baptist next comyng Provided always that the same mr Crostwayt shalbe a brother of the said Company and be Contrybutor to all manner of charge in the saide Company of pewterers as a brother and ffreman of the said company should or ought to doo during his naturall lyf to the which said agreemnte the said mr Crostwayte hath set his hand and haue paid the ffirst Eight pounde as is aforesaid in the psence of theise psonnes following

By me Nicholas crostwayt.

Here follow the names of the Master, Wardens, and seven of the Court of Assistants.

and the most part of all the whole company that foure honest men of the Company shall haue the bying of all suche bargaynes of tynne as hereafter shalbe by any manner of meanes come to any of the company by Brokership or any other shifte the ptie shall send the broker or other ptie to one of the said foure and they by theire good advise shall make bargayne for the same in the name of the whole Company and that the same tynne so by them bargayned shalbe brought to the hall to thentent that every man that will haue any therof shall haue suche porcion as shalbe thought by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens

and assistaunce Provided alwayes that none of the said iiij men shall do no manner of act or acte that shalbe preiudiciall to the said bargaynes or otherwise for theire owne lucer or gayne shall take the bargayne into their owne hande vpon payne of fforfayture of tenne pounde for every suche offens And also it is agreed that if any suche tynne shall happen to be bought by the iiij men in mann aforesaid that no pson of the said Company shall bye no pece of tynne but of the same tynne so bought vntill that be all gone vpon forfayture of xls for every pece so bought.

Theise iiij men be apoynted as folow<sup>th</sup>
m<sup>r</sup>Warden Reo m<sup>r</sup> Lawrens Ashlyn
Thomas Elvot Thomas Burton

They to have emonge them upon every pece of tynne so by them bought as is aforesaid for theire paynestaking in that behalf iiijd. [Rough Minutes 21.]

@ precept sent [1st April] by S' wiffm chester knight Lord mayo' of London for the lone of ffiftie pounde to the chambrlayn for to by whete 1561.

The byll of Seasment for the same w<sup>ch</sup> was apoynted that m<sup>r</sup> haynes and m<sup>r</sup> Reo wardens m<sup>r</sup> Royston and m<sup>r</sup> curtis shoulde be Seasours for the Clothing and Robert Tymne and Symond hawclif for the yemandry. Collectours to gather the same Lawrence ashlyn and Willim Readmā Bonyfface ffoster and Thomas Curtis.

m <sup>r</sup> daye .		xxiij s.	iiij d.	Richard Scot			xls.
mr haynes .			xs.	Thomas allyn			xls.
m <sup>r</sup> Reo			XXS.	Thomas hassill			xls.
m <sup>r</sup> hustwayt .			xls.	allyn gardener		xxvj s.	viij d.
m <sup>r</sup> Cacher			xls.	John mathewe		xxijs	. iiij d.
mr Roystone		xxvj s.	viij d.	Laurence ashlyn		xxvj s.	viij d.
m <sup>r</sup> Crostwayt			XXS.	m <sup>r</sup> nogaye .			XXS.
mr Rowlands	on .		xs.	Thomas Elyot			xl s.
mr Woodowo	e .		XS.	wiffm Lowton			XXX S.
m <sup>r</sup> Baker			vs.	Robert chawner			XXS.
m <sup>r</sup> Mille			xls.	Stephin Calie.			XX S.
Willm Curtis	s .		xls.	Wiffm Readman			XXX s.
John Gerye		xxvj s.	viij d.	Richard wallenge	r.		XS.
Nicholas Tu	rn .		xs.	Richard Selbye		xiij s	. iiij d.
Thomas Wh	itbee .	xiij s	. iiij d.	Sm xxxv li. v s.			

## The yemandry.

			•	•			
Robert Cropwell			XXS.	Symond hawclif			xs.
Richard mannyng	ζ.	•	xs.	John Jackson			xs.
John Sherwyn	•	vj s.	viij d.	Roger palmer		vj s.	viij d.
Richard wiftmson		vj s.	viij d.	John holstock			vs.
John bowlting		xiij s.	iiij d.	Richard harrysson	า		vs.
Anthony Smyth			XXS.	Robert newes		xiij s.	iiij d.
Thomas burton		xiij s.	iiij d.	Withm meare			xs.
Thomas Curtis			XS.	Hugh wadelow			xs.
Thomas Nicotte			XX S.	Richard Sares			vs.
Roger ffarthing			XX S.	Robert somers		vj s.	viij d.
John Barker		xiij s.	iiij d.	Robert wilkynson	١.		vs.
Thomas woodowd	ce	vj s.	viij d.	pcyvall glasker			vs.
Stephin Barrowe			vs.	Wittm Glover			VS.
Allyn Dawson			vs.	Roger Isaack			vs.
Raphe mullyners		xiij s.	. iiij d.	Willm hartlif			vs.
Bonyface ffoster		vjs.	viij d.	Richard tompson		vj s.	viij d.
		Sm	xv li.	iij s. iiij d.			-

- and assystaunce that where there was certayn varyaunce betwene Robert wilkynson and Thomas Empson his Comnaunt &vaunt Yt was agreed as folowth that is to saye the saide Thomas shall serve his maister all such &vis which he ought to serue by his Comnaunt and after his saide terme he shall serue one Sevennight more for the tyme he hath bynne absent. Also the same Thomas shall lye within his mrs howse and be there every night by ix of the Clock at the farthest And if the saide Thomas do absent hymself hereafter he shall serve doble as moche as he dothe absent hymself and farther pay suche fyne as the mr and wardens shall adwarde.
- At the same Courte yt was agreed that the saide Robert wilkynson shoulde pay in the name of a fyne for Provoking the same Thomas to serue before he was clere from his former mr ijs.
- and the same Court yt was agreed that the saide Robert wilkynson shoulde set the said Thomas Empson ffast by the heeles if he absent hymself.

An order Masters voice.

Decimo nono die Julii 1561 Whereas at this present there is greate varyence stryf and Controversie depending Emongo the maister wardens and assystaunce of the Company of Pewterers for the Eleccon of the mr and wardens of the saide Company as apeareth by Complaynt lately made by the saide Company and assystaunte of the same, for the appeasing of all which varyence stryfe and Controversies as have heretofore growne or hearafter maye growe Emonge them, And to thentent to have vnytie and quyetnes ever ffrom hensforth betwixt them and mr and wardens and company to be Contynued, I Sr Willim Chester knight Lorde mayor of the Citie of London vppon good Consideracon and deliberacon there uppon doo order determine and ffinally decree in the same matter as hereafter Enssueth ffirst that the mr of the saide Company shalbe the first that shall prick at the Eleccon of the maister and wardens and shall have but one Prick as others have Onles yt be in matter of doubt as prick for prick vpon an Equalytie Then the sayde m' to haue one Prick more weh makith twayne and to be at his lybertie to set his last prick vpon which it shall please hym for the advoyding of Controversie And putting owt of doubt the same Eleccon And if it fortune that there be one prick more of the one partye then of the other then the Eleccon to be cleare of ytself. And in such case the mr shall haue no moo Pricke then other haue lest he should set his last Prick with the ffirst, And so make evyn Prick for prick so many for as many and then take vpon hym to make officer whome he pleasith without the Consent of the assystaunce or moost part of them which wolde make greate Confucyon in the Eleccon and disquyetnes in the Company And also that those psonnes whiche receyue the Eleccon shall forthwth declare and Present the same vnto the mr wardens and assystaunte setting at the Assistants to Bourde that yt may be knowne vnto them all the names of those that shalbe maister and wardens for the yeare Ensuing And ffarther when any Courte shalbe holden at the Common hall of the saide Company that the mr and wardens shall Cause the whole assystaunte to be warned, and that the saide mr and wardens of themselfe shall not passe any matter touching or concerning the Estate of the sayde Company Onles there be viijth of thassystente present at the leaste which assystente to be suche as have

All the be sumoned to Court & nothing to be done unless S Ass' present y have been Mar or

The Mar & Wdns to be sworn before y' Court of Ass':

byn m<sup>r</sup> or Wardens of the Company according too the Aunsient custome heretofore vsed. And ffynally that at the Entering of the newe m<sup>r</sup> and Wardens that they shalbe sworne in the hall Before the assystent<sub>ℓ</sub> therof as other worshipfull Companyes doo vse

m<sup>r</sup> cacher m<sup>r</sup> m<sup>r</sup> Woodowce p me wyllm Curttys p me John gery Willm mill<sub>e</sub> warden By me Wiffm Chester mayor nycholas turnare wardene p me W<sup>m</sup> baker p me edward Reoo by me steuen Rowlandson [Jury Book.]

A debate ariseing upon y' above Order how many should be a Court Ther fore tis settled y' 6 besides y' ma' & wdnsshall be a Court.

the 1xth daye of August anno 1562 [1561] At a Court then holden the assystaunce being assembled to gether win or hall emonge other Comunicación toke in hande to plede vppon the therde article of the decree aforesaide touching the article for the passinge of any matter concerning the state of the Company w'owt viij psonnes of the assystaunce beside the mr & wardens Yt was agreed by the mr wardens and assystaunce that Edward Reo warden, mr John Roystone and John Gerie shoulde goo agayne to the lorde mayor to knowe his trewe meaning therof for that it was taken emonge the assystaunce that except viij psonnes besides the m<sup>r</sup> and wardens shoulde holde Courte the Court shoulde be voyde. And so they went to the Lorde mayor and he saide his meaninge was that there shoulde be viij psonnes besides the mr and wardens But not wtstanding he decreed that if it shoulde soe happen that there was not viij of the assystaunce besides the m<sup>r</sup> and wardens at the Courte being lawfully warned that Sixe of the assystaunce besides the mr & wardens shoulde passe the matter aswell as if there were viii of the assystaunce besides the mr and wardens and more

by me John Royston p me John gery p me edwarde Reo. [Jury Book.]

Remembraunce [30th August, 1561] that the m<sup>r</sup> and wardens do the next Courte daye make mocyon that anordenaunce maye be made that no pson at any tyme do set any ware or make shewe any farther then vpon his owne stall or ground although yt be at fayre tyme. [Rough Minutes 21.]

This is another instance of the strict practice of the Company in permitting no member of the trade to get an unfair advantage over another in the sale or display of his goods.

The old Master to sweare y<sup>c</sup> new Master & Wardens.

- Anno dni. 1561, xxjti die octobr. Yt was ordayned and decreed the day and yeare abouesaide by the right honorable Sr wiffm Chester knight lorde mayor of the Citie of london that Edwarde Cacher then beinge Maister of the mistery shall at the geuynge vp of his accompt for the yere past before the assistaunce of the sayde Company in their hall called the pewterers hall doo to be sworne the newe Elect named to be maister and wardens of the Pewterers for the yeare next ensuinge, and the saide Edward shall geue them their Othe. And so yerely from tyme to tyme the olde maister to geue the newe maister and wardens their othe accordinge to the good and laudable custome of other worshipfull companies in london. Which saide ordenance by Comaundement of the saide lorde mayor was regestered and writen in this booke for better remembraunce to be obserued. [Jury Book.]
- agaynst Allyn Gardener for that he fved [served] the sadlers Hall of Rowe [rough] vessell and the said Sadlers did owe vnto the saide lowton certayn mony for the hyer of vessell. Wherfore it was ordered and agreed that neyther the saide Allyn Gardener nor any other of the Company shall not serve the saide Company from hensforth any Roughe vessell vntill suche tyme the saide Lowton be first paide his moony.

Whilst the Company strictly enforced their regulations for securing honest dealing by its members both with each other and with the public, they showed themselves equally zealous in defending the rights of individual members. The measures they adopted against the Saddlers' Company for an alleged breach of contract proved no doubt effectual.

At the same Court yt was agreed by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and assistaunce that ffrom hensforthe no Jornyman shall goo to any offering but duely to wayt vppon their m<sup>r</sup> vppon the Sondayes and hallydaies vntill Evensong be donne, and then vppon lycens to goo where honestie shall require as to shooting and suche lyke.

This minute and that of the 9th May above (page 219), give a curious picture of the domestic relations existing between the employers and their workmen. It appears that not only the apprentice, but the nonhouseholder journeyman also were kept in the strictest discipline. lived in his master's house and had to accompany him and his family to church on Sunday and holydays, both in the morning and afternoon. He was not to absent himself on the plea of attending "offerings," but was free to amuse himself as he pleased during the after part of the day. Finsbury and Islington fields for archery, and the Thames, with its aquatic sports, were the favourite resorts for recreation. was more generally enforced some fifty years later by the "Book of Sports," as James I's "Declaration" of 1618 is usually called. It permitted the use of lawful sports on Sunday after church time, but to those only who had attended Divine Service. Among the lawful sports were dancing, leaping, archery, and setting-up maypoles; whilst bear-baiting, bowling, and interludes were declared unlawful. The "Book of Sports" was publicly burnt under the Commonwealth on 10th May, 1643.

**&f** the same Court [10th December] it was agreed by the mr wardens and the hole Clothing that Browne the Clarck shoulde have an offering yerely at Christmas of all the howsholders that is to saye of the Clothing ij d. apece or more at their pleasuers. and of the yemandry j d. apece and more at their will and pleasuer. So that none of the clothing geue vnder ij d. and the yemandry not vnder j d.

At the same Court it was also agreed that ffraunce Barnard shoulde be the Cooke and serue the Company aswell the Clothing as the yemandry and not to be put owt so long as he vseth hymself lyke an honest man and will serue as good chepe as another man. And the same ffraunce promysed that he wolde serue the company all their quarter dayes ffrank and ffree so that he maye haue the Benyfit in \$\xi\$ving all the wedinge that may or shalbe kept in the Hall.

The Halls of the various Companies were found very useful for the more important social festivities, and contributed to increase the income of the Companies. The Pewterers paid their cook for his services by granting him a monopoly as caterer to wedding parties hiring the Hall.

In the list of payments of "Quarterage for the yemandrye" is this entry:

36m Rs' of John Bushe [no amount] forgevyn bycause he sarvythe at ye ffeast day.

Bush was the Carver, and in recompense for his services, the office being no sinecure, was exempted from paying his Quarterage of 12d.

Ifm lent vnto browne [the Clerk] upon his bill at the comaundement of the assystaunce when his wif was brought a bed . . xxs.

Jtm we aske allowaunce towardes the maisters ffeaste and as it was agreed by the whole Clothing at a Court holden the xix<sup>th</sup> daye of June 1561 . . . . . . . . . . . liij s. iiij d.

This was for the Election dinner on the feast of the Assumption, 15th August; the amount previously allowed was 26s. 8d.

- nogayes mettall being afore pvsed [perused] and ouer sene by mr Rowlandson, mr Baker John Gerye Edwarde Reo and Geffery mathewe where they ffounde as ffolowth that is to saye the Best mettall worsse then ffyne by ij graynes the Second worsse by iiij graynes The therde worsse then ffyne by v graines and a half and Beareth in Peke after xij li the C as now it is and to make yt laye it will beare in peke but xxiiij thi the C Wherfore it was ordered and agreed that the said Thomas nogaye shoulde content and paye vnto mr Curtis for all suche mettall as was ffound ffawty in his hande fforthwth towarde his losse ix s. and they to be lovers and ffrende. And yt was also agreed that the same nogaye shoulde pay in the name of a ffyne to the Crafte boxe for the same mettall and others remaynyng in the Hall ij s. and so for this tyme to haue his mettall agayne and if he be taken wth the Lyke ffawt to paye the hole ffyne wthowt ffavor Beside the losse of all suche ffawty mettall.
- **@f** a Court holden the same daye [27th February] it was agreed by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and assystaunce that the Beadle shoulde haue xij d. of every of the Company for his paynes taking if he were desired to warne the whole company either for offering Buriall and for other warning

Except it be at the Comaundement of the m<sup>r</sup> for the tyme being or the wardens for the Craft<sub>e</sub> busines, And also it is agreed that the Beadles wif shoulde haue yerely for wasshing the craft<sub>e</sub> napery vj s. viij d.

At the same Court [8th May] yt was agreed that the whole companye shoulde sell for ix d. and ix d. ob viij d. laye and no mony to be abated neither to chapmen nor others. [Rough Minutes 21.]

This order made a uniform selling price for "lay," or inferior, pewter compulsory upon the whole Company. The trade price, or price among themselves, being 8d. per lb., the retail price to the public must not exceed or be less than from 9d. to  $9\frac{1}{2}d$ .

that the xxviij<sup>t</sup> daye of maye 1562 the Lorde Willm Howarde came to the Hall and went vp into the newe plo<sup>r</sup> who there toke his othe as other pewterers haue done and kissed the Booke and ffrom thens went to the guilde Hall and was made ffree of ower Company the same daye.

The Company were proud of their new member, Lord William Howard, who was Lord Chamberlain. When he attended their feast (see 11th July below) an extra allowance was made to the Master and Wardens for the entertainment. Lord Howard died in January, 1572–3.

- Company that ffrom this day forwarde none of the Company shall have adoo with Nicholas Rodes neither to bye nor sell wth hym nor yet borowe nor lende by any manner of meanes nor to take hym as a Brother of the felowship and who so ever that shall offend to the Contrary hereof shall paye in the name of a ffyne Tenne pounde wthowt any ffavor being duly provid. The same Rodes was disfranchesid for that he Contrary to his othe and lyke no trewe pewterer wth was never heretofore sene did in the sight of straungers myxed tynne and leade together, and made of good Tynne ffalse tynne to the great deceyuing of the Quens mate people as well in this Realme as other fforren parties to the great slaunder of all the pewterers in London.
- **@f** the same Court yt was also agreed by the whole clothing and Company that ffrom this daye fforwarde none of the Crafte should haue

adoo w Robert Somers neither to bye nor sell nor yet to borowe nor lende to hym by any manner of meanes not to take him agayne as a Brother vppon payne and fforfaytur of Tenne pound? The causis wherfore he was disfranchesid was for theise cawses following

ffirst for going abowt lyke a hawker and prowling others mens bargaynes of the Company owt of their hande.

Itm for procuring awaye the customers from mr daye who was his mr.

Itm for keping a boye contrary to the orders of the howse and agaynst the maisters comaundement and for mocking the m<sup>r</sup> when he sent for hym saing he had put hym awaye and kept hym still.

Itm for procuring awaye a shoppe from Browne or Clarck.

Itm for fforstawling of a Brother of the company John chester and taking a lease of the howse of the same chester ou his hed.

Itm for bying of olde mettall and selling it old as it was.

Itm for discrying the previties of the Company saying he wolde geue more for olde mettall by ob in a pound for that yt was all Redy tempored w<sup>t</sup> tynne glasse.

The last offence in regard to "old metal" is curious. It could not be bought or sold "as it was," but had to be melted down first. The tempering with "tynne glass" was evidently a trade secret.

- At a Court holden the same daye [11th July] yt was agreed by the whole Clothing that the m<sup>r</sup> and wardens shoulde haue allowed Towarde their ffestivall dynner over and aboue that w<sup>ch</sup> was graunted the last yeare owt of the Crafte Boxe the Sm of xxvjs. viij d. vppon Condicon that if the Lorde Cheif Chaumbrlayne come to dynner or promis to come to dynnor that he send his geste. And if he come not nor send his geste then to haue no more allowaunce then was allowed the last yeare And so ffrom hensforth if the saide Lord chaumbrlayn come to dynner all other m<sup>r</sup> and wardens for the tyme being to haue the Lyke allowaunce.
- **@f** the same Court it was agreed vppon Consideacon of the Quenes mate going a progresse and that m warden mille was appoynted to be one to wayte vpon her grace the Principall dynn shoulde be kept the xxvij daye of this psent moneth of Julye next.

ffor the nether warden. This is the title given this year to the Junior Warden at the election on the 15th July.

the same Nicholas Rodes shalbe Receyued agayne in to be Company vppon his Submyssion vppon Condicion that he bring in to the howse for his ffyne in monye vli at suche Convenyent tyme as the m<sup>r</sup> and wardens shall think mete And that there shalbe an order and note made of his Cryme and the same to be Reade every quarter daye and he to paye every qrter Contynually during his lyf to the Crafte Boxe for reading the same iiij d. The saide m<sup>r</sup> and wardens agreed that the said Rodes shoulde paye the saide vli in manner & forme folowing that is to saye quarterly vntill yt be paid And it ffarther agreed that there shall be nothing Reade qrterly as is aforesaid So that the same Rodes doo quietlye pay his moonye and also his iiij d. to the Boxe quarterly.

**@f** the same Courte [9th October] Robert Backhowse paide in the name of a ffyne for that there was founde in his howse v platters Sothered with paile Contrary to or ordenaunce xij d.

Ese xviijth daye of Nouembr 1562. Ese bill of Seasment for the Lone of the ffyftie pounds to by whet.

Sixty-two names follow with amounts varying from vs. to xls. This loan was refunded to the Company and repaid by the Company to its members, as appears by the following note at the foot of the list.

Recepted of mr Chambrlayne by the hande of mr John whit alderma the xth daye of Septembr 1563. pd to the company by the hande of Thomas Allyn warden in A° 1564.

By his will, dated 1st December, 1562, Edward Catcher, citizen and Pewterer, left twenty shillings to be distributed annually among five poor freemen, and ten shillings to the Company towards their quarter-day dinner. The above sum was a rent-charge upon four tenements which the testator occupied in his lifetime in the parish of St. Peter the Poor in Broad Street. The operative clause is transcribed in the Book of Inventories (3, 187–8).

- At a Court holden the same daye [3rd December] it was agreed by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and assystaunce that ffrom hensforth the maister & wardens and their Successours shoulde haue towarde the quarter dynners to be kept in the Hall for ever allowaunce owt of the lande in ffanchurch streate yearely ffortie shillinge That is to saye Quarterly x s. And every one of the Company beinge of the Clothing that doth dyne at the same dynners to paye foure pence and not aboue.
- wardens and the whole Company vppon the Submyssion of Robert Somers and paying his fyne shoulde be taken in agayne to the Company vppon Condicon that he never doo any such acte as before he hath done but become a new man and not hereafter to stand to moch in his owne conceipt and if he bee found and taken wto the lyke ffaute agayne he shalbe Banisshed the Company for ever, and never be Receyued agayne, And So it was agreed he shoulde paye xxxs. in mann and forme folowing that is to saye to the howse for his fyne xxs. and to Browne the Clarcke vjs. viij d. and to the Beadle iij s. iiij d. and so to haue his pawne agayne, to the wch order he hath set his hand
- At the same Courte [18th December] it was agreed that where Raphe newes owith vnto Willim Readman the Sm of iij li. iiij s. vj d. in mony and xxxviij thi of ffyne mettall it is agreed that the same Raphe shoulde worke vnto the saide Readman wekely ij dosen of Earemasers to begyn the weke after xijth day ffrank and ffree after xviij d. the dof vntill the saide iij li. iiij s. vj d. be paid And for the mettall to paye it agayn when the mony is Ronne owt.

Earemasers were probably the small round shallow pans or porringers with two broad flat handles or "ears" extending from the rim on opposite sides. These handles often took the form of the Company's crest.

**&f** the same Courte it was agreed by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and assystaunce that harry fflick the mayors officer shoulde be ow<sup>r</sup> Sargeaunt and serve ower Hall and Supplye the Roome of John Sandye.

The services of the Serjeant were required to accompany the Master and Wardens in their Searches at Fairs. It was also his duty to arrest offenders who were committed to prison, or summoned before the Lord Mayor.

The first three entries on the list of Quarterage for the clothing are:
3fm RS of the Right honorable lorde Wiffm Howarde.
Ifm R's of m' Thomas stewkley Esquier.
Jim R's of m' Edwarde Cacher m' Wiffm Mills and Nicholas Turner Wardens.
None of the above pay the usual 12d.; it was customary to relieve the Master and Wardens from this payment.
Jfm pd for Russhes and strawing yerbes the xxviij <sup>th</sup> daye of may that daye the lorde Chaumbrleyn Cam to the hall to be sworne and was made ffree of o <sup>r</sup> Company vj d.
If m pd that daye for a pottell of Ipocresse ij s. iiij d.
Jtm pd the xiiij <sup>th</sup> day of July for the last xv <sup>th</sup> w <sup>ch</sup> was graunted to Pawles vjs. viij d.
The steeple of the Cathedral was destroyed by lightning in 1561, the
fire threatening the safety of the adjoining locality. The damage to St. Paul's was considerable, and occasioned a large outlay for repairs.
Jfm pd to the m <sup>r</sup> , mr Cacher for a garnysh of vessell which was geven to the lorde Chaumbrlayn poz' [i.e., weight] lv thi di at ixd. the pounde xlj s. vij d. ob.
Jtm pd to Sandy the mayors officer for fetching m <sup>r</sup> warden Curtis before my lord mayo <sup>r</sup> xij d.
Charge of Twelue soldyers which was delyuered at the grocers Hall
the xxth daye of Septembr to serue the Quene at the charge off the Crafte 1562.
Clare 1302.
1fm nd to vii men in Prest
Jfm pd to xij men in Prest xij s.  Jfm pd for viji Corselets at xxvis vid the pece x li xij s.
Ifm pd for viij Corselets at xxvj s. vj d. the pece x li. xij s.
Jfm pd for viij Corselets at xxvj s. vj d. the pece x li. xij s.Jfm pd for Earnest of the same Harnes xij d.
Jfm pd for viij Corselets at xxvj s. vj d. the pece x li. xij s.Jfm pd for Earnest of the same Harnes xij d.Jfm pd for iij morres piks vj s. viij d.
Jfm pd for viij Corselets at xxvj s. vj d. the pece x li. xij s.Jfm pd for Earnest of the same Harnes xij d.
Jfm pd for viij Corselets at xxvj s. vj d. the pece x li. xij s.  Jfm pd for Earnest of the same Harnes xij d.  Jfm pd for iij morres piks vj s. viij d.  Jfm pd for a pece of Blewcloth of xxij yards to make Soldiers Cloks v li.

Ifm	pd for	ij Red Cappes				. ij s	iiij d.
		mending of iij G					iij s.
		making clene of					iiij s.
		ij Jacks of Stile					viij s.
		iiij Black morrya					_
		ij fflaskes .					s. ij d.
		making of xij sol					xvj s.
		iiij dosin of poyr					
	-	iij swords .					_
		ij Harkabushes					
		mending of the s					
	_	a pound and a h					
	•	iiij daggers .	_	_			
		six swerde gerdl					
		Bowstringe .					
		ij li of Candell					
		dressing of sword					s. vj d.
		lynyng of viij me					
		oile for the Harn					
	-	cariag of the Co					
		d them together					
	-	the xij Soldyers f					

The above contingent, the Company's quota of 600 men demanded from the City by Elizabeth, were required for the war with France. The Queen had taken the side of the Huguenots, and had seized Havre as security for the surrender of Calais by the French.

## Allowaunce this yeare.

Ifm	I aske alov	vance 1	toward	s or	ffestyva	ll d	yni? :	and	for	that we	looked
	for the lore	le char	nbrlay	n							iiij li.
Ifm	more paid	to th	e mr,	mr	Cacher	for	that	he	was	thrise	maister
	acording to	the o	rder								xls.

- Jim I aske alowaunce for xviij frenche crownes weh was paide owt of the mony Receyued of mr Reo vppon the ffoote of his accompt at vjs iiijd. the pece and paide owt for vjs. the pece so there was iiijd. lost in every cron . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . vjs.
- from more they ought to paye Back of the alowaunce of the prencipall dynner for that the lorde Chambrlayne camm not nor no provision made for his Coming the Sm of . . . xxvjs. viij d.

  The above is a note made by the auditors at the foot of this account.
- Jim Re for ij Silver spones weh was geven by Willim Bennet, vj Silver spones and ij masers and one Silver spone of the gifte of mighell duffelde weinge all xviij oz and a half solde the xix of July 1563 to Willim ffeke goldsmith at iiijs. viijd. p oz. iiijli. vjs. iiijd. [Yeomanry Accounts.]
- Ifm at Saynt katherins tyde Anno dni 1561 for ij dosen di of white Plates whereof one dof is wt doble Socket to hange about the hall vj s. ij d. [Yeomanry Accounts.]
- **Ifm** pd for iij fframes of waynscot for the iij long tables in the hall and one fframe for the table in the greate parlo<sup>r</sup> and for a back of waynscot there iiij li. xiij s. iiij d. [Yeomanry Accounts.]
- 1562-3. **@f** a Court holden the same daye [4th January] it was agreed by the whole Body of the Company that there shoulde Sute be made in the plyament, And for all suche Charge as shall happen to be spent in the Sute thereof shoulde be at the Charge of the howse. And it was ffarther agreed that theise men followinge shoulde be Suters in the same.

The Clothing
Wiffm Curtes warden
Richard Scot warden
[& 14 of the livery.]

The yemandrie
Willm Hartwell
[& 10 of the yeomanry.]

The duties of these "suitors" were probably to wait on the Speaker or attend before a Parliamentary Committee, and it is worthy of especial notice that the Yeomanry formed part, and almost an equal part, of the deputation,

At the same Courte Stephin Calie complayned agaynst Richarde Harrysson for xvlli of fyne mettall which after the price of vjd. the pounde is vijs. vjd. the same Harrysson hathe promysed to paye vnto the said Stephin every weke ij dosen of Spones w latten knobbes vntill the said mony were Ron owt.

ffenes of certayne of the Company [25th January] for that they cam not in their best Lyverie to M<sup>r</sup> Cachers buriall.

A list of seven persons who were fined 12d. each.

Ese bill of Seasment for the lone of L pound to bye whete the xxv daye of Januarye 1562.

Then follow the names of 29 of the Clothing and 31 of the Yeomanry, with the sum contributed by each. At the foot is the following note:

This monye was Receyued the xxv<sup>th</sup> daye of ffebruary 1563 of m<sup>r</sup> John whit then being lord mayo<sup>r</sup> of london and paid too the Companye by m<sup>r</sup> Allyn warden and so this is quit discharged.

Vf was agreed [26th February] by the whole howse that there shoulde be taken of the Cornishe me VC [500] pece of tyn after x li the C and to Receyue ij C at mydsomer coynage and at mighelmas Coynage. [Rough Minutes 21.]

At the same Court [19th March] Robert west complayned agaynst m<sup>r</sup> hustwayte Saing he that he mysvsed and slaundered hym in the pallace of westmynster calling hym these ffalse knave and bad men look as they stood mark this man for he is a ffalse maker of measuer potte for where they shoulde be a quart he makith them a pynt and a half and goith abowt to deceyve you of yo<sup>r</sup> drink Yt was agreed at both their Requeste to trie their matter before the Lorde mayo<sup>r</sup> and the benche.

The Certificate [1st May] of the m<sup>r</sup> and wardens to the Quenes maieste highe Seassours for the Citie of London 1563.

Ese said Company maye dispend in howses and small Tente by the yeare xvij li. xs. whereof is paide owt yearely in Quitrente and the other alowaunce owt of the same Rente v li. ij s. xd. So rest xij l. vij s. ij d.

Itm in Plate to the value of ix ti.

And as for Juelle stocke of monie or mony in keping we have none.

And that o' Hall is indebted in dyverse Somes of monye vnto dyverse psones the Sm of ffortie pounds and more beseching yo' worships to consider it.

An order for y'' yemandries fest.

At the same Court [11th June] yt was agreed by the mr wardens and assystaunce that in Consideracon of the great Excessive price of victualle the greate Encrease of the Company that the hall is not able to holde them, and also that the Hall is in debt and lackith mony And also in Consideracon of the great Sute made vnto the said mr and wardens and assystaunce By the m<sup>r</sup> and wardens of the yemandrie for the none keping of the yemandries ffeast Yt is thought good that the saide maister and wardens of the Yemandrie shall paye to the Comon Boxe of the saide Company the Sm of viii li. lawfull mony of Englande That is to saye every of the saide m<sup>r</sup> and wardens xls. And not to make any Sumptuous dynner Comonly callid the Yemandries ffeaste, And that the said m<sup>r</sup> and wardens of the Yemandrie at their only cost charge shall provide meate and drink for the nombr of xxx psones of the best of the Yemandrie at the quarter dynner kepte in the hall by the mr next before mighelmas next comynge at the which dynner there shalbe Elect and chosen the newe maister and wardens of the Yemandrie to Succede the place for the twoo yeares next followinge And ffarther it is agreed that every one of the yemandrie that shall dyne at the said dynner shall paye towarde the wyne vid. And that the olde mr and wardens shall according to the olde Custome and order geve vpp their acompt to the new mr and wardens the sondaye next after Saynt katherins daye And so lykewise the newe mr and wardens and their Successours shall also paye to the crafte Boxe the Sm of viij li. if they doo not kepe the yemandries feast that is to Saye every of the saide m<sup>r</sup> and wardens yerely during the terme of two yeares xx s. And also to prepare a dynner as is aforesaid in their latter yeare upon the grter daye nexte before mighelms when the newe mr & wardens shalbe chosen Spending at the said dynner the Sm of foure pounde that is to save every of the olde m<sup>r</sup> & wardens xx s. apece. And that every one of the Yemandrie shall paye yearely to the mr & wardens of the yemandrie for the Releving of the poore men bretherne of the Company vj d. yearely and to be discharged of their offering pence and playe pence. And that all psons that haue maried within those two yeares shall paye to the m<sup>r</sup> & wardens of the yemandrie in the name of theire was xij d. Provided alwaies that this order shall remayne in full fforce and strength as longe the m<sup>r</sup> wardens & assistaunce shall think mete & Convenyent Cause to the Contrary & no longer.

This interesting order gives much information about the yeomanry and their feast, but many of the details are obscure. It had been the practice seemingly for the Yeomanry officials to invite the whole Company to their feast. The "playe pence" were the contributions of the Members towards the cost of the play after the banquet.

**Øf** the same Court [9th October] it was agreed that none shoulde goo too Searche at gravisend this yeare by meanes of the Plague.

The plague was now raging in London to such an extent that the ports of the Low Countries were closed to the importation of English cloth, our great national industry.

The following extract from the Corporation Records (Letter Book T, fol. 137), contains an order passed by the Court of Aldermen in 1563:—

JoBis xxix<sup>no</sup> die Aprilis Anno Regni Regine Elizabeth Quinto. Itm yt was this daye orderyd by the Courte here that there shall no pewterer from hensforthe make eny other barred pottes of pewter but onely "thirdendales" and half thirdendales vppon payne of forfature of the same. And yt was also orderyd that the Keper of the standerd shall not seale eny other barryd pottes from hensforthe of eny other quantety or assise then ys above recytyd vppon payne of forfature of his seyd office.

In this year [1563] was passed the famous Statute of Apprentices, 5 Elizabeth, cap. IV. By this Act, no person was allowed to exercise a trade unless he had previously served a seven years' apprenticeship to it, though the restriction did not, of course, affect trades which were established in England after the passing of the statute. The enactment was found very burdensome, and, although it was held to apply only

to towns, it was repealed in 1814, on the recommendation of a committee of the House of Commons; some reservations were, however, made "in favour of the customs and by-laws of the city of London and of other cities, and of corporations and companies lawfully constituted."

3fm Rs for ix payre of knyves . . . . . . . . . . . xviij d.

These knives were remarkably cheap at 1d. each. Forks were not yet in use, which may account for the use of knives in pairs.

pardonyd by y<sup>e</sup> last parliament.

Itm pd for a pottell pot a quart and a pynt pot of taverne ware to be
standerds in the howse weinge viij lb iij qart at iiij d. the pounde
ij s. xj d.
Jfm pd to Bodam for Cutting of the vyne and for A white powle brushe to swepe the hall xv d.
3fm pd to the Carpenter for a Seller dore
Itm pd for ij single quarters that made Cleates vj d.
Jim pd to mr. Gerye for a garnishe of vessell weing Lvij thi at vijj d. the
pound xls. iiijd., two dof of trenchers xijs., vj Candellsticke xijs.
whiche were geven to the lorde keper, and xij trenchers vjs. w <sup>ch</sup> were
geven to mr Philips. Sm of all is iij li x s. iiij d.
Charge for the setting forthe of viij Soldyers by a Presept the xjth
day of July 1563, which were delyuered at Tower hill and so sent to
Newehaven.
The total cost was 121. 11s. 7d., and among the 32 entries is the
following:—
3fm pd to the Capetayne for his good will in the Exceptyng of ower men
and harnes xs.  Charge for xij soldyers which by presept sent from the mayor the
xxiij day of Julye was Comaunded to be in a Redines with their furnyture
of Artillary within one houres warning, which soldyers being kept at the
Crafte charge xiij dayes were then discharged and never went forthe.
A° 1563.
Jim pd for a dof of gerdles wherof the soldiers Ran awaye wth ffyve of them ix s.
Itm pd for xij arming sworde at iijs. iiijd. a pece wherof the Soldiers
ys Ronne away w <sup>t</sup> ij of them xls.
Itm pd to v of the soldiers for their swerds and daggers to saue ower
owne [to save our own] wthin or hall xiiij s.
These troops were dispatched from Newhaven for the defence of
Havre, which, as stated above, was held by Elizabeth. It was besieged
by the French, and, after the garrison had been decimated by plague, it
capitulated in July.

- Complayned against John holstock for that he Receyved in to his hande a mawnde wherin was Shroffe weying xxxix li. Itm in ffyne mettall xiij fli and also in Leade iiij C wth a Red clothe &c wth the same holstocke contrary to right wtholdeth from the saide Backhowse being sent vnto hym Yt is agreed that the saide holstock shoulde delyver vnto the saide Backhowse the saide maunde wt all thinge therein, and they to stand to the Judgment by the man of the countree by whome yt was sent vpp, to whome the saide maund sholde aptayne and if it might be proved the saide mawnde was sent vpp vnto the saide holstock Then the saide Backhowse wthin xxiiij houres shoulde delyuer the saide maund & all other thinge vnto the saide Holstock or elle so moche monye as the value therof.
- That wheare mr Cacher by his last will and Testament hathe geven to ffyve poremen of the saide Company a Certayne Almas That is to saye vnto every of the saide ffyve men xij d. every quarter and their dynn or elle vj d. in monye at the discression of the mr and wardens for the tyme being So the whole almas is to be taken owt of the Revenues of mr Cachers lande vij s. vj d. a quarter it is Concluded that theise psonnes following shoulde Receyve the Benyfet of the saide almas to begynne at mydsomer next

Robert Borne Robert Rose Richard King thelder John Tugley Harry Ractlif.

- agaynst John holstock for that he had not so moche mettall in the maunde as he ought to haue by v thi of leade. Shroffe v thi & one pounde of ffyne mettall and for that he demaunded the same holstock saide he wolde and were not for shame pull his ffoxe ffurred gowne over his eares. So it is agreed that both shoulde bring in their ffynes of xx s. apece ffor their approbrious worde the one agaynst the other by ffrydaye next and then to be determyned.
- **If** the same Court [21st September] yt was agreed by the most part of all the ffelowshipp that every one of the Clothing shoulde haue

but ij apprentice at one tyme. And every one owt of the clothing to haue but one apprentice at one tyme. Provided alwaye that althose that haue bynne or shalbe  $m^r$  and wardens being of the assystaunce shall haue three apprentice vpon condicon that they be Bound in an obligacon of x it to set ij Jornymen on worck.

At the foresaide Courte [11th October] there was brought and delyuered intoo the hande of the mr and wardens a lytle standing Cupp wr a kever and a Goblet peell gilt weying xxxviij oz iij qrtr which was geven vnto the howse by Sr peter warrisson Clarck.

Sir Peter Warryson, clerk, was a clerical member of the Company, "Sir" being the ordinary prefix in use in olden times to denote a person in holy orders. He became a liveryman in 1555–6, his place on the roll being immediately after the Master and Wardens; his name disappears from the list in 1564–5. Sir Peter could hardly have been the Chaplain, as he was put in nomination for the office of Junior Warden in 1558–9 (p. 201). His admission must have been by redemption or by honorary grant. He left the Company a bequest of 41. for a loving cup.

Ifm Rs for iij weddings kept in o' hall at vs. the pece and ij of the company at xx d. a pece Sm . . . . . xviij s. iiij d.

Jim Rs of Sr Peter warrisson Clerck [for Quarterage] . . iiijs.

Itm pd to Browne for writing or newe boke of ordennice . xs.

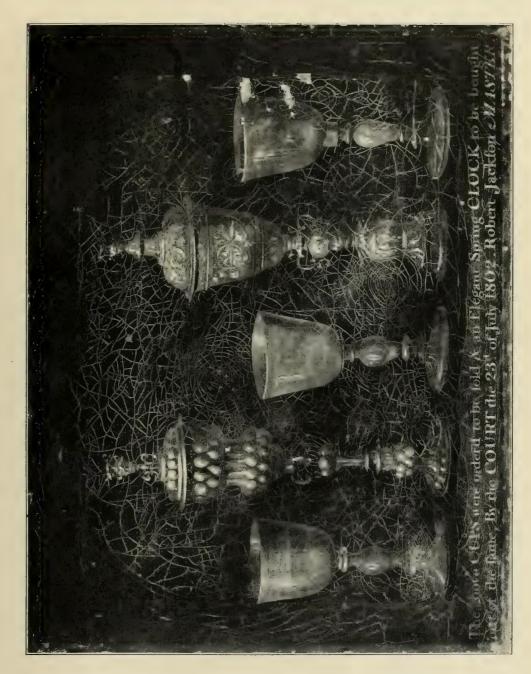
**Itm** pd for Englisshing the Corparacon because the company wolde vnderstand the meaning thereof . . . . . . vjd.

Ifm pd for writting a newe table of the names of all the whole Lyvery

This is an early (if not the first) instance of the use of the term "livery," instead of "Clothing," to denote the higher grade of members of the Company.

Jim pd for breade and drink for certayne of the assistance when they went to vewe the ffyning [refining] howse . . . vjd.

This year the Company was presented with a second book of Ordinances. It is of paper, and only eight folios are used, the remainder being blank. At the beginning of the volume is the following inscription:



LOVING CUPS FORMERLY BELONGING TO THE COMPANY. FROM A PAINTING IN PEWTERERS' HALL.



John Gerye and Thomas Allyn then beinge m<sup>r</sup> and wardens of the mistery of pewterers this boke was made and was geuen by will<sup>a</sup> Curtes to write in the good orders of the Sayde Crafte.

Beneath this heading and occupying the rest of the page is a coloured drawing of the Company's arms with two naked winged boys as supporters. Above the shield are the letters W. C., the initials of William Curtis, the donor of the book.

Then follow the "Othe of the craft" and the Master's and Wardens oaths, which do not differ from the earlier forms printed on pages 31-2. After the Oaths are the Ordinances, which occupy six folios and include some of later date down to the year 1572.

The othe of the Bedle.

Youe shall sweare that youe shalbe faithfull to or soueraine lady the Quene and to her heires kinge and quenes of England youe shalbe of good behauer and of good abearynge and obeydient to the maister and wardens for the tyme being and their Comaundemte shall diligently and gladly doo. And youe shalbe good and gentill of behauior to the whole felowshipp theire secrete Councelle ordenaunce and rules made or to be made by the saide mr wardens and ffelowshipp youe shall kepe and not disclose to no parson wtout Comaundment of the saide maister and wardens Youe shall knowe no gatheringe nor secret workinge or euill demeanors which might be prejudice to the maister and wardens within their saide felowship but youe shall let it to yor poure and geue the maister and wardens knowledge and warning thereof. Youe shall Enquire and present the names of all them that shalbegyn to set vp newe howses or open any shopp or shoppes within their saide yeare and the names of all prentice that shalbe newe bounde in the saide yeare and the names of theire maisters to whome they are bounde vnto and to kepe a boke of all the names of the whole felowship aswell of Jornymen and prentice as all howse-In theise and all other thinge that apartayneth to the office of a Beadle belonging to a company youe shall well and truely execute and behaue youe so god youe helpe and all Saynte and by this booke.

The othe of the Clarck.

**Poue** shall sweare that youe shalbe faithfull to o' soueraigne lady the Quene and to her heires and successors Kinge and Quenes of England.

Youe shalbe of good abearyng and obeydient to the maister and wardens for the tyme beinge Youe shalbe of good abearyng and obeydient to the maister and wardens for the tyme being and of good behauior to all the hole felowship theire secrete Councelle ordenaunce and rules made or to be made by the saide mr wardens and felowship youe shall kepe and not vtter nor disclose to no parson. Youe shall knowe no priudice nor hurt towarde the mr wardens & felowship but youe shall let it to yor poure and geue the mr and wardens knowledge and warnynge thereof. Youe shall vse yor self Indifferently and truely to all the hole felowship in youer office of Clarckshipp So god youe helpe and all saynte and by this booke.

An order for bying wiservante.

ffirst it is agreed that it shall not be lawfull for no couenant Seruant to buy nor sell any kynd of ware but only for his mrs vse, nor that any man of the saide crafte shall sell nor buye with any Couenaunt Seruaunt or apprentice any ware except it be for his maisters vse vppon payne to forfaite euery tyme ofending aswell the buyer as the Seller xx s. the one moytie to hym or them that can proue the same and the other moitie to the Crafte boxe.

An order for disclosing of word(.

Also it is farther agreed that who so euer of the saide felowship that doth disclose any thinge that is spoken in the hall at any Courte amonge the felowshipe, the which maye be to the dishonestie or Reproche of the saide Company shall paye therefore being duely proued to the Crafte boxe xx s.

An order for marking of wares: and Touches.

Also it is agreed that every one of the saide felowship that makith any warre shall set his owne marke thereon. And that no man shall geue for his proper marck or touch the Rose and crown wt tres [letters] nor otherwise but only to hym to whome it is geven by the felowship. Nor that no man of the saide Crafte shall geue one anothers marck nother wt tres nor otherwise, but everyone to geue a sondry marck such one as shalbe alowed by the maister and wardens for the tyme beinge vpon payne to forfaite and paye for every tyme offendinge to the Crafte boxe xiij s. iiij d.

An order for v° audytors.

Also it is agreed that there shalbe foure Awdytours Chosen euery yeare to awdit the  $Craft_{\ell}$  accompt<sub> $\ell$ </sub> and they to parvse it and search it that it be parfect. And also to accompt it Correct it and allowe it So that they make an ende of the awdet therof between Mighelmas and Christmas

yearely and if defaute be made of ffenishinge thereof before Christmas yearely euery one of the saide Awdytours shall paye to the Crafte boxe vjs. viij d. a pece.

An order for y' m' & wardens quarterage.

An order for

q'ter dyners.

and not aboue.

Also it is agreed that from hensforth the maister and wardens for the tyme beinge shall paye no quarterage for that yeare that theye are in office.

foure Quarter dynners that is to saye in euery quarter in the yeare at the Search daye a dynner And the same dynners alwais to be kepte in the hall belonginge to the saide felowship for the whole Clothinge, and euery one of the saide clothinge to paye for theire dynner vid. a pece

Also it is agreed that there shalbe yearely from hensforth for euer

Salts

void

Also it is agreed that from hensforth that no maker of salte shall make any salte other then iiijs, and iijs, salte and chopnet greate and small after the olde fasshion of laye, but that they shalbe forfaited And that no man make no newe fasshion salte without it be allowed by the maister and wardens for the tyme beinge Except it be fyne mettall vpon payne and forfaite of all such Salte made to the contrary and true meaning hereof.

An order for sodering of

Also it is agreed that if any of the saide Company be taken to Soder any ware with softe pale, but onely one kynde of paile beinge harde and substanciall such as shalbe made with Tynne and peke and w<sup>t</sup> no other kynd of mettall, vpon payne and forfaite of all such ware as shalbe founde otherwise paled And the makers of such ware to forfaite asmoch in monye as the ware is worth besides the forfaiture of the saide wares.

z<sup>†i</sup> of tynne

Also it is agreed that none of the saide Company what so en he be shall Saye or bye any tynne for no straunger nor Englishman, Except it be for one of the Company beinge a freman of the same Crafte or for his owne vse and occupying vppon payne to forfaite for every pece of tynne so sayed duely pued [proved] xx s.

r<sup>†i</sup> of peake.

Also it is agreed that none of the saide Crafte shall buye any leade or other mettall of Tilers Laborers, Masons, Boyes nor of women, Nor of none such as shall seme to be a Suspect parson Except they can fynde good and Sufficient warrent for the same. And that the buyers therof

An order for saying of Tynne.

An order for buying of leade or tyne of laborers.

will make answere for the same parsons so selling the saide leade or other mettall. Also it is farther agreed that no man of the saide company shall buy no pewter leade or any other kynd of mettall of no Suspect parson or parsons at their stall? or ell? wheare before Sixe of the Clock in the morning nor after Sixe of the Clock at night in the Somer season. And not before viij of the Clock in the mornynge nor after foure of the Clock in the after none in the wynter Season. And if yt be prouid that any of the Company, doo the Contrary and that the saide Pewter leade or other mettall shoulde chaunce to be founde stollen That then the buyers thereof offendinge in this article should not only at the discression of the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and assystaunce for the tyme beinge be dysmissed from the company neuer to occupie the same agayne. But also shall stand to such ponishment of the lord mayor of london and the Aldermen of the same as they shall thinke mete. And that none of the saide company shalbe excused by his wife or Serua<sup>u</sup>nt? nor none other such lyke excuse.

An order for bying and saying of Tynne without Cloffs.

Also it is agreed that no man of the saide Crafte shall buye any Cornish tynne or deuonshere tynne without he doo take twoo pound for the Clof of euery pece of cornish tynne And one pounde for the Clof of euery pece of deuon tynne. And who so euer buyeth anye such tynne Contrary to this order shall paye for euery pece of Cornish tynne to the Crafte boxe tenne shillinge. And for euery pece of deuon tynne vs. without any fauor.

An order for the clarke for makying of indentures.

voide.

An order for bosting of wares.

Also it is agreed that the Clarck belonging to the saide company shoulde have the makinge of all the prentic? Indentures that shalbe made within the saide company, and who so ever doth put theire Indentures to any other parson from the Clarck shall paye the Clarck never the lesse for every paire xij d. And also to paye such fyne as the maister and wardens shall think mete for the same.

Also it is agreed that no parsonne of the said felowshippe doo from hensforth in his shoppe or in any other place eyther in selling or Chepeninge of his ware saye to any parson that his ware is better then any others of the Company by a peny ob or q<sup>r</sup> a pounde more or lesse, the partie so sayinge beinge duely proued shall forfaite and paye for euery tyme offending to the Craft? boxe xx s. without any fauor.

An order for Jornyme?.

Also it is agreed that no Jornyman saruyng by the yeare shall departe from the saruice of his maister wtowt he geue his mr half a yeares warnyng And he that sarueth by the half yeare shall not depart without a quarter of a year warnynge And he that sarueth by the weke shall not departe withoute a wekes warnynge And who so euer do offende contrary to this order shall forfaite and paye for a fyne xx s. And that if any parson of the felowship do set aworke any such Jornyman that doth departe contrary to this order before he doth parfetly knowe that he is clere from his mr he cam from he shall paye lykewise in the name of a fyne xx s.

An order for them y wold set vp.

Also it is agreed by the whole Company that the m<sup>r</sup> and wardens shall not lycens any to set vp or kepe open Shopp vnto such tyme as the parson that wolde set vp do first come before the maister and wardens and the assistaunce and bringe his m<sup>r</sup> w<sup>t</sup>home he was prentice w<sup>t</sup> hym to make reporte of his behauor, what substance he is of and what workeman he is So that he maye be knowne whether he be worthy to set vp or not.

An order for procuring away Costom<sup>rs</sup>.

Also it is agreed that no parson of the Crafte shall procure or labor by any maner of meanes either by Cookes or other parsons to Sinister or speake to any Company or Innes of Courte or any other Customers which any of the saide Company haue bynne accustomed to serue in tyme past either of wrought vessell or hiar of Rough vessell whereby he that have sarved the saide Companis halle Innes of Courte and Customers be hindred and lose his Customers by such vnsemely procuring and means before such tyme as the parson which was wont to serue haue geuen over the saruing of such Customers And the matter examined before the mr and wardens for the tyme beinge, and farther if any of the saide Company do goo to any Tauerne alehowse or any other howse or howses desiring to have the mendig of potte or changinge of vessell before any other and so by such euill demeanors others of the saide company be hindered of their Customers, Wherefore who so euer do procure any other from his customers by any meanes or waies beinge duely proued or goo from howse to howse as aforesaide shall forfaite and pay for a fyne for euery tyme offending this article xls.

Also it is agreed that no youngman of the felowship which hath bynne apprentice to the same crafte shall be made free nor sworn before the bokes of the Crafte be Searched whether his presentment be paide or not. And if he be not founde presented then his m<sup>r</sup> or suche as haue had his laste seruice shall paye his presentment before he be made ffree.

Also it is agreed that no parson beinge of the Clothinge of the saide company shall have as apprentice above the number of twoo at one tyme. And that no parson beinge owt of the Clothinge shall have aboue the nomber of one aprentice at one tyme. And who so euer shall happen too offend contrary to this ordenaunce shall forfaite and paye for euery tyme offendinge tenne pounde the one moitie wherof to be to the lorde mayor and Chaumberlayne of London and the othe moitie to be to the mr and wardens and Cominaltie of the saide crafte Prouided alwaies and it is agreed that all such parsons as haue bynne mr and wardens of the saide company or hereafter shall be mr and wardens of the saide company comonly called the assystaunce shall and maye lawfully haue three apprentice at one tyme vppon condiccon that euery such parson having iii apprentif shalbe bounde to the maister and wardens for the tyme beinge in an obligacon of x li to set two Jornymen on worke yf there be any destitute or lack? worke beinge of the saide facultie that he that shalbe his maister ys of, And shalbe to hym appoynted by the maister and wardens for the tyme beinge Also that no parson beinge owt of the Clothinge shall take any aprentice vntill he haue lycence of the maister wardens and assystunce to thentent that none shall have aprentice but such as be able to kepe them And it shalbe leafull for the mr and wardens that if any be not able to kepe his aprentice or vpon other reasonable cause shall take awaye the saide aprentice and put hym to some other of the company And it is agreed that he that hath but one aprentice shall take another win one yeare before his other haue serued his yeares so that he haue lycens of the maister wardens and assystance soo to doo. Alwais prouided that althose that haue more aprentices then is aboutsaide before the making hereof shall enjoye them and shall have no more vntill they be worne owt, and they that have but twoo aprentice maye take another within half a yeare before any his other aprentice haue serued their yeares And it is agreed that if any parson what so euer he be

Number of applied to be kept.

that shall heare after moue any matter which might sounde to the breache and vndoynge of this Article and Ordenaunce shall forfaite and paye x li to be deuided as is aforesaid &c.

Also it is agreed and ordayned that every Jornyman being a freman in the saide company shall hereafter waite vpon the maister and wardens of the yemandry at all offerynges as well as howsholders beinge lawfully warned by the beadle vpon payne to forfaite for every tyme offendinge to the yemandris boxe having no reasonable excuse to the contrary vjd. And that the saide Jornymen assone as they breake vp from the said mr & wardens and companye doo straytewaye Repayre whome to their masters geuyng their due attendance as honest funt [servants] ought to doo And not to goo to any Tauerne alehowse or such lyke vnsemely places, and who so ever maye be proved that goith to any such place beinge no howsholder or otherwise vse hym self vnreverently vnhonestly or vnsemely emong? the Company in goinge to the saide offeryng? shall paye to the Craft? boxe for every tyme offendynge vjs. viij d.

Also it is ordeyned and agreed That wheare the Company haue bynne in tymes past at excessyue charge as well in setting owt of men and for furnyture of artillary as also in lending of mony for wheate and other thinge and more is lyke too doo to theire farther greate charge and Indympnitie, for y' there is no mony in the howse and the hall indebt and lacke repacons yt is therefore concluded y' evy howsholder kepyng howse or shop being a brother or free of the same company shall paye vnto ye Crafte boxe foure shillinge by the yeare that is to saye euery quarter xij d. for the which saide iiijs. q3terly to be paide the saide company in tyme to come may be discharged for Setting owt men, lendyng of mony and such lyke charge and of all Charge that maye happen to be leuied of the saide company, Prouided alwaies that the saide quarterage shall contenue so longe to be paide as the whole Body of the Company shall thynke mete and convenyent cause to ye contrary.

Stone pot Lids.

Also it is ordered and agreed that none of the saide felowship shall lydd or foote any stone potte with pewter Excepte the same lydde be substancially and workmanly wrought accordinge to example nowe Remayning in the hall And if any lidde be founde fawtie it shalbe

leafull to the maister and wardens for the tyme being to breake the same lidde in whose hande so ever they may be founde, and the makers to paye for every lidd so found fawty a jd. to the Crafte boxe and shall make good the same potte lidde substancially to the owners at their owne Charge over and besides the ffyne.

Quarts & Pints.

Also it is agreed that none of the felowship shall make any tankerd quarte nor tankerd pynte nor to sell of those kynd of potte for any mony or otherwise but only the therdendale and half therdendale accordinge to the Lawes and constitución of this Citie. [See Order of Court of Aldermen, 29th April, 1563, page 234.] And also the pot called the brode pynt And that no holowaremen shall make any potte of Just quarte or pynte for ale & beare measure but only the stope pottell the greate stope quart and the greate stope pynt, and the greate pynt with the Brode Bottam the greate English pottell the greate English quarte and the greate English pynt and none other. And as for tauerne ware to make them according to the assice and as by exsample remayning in owre hall And who so euer offendeth to the contrary and true meaning heareof shalbe comitted to the warde there to remayne vntill he haue paide xls. for euery tyme offending the one moitie of which forfaiture to be to the Chaumbrlayne of london and the other moitie to the Crafte boxe.

Old pewter.

Also it is agreed that none of the saide company whatsoeuer he be shall sell at his stall or elle wheare any olde vessell that haue byne chaunged or bought owtright for any mony upon payne to forfaite and paye for euery tyme offending to the Crafte boxe xls.

Also it ordeyned and agreed that no parson of the saide company shall serue in any mans howse as a scollian\* to the yll fame and slaunder of the company neither in the lorde mayors howse nor in the Shreuis nor other, nor yet to scowr or amend any uessell but at home at his owne dwellyng howse. And who so euer shall happen to do contrary to this ordenaunce shall forfaite and paye to the Craft? boxe for euery tyme offendynge xl s.

Also it is agreed according to agreement made by the lorde mayor and courte of aldermen the xxv<sup>th</sup> day of January 1563 that there shalbe

<sup>\*</sup> This word is crossed out and "Labourer" written above in a later hand.

made tankerd quarte and tankerd pynte playne wt one hoope aboue and another hope at the ffoote and no other hoopes vpon those kynd potte.

An order for saucers 1572.

Also it is ordered that all petty sawcers through out the whole Company shalbe before Candelmas nexte called in & not vttered to be solde to any person or persons not vnder foure poundes weight the dosen or thereaboute vpon payne of forfaiture of all suche saucers as from thenceforth shalbe made contrary to this Ordinaunce any other ordinaunce or prouiso heretofore made to the contrary hereof in any wise notwithstandinge.

1564-5. **&f** the same Court [26th January] the m<sup>r</sup> Shewed vnto all the assystaunce being then present That the honorable Richarde mallerie lorde mayo<sup>r</sup> of London dyd send for hym and the ij wardens to dynner emong<sub>e</sub> other Companyes. And they seing the saide other companies vppon their volantarie will<sub>e</sub> in the name of all their whole comia ltie did gratifie the saide Lorde mayo<sup>r</sup> w<sup>t</sup> their good will<sub>e</sub> in certayne Sms of monye. Whervppon the m<sup>r</sup> and wardens did also gratifie the saide Lorde mayo<sup>r</sup> in the name of the whole companye w<sup>t</sup> iiij Riall<sub>e</sub> of golde considering his paynes in hearing their matters, wherfore yt is agreed by the assystaunce that the saide iiij Riall<sub>e</sub> of golde being xls, shoulde be borne and discharged by the howse owt of the Craft<sub>e</sub> Boxe. Theise being at the same agreement Maister myll<sub>e</sub> mr Edwarde Reo and willm Loton wardens m<sup>r</sup> Daye m<sup>r</sup> Rowlandson m<sup>r</sup> woodowce m<sup>r</sup> Curtes m<sup>r</sup> Gerie m<sup>r</sup> allyn m<sup>r</sup> Turner m<sup>r</sup> Scott.

This was a Christmas gift. See the entry in the Accounts below, p. 250.

& assystaunce yt was agreed that vppon Consideracon that m<sup>r</sup> warden had certayne mony in his hande Received vppon burialle and such lyke casuall Receipte there shoulde bee a Shroving dynner made in the hall for the whole clothing wherevppon Thomas Nicolle and John Cacher were chosen stewarde for the same dynn. And it was also agreed that they shoulde haue owt of the Crafte Boxe more in mony tenne shillinge.

Shrove-tide was the Carnival before Lent.

**@f** a Courte holden the same daye [2nd August] by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and assystaunce it was agreed that Nicholas Bodam the beadle shoulde

haue from hensforth for his wage and yearely Salarie the Sm of ffoure pounde And also to haue for wasshing the  $Craft_\ell$  naperie yearely xiijs. iiij d. Also it was agreed that the saide N Bodam shall haue alowed at the maisters dynner a Boyled capon or a cock, half a goose half a pike half a pie half a Custerde a Rabbet a dishe of Sturgeon twoo  $cast_\ell$  of Breade and a gallond of drink, and lykewise shall haue the same alowaunce at the yemandries dynner also.

- At the same Courte it was also agreed that Edmunde browne the Clarck, shall have alowed hym at the m<sup>rs</sup> Dynner half a goose, a Rabbet, half a custerde, a pastie, or a pie, twoo caste of Breade, and a gallond of ale, and to be amended at the m<sup>r</sup> and wardens discression, and lykewise shall have the same alowaunce at the yemandries dynner also.
- At a Courte holden the same daye [29th August] by the mr wardens and assystaunce there was warning Geven to Richarde harrisson that ffrom hensforth he shoulde Gylde no more any Tynne Except it be a Tryfell to geue awaye to his ffrende and well proved to be geven awaye. And in lyke mann Robert Somers hadd warning that he shoulde Gilde no more, which both pties haue made promis never to gilde any Tynne agayne, Except it be as is aforesaide for a Tryfell to geue awaye.

An order for setting owt to hier new ware.

- At a Courte holden the same daye [24th September] by the moost parte of all the whole Body of the Company it was agreed and ordayned that ffrom hensforth no mann of pson of the saide Company shall put owt to hier any mann of newe vessell being wrought ware to no pson yppon payne to fforfayte and paye for every tyme so lettinge owt to hier any such ware being wrought and duely proved to the Crafte Boxe ffyve pounde wthowt any ffavor.
- Ith October for certayn worde we'n John bowlting spake vnto mr Curtes it was agreed to be written for Remembruance to be determened the next Court daye we'n worde was as followith Sayth bowltinge I preyue youe are a greate mayntayner of yor brother, and I have agood occasion to have an Accon of mayntenance agaynst youe, but youe have ruled a greate while, I praye god youe have not governed to longe and that the Company have not occasion to Cursse youe for yor government.

wrsemly worde spoken to mr Curtes in the fface of the whole Courte desired to have an ende of the same matter, Yt was agreed that the saide boulting shoulde in the presence of all the company desire mr Curtes to be good vnto hym and that he is sorie for that he hathe saide, and that the saide bolting shoulde from hensforth take the saide mr Curtes for his better, and so ever hereafter to be lovers and ffrende weh was donne and all for geuen.

Omplayned agaynst m<sup>r</sup> nogaye for that he w'holdethe a swage from hym and when the same wood cam for it the saide m<sup>r</sup> Nogaye called hym knave and saide he wolde beate hym from his Stall w<sup>t</sup> a kegill Yt was agreed and order taken by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and assystaunce that the saide m<sup>r</sup> nogaye shoulde paye vnto the saide wood forthwith for his swage so moche monye as he paide for the same w<sup>ch</sup> was xviij d. and so they are agreed.

Itm Rs of Edwarde Dickinson for one quarter Rent for ow howse called the Aungell in themistreat due at mydsomer Anno Dni 1565 iiii li. xv s. **Ifm** pd for the hier of my lorde howards Barge . . xxxvis. viii d. Lord Howard was a honorary liveryman of the Company. See p. 225. Itm pd for iiij elle of Blewe sarsnet to make ij Stremers . . xxxj s. Jfm pd for vi yards di of grenecloth to make a carpet and xij Coshins xxix s. Ifm pd to the Paynter for making and workmanshipp of the twoo Stremers, collering [colouring] of the stremer Staffe and tryming the Cosshins [escutcheons] wt the Armes of the craft . . . iiij li. iij s. **Itm** pd for viij oz of ffrenge of yelowe and grene silke for o' Stremers 3fm pd for corde to staye the stremers in the barge and for goodman bodams botehier to lambethe . Ifm pd for a hammer and a chesell and mending the Brode Arowhedd to saye the Tynne . . . . iii s. iiii d.

Itm pd to a Screvener for writing ow corparacon in pchment in

Ifm pd for the helving of a Sledge to saye tynne w all ij d.
Ifm pd and spent the xvij daye of novembr when we went to vewe a
fyning howse xviij d.
Ifm geven to the lorde mayor at christmas as it was agreed by the
assystaunce xls.
3fm pd for o' botehier and mr Cosworth to westminster when we went
to speake wt the lorde of loughborow viij d.
Ifm pd to Thomas nicolls and John Cacher towards the making of a
Shroving dynner allowed by ye howse xs.
3fm pd to mr Bromley for his councell concerning or howse at Londonstone
and for writing or deedes for the same xxvjs. viij d.
Ifm pd vnto xij Boyes at the taking of the possession xij d.
The boys' services were engaged to "beat the bounds" of the
premises under the direction of the Company's Beadle.
3fm pd vnto m <sup>r</sup> Alderman Champion the daye of in the way
of lone to buye whete and Rie for the Citie xxv li.
3fm pd vnto Bonyface ffoster and Thomas Eveley for the purchase of
ow howse at londonstone wherein Richarde mannyng dwelleth xxxix li.
Ifm spent the xxvj daye of June at the white lyon at the guilde hall
Court when we gaue or attendaunce to haue or deede enrolled of
mannynge howse xiiij d.
In prhis we doo alowe vnto the saide mr and wardens for wood and cole
more then the xvjs. alowed by the howse the Sm of vjs. viijd. by
Reason of the greate ffroste and long Setting in the hall about the
crafts busines So that we fynde to moche demaunded for wood
& cole vs. vj d.
1565-6. At the same Courte [11th January] mr warden Allyn

malton for that they all geve his touche contrary to the ordenaunce.

If the same Courte [20th February] Raphe straye for that he occupieth not the craft hadd Lycence to take another prentis & hath pd ij s.

Complayned agaynst mr Loton John Swenerton water stokton and John

- **&f** the same Courte [18th March] John Cacher complayned agaynst John Jackson for procuring awaye the Sarving of the Drapers hall, w<sup>ch</sup> the said Cacher hathe vsually Sarved. Also the saide Jackson dyd let them a grose of newe spones and a dof of newe Salte.
- **Qf** the same Courte [8th May] for matter in varience betwene Peter kilborne and Richarde warde for the Touche of the hamer and the crowne w<sup>ch</sup> of them shoulde geue it, it shalbe determyned the nexte Courte Daye.
- At the same Courte [17th June] yt was agreed that Richarde warde shoulde geue the Toche of the hammer and the crowne for that his wif sometyme the wif of willm hartwell did geue the same before, and that the saide Richarde warde shall geue vnto peter kilborne Towarde the graving of a newe marcke xij d.
- assistaunce that ffrom hensforth there shoulde yerelye at the eleccon of the saide m<sup>r</sup> and wardens be chosen a Rento<sup>r</sup> to gather the craft? Rent? and to paye all mann of charge going owt of the saide Rente belonging to the saide Companye, and the same Rento<sup>r</sup> alwaies when he is chosen to be one of the assistaunce and to set in Courte. And the same Rento<sup>r</sup> for the tyme being shalbe Comptable vnto the young<sup>r</sup> warden and to make a Just accompt aswell of the Receipte as paymente and to bring in the Remayne (if there be any) alwais before mighelmas wherby the young<sup>r</sup> warden maye make vp his accompte. And for the yere next coming Thomas Eliot is chosen Rento<sup>r</sup>.

This resolution was rescinded in December, 1569. See page 263.

dynner daye only for the matter in varience betwene John Mathewe and John Barker before the Company went to churche the saide John mathewe and John Barker in the presence of all the whole Clothinge hadd their hood? Taken from them for their evill demeanor the one to the other at Chensforde [Chelmsford] faire; And so was dismissed of the clothinge yet they were bothe Contented to abyde the order and determynacon of the saide mr, wardens and clothinge, wherevppon

they were put aparte, and and vppon theyre gentill Submission and knowledging their offence. Yt was ordayned and agreed by the saide m<sup>r</sup> wardens and the rest of the clothinge that either of them shoulde paye in the name of a ffyne to the crafte Boxe ij s. vj d. apece, and to be restored to their hoodes and felowshipp of the clothing agayne, for this tyme.

- At the same Courte yt was agreed by the whole clothinge that ffrom hensforth, if any of the clothing doo happen to mysvse themselfe, the one to the other otherwise then lyke honest and Syvell men, or become dronkerde, Brawlers or suche vnsemely demeanors to the infamie and slaunder of the Companye he or they that so vseth hymself and being thereof convict shalbe banished the clothinge and Company for euer.
- @nd it is farther agreed [4th September] that no pson in the Company shall sell any kynde of white ware to any other pson that dothe entend to Retaile the same agayne to the sellers knowledge except it be to a pewterer, vppon the lyke payne [of 5l.].

The term "white ware" seems to indicate pewter as opposed to the "yellow" metals, brass and latten. (See entry of 23rd September, 1568, p. 259.)

- At a Courte holden the same daye [10th October] by the whole Body of the Company wedowe Slack complayned agaynst John mearse for the Sm of xxs. when we will be same to paye of the same forthwith the saide wedowe vs. With Readman vs. John Cacher vs. and Thomas Cacher vs. and so the wedowe is paide. And it is ordered and agreed that the saide John mearse shall worke vnto the saide pties so muche in workmanshipp of ware as their monie shall amount vnto at the will and pleasuer of the saide pties.
- At the same Courte [12th December] Gabriell hill, hughe colliers man, and Peter Tollerton mr Reos apprentis were bothe sent vnto warde for that they consettered to gether to have Ronne awaye, and had Enbeaseled certayne patrons and Tooles of their maisters good.
- **@f** a Court holden the same daye [20th December] by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and assistaunce there was agreement and order taken that from

hensforthe there shoulde be geven to the Lord mayor of London for the tyme beinge ffor Benyvolence in the name of all the whole Companye ffortie shillinge. Provided alwaies if the saide Lorde mayor doo gratifie the mr and wardens wr a spone or any other thinge the same to be and Remayne vnto the Hall. And it is agreed that this order shall contenewe vntill the whole assistaunce shall think convenyent cause to the contrarie.

- Jím R's ffor Certayne Tynne which m' Mills, m' Reo, and Willim loton Did take the last yeare fforffayte that is to saye ij ffalse Blocke of Tynne weyinge iiij C iij qz vj lb being praysed at ffiftie shillinge the C amounte vnto xij li. more ij other blocke of ffalse Tynne weying v C đi viij thi praysed at xxxvij s. iiij d. the C amounte vnto x li v s. iiij d. Sm of Both amounte vnto xxij li vs. iiij d.
- Ifm Rs the xxiij day of march 1565 for vntoched ware . . ij s
- Ifm R's the xvijth daye of June for vntoched ware . . . iij s. iij d.
- Esargs for setting owt of twoo Soldyers as maye appeare by a presept sent vnto the Company from the lorde mayor the xviij day of Julye Anno Dni 1566, the right honorable Richarde Champion then beinge Lorde mayor which soldiers were sent to Ireland. Sm vli iij s. viij d.
- Ifm pd the xxx daye of novembr to the praysers of the exchequer for their paynes taking in praysing the fforfayte Tynne . vj s. viij d.
- Jfm pd to m<sup>r</sup> Alderman Rowe for the Benyvolence of the Company towarde the newe intended Bursse agreed at a Courte of assystaunce . . . . . . . . . . . . xls.

The Livery Companies liberally contributed to Sir Thomas Gresham's project for erecting a Burse or Exchange, as a meeting-place for London merchants. The building was opened by the Queen in 1571.

- 1566-7. **&f** the same Courte [29th January] yt was agreed by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and assistaunce that there shoulde be a dynner kept for the buriall of m<sup>r</sup> John Daye for the whole Clothing and their wife to be made in o<sup>r</sup> hall the iiij<sup>th</sup> daye of ffebruarie next and m<sup>rs</sup> Daye hath geven towarde the same dynner in monie iij li And it is agreed that the assistance and their wiffe shall paye xij d. a man and the rest of the clothinge xvj d. a man. So there is chosen stewarde for the same dynner Roger ffarthing and John Bowlting.
- At the same Courte [21st February] Thomas Nicolle payde in the name of a ffyne for that he came not to powles to wayte vppon the Lorde mayor the three ffestyvall vsuall daies having lawfull warning and also for being absent at the buriall of mr Turner the Sm of iiij s.
- taften [20th March] of a Tynkerde a beame of Latten made in Jemris called a Stomara.
- **Casten** [21st April] of Robert wright of the Banke side, one Salt gilt, iiij white pece, ij gilte pece and ij casters.
- **Casten** [same date] of Thomas glenton in Towrstreate iiij stone potte Lydded w fflaunders Lidde.
- James Caserner was called before the Court [14th May] ffor that he hathe ffalslie and deceiptfully wrought the knopps of xxvj' stille and ffilled the same knopps w' leade contrarie to the true order of making of them . . . And for the Trespas that he nowe hathe done his marcke is taken from hym which heretofore was admitted hym, and that he nowe shall have a marck w' a doble ff, for that this is not the first tyme that he hathe trespassed in the Companye.
- Bicharde Bagte [shall pay] from hensforthe [5th June] yearely vnto the Company ij s. [for his 'dueties'] that is to saye to the clothing xij d. vnto the yemandrie vj d. vnto the Beadle iiij d. and to the clarcke ij d.
- At a Courte holden the same daye [18th June] by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and assistaunce yt was agreed that there shoulde be geven a lycence vnder the Seale of the howse vnto Wiffm marshall, Robert hewet and John Thomas of maydstone pewterers for the Execucon and disabolishing all hawkers for any manner of mettall w<sup>t</sup>in kent and Sussex and elle wheare

as they shall have occasion, So that they be bounde vnto the companye in one hundrethe pounde that they shall not doo anything contrary to the lawes and Statute of this Realme nor doo any other act whereby it might be hurtfull vnto the Companye.

At the same Courte yt was agreed by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and assistaunce that Edwarde watson of newe castle shoulde be admitted in to the company and hathe paide all the dueties due vnto the companye for all thinge vntill mighelmas next w<sup>ch</sup> was xij s. that is to saye viij s. to the m<sup>rs</sup> and iiij s. to the yemandrie. And father it is agreed that the saide watson shoulde haue a Testymoniall w<sup>t</sup> the Seale of the howse that he is a freeman and pewterer of london, and that o<sup>r</sup> trade is to buye and sell all mann of mettall.

The claim "to buy and sell all manner of metal" is a wide interpretation of the Company's trade that would not commend itself to the Goldsmiths', Armourers' and Braziers', Ironmongers', Blacksmiths', and other Companies.

It is a Courte holden the same daye [21st July] by the m<sup>r</sup>, wardens and mooste parte of the whole felowshipp. Yt was agreed that Edwarde Reo shall not from hensforthe betaken as one of the assistaunce neither yet to haue his place as he hadd before but to be as a Brother of the Companye and that his marcke shalbe taken owt of the hall, and maister Gerie to haue his marcke set vpp In the same place.

From this it appears that it was a privilege of the Assistants to have their "marks" set up in the Hall.

The following extract from the City Records is found in Letter Book V, fol. 113.— Martis xxij<sup>do</sup> die Julii Anno nono (Elizabethæ Reginæ) predicto Item it was this day ordered by the courte here for diuerse good causes & consideracons especially movinge the same, that the hole company and incorporacon of the pewterers of this Cyttye shall enter into bonde to the Chamberlyn of this Cyttye in the some of D<sup>h</sup> vnder ther Comen Seale to be indorsed with condycon that if they or there successors doe not at any tyme hereafter make or cause to be made amonge themselves at there comen hall or any other place or places whatesoeuer any maner of lawe acte constitucion or ordynaunce contrary

or repungnant to any clause article braunche or sentence of the Acte of parliament made Anno xix<sup>no</sup> Henrici Septimi Capit. vij<sup>mo</sup> concernynge the makinge of statutes by bodies incorporate within any cyty Bourowghe or Towne corporate with this Realme nor lymytt shall or appoint a generaltie amonge themselves any maner of price or prices in certentie of eny manner of kinde or sorte of their vessells or other wares whatsoeu whiche they doe comenlie vtter and sell or put to sale but doe levie [allow] everie person and psons of ther said Companie at his and ther frewill and libertie to vtter and sell his goods and wares as he and they biers therof can reasonablie agree among them selves That then the said bonde to be voide and of none effecte. And the Wardeyns of the said Companie haue this daie Seuennight to be here again for the accomplishement therof.

**Af** a Courte holden the same daye [22nd September] it was agreed by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and assistaunce, for that the assistaunce is worne awaye they have taken in to their assistaunce, Robert chawno<sup>r</sup>, Willim Readman, Thomas Burton, and John Cacher.

this yeare xxix li praised at v d. the pounde xij s. j d. more in Triffills & xiiij bottells done w corse flaunders mettall xiiij thi at ij d. the pounde ij s. iiij d., more in flaunders mettall weing xxxiiij li at iij d. the pounde viij s. vj d., more a Tynkerd beame xij d. Sm of all xxiij s. xj d. whereof the Quenes mattie is to be answered the one moitie.

Jfm RS of Nicholas bodam for one whole yeares Rent due at midsomer 1567 . . . . . . . . . . . . xiij s. iiij d.

Nicholas Bodam was the Company's Beadle, and from 1560 had been tenant of a house adjoining the Hall in Lime Street.

**Chargs** in the parlyament for the Sute agaynst the occuping of Stone potte agreed by the assistaunce.

The total expense was 31. 11s., of which at least 21s. was expended in gifts to the Speaker and others.

Itm for half a C xxiiij foote of borde to make a newe dore going in to the yarde by the well in o' hall . . . . . . . . . . . iiij s. vj d.

Charge at mydsomer for the watche according to a presept sent by the lorde mayor.
This was for the Marching Watch. The total payments amount to 18s. for cressets, straw-hats, escutcheons, and two gallons of "ale for the pore men."
Ifm pd for the charge of mr Reo and hughe Colliers prentice at Brydewell and in the Counter vjs. ijd.
Bridewell was the City prison for incorrigible apprentices.
Ifm pd to Shepperd the sponemaker for that was geuen hym of charitie towarde the losse of his Spones iiijs.
Jfm pd to the goldsmith for silver put to the Cupp w <sup>ch</sup> S <sup>r</sup> peper [Sir Peter Warryson] gaue to the hall for the knopp weing ij oz đi a quarter [23/4 oz.] price xiij s. iiij d.
Ifm for making and gilding of the same knopp x s.
Itm for Graving & Enameling the armes of ye craft in ye same iij s. iiij d.
Jim pd to Roger ffarthing over and aboue the lvjs. iiij d. w <sup>ch</sup> was loste of m <sup>rs</sup> Ashlins buriall to buye the damaske tableclothe and ij dof of damaske napkins
Itm pd for a Case to put Sr peters Cupp in vjs. viijd.
Jfm pd for mony spent by Thomas Elyot Renter-warden for ij tymes abowt the Reentrie made by hym for the Rent of the Aungell and for making a quittance ijs. vjd.
Jtm pd to Sargeaunt Gefferie for his Councell abowt the Aungell vs.
Jim pd for the charge of Thomas Eliot & bodams going downe to Southflite to m <sup>r</sup> Sidley to tender his Rent for the aungell w <sup>ch</sup> he Refused to receyue ij s. iiij d.
Ifm pd for a potle and a pynt of Sack to put in to the botle w <sup>ch</sup> was sent to m <sup>r</sup> Sidley xij d.
Charge layde owt for the answering of Edwarde Reo when he brought the Company before the Lorde mayor 1567.
Jim pd the xv of Julye for o' dynner at the bull hed in chepe that daye we went to guilde hall about m' Reos matter to appeare

- Jim pd for o' dynner at the popes hedd in lombitstreat the xvij of July y' daye we being before the Courte of aldermen for E. Reos matter vis. iid.
- Jfm pd for the acknowledg of a Recognisaunce where the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and iij of the assystaunce were bounde in xl h apece for to appere at every Court of aldermen vntill the matter were ended . xij s.
- 3fm pd to mr Towne clarck for the Copie of Edwarde Reos bill of complaynt & the coppie of o' Recognisaunce . . . iij s. iiij d.

The expenses of the controversy with Edward Reo, who was removed from the Court of Assistants (p. 255) and probably made complaint of this to the Court of Aldermen, amounted to rather more than four pounds. The statement consists of 14 items, including the five immediately above.

1567-8. Cabriell Spencer is lycensed to open Shopp the xij<sup>th</sup> day of february 1567 and hath paid therefore iij s. iiij d. His m<sup>r</sup> Robt Hustwaith hath made Report of his substaunce xx mks.

Another apprentice who was licensed at the same Court was reported to be worth 40 marks.

Assistentes Mabell Conewey dwelling in Horsehed Aley Saith about a fortnight ago that Roger Isad his man cam home to her house to one Mother Jone wth a dosen of Sawcer The said Mabell demaunded of the said Isade man May this woman go about to sell these Sawcer yea mary said the felowe my mr will warant her. The said Mother Jone saith she hath solde for the same Roger Isad about a vj dosen And for George Sarples and Thoms Jonson iij or iiij dosen a pece The Said Jone hathe solde and began to sell aboute a moneth ago these Sawcers She pd for eug dosen ij s. vj d. And sold them for ij s. viij d. And iij s. a dosen to her frende.

- **If** the same Courte [7th May] it was agreed that the Goodman Bodham shall have no more libertie of the garden nor hall vntill the Company se farther Cause Nor that there shalbe no more wedding kept in the Hall.
- **&f** a Courte holden the same daye [17th June] by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and Assistente it was agreed that Jo Atkeys should put away a Boy named Jo Jonson whom he hath bound by the statute of wynchester Betwene this and mychelmas next at the farthest.

See p. 234 for the provisions of the Statute of Winchester.

- Af a Courte holden the same day [7th August] by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and assistente It was agreed That where there dothe lacke Assistente to be associated w<sup>th</sup> The Assistente nowe and to Sit in Courte It is ordered that it shalbe leafull for The M<sup>r</sup> wardens and Assistente to take in one of the younger Clothinge at their plesure to be vpper warden and to supply the rome thereof And to be taken as vpper warden for that yere As well as one that hath ben warden hertofore Alwais Provided and it is agreed that when he hath supplied the whole yere of the Said wardenship He shall not go ne sitte in place before any other of the Company That haue byn warden before hym But in order as a younger warde.
- At the same Courte it was also agreed that if it chaunce any one man to be Chosen to be warden and haue not borne the office of M<sup>r</sup> nor warden of the yeomanry he shall pay suche fyne to the house as shalbe Judged by the M<sup>r</sup> wardens and Assistente for the same office.
- Of the same Courte [23rd September] it was agreed by the whole Company that there shoulde Be no spones made of Bras or latten or any yelow metall vppon payne that if any pson herafter be found that he doth make any suche spones shall forfeyt and pay for eug spone iijs. iiijd. The said Spones were lately Invented by John God And he hath confessed he hath made but iij dosen one dosen he hath solde to one at Algate And an other Stranger hath bought one other dosen. And the third dosen the Goodman of the Castell in wood strete must have them And if there be found any more of the same Gode makyng He shall pay for eug Spone iijs. iiijd.

At the same Courte [13th December] it was agreed to aunswere Mr Aldeman Heyward Concerning the Sale of the Angell as followeth ffirst he shall pay for the Companies Interest xliiij h And shall saue the Company harmles from Mr Sydley and all other psons for any thinge that the Company shall happen to do Concerning the said Sale of their Interest of wh xliiij h there must be paid by Mr Sydley for quyt Rent, iiij h.
In prmis pd for the hiar of a Barge to westminster a drome player,  Russhes and wifflynge Staffe xxviij s. iiij d.
Jim pd to Bodam for his paynes attendinge vppon the saide men as a wyffeler xij d.
This was at the Midsummer Watch. The duty of the wifflers was to clear the way as an advanced guard in front of the pageant. Bodam was the Company's Beadle.
Ifm pd at the guilde hall when the company was discharged of their Recognysaunce for mr Reos matter ij d.
Jim pd for ij C di of nayles spent in the garret abowt the makinge of the wyndowes and the frame to hang vpp the harnes xij d. ob.
Ifm pd for viij ells of Canvas to hang about the frame of the harnes and ouer for dust vs.
Itm pd for one morrispike xvjd.
Ifm pd to Abraham hartwell Scoller of Cambridge towarde the buying of
his Bookes agreed by assistaunce xx s.
Ifm pd and layde in to the Quenes mats lotterie xls.
The Corporation, the Livery Companies, and the Merchant Adventurers' Company were invited to take part in this lottery. The scheme was new to the citizens, and its purpose was to raise money for the repair of harbours and for various public objects.
3fm pd to John Sherwyn for the debt of Edward loton for the whiche
all his Tooles lyeth in the hall vppon a Bill of Sale xv li.
Ifm pd to Abraham hartwell Scoller of cambridge for one half yeares exebicion due at mydsomer 1568 xs.

Ifm pd to a gardener for bynding vp the arber and Roses in the garden

	for one daye xvj d.
H4	
Jīm	pd for half a yarde and half a q3tr & a naile of Redd Crymson velvet
	for the m <sup>r</sup> & wardens garland <sub>e</sub> xvj s. viij d.
Ifm	pd to mr Tailebushe Goldsmithe for the making of the Armes of the
	crafte and the Scochins that be about the same Garlande and so
	the olde Scochins and pendaunts are altered xviij s.
Ifm	pd to m' Tybballs man of the Exchequier for his paynes taking for
	the Coming for the Quenes mony wch the howse doth owe and we
	had councell not paye it as yet by mr Secretory of the Counter xij d.
Ifm	pd to m' Tyball Receyvor of the Quenes mony in the Exchequier
	for mony due vnto the quene as maye appeare by his Quittaunce
	xj li. xvj s. iiij d.
Ifm	more I aske alowaunce for the Bakinge of Custerde and Tartes owt
	of the howse at the same [the Master's] dynner for that the Ovens
	were broken iiij s.
Ifn	pd to Nicholas bodam for liiij dayes takinge paynes abowt the saide
	worke over and above the L's [50s.] he owith to the howse agreed
	at the Courte of assistaunce xs.
	This payment was for superintending repairs to the Company's
	perty. Bodam the Beadle, notwithstanding his somewhat varied
sou	rces of income, seems to have been constantly in low water.
Itn	more lent vnto bodam for that he ought the saide x s. for rent of his
	howse and so was wthowt monye, agreed by the saide Courte wch he
	nowe owith to the howse the Sm of
	nowe owith to the nowse the only of the AAS.

1568-9. **&f** a Courte holden the first daye of Apriell 1569 in the Eleventh yeare of the Raigne of ow Soveraigne Lady Quene Elizabeth etc? by the maister wardens assistaunce and moost parte of the whole clothinge yt was agreed and ordayned that all howsholders of the yemandrie shall wayte vppon the maister & wardens of the yemandrie to all offeringe and burialle as they have done in tymes past, And whosoeuer shall happen to offend and doo not come when they are warned, wowt a Reasonable excuse shall paye for every time iiij d. And also yt is agreed that all Jorneymen

shall also wayte vppon the m' & wardens at all offeringe if they canne Convenyently goo vppon Lycence of their maister Provided alwaies that all suche psonnes as haue the almas of the Company and be very pore men suche as the m' & wardens of the yemandrie shall thinke be not able to geue their offeringe shall from tyme to tyme be Remytted for not goinge to offeringe and buriatle so that the same pore men be alwaies from tyme to tyme nomynated and set downe herevnder what they are that be Remytted. [Yeomanry Accounts.]

- &f a Courte holden the same day [27th May] by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and Assistente George Hawkyn Citezen and Pewterer of London was Sworne and admitted to be Clerke of the Pewterere Hall.
- **@f** the same Courte [23rd June] it was agreed by the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and Assistent<sub>e</sub> That these psons hervnder mentioned [14 names follow] shalbe taken into the Clothinge and euy man to pay besides his spone xx s. a pece toward<sub>e</sub> the making of a window mete for the Clerke to sit and write at and to lay his Bookes.
- **@f** the same Courte [9th September] it was agreed that the yeomanries dynner shalbe pared accoding to auncient Custome The monday next after michelmas daye.
- wardenes and assistance, their was brought vnto them a precepte, directed one the parte and behalfe of our soueraigne ladie the qwenes maiestie, from Allexaundre Avenon, lorde Maior of the citie of London, by vertue and aucthoritie wherof, their shoulde be sufficientlie furnyshed Twentye men, as expeditlie as might be possible, to be appointed and armed as Sowldiors into the Northe partes of this realme, againste the two rebellious rebells, the Earles of Westmlande and Norththumberlande; Eache of w<sup>ch</sup> Souldiares to be apparelled in Jerkynes and gallye breeches of broade clothe of coloure watchet, and euerie one a Calliuer, w<sup>th</sup> flasket and tuchebox, a Morryan, a sworde, and a dagger, and xij d. a peece for their preste money; wherevppon, it was agreed by the saide m' wardens and assistance, that the whole companye shalbe sessed and to be levied the some of lx ti. that is to saye of the Clothinge xl ti, and of the yeomanrye xx ti.

These twenty men were not immediately called out, but the Company was ordered to store their arms and accourrements at Pewterers' Hall, and have them in readiness for immediate use at one hour's notice after receipt of a further precept from the Lord Mayor. This precept came in on 1st March, and the men were sent off to the North at a total cost to the Company of 78l. 16s. 5d. The two earls raised a revolt against the Queen, and proclaimed their design of restoring the old religion. They overran the northern counties, but were speedily defeated by the Royal forces under the Earl of Sussex.

Af a courte houlden the same daye [2nd December], it was agreed that m<sup>r</sup> Warden Mathewe for that m<sup>r</sup> Burton, who was Renter is deade, shall geather the rente for the companye as the Rentors haue done here-tofore: And finallie it was as then decreed that the younger wardeine from thensfourthe to doo the like, and that therebe no more Renters chosen.

**&f** the same courte it was agreed, that if any of the companye shoulde be hereafter called to beare thoffice of the younger warden, and hathe neuer borne office in the yomandrie before, shall paye to the craftes boxe iiij li.

On 30th December the Court considered the case of Francis Bawdwyn who had several times robbed John Collier his master both of goods and money. Having confessed his guilt, he was whipped there and then in open court.

The heading of the account for this year is subjoined as a specimen of the style then used. It may be compared with that for the year 1451-2, printed on page 15.

of Pewterers of the Citie of London Thomas Nogay and Robert Chawner wardens of the same Crafte or Mistery from the feaste of Saint Michaell tharchaungell In the yere of our Lorde God one thowsande ffyue hundrethe thre score and eighte vnto the said ffeaste of Saint Michaell the Archangell in the yere of our lorde god one thowsand fyue hundreth thre score and nyne And in the eleuenth yere of the Reigne of our souereigne lady Elizabeth by the grace of god Quene of England ffraunce

and Irland Defendor of the ffaith &c That is to say for one whole yere complete And is for all Sms of money by us received had paid and delivered with other Implemente as may appere by this accompte as followethe.

Jim pd vnto the Goodwif Broune the xxjth day of May Towarde the Buriall of her Husband . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . xs.

Goodwife Brown was the widow of the Company's excellent Clerk who died this year.

- 1569-70. @nd it was agreed [16th March] that Hugh Colyers rose and crowne shalbe made lesser as m<sup>ris</sup> Haiselles is, by cause none hathe so greate, but the quenes maiestie.
- At the same daie [14th April], Thomas wilshere complayed vppon Michell Thompson dwellinge at Sainte Mary Axe, for that he thretened him wth approbrious wordes saienge thou art a knaue and I will dresse the like a knaue, wth other thretninge wordes so that the saide wilshere saithe he is a fraide of his life, whervppon, it was agreed, that Thompson shulde be sent for the next courte daie.
- **@f** a courte houlden the same daie [5th July], it was ordered and decreed, that for asmuche as m<sup>r</sup> Hardinge paid for the weddinge of his maide kepte in this haulle, the some of v s, that likewise the saide haule shalbe lett out for suche as shall marrye, beinge well adiudged of by the m<sup>r</sup> and wardaines for the tyme beinge, to be honeste and discrete, shall paie for the hier of the haule at euerie suche tyme v s., And moreouer euerie suche persone so requiringe the saide haule, at euerie tyme shall paie to the Beadle, for his paines in that be halfe taken, the some of Twentie pence.
- and it is further agreed that whereas Thomas Smackergill was couenaunte servante wth John Holstocke, that he shalbe sett at libertie, after he hath serued the said John Holstocke, duringe and vntill the laste daie of Awgust next ensuinge. So alwayes prouided that the said John Holstocke, do well and trulie paie him his waiges wth then shalbe due, fynde him meate drincke & all other thinges necessarye, and then the saide Thomas to paie his saide maister for all suche castinge mouldes as he heretofore hath red of him.

3f was also agreed at the same courte [14th July], that Humfrie ffrauncis, pewterer of Abington, shall have a license from the companye for one yere, to dele wth Hawkers accordinge to the lawes of this realme, that is to saie, Barkshere, Oxfordshere, Wilshere, and Glocest'shere, and to be bounde in C ti, to dele vprightly and trulie wherby the companye shall sustayne no reproche by his so dealinge.

and Salter of london was admitted our Clarke to endure so longe tyme, as he shall continue a faithfull seruaunte vnto this companye: Vnto whome was deliuered the libell of the moneye, by vs put into the quenes Maiesties Lottarie, the somer before, conteyninge the Juste some of xls.

George Hawkyn who succeeded Edmund Browne as Clerk held that office for little more than a year, and was succeeded in turn by Ralph Carter. The minutes and accounts for the next five years present a great contrast to those so beautifully kept by Browne. Ralph Carter's style is rambling and obscure, whilst his punctuation (here faithfully followed) is based on a system which was fortunately used only by its inventor. His troublesome penmanship and method of minuting continue to the year 1575.

the some of Twentie shillinges, w<sup>ch</sup> Arrettes wiff owed him: it is ordered, that hir apprentice shalbe solde, by thassente of the maister and wardeins, for hir mooste advauntage, and the monye redoundinge thereof to be clere discharge of the saide Corbynes dett. Prouided allwayes, that what surplusage of money, shall happen to surmounte ouer, and aboue the saide dette, by the sale of the saide apprentice, that euerye parte thereof shalbe whollye be to thonlie vse and behoufe of the same Arrettes wiff. any thinge to the contrarye not w<sup>th</sup> standinge.

3f was the same daie [14th December], agreed, that noe persone ne persones, of this companie shall from hensfurthe vntill further ordre be herein taken, vtter or putto sale, eny pewter vessell, vnwroughte, of what sorte or manner soeuer they same be, to no persone, ne persones whatsoeuer excepte it be to suche persone, and persones, as be free, citizens, and inhabytenge wthin the citie of london. Nor colourablie caste, or melte

any perselle of tynne, as propperlye the goodes, of eny man, not beinge a citizen, and dwellinge w<sup>th</sup>in london, vppon payne and forfeiture in doinge the contrarie, for eu<sup>r</sup>ey hundred weighte, either putto sale, or melted (as aforesaide) tenne shillinges, the moyetie to the taker, thother to the companye.

- Jiem paide to the churche wardeins of all Sainctes, in Lomberstreete vppon the daye of our feaste. as for vsinge the Ornamentes. of the same churche. xij d. Jiem paide to the Curate. and Clarke. of the saide Churche. vppon the same daye as for their accustomed dutis viij d. [Yeomanry accounts.]
- firste tyme) towardes the charges of Twentie men, w<sup>ch</sup> were sent into the Northe parts of this realme, against the two rebellious rebells, the Earles of Westmurlande, and Northumberlande . . xl ti
- (as the goodes of the hawle) remayninge in the Garret, these remembred percells, that is to saie, a Eleven stope pottell pottes, thirtene quartes potts, and in other olde laye mettall to asmuche as all sortes added togeathers make the in weight one hundred and a quarter, we after iiij d. the pounde is iust . . . . . . . . . . . . xlvj s. viij d.
- Afso there was delyuered him (as then) in Peake the iuste weight of twentie, eighte poundes, and so estymated worthe . . . ij s. vj d.
- Jiem red the xvj of Thomas Hawke, as for a fyne, for strickinge Tho.

  Mott . . . . . . . . . . . xiij s. iiij d.
- In primus paide to a draper, for asmuche Clothe of coloure Blewe, after ffyve shillinges the yarde, as apparalled the saide Twentie Souldiers, at firste tyme, : vnto the leaste of w<sup>ch</sup> Jerkyns and slopps, there was two yardes and a halfe of london measures, all w<sup>ch</sup> saide Twentie persones so cloothed, amounted to . . . viij li. vj s. viij d.

- Ifem paide to a draper at the seconde tyme, for ffourtene yardes of Clothe, (and of the same colloure) as clothed the rest of those whose apparrell was aswell embrasceled as wth houlden, and given, all wch amounted . . . . . . . . . . . . . . iij li. x s. Item paide to sundrie Tailors, at first tyme for makinge the saide Jerkins, and gallie slopps at xx d. the peece & geven to the srvaunts to drink viij d. . . . . . . . . . xxxiiij s. Jiem paide at firste tyme, for asmuche Inckell of coloure redde and blewe, as poyncted the saide Jerkins and Breeches the juste some of xijs. iijd. Jiem paide at the seconde tyme for the ynckle and ribon weh poyncted the Jerkins & slopps, then lackinge. . . . . . ij s. ix d. Jiem paide for Eleuen Swordes, servinge for the saide supplie of men, wherof eighte coste iiijs. iiijd. the peece thother three, coste iijs. the peece . . . . . . . . . xliijs. viijd. Jiem paide the saide Souldiers, after sixe pence the daie, as for their sallarie and wages, that is to saie, from the firste daie of december, vntill the Thurtie daie of the same monthe . . xiiii li. xs. Item paide uppon the xxti daie of december, as was agreed in the little parloure, vnto xiiij Souldiers beinge Pewterers, ouer and aboue their Jiem paide vnto mr Cunstable, and mr mellawes, who were appointed as graunde Capteynes, to have the conducte of the said souldiers, at what tyme they departed from the citie of London . . . Item we fynde Nicholas Boddam, is indepted to the howse, as appearethe vppon the pamphilet of the last accompt in Anno Dni 1569 1570-1. It was also agreed [21st June], & ffullie ordered, for vniformyties sake, that from hencefurthe it shoulde not be lawfull, for none
- 1570-1. If was also agreed [21st June], & ffullie ordered, for vniformyties sake, that from hencefurthe it shoulde not be lawfull, for none of the companye to goo home, to waite of the maister, & wardeins, euerie yere, to be ellected, and chosen, aboue the nomber of twelue persones, in one companye, of whiche saide nomber one of thassistaunce, to goe whome wth either of the wardeins, soe yerelie to be chosen,: And fynallie that therebie none of the companies wives, doe enterprice to goe home, to the newe mr and wardeins howses, excepte they be willed or required there vnto.

Recepte was then receyued from the Lorde mayor, for sixe Cressette, lightes, to be made readye againste Midsomer evon, and also apt men to the nomber of sixe to beare them, and to euerie to [two] Cressettes, one bagge bearer, as also a requeste for two discrete persones, to attende vppon the saide Cressett, bearers. called wyfflers,: all w<sup>ch</sup> to be readie at Leadon haule, before the houre of ix of the clock.

All the Companies took part in the great pageant of the Marching Watch, which was made ready at Leadenhall, where most of the "properties" of the City pageants were kept.

Mistres Bagsseff (beinge at this courte) [3rd August] was in daunger, to be fyned, for that she beinge complayned on was thoughte to have boughte tenne peces of Tynn of mr Alderman Bonde, wthout Cloffe. contrarie to thordynaunce of this howse: and duelie examyned was founde to be in faulte, yet because of pleadinge ignoraunce, to thordinaunce she was pardoned of the saide offence.

**Coffers** (as mallapearte, as Stollida quotidie) wolde nedes [5th October] haue his pewter vessell restored to him againe, and not requested, to haue it againe, for that qd he, the matter objected, againste me, is perdoned and ended, by the fynall determynation of my Lorde Maior, wth a nomber of other fflowtinge woordes, verrye vnsemeley, of so younge an ympe to be vttred, or spoken, in so graue, and worshipfull an Audyence: But yet perseueringe in his loftye stomache, departed in greate rage, from their presente wthout eny leave takinge.

This is a rich example of Ralph Carter's grandiloquent style of minuting.

- Jiem receyued of a Jentleman. in Julie laste. for permytinge a deade Corpes. to stande in the hawle, duringe three houres, the some of xiij s. iiij d.
- **Item** receyued of Roberte Prentice, as for a fyne, in that he packed and solde to Sturbridge fayre laste, as was crediblie enformed by m<sup>r</sup> Allen, asmuche wares, of all sortes, as he supposed, waied vij C, & for

th	at he was fyned. a marke of mony	. this Ac	comptaun	te, cha	rgeth
	ym selfe to haue receyued of the s				
	r the said marke of mony				
	eceyued of Roberte Collier, as for a				
	mpteouslie, exclaymed to the L. Ma				
	efore he soughte his remedie at the 1				
	ewter vessell as is in weighte lxxxxiii				
Item re	eceyued vppon the vth courte daie, o	of Raffe	Straye, for	that h	e on
	e L. mayors feaste daie, had not on				
Item re	eceyued vppon the seconde qtr daie,	of John	Tucker. fo	or that	three
	ills heades, were vntouched				xij d.
	eceyued vppon the. xiiijth courte daio				for a
	ne.) in that on Lamas daie [1st Augu				
ha	ule, wthout his lyveroye gowne .				xij d.
	eceyued of John Chestar, for that h				
the	e seconde ellection of the Shrive. o	of Londo	n. not hav	ringe o	n his
	uerie gowne				
Item vi	ppon the xv <sup>th</sup> courte daie, there was	s receyue	d of Ric	Corbyr	i, for
tha	at he sette certeyne wares, on an o	other mar	ns stawle,	contrar	ie to
	der				
	aide vppon the xxiijti daie of Janua				
	e Qwenes Ma <sup>tie</sup> dyned at S <sup>r</sup> Thoma				
ffra	ame. to the place where the compan	iye then	did stande	. to att	ende
	r highnes commynge				
	nis was Queen Elizabeth's famous				
	y honoured Sir Thomas Gresham				
	rds proceeded in state to open the	new Burs	se, which	she ord	ered
	roclaimed as the Royal Exchange.				
<b>Jtem</b> pa w <sup>ch</sup>	nied for ffire, the same mornynge. to a staied thothers commynge	warme t	hose of the	e comp	anie, vj d.
	aide in the Evenynge of the same of				
	re burnte in lightinge the qwenes h				
	courte, we then was at Somsete				
	ndon				

**Ifem** paide then for foure smale staves, servinge for those web were appropried, as wyfflers, to garde the companie from the thruste & violence of people . . . . . . . . . . . xij d.

The charges for the Midsummer Watch this year include 7s. 6d. paid to nine Cresset bearers, and three "Bagge bearers" to attend on them; 16s. 6d. for 36 stone of Cresset light at  $5\frac{1}{2}d$ . the stone; 2s. 7d. for 9 straw hats; 4d. for lace to make "poynts" or bows for the hats; 2s. 6d. for 12 "Skutchins" of the arms of the Company fixed upon the hats; and 4d. for drink "expended vppon the saide nyne persones at their goinge out of the hawle."

1571-2. **306n Catcher**, and maister Allen, then pirte [13th March], semed, bothe, in countenaunce, and woordes, muche, to, myssevse, them selues, not onlie, to the maister, him selfe, but to thassistaunce, whose names, are herevoder appearinge.

ffirste maister Allen, (very superfluouslye) reappinge vppe, olde matters, when as the griefe, of his mynde, shoulde haue bene vttred, coulde saie nothinge, but that he was mysvsed, by maister Curtis, and beinge demaunded, wherein, the saide Curtis, myssvsed him. in faithe, quothe he, a nomber awayes; quothe the m'. wherein one. whie, quothe the saide Allen, it is but follie, for me, to prate, more, sithens ye be, all lyncked, togeathers, and therefore, wth your greate god, (the said Curtis.) by whome, ye be whollie ruled, I leave to trouble you, any further.

required, the saide maister. Allen, (if eny faulte, on his parte had bene commytted.) towardes him. to forgive it, and he w<sup>th</sup>all his harte, in like sorte, (as hartely as he woulde, be forgiven, at godes handes,.) did then vtterley renounce, to owne any malice, or grudge, towardes him, the same m<sup>r</sup> Allen.

as for maister Catcher, he stouteley affyrmed, that it was, but a follie, for him, to vtter, his griefe, to eny of the saide maister wardeins, or assistaunce, for quothe he, hathe not Maister Curties, saide dyuers, tymes, to me, and in your hearinges, prate what I cann, doe what thowe canstes do. saie what thou wilte saie, for thowe arte like, to haue, no manner, of

remedie here (wth other vayne talke,) not thoughte mete, to be vttred, of so honeste a personage, muche les to trouble, this booke, wth suche fryvelous speeche.

The issue of this quarrel does not appear. "Master" William Curtis was the brother of Alderman Sir Thomas Curtis, and seems to have been at times somewhat unpopular with certain members of the Livery.

3f was also, ordered [30th August], that from hensfurthe, for euermore, theldeste man, of the clothinge, shall haue, in his kepinge, one of the keyes, of the redde chestes, and the vpper wardeine, thother, and thus orderlye, to contynue alwayes.

It is all pettie Sawsers, throughoute the whole companye, shalbe before Candlemas nexte, be called ynn, and not vttred, to be solde, to eny persone, or persones, not vnder ffoure poundes in weighte, the dossen, or thereaboutes, vppon payne, of fforfeiture, of all suche sawcers, as from thencefurthe, shalbe made contrarie to this ordynaunce. Any ordynaunce or provyso, heretofore made, to the contrarie hereof, in eny wise notw<sup>th</sup>standinge.

**Item** receyued of John Jacksone, as for a fyne, of not beinge this yeare, m<sup>r</sup> of the yeomanrie . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . iij ii.

Every liveryman was obliged in turn to hold the offices of Warden and Master of the Yeomanry. The posts were burdensome and their duties no doubt trying. Constant requests occur to be excused from serving on payment of a fine.

fflaunders makinge, w<sup>ch</sup> were founde, w<sup>th</sup>in the shoppe of John fflowell, haberdassher, vppon the xx<sup>ti</sup> daie of Maie laste, from whome was taken, & seised, to thuse of the Quenes Ma<sup>tie</sup>, as forfaite, by the lawes of this realme. eighte Glasse bottles, vysed w<sup>th</sup> forraine pewter three Smale pewter Tasters, two Smale Pottingers, and foure salter valued in the whole at. ijs. Thone halfe whereof, to thuse of the Companie is readie mony . . . . . . . . xij d.

Ifem spente at the Dolphin, in fishestreete, uppon the eightene, daie of October laste, as for so muche given by Richard Mannynge, at the buriall of his wiffe, for and towardes a recreation, emongeste the whole Lyveorie

Item paide, to olde father Stokes, as for his paynes, trauaylinge, to the laste parlyamente, in furtheringe, a bill, for the reformacion to be had, of vnlawfull measures

Bereafter, ensuethe, the perticuler charges, of furnisshinge fliftie, and seven men, appoynted for a shewe, to be made before the quenes Maiestie, at Grenewiche vppon Maie daie laste.

In premus paide to Christofer Haddam as for twentie newe Callyvers, servinge for bullion shotte, beinge throughle furnished, aswell wth chargers, and rammers, as wth Mouldes, faixes, & tuche boxes

xiij li xij d.

Other items, under the heads of Powder, Matches, Murryans, Sarsenet, Victualls, Swordes, and Wages, bring up the whole charge to 42l. 18s. 3d. Musters of the citizens were frequently held in the presence of the Sovereign during the reigns of Henry VIII and Elizabeth. The Companies contributed their levies, all of whom were richly apparelled.

Item, paide vnto the Mayors officer, as for his paynes, attendinge vppon the m<sup>r</sup>, and wardens, goinge into Bartholmewe fayre.

The following memoranda of receipts and payments are entered at the end of the Audit Book (29) for 1530-1572.

ano 1553, the xxthe daye of niche. Mong gathered of the whole Company for the Advauncement and gyfte towarde the payment of ij m<sup>†</sup> marke graunted enacted & agreed by the comen Councell of the Cyte of london for the Quenes highnes to mayntayne a garysson of men that her mate entendeth to kepe, neare the Cyttye of london, as well for the suerty of her Ryall psonne as for the savegard of the sayde Cyttye as by Comyssyon apearyth for the Sm of xxx ti which was gevyn & gathered of theyse psonnes folowyng, Ano Regni Dne Regine Marie &c prmo mr kyngworthe m<sup>r</sup>, Mighell heytwayte & Willm Baker wardens.

The names and contributions follow, the latter amounting to 331. 115. 8d. Further particulars appear on pp. 176-7. The assessment gave rise to some dissatisfaction, which was peremptorily put down by an order of the Court of Assistants, printed at the bottom of p. 177.

Mong geuen of the Company towarde the Charge and coste of the plyament, in the tyme of m<sup>r</sup> kyllyngworth, mr, Mighell heytwayte and Willm Baker wardens in An° 1554 as ffolow<sup>th</sup>.

The amount of this collection is 25s. 4d. (See p. 177.)

1572-3. ffírete, it was agreed, [18th February] that a Bill shoulde be exibited, to my lorde wardeine of the Stannnerie for the reformacon, of thabuses, dalie commytted, by the Connyers, of Tynneworkers, in the weste countrie.

At a Court meeting held on the 16th October it was ordered that Lynch the Armourer should make and keep clean all the armour and weapons belonging to the Company, receiving in return xxvjs. viij d. as his yearly wages.

In w<sup>ch</sup> charge, it was condicioned, that he shoulde as often, as nedefullie required, havinge powder founde, him, at the companies charge, blowe of, all the Callyvers, belonginge, to the saide companye, fynde, and provyde, all and almanner, of Buckels, latches, and other, Artilments, whatsoeuer, to all the Armor, and weapons, of the howse. [Also to be ready to cast aside his own business at the command of the Prince, or the Company, and be ready to do whatever was required of him.]

At the Court meeting held on the same day a disagreement between Thomas Wansworth and John Boulting was happily determined as follows.

In the saide John Bowltinge, at his charges, shall before the feaste of Christmas, nexte make a dynner, or supper, invytinge, and byddinge, the same Thomas Wanswoorthe, and his wiffe, therevnto, and in conveniente tyme after, the saide Thomas, Wansworthe, to doo the like, not omyttinge therein, there good mother in lawe, and so to contynue thensfurthe, lovers, and freindes eche of them, to others, like as the bandes, of Mutuall charetie, willeth and requirethe.

The two following lists of contributions (i.) towards the cost of ceiling the Hall, and (ii.) towards the gift made to Alderman Curtis in his Shrievalty, are at the end of Audit Book 29, which covers the years 1530–1572.

The Seallyng of the hall.

that m<sup>r</sup> Thomas Curtys alderman made the Sealyng at the highe bourde of the hall of his owne proper cost<sub>ℓ</sub> and charg<sub>ℓ</sub> in the moneth of June in An° 1551.

that mrs ashlyn late the wif of walter ashlyn made the Sealyng of the west syde of the hall of her owne proper coste & charge in the monethe of Maye Ano 1552.

that the East syde of the hall was sealed at the coste and charge of the clothing as apearyth on the next syde following.

that the lower ende of the hall called the north side was Sealed at the cost<sub>e</sub> and charg<sub>e</sub> of m<sup>r</sup> Edwarde Cacher of his owne proper goods. And the Armes that is set vppon the same Seling was done at the Cost<sub>e</sub> and charg<sub>e</sub> of John Cacher his Sonne.

was donne at the prop coste and charge of m<sup>r</sup> Willim Curtes.

mb that the Armes that is set in the Sealing on the west side of the hall was done at the prop coste and charge of lawrence Ashlyn.

that the Armes that is set in the Sealing on the east side of the hall was done by certayne of the Companye that is to saye, m<sup>r</sup> Rowlandson m<sup>r</sup> Mill<sub>e</sub> m<sup>r</sup> Gerie, m<sup>r</sup> Allyn, m<sup>r</sup> Loton, m<sup>r</sup> Hassill, and m<sup>r</sup> Gardener.

mong gevyn Towarde the Scelyng of theaste Syde of the hall in the tyme of m<sup>r</sup> Cary being m<sup>r</sup> of the Crafte, Henry Clarck and Mighell heytwayte Wardens in An° 1553. [The amount is 14l. 12d.]

the charge of the foresayde Scelyng of the Easte Syde of the hall.

Jn prmis pd to Rypley Joyn for the Joyners work & sealyng of the East syde of ye hall in the tyme of mr Cary, mr Henry Clarck and Mighell heytwayte wardens . . . . . xj li.

Itm pd by mr heytwayte, to Willim Baker of the Rest of the mony that
Remayned of the benyvolence of the company gevyn towards the
Sealyng xx s.
and there dothe Remayne more of the same mony in mr heytwayte
hande xxxiij s. x d.
& Remembraunce of them of the felowshype of pewterers that gaue
thems have been at any Thomas Curtus shows of London towards his
theyre benyvolence to mr Thomas Curtys shryue of London towarde his
Charge for takyng vpon hym to be shryue whyche mony was geuyne
hym the xx daye of Octobr in An° domini 1546 And in the xxxviij yeare
of the Raigne of o' souveraigne lorde kynge Henry the viijth kynge of
England ffraunce and Irlande defensor of the fayth and of the Churche
of Englande & Irlande the Supreme hed. [The contributions follow in
sums varying from 3s. 4d. to 4os., and make a total of 35l. 8s.]
<b>Whiche</b> was delyuered as followithe.
Itm paide to my lorde mayors stewarde towarde the charge of the mayors
feaste By m <sup>r</sup> shryues commaundmente xxx <sup>†i</sup> .
Itm pd for yor Henchemans cote of blewe bryge [Bruges] satten & doblet
of yelowe bryge satten and a payre of yelowe hose lynynge &
makynge
Jim pd for gerdles of red cades for xxxvj offycers at mydsomer iij s
Itm delyuered to m' Shryues owne hande in Redy monye iiij hi iiij s vj d.
Sm xxxv li. viij s.
Be yt Remembred that the sayde craft gaue vnto the sayde mr shryue
for his dynn the morowe after myghelmas daye whiche dynn was
kepte at the pewterers Hall whiche daye he was presented in the
kyngs Exchecker vpon theyre ffree gyfte owte of the crafte boxe vij li
For further particulars of this dinner see ante p. 153.
1572-3. Item receyued, of William Hues. pewterer. as for kepinge of
his weddinge. in the saide hawle ij s.
Item receyued, of mistres Hustewaite, as for hir husbandes benevolence
given to the companie, of intente to be spente, emongeste them,
ymmediatelie after his deceasse , , , xx s.
The state of the s

for a full discharge, of m<sup>r</sup> Sydleyes, obligation, conteyninge his dette, due to the companie, for releasinge of their. title & intreste, of and in the Aungell. in Thamys streate, the some of . xvjl. xiij s. iiij d.

Jtem receyued, of Nicholas Jurdeine, citezen and Merchaunt taylor, of london, whome married the wife, of thafore named Roberte Hustwaite, as in parte, of paymente, of a more some agreed to be paide by him, to thuse, of the companie, for acceptinge him as a Brother, to and emongeste them, from the saide companie of Merchaunttailors, the some of . . . . . . . . . . . . x li.

**Item** receyued, of an Ittallion. as for five weekes, vsinge, the Hawle, of the saide companies, by the sighte, of a mooste artifyciall, and warlike castle, neuer before seene. . . . . . . . . . . . iij li vjs.

Jtem receiued then, of Anthonie Smythe, as for his benevolence, to the companie, attendinge on the buriall, of his wife . . . . xx s.

**Item** receyued by verdicte, of xij men, in the courte of piepoulders, for Bartholomewe faire, as for a falce Beame, taken from, Thomas, kempe the belfounder in houndsditche, ouer, and aboue, the quenes maiesties parte, to the Lorde, of the ffee, then allowed . . . xxxviij s.

A Court of Piepoudre [dusty foot] or Piepowder was held at every fair for speedy adjudication upon disputes and for punishment of offences. It received its name from the expeditious methods of its practice, judgment being pronounced whilst the dust was still on the feet of the suitors.

Jiem paide vnto the Lorde Mayor, of london, as for a benevolence graunted him by consente of Thassistaunces Jiem paide vnto Nicholas Boddam, as for his paynes, agreed by the whole clothinge, in trauaylinge [i.e., labouring or working] aboute the prizes [prices], of wares, to be reduced into one rate The Beadle was a highly responsible officer, and entrusted with important duties. Jtem paide vnto one of Boddams sonns, as for a yeares exibicon graunted to him, for and towardes his furtheraunce in learninge fullie ended at Midsomer laste . Jiem paide for a proclamacion, tendinge to the reformacion, of the greate abuse, latelie practized by Apprentizes, in excesse of apparraile, the some of . . . . . . . . Jiem paide vnto therle, of Bedfordes. Secretarie. as for his paines, in makinge certeyne letters, directed downe. into Devonsheire, and Cornewale, for reformacion to be had in, and aboute, the greate abuses dailie practized by the Tynners, in those partes Item paide to the two Atturneyes, as for their ffees, makinge the declarations, wth their reiovnders, and ffees, due to the Judge, of the saide courte of piepoulders, in triall of the sixe actions, commensed againste the saide Thomas kempe, & Phillippe Deonise, as by a bill of particulers, withe their handes subscribed. more playnlie appeareth xlv s. Jiem paide to ffoster, the clarke of the saide courte, as well for thentringe, of the sixe Actions. as for councell, at the evydence givinge his ffees, of ijs. the peece, for everie one of the plees entringe vppon recorde, and so after that rate, for early yssue so taken and filinge uppe, wth the w<sup>th</sup>drawinge, of the Actions, the some of . . . The indignant marginal note appears to be the comment of the auditors. Jiem paide to Nicholas Boddam, in consideration of his paynes attendinge vppon the saide workemen The expenditure on these repairs amounted to 91. 16s. 10d., the

Beadle acting as usual as superintending architect.

Cutthrote, and excessive expenses, as ever was herde, or sene. Jiem paide vnto m' George Heaton, Chamberlayne, of London, as in respecte of provision to be made, for all mann of breade corne. in this tyme of skarcitie, for repaymente whereof. these Accomptauntes have accepted, the saide Chamberlayne, dettor, to be paide the companie, accordinge to thorder, of the righte honourable S' Lionell ducket knighte lorde Mayor of london, as in and by the saide bill obligatorie of his, more playnlie at large it dothe & maie appeare. xxij li. x s. Jiem paide for breade, & drinke, at the three laste courte daies, the some

and for that, m' Jurdeine [10th September] packed, w'houte vewe made, of the m' or wardeins, a sixe barrells of Pewter, supposed to be in euerie barrell, a three hundrethe weighte, in the hole, xviij hi and havinge laide, before him, the ordynaunces, of the howse, hee stubbernelie bad them doo, what they coulde, he woulde paye, no suche fyne: And therew'he, they forbadd him, to give from hensfurthe the Crowned bell, on suche wares, as he should make wherebie to sell them againe. Excepte it weare for the vessell of the queenes Maiesties howse onlie: He skoffingelie, answered them, that whatsoeuer, ordynaunces, they had, for that matter, he cared not a Rushe, for as he did vse vt, so woulde he, do still, and do they what they liste, or ells qd he, I will spende twentie poundes. But that you sir, meaninge the m<sup>r</sup> of the companye, [Mr. William Curtis] shall leave of, from givinge, the Rose and Crowne, wth sonne beames, as nowe you doo . Well, qd the maister, for that matter I shall do well vnoughe, but see wheare you are nowe. What vsage, in wordes be these to your maister and wardeins. I care not, quothe the same Jurdeine, and seinge you do thus abuse me, I will laie downe my hoode and from hensfurthe neuer com emoungeste you, and yet will I kepe open shoppe, and give, the Crowned bell, in spite, of you all, and doo the beste, and wourste, you can, and therewth verie vnreverentlie before them all, did put on his cappe, flange awaye, as one that had bene madd, & in suche manner, departed he.

Item receyued, for five weddinge kepte in the hawle . . . xxv s.

Item receyued of Nicholas Jurdeine, for a fyne, in beinge discharged, of the Stuardeshippe . . . . . . . . . . . xiij s. iiij d.

Ifem receyued, of Thomas Wansworthe, for a fyne, of certeyne Stone potte,
of his makinge, verie vnworkemanlie handled, the some of . xij d.
Ifem receyued, of Richarde Mason, sonne of Tho. Mason, while he lived,
citezen and Pewterer, of london, as for a ffyne, to be admytted, a free
brother of this companie, whose exercise, all the daies, of his life, was,
and yet is thoccupacoil of a Cordewaynor, the some of xiij s. iiij d.
Ifem paide vnto the Curate there [All Saincts Lombard strete], at the
tyme of these accomptante greate dynner, xij d. To the Clarkes, of
dutie iij s. iiij d. To the Churchewardeins, of the churche, xx d. To
the Preacher, iii s. iiii d. To the Sexton, iiii d. and to the Beadle, of
the companie, iiij d. so the totall some of all the saide particulers
is ix s. viij d.
Item paide vnto the Butler, for his paynes, the laste quarter daie, beinge
also, thellection, of the newe maister, and wardeins . iij s. iiij d.
Item paide for makinge of two, paire of slopps [for soldiers] . xx d.
Item paide, for iij peece of lace, to garde them xviij d.
Item paide for vj yardes, of blewe clothe, servinge for the reste, of their
Breeches xiiij s.
Item paide for makinge, of two paire of breeches xvjd.
Jtem paide, for the five, Coate makinge, at xvj d. the peece, vjs. viij d.
Item paide to m' Grenewood, the Harrolde, at armes, for a newe addicon,
to be made, of the Armes, of the companie iiij ti.
&fso, we fynde, that the yearlie Annuytie, given by maister Catcher,
deceased, to five, poore men, of this companie, is dulie paide by
these Accomptante, amountinge to xxxxs.
moreoder, the younger, of these Accomptante, craueth to be allowed, that
money, wherewithe he standethe chargeth, to have receyued of the
wardemoote Inqueste, of Langeborne warde and as yet not come, to
his handes, amountinge to x s.
Jtem, he crauethe to be allowed that money, weh he paide to thabove
named Nicholas Boddam, (over & above thordenarie allowaunce, of
the hawle) in that his wife, tooke greate payne, to white, & bleache,
the Naprie of the companie, weh was greatelie spotted, amountinge
to , , , , , , , xs.

The "allowances" claimed by the younger Warden of this year in his accounts did not all commend themselves to the auditors. Vouchers for the sums in question were perhaps not produced, or the amounts may have been accidentally omitted from the account. The auditors reserved the decision to the Court, who in the following minute disallowed, for reasons not stated, the items of 10s. for the Wardmote Inquest and 10s. paid to the wife of Boddam the Beadle.

- as was noted on the margent, shoulde be allowed him, & the reste, to beare himselfe, and so that money, we'h he paide oute, for the companie, and the saide allowaunce, furthwith to be paide him, we'h amounted to . . . . . . . . . . . . xij li. x d.
- 1574-5. If was ordered [5th August] that from hencefurthe, Roger Hawksforde, shall not make any moe wyne pottes, wherebie to sell, or vtter the same, of that molde, or fasshion, nowe at this presente daie, shewed, before the maister, Wardeins, and assistaunces, for that by their greate breadethe, in the mouthe, and shortenes, throughoute, there appearethe, a manifeste, deceite in measure, to all other the queenes maiesties, subjectes, receyvinge wyne, by suche their saide curtalled, and vniuste measure.

If was ordered [13th December], that from hensfurthe, for evermore, none of the companie, shall caste any Mettall, into Strake, wherebye to vtter, or put them, to sale, before, and vntill suche tyme, as the workeman, or owner, thereof, hathe cawsed them, to be searched, and seene, as other wares vsuallie are, and over that, for their better, and true tryall of workemanshippe the owner, or Worker of suche strakes, to sette, and fixe vppon euerie Strake, so to be caste, his propper Marke, or ells, to forfacte, and paie, for euerie pounde weighte, wroughte or caste to the contrarie one pennye.

**Item** receyued, of Richarde Parkins, for a fyne, in that he hired divers standing?, in Essex, w<sup>ch</sup> were latelie Henerie Barret? deceassed, & purposed therbie to thruste, the widowe his wife, from them, contrarie, to thorders, of the howse

Item receyued, of William Webbe, as for so much ereceyued, by him, in waie
of bribrye, at a Straungers hande, at Southampton, whome not longe
before, did caste, and falcelie myxe, wthin the howse, of Agnes Hassell,
the widdowe, a greate masse of Tynn, fashioned into Barrs, purposinge
to transporte, the same, into the parte, of beyonde the seas, and he yet
neuertheles, beinge putte in truste, & sent downe to viewe the same,
moste vnhonestlie disclosed, these Accomptante intente, to the
Straunger, and wth thatore saide some of xls., stopped his mouthe,
wthout makinge eny relation, at his retourne, to these Accomptante,
of the matter, commytted to him xls.
Ifem receyued of Nicholas Barnsdale, for a ffyne, aswell, for his often
absence, from the hawle, beinge dulie warned, as for other his com-
tempteous vsage, towardes, the wardeins, of the yomanrie iijs. iiijd.
Ifem receyued, of John God, for his abuse, & greate radge, had and vsed, to
Richarde Parke, his Jorneyman at an vndue howre, of the nighte vs.
Jiem receyued, of the same Richarde Parke, for his contempteous vsadge,
in strikinge, his saide maister, & for takinge further wages, of him,
then by the lawes, of this realme, he oughte, to doo . vs.
Jiem paide vnto the Beadle, that deade is, for his quarters wages, due at
Michaelmas laste
<b>Ifem</b> paide vnto my Lorde Mayor, as for so muche given him by consente, of the companie iij li.
Ifem given, by waie of remembraunce, to the three Barons, of thexchequer,
sixe dozen of Trenchers, of fyne pewter, amountinge, to . xxxs.
Ifem paide, to m' Loton, as for so muche, willed by the companies consente,
to be paide, to the discharge, of suche rent, as poore Stephan Barrowe,
oughte to Landlorde vjs. viij d.
Item paide, to mr Sallowes, for a daie of ymparleaunce, at thend, of
Easterterme, for Robte Collier, answere viij d.
Ifem paide, to the Clark, for engrosinge, into the Inventarye booke, of
Edwarde Taylors, testamente xij d.
we, thincke it not reasonable, that these Accomptante, be allowed,
that two Shillinge, weh they saie, was loste, by an Angell, taken of John God,
& his man, by waie of ffyne ij s.

Mor, that any allowaunce, shalbe made them, for the some of xx s. w<sup>ch</sup> they saie, was spent, by Thomas Hawke, and Roberte Newes, in Jorneyinge, to ypswitche, vnles, the companie thinck, of it otherwise, for to what ende, that Jorney was made, or of any proffyte, that came of it, we knowe nothinge, as yet . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . xxx s.

presente, fullie agreed that the Qweenes Maties writte, of Quo Warranto, latelie directed to the Sheriffe of London, for the seisure of the liberties, of the companie, shoulde furthewthe, be agreed for, by some portion of money to be disbursed oute of the stocke of the howse and that by such easie meanes, as to the M<sup>r</sup> & wardeins, shalbe thoughte meete, & conveniente.

More Henrye Langeshawe is founde fautye [27th June] for that he hathe made Certen Laie potte wth ffallce mettell And therevpon sholde haue byn Comitted to warde. Neverthelesse be Cause of his humble submyssion they haue ordered yf at anye tyme hereafter he be founde to do the like falcehoode agayne to be banished the Companye for eu. And also shall new alter his tuche wth he now hathe To wth agreemente he hathe put his hande.

Jiem receyued of Nicholas Jurdeine, for beinge discharged, of the maistershippe, of the yomanrie . . . . . . . . . . . iij li.

Jsem receyued of Richarde Bunynge, for that he bought a Gobbet of mettall, of John Russelle apprentice, named John Roberte iij s. iiij d.

In p'm' paide vppon the thirde, daie of October, laste, at Abchurche, in full accomplishement, of m' Ashlins, obbytt . . . . ix s. x d.

- 1576-7. **@f** the same Courte [25th January] it was ordred that Richarde Gall shall supplye the Roome of Raphe Carter our late Clarke Deceased.
- At the same Co<sup>r</sup>te [6th February] it was agreed that this hall shalbe Charged to paye the Churche for the Quartrige due and paieable to the pishe Churche of S<sup>t</sup> Deonys Backechurche ffrome henceforth for eù after and not the beadle to be Charged therew<sup>th</sup> but to be paide by the m<sup>r</sup> and wardens frome tyme to tyme w<sup>th</sup>oute fraude or guile in anye wise.

**B**laso [27th February] of the same William Steven for lycence to open shop and for occupieinge an other mans touche. iij s. iiij d.

**Item** it is agred at this Courte [20th June] that the Cooke and Butler shalbe paide there wages for servinge at the Quarters dinners at the Charges of this house And also that there shalbe xxs. yerelye allowed to the wardens for wood and Coles for the quarter dinners at the charges of this house And likewise that the wardens shalbe allowed towardes euge Quarter dinner xxs. at the Charges of this house.

The Corte of beames and weightes was holden the xxj<sup>th</sup> Daie of October 1577.

whereas Thomas waterson and xpofer Gennyns to the Discreditt and hinderaunce of this Companye haue vsed and Doe vse Comon skoweringe and other labors in the Lorde mayor the sheriffe and Aldermens houses whin the Cittie, It is ordered and agreed at this Courte for remedye and reformacon thereof That yf anye parson or parsons free of this Companye shall at anye tyme hereafter set on worke the saide waterson and Jennyns or any other free of the pewterers we shall vse comon skowringe in the Lorde maiors sheriffee or Aldermens houses of the cittie or shall buye or sell with the saide waterson Jennyns or anye other pson we shall vse Comon scowringe as aforesaide shall for euge tyme offendinge paye to thuse of the Comon Box of this companye ffortye shillings.

from receyued the xviij<sup>th</sup> daie of September 1577 of John Catcher for a fyne awarded by my lord maio<sup>r</sup> for that the same John Catcher vpon stomacke did refuse to take vpon him the yonger wardenship after he was orderly elected, as it doth more at large appere in the booke of orders . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . vli.

**Item** they aske allowaunce for midsomer, and michelmas Quarter dynners according to an order late made by the Company . . . xls.

Jtem they aske allowaunce for the Cooke for midsom quarter by the said order . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . vjs.

**Item** they demande allowaunce for the Cooke, ffor michelmas quarter being the election day according to the said order . . xs.

1577-8. @ Mote [19th February] of the Apparrell of Stephen Craske that was attached to thuse of the Companye and praysed by M<sup>r</sup> Tyndall and M<sup>r</sup> Carrington.

Imprimis a liverye Gowne .							iiijħ
Item a mourninge Gowne and a ho	oode					e	xxx s.
Jiem a liverye hodde						iij s	. iiij d.
<b>Item</b> a Cape of Clothe garded wth	velvet	and:	faced	$w^{\rm th} \ T$	affata	ı	
					2	dvj s.	viij d.

Jtem a Crippeñ of siluer and perle.

Item a hankerchif wroughte wth Crimsen silke.

Item a iacket of Satten ymbrodered.

If is ordered and agreed at this Courte [31st July] That whereas at the laste searche made by the m<sup>r</sup> and wardens on the five and Twentyth daie of this pnte moneth of Auguste there weare founde xv Chopnette of laye but onelye of fyne mettell vpon paine to forfeite the same And to paie suche fyne as the m<sup>r</sup> wardens and Assistaunte shall Assesse for the same And also that the saide Humfrye Baker shall allowe vnto euge of the saide pties the valew of there saide Chopnette Taken at there shoppes.

The above entry is fully transcribed, but is obviously incomplete.

gesesement made the day of 1578 And in the xx<sup>th</sup> yere of the raigne of oure solutione Ladye Quene Elizabeth By the m<sup>t</sup> wardens and assistaunte of this Companye by vertue of diverse pcepte directed to vs from the Lorde maior this pinte yere for the levieinge of Certen monye for the furnisheinge and trayninge vp of the nomber of xx<sup>tie</sup> hable and sufficiente parsons beinge Jurnemen applitices or others free of this Cittie beinge of Agilitie and honeste behauior betwene the age of xix° and xl yeres w<sup>ch</sup> are fitt to be trayned for harqubushe shotte and to be of the nomber of those in shotte lymited to be trayned vp this yere in the Cittie of London for the sruice of her ma<sup>tie</sup> and the defence of this realme.

The expenditure on this levy as shown in the Accounts amounted to  $29l. 38. 7\frac{1}{2}d$ . Bromley, the Company's new Beadle, took an active part in preparing and furnishing the little contingent. Among the items is **Ifem** for ij yardes of rebonde [ribbon] for bromlye vj. d.

At this courte [13th October] there was psented a bill from my lorde mayor in the behalfe of Christofer Barker by the Coïaltye of the saide companye to procure the sale of Somanye bibles as the companye had nede of, and demaunde beinge made there was no mane founde willinge to buye anye.

This Bible was a reprint of the Genevan edition (first published in 1560) and usually known as the "Breeches Bible." Barker was the Queen's Printer.

At this Courte [24th November] Thomas Wansworthe for his disobedience and lewde wordes was dismissed of his hood and comanded that he sholde not com in no Companye wth the liverye before he be sente for, and scoffed the mr and Assistaunte when they dismissed him of his hood he saide he sholde be the les warmed by it this wynter.

Jtem for a liverye gowne and a hoode . . . . iij li.

The Livery gown taken from Craske (see above, 19th February) was "praysed" at 41.

- Be of the Spanishe marchaunte for there yeres rente for the vse of oure hall then dewe. . . . . . . . . . vjli.
- Jiem paide the xxix<sup>th</sup> daie of Januarye 1577 for a dynner at the Harrowe x s. viii d.
- Jtem paid to the Clarke of the Girdelors for a copie of their answer touching the wheat monye . . . . . . . . . iiij d.
- That whereas it was agreed by the common Councell of the Cittie of London the present psented vnto Duke Casemerus the valew whereof sholde be gathered of the Companyes of London vpon w<sup>ch</sup> occasion there was from the mayor dated the xiiij<sup>th</sup> of Aprill 1579, a presepte sente vnto vs to Levye and gather amongest vs iiij<sup>†</sup> psentlye to be paide to the Chamberlen of London w<sup>ch</sup> some of monye at this gen all court is agreed that it shalbe paide oute of the box of the house

Prince Casimir, Count Palatine of the Rhine, who came on a visit to this country, was entertained by Sir Thomas Gresham at his house in Bishopsgate Street.

- At this Courte [8th July] it was moved to the table whether they wolde take an augementacon of the liverye and xv<sup>tien</sup> psons gave there balle that there sholde be vj or efte viij taken vnto the liverye and thre gave the balle to the Contrarye.
- arrested John ffraunce thappintice of mr ffoster for a debte of xliiij h of fyne mettell and xvj s. iiij d. in monye the matter beinge herde mr Hawke was Contented to receive for euve pounde weighte of oulde fyne j h of New laye and for the xvj s. iiij d. xxxij h iij qt of new laye.
- **Wheras** xpofer strange complaynede [3rd October] agaynst hys apprentyce Thomas hyxson for hys dysobedyence and vnduetyfulnes to hys m<sup>r</sup> and m<sup>rs</sup> and befor the court was so vnreverent and wold not reconsyle hym self to hys m<sup>r</sup> refusyng to sarve hym and to ask hym forgevenes for hys offences the court for hys ponyshment caused hym to be whypped in y<sup>e</sup> hall-
- At thys court [9th November] was presented abyll from my lord maior to make enquyery for certayne seditiouse bookes w<sup>ch</sup> a pelamacyon pelaymed in september dyd tend vnto now thys secent publyfycation of the same the court geveth respet vnto the company vntyll the next mornyng to bryng in such bookes as thay had and the next mornyng ther was brought one w<sup>ch</sup> was presently geven to my lord maior.
- Afso at thys court [14th December] it is ordered that all the quartereges that Nicolas Roodes oweth aswell vnto the boxe of the lyvery as to the yeomandry shalbe forgeven hym and further herafter to paye only quarteryge to the yeomadry.
- Ifm ffor strawyng yerbes when the aldermen shuld haue come vnto the hall . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . vid.
- **Itm** payed vnto mr chamberlayne vppon a precept graunted from my lord maior and comon councayle apresent vnto duke Cassymero iiij li.
- Ifm payed to mr Sadler the cooke for the whole yere . xxij s. viij d.
- Ifm payed to the to the butler for the whole yere . . iiij s. vj d.
- 1579-80. **Moroßer** the whole company [26th March] agreed and and graunted of ther fre wyll to paye to the mayntenaunce of the house vppon every blok of tynne they melt iiijd. and every yere to chuse

ij gathers of the sayed money and the sayed men shalbe countable to the audytors of the mrs accompt the w<sup>ch</sup> graunt was agred shuld be cept so long as ther shalbe agenerall agreement to cepe the pryce.

At thys courte [15th October] it is agreed that vppon consyderation that the L. maior of london cepeth no feast at the yeld hall and for that the stewardes are charged wth vj men the more wth shuld haue dyned at yeld hall it was ordered that the stewardes shuld haue xs more allowaunce: and no more herafter to be allowed.

John bachouse for xxxiij ti of mettall and iij s. iiij d. money he oweth here w<sup>ch</sup> amounteth all in money xxij s. w<sup>ch</sup> some of money John bachouse and thomas pooler pmyseth to paye mr warden wood weakly the woorkmanshype of halfe agrose of spones at x d. the half grose vntyll such tyme it be wrought out and so long as John bachouse worketh w<sup>th</sup> thomas pooler thomas poler pmyseth to paye the debt.

Itm recevede off mr gardner ffor sufferyng hys aprntic to occupy in the countre to hys owen vse and not freman of london . . . Itm Re of xiiii men taken into the lyvery to be employed in napery to the house or other necessaryes at the mr & wardens dyscressyon xiiij li. Itm Re of Rychard Wylkenson of frynsburry [for Quarterage] xii d. Jim payed ffor iiii hoboyes [hautboyes] in the barge . . . ix s. **Itm** payed for a proclamation tuchyng bookes . . . iij d. **Ifm** payd ffor a pelamation for apparrell. Itm spent at the castell in cornwell [? Cornhill] one the vew daye of our landes . . . . . . . . xij s. viij d. Jim payed vnto mr sadler the coke ffor dressyng the great dynnar and for bakyng of custardes at hys house . . . xxiij s. viij d. Itm paid vnto the coke ffor dressing the iiij q'ter dynnars and the count ? Audit] dynnar . . . . . . **Itm** ffor pryntyng of j C of statut bookes . xvis. viijd. Itm ffor hemmyng and markyng of v dossen of napkynes Ifm more allowed mr hawkes for hys charge in shut lawe wth a french man xls.

This order for bringing goods to the Hall to be marked was contrary to the usual practice, and was perhaps especially made for this class of ware. The "touch" of the crowned rose could only be used by direct permission of the Company, and this may be what is meant by "the mark of the Hall."

- the whole companye for dyvers consyderations that for every pece of tyne that any of the company shuld melt they shuld paye for the releffe of the company iiij d. vppon every pece mr John norton and mr Rychard kynge were appoynted receuers of the same money and at thys court they brought in ther whole yeres accoumpt and payed vnto mr warden xvj ti j s. iiij d. as may apere by the pertyculars wrytten in other booke of Recaiptes and paymentes R<sub>C</sub>... xvj ti j s. iiij d.
- Be of John god for a fyne melting a blocke of tyne in a plomers house ijs. vj d.
- Ifm spent at our dynnar at bartelmewe fayer at the shype in old baylye xvs. vij d.
- Ifm payed for a sygne of grygory alley and for the payntynge of it xis. viii d.
- Ifm we [the Auditors] fynd the mr and wardens mr nogaye master mr Chawner & mr wood for brech of cartayne ordynaunces in ther tyme

the matter being put vnto vs to determyne we order that ech one of them shall paye or geue vnto the house xx s. a pece that is to saye thre poundes or the valew of thre poundes in any thyng as they shall thynke betwyxt thys and the fest St. John baptyst next comyng or els iij li of money.

The Company was called upon this year to furnish a contingent of eleven soldiers for service in Ireland, the expense amounting to 131.5s.7d.

- 1581–2. **@f** this court [10th February] by the consent off the assystaunce the money in the red chest was geven vnto mr warden catcher & vnto mr warden gascar to be employed and they bought xxij € ij q ters xxiij t neat wayght of tyne at lvjs. the hundred and the sayed tynne was presently sold vnto mr thomas catcher at iiijs. in every hundred proffyt wheron the house was benefyed . . . . . iiij ti x s. vj d.
- money geven at ther death of oure brethern to make mery w<sup>th</sup>all & also iij h w<sup>ch</sup> mr nogay mr chawner & mr wood wer adiuged to paye ffor breach of ane ordynaunce in ther tyme mad. to spend, the w<sup>ch</sup> monyes the company thought good to make a shrovyng dynnar in pewterers hall and ther was farther graunted out off the house boxe x s. . x s.
- At this court [15th March] it is ordered that none off the company shall lyd any stone pottes to any man except he be a brother off the companye better cheape then ijs. the dossen and he that lyddeth better cheape shall paye iijs. iiijd. vnto the house for every dossen & the garnysh pottes at v s. the dossen.
- Glso at this court [12th November] it was graunted vnto herman Johnson beinge a brother of the company he doinge his dewty and sarvynge vs well & resonable to serve vs a barge at the maiors takynge his oweth, and because this yere he had mad provysion and the lord maior toke not his othe at westmaster the court gaue hyme a reward for his charge & paynes x s.

The Lord Mayor of this year was Sir Thomas Blanke, a member of the Haberdashers' Company.

- **&f** court beinge quarter daye held the v<sup>th</sup> of december 1582 It was ordered that none of the companye shuld put to make any spones but vnto a brother of the company and all the spone makers promysed in open court to worke a grose of spones for xx d. the grose.
- Ifm payed also graunted at acourt vnto mr fene Rychard kyng george Roaffe & william allet mr & w'dens of the yeomandry to paye the coke for his work at ther yeomandries dynnar . . . xxvj s. viij d.
- 1582-3. **@f** this court [12th April] it is agreed that none of the companye shall take any one to be his aprentys except he take the saide aprentys for the terme of ix yeres and he that doth contrary shall paye vnto the house x<sup>li</sup> this order is at the discretion of the m<sup>r</sup> and wardens.

This order was modified at a Court held on 17th October as follows, "it is referred to the Master and Wardens and assystance to mytigat one yere of the aprentys accordyng as thay finde in yeares the prentys presented."

- At this courte [11th June] ther was a comaundement from my L. Maior that the court of assistaunge should nomynat two of the discretest men of the companye and to present ther names presently before my Lord Maior to be assystant wth others of other companyes tuchinge the sut between sir xpofer hatton and the cytty of london and the saied court did agre that Mr Curtys and Mr Catcher shuld be presented.
- At this court it is thought good to chuse xij men that is of the assystaunce iiij of the clothynge and iiij of the yomandry to syt and determyne as well of pryces of ware as also any other matter w<sup>ch</sup> they shall find necesary and Good for the company m<sup>r</sup> Bowltynge M<sup>r</sup> Jacson m<sup>r</sup> Wood m<sup>r</sup> Thomas Catcher Richard parkyns Baptist Hassell Thomas Elliot Robert Nyxon Ambrose Royston James Draper Nicolas Collyar Thomas Cowes.
- Receued of dawrytye [Dorothy] bale for a whole yeres rent dew at Mydsomer last past. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . xix s. viij d.
- Jim geven vnto mr Recorder for his newers [? New Years] guyft ij dossen of trenchers & iij payer of candelstykes w<sup>ch</sup> cost . xvij s. vj d.

Egarges in shut [suit] in lawe agaynst Anthony delyshey layed out by mr wrden maier Mr Catcher, and mr gascar.

These proceedings were taken against a pewterer at Hertford, who appears to have challenged the Company's authority. The bill of costs reached the large sum of 56l. 4s. During the year the Company also spent 17l. 8s. in law charges in defending themselves against the writ of Quo Warranto. See the resolution agreed to at a meeting of the Livery on 9th February, 1575 (page 282).

- 1583-4. **@f** this court [21st February] it is ordered that Baptyst Hassell shall paye vnto Nicolas Colliar xix d. the povnd for 1<sup>C</sup>3-0 of tyne glasse and so all matters tuchynge that bargayne to be quyt and discharged.
- **@f** this court [27th March] Nicholas Colliar complayneth agaynst Baptyst Hassell for buying and saying [assaying] of tyne for strangers to the nomber of one hundred peces of M<sup>r</sup> Hoskyns at Butolwharfe.
- At this court comandement was geuen vnto Roger Hawkesford not to take Richard Evans gryffet being both a marryd man and a landloper Juged and the sayed Roger Hawkesford was content to part from hime And farther if the sayed Richard Evans gryffet do obtayne to be a freman of London then the court doth agre to accept hime a brother paying iijh vjs. viij d. and so Roger Hawkesford hath lycense to geue hime houserome betwyxt ths and Easter.
- If the whole boddy of the company at this quarter daye [18th June] requested the M<sup>r</sup> and Wardens and assystance to make ane ordynaunce for thos as shall herafter crave lycense to set vp as thay shall best thinke Good.
- At this court wheras a collection for the releffe of Nantwych and that ther was gathered of the company the some of vj h of the whom money ther was geven to the releaffe of Nantwych iij h vj s. viij d. and farther ordered to geve vnto the yeomandryes boxe xxs. and xs. to be geven vnto Thomas ffreman a poore brother of ours to William Bromley to paye the surgyon towardes healyng his lege xs. to M Gerye xs. and to the clarke for his paynes in gatheryng of it iiij s. vj d.

- Anderson is set over vnto Richard Charter and payed ijs. The court agreeth that yf euer faut be found wth Wm Clarke hauyng twyse byne set over to be well whypped.
- **R**e of Richard Randall [22nd September] for a fyne for ceping a forstallyng stall added to his shope at Bartellmew fayre the som of iij s. iiij d.
- **@f** this court [23rd October] Moryce Pellytorye somtymes aprentys of Roger Hawkesford but came to his fredome by redemption specyally at the sute of Sr Rowland Hayward and vppon consideration that we have accepted the sayed Moryce he wth his Mr Roger Hawkesford have promised before Bartelmewtyde next to make afayre pumpe in the hallyard as well for the kytchyne as for the yard substantiall to the prescrytion of Mr Warden Catcher and any one other of the company as Mr warden will take counsayle of ther vppon he is admitted a brother.
- **@f** this court [11th November] Comaundement was geven by my Lord Maior that ther should be xxty appoynted w<sup>ch</sup> should w<sup>th</sup> decent aparrell to goe met the Quenes Magesty and that every one should haue ther sarvant attendyng vppon them w<sup>th</sup> a staff torche the charge of y<sup>e</sup> sayed staff torche this court doth agree the house shall bear the charge therof.
- Let this court it is ordered the court beyng a full court being x besydes the M<sup>r</sup> and Wardens that yf any brother of the company as well of the assystance as other wayes beyng lawfully warned by the Bedell in the M<sup>r</sup> and Wardens name to apeare at any court or in any other place to apeare to any sarvice of the company and the patye so warned do absent hime selfe without any lawfull excuese that then the sayed partye shall pay a fyne to the house . . . . . . . . . . . . xij d.
- At this court [27th November] wheras Morys Pellytory was admytted vnto the fredom by Redemption at the especyall sute of Sr Rowland Hayward and vppon consideration to be admitted a brother amongest vs at a court held the xxiij<sup>th</sup> of October last the sayed Morrys agreed to make a pumpe of his owen charge in the hall yard and therfore admytted a brother wher vppon the sayed Morrys fyndyng the poumpe to be made wold turne hime to great charges he brought vnto the court

a letter from S<sup>r</sup> Rowland Hayward wherin he requested the court for his sake to take fyve markes to be payed by xiijs. iiijd, the yere whose request the court hath granted for the performance of the same as well Roger Hawkesford and Morrys Pellytorye haue set to ther handes and the first payment to be payed at crystmas next.

& of John hyll for a fyne for his being absent in the countery xij yeres & now receued a brother agayne . . . . . xiiij s.

Jim payed vnto a trompetter sarvyng the barge . . . . js.

**Ifm** we ask allowaunce payed vnto mr Curtys according to ane ordynaunce mad having sondry tymes sarved mr of the companye the some of . . . . . . . . . . . vli.

wheras the booke is charged mr curtys to have Re the some of fyve poundes accordynge to ane order made for his sarvyce of the mrshype, mr Curtys retorned vnto his successors of the sayed money the some off xliijs.

1584-5. The xvj men [chosen to serve the Queen as "trayned soldyars"] payed wages [17th April] vnto xvj others pewteres which sarved in their places xijd. a day meat and drinke Ther sarved for Andrew Bowyar John Johnson his aprentys

ffor Robert Nixon Thomas Sharpe

ffor Richard Ethell Thomas Downe his sarvant

ffor Nicolas Turnar William Clarke ffor John Shawe John Bourman

ffor Thomas Gaye

ffor Humfry Kinge

ffor Nicolas Colliar

John Powell

Peter Vincent

ffor Thomas Eliot somtymes hime selfe (& somtymes his

ffor Richard Glover his aprentys [sarvant)

ffor James Draper his aprentys ffor Ambrose Royston ffor Lewes Randall George Care

ffor Thomas Cowes William Dickenson ffor Robert Sheppard James Hunters man

ffor Thomas Woodhouse his aprentys

- At this court [29th July] ther was presented from my Lord Maior accoppie of tre dyrected from the counsayle to my Lord Maior the effect wherof was that my L Mayor should perswayd all his bretheren the aldermen to bring in ther adventur to the lotterye and also to perswad the Masters and wardens of all companyes to procure ther bretheren of ther companye to bryng in ther venturs also to the lottery wher vppon the yeomandry at the shew of the same comyssyon gaue ther consentes to pay xij d. the pece.
- shalbe cept the monday after bartelmew day [24th August] and that all the clothyng shall goe orderly to church to the sermant and that thay and ther wyues shall dyne at the hall and that thay shall paye man and wyffe iij s. iiij d. the pece and the house shall pay vnto the M<sup>r</sup> and Wardens towardes charges xl s. and farther the court is contented that the next day after the M<sup>r</sup> and Wardens shall cepe ther quarter dynnar and that thay shall haue allowed them xx s. out of the house as hath byne accustomed at all quarters dayes and vj d. a pece for Wine and it is ordered that yf any of the clothyng be absent yet not w<sup>th</sup>standyng thay shall pay ther iij s. iiij d.
- At this court [15th October] it is ordered by the consent of the whole company that herafter when ther shalbe any brother of the companye maryed that the party w<sup>ch</sup> shalbe married shall goe with the beddell at a convenient time throught the company and gather the good will of the yeomandry and he or they w<sup>ch</sup> thay fynd not at ther houses to be warned to the hall the sayed sonday after before eyght of the cloke in the mornyng to bryng in ther offeryng and he that maketh default shall pay to the pore of the Company iiij d. w<sup>th</sup>out any favor we meane to the yeomandryes boxe.
- **Øf** this court [31st December] it is agreed that the house shall purchase the conseled landes conseved of Sr xpofer Hatton at or after fyve yeares purchase and not to geue any more.

The property in question was the Company's houses in Fenchurch Street. Compare the minute of 11th June, r583 (p. 290), and see the Accounts for 1587-8 (p. 301).

Be off Andrew boyer wen he wyllyngly gaue to haue a aprentys aboue										
nomber iij li.										
Be off Rychard glover ffor havyng a prentis aboue his nomber liij s. iiij d.										
Be off nicholas Collyar ffor havyng ane aprentys above his nomber xxx s.										
Jfm payed for xxty staf torges when we attended on her magesty xviijs. iiijd.										
Jfm payed ffor xxvj els di of canvas at v s. the elle for xxvij els of holland at ij s. viij d. the ele and xxvij eles of holland at ij s. viij d. the ele amounteth all xiij li. xvj s. vj d.										
3fm for workmanshype of the same into iiij table clothes ij longe towels										
& vj dossen of napkyns xxij s.										
Itm ffor iiij pykes xiij s. iiij d.										
Ifm ffor moccadowe nayels & frynge to arme the sayed pykes . ij s. ix d.										
The above two items are included in the Charges ffor musterynge of xvj soldyars.										

we fynde in reddy money all thynges deducted xxxv fi. iij s. iiij d. the w<sup>ch</sup> some of xxxv li. iij s. iiij d. was employed into tynne & the tynne sold vnto mr thomas catcher & to walter hyll for xxxvij li. iij s. iiij d. to be payed at St James daye next comynge.

Jtm geven in charyty to the wyffe off guilbart mason in his being in flaunders vj s. viij d. [Yeomanry Accounts, 1585-7.]

- 1585-6. At this Court [12th September] ther came a letter from Sr Water Rawleyghe in the behalfe of Isaake Tucker who desireth to be a brother of the Company marryinge Mrs scryvoner. It was agreed the sayed Isaake Tucker shall pay to the Companye for his comynge to be a brother amongest vs the some of xxli of lawfull money of Ingland or els not to be admytted any farther.
- **@f** this court [7th October] Morrys Pellitory was Jugged to paye to the house a fyne for Arestyng Thomas Gaye to the court of consience contrary to the ordynance of the house the some of vs. the w<sup>ch</sup> money he promyseth to pay before Cristmas next.

At this court [15th December] ther was receved from Sr water Rawghley a second letter to be good vnto his sarvant Isaake Tucker the court vppon consideration of his lettar is contented to receve hime a brother paying x li reddy money or els not.

Ifm payed for the charges in settyng out of halfe a man for our partes & the Inholders the other half our charge came to . xxxj s. viij d.

- 1586-7. At this court [20th January] Isaake Tucker at the earnyst sute of Sr water Rawghley was received into the felloshipe and company of vs the pewterers and was sworne and mad fre and also at the yeld haule the same daye vppon the consideration therof he payed vnto the house x ti. of good and lawfull money of Ingland this is to be noted that the court dyd myttygat his fyne at the sute of Sr water Rawghly his master or els he had payed accordyng to the fyrst determynation of a court held the xth of december last xx ti.
- Mathers and Lawrence wryght and the court fyndeth Lawrence wryght to owe vnto James x s. in money and comaundement was geven vnto James to restore to his Master the godderd mold a chapnet mold and a eare mold for the Godderd and xiiij hi. lacke a quarter of Mettall and a payre of shettes so far forth as Lawrence wryght doth proue that he had a payre lent hime by his dawghter the next quarter daye L wryghtes dawghter confesseth that she lent hime a payre of shetes of her fathers.
- **It** this court [14th June] it is determined that all the makers of lattyn sponnes in London shalbe warned the next court day and that thay shalbe bound to make no more sponnes.

See the order of 23rd September, 1568, p. 259.

- **In this of the spound of the**
- **&f** this court [25th September] beyng the court day it is ordered that wheras hertofore ther hath byne an order mad that he y' should be

chosen M<sup>r</sup> of the companye after that he hath servyd the mastershipe too tymes of his owen charges that then allwayes after when he should be chosen Master the house should Allowe the sayed Master fyve poundes towardes his charges. At this court that order is vtterly mad frustrat and now w<sup>th</sup> consent of the whole companye it is ordered that allwayes where any one haue sarvid the mastershipe too tymes of his owen charges that then in case the sayed Master w<sup>ch</sup> hath sarved the mastershipe twyse of his owen charges alwayes after when he shalbe called to mastershipe agayne then the house shall beare allwayes the charges w<sup>ch</sup> cometh to the masters part of y<sup>e</sup> election dynner.

At a court held the xxiiijth of October 1587 Wheras frome the xxv<sup>th</sup> of september in Año 1573 as also frome the xv<sup>th</sup> of february in the same yere 1573 the chamber of London by ther ij severall bylles haue byne endebted vnto vs the some of lxxviij ti xv s. and vj d. of lawfull money of Ingland for so much money lent them to be employed in corne to the vse of the comynalty of the cytty of london at this present the chamber doth call in our bylles and doth paye vnto vs in consideratyon of them both by the handes of Mr. Hewgh offeley of London Letherseller the some of xxxixth i vijs. vj afermyng to vs yt Mr wylford Mr chauntaylor and Mr squyer Crowner of London haue sertayne bylles of dyvers to sue in law men w<sup>ch</sup> ar endebted to the chamber of London for part of the sayed money beyng payed to them by way of bargayne for corne who when the sayed Mr wylford and Mr squyer haue recovered we shall receue farther according to the exportion of our debt wher vppon vnderneth is the coppy of thos ij bylles đđ by the comaundement of my Lord Maior at the Re, 39 ti 7 s. 6 d.

The xvth day of february 1573.

I George Heton Chamberlayne of the cytty of London doe owe vnto the wardens of the pewterers of the same cyttye the some of fyfty syxe poundes fyve shyllynges dysbursed by them by the way of lone to the handes of me the sayed Chamberlyne accordyng to the order of the L. Mayor and the court to be bestowed vppon wheat and Rye for the vse of the Cyttye and comynalty of the same witnes thys byll subscrybed by me thervnto set to the seale of my offyce of the chamber the day and vere aboue sayed By me George Heton Chamberlyne.

The lyke wordes was dyrected in a byll dated the xxv<sup>th</sup> of september 1573 for xxij ti x s. and also payed to the chamber w<sup>ch</sup> amounteth to the some of 78 ti 15 s. o d.

- Jfm we charge our selves w<sup>th</sup> thre bonndes wherin william Atmeyer John crose and nicolas cooke w<sup>th</sup> ther shuertyes stand bound to the company for xx <sup>li</sup> w<sup>ch</sup> came from the successors of m<sup>r</sup> lotton to be lent to yonge men of our company . . . . . . . . . . . . xx <sup>li</sup>.
- more proffyted by 22 C 2 q<sup>ters</sup> of tynne at iiij s. a hundred proffyt the some of . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . iiij t. xs.
- **Ifm** payed vnto w<sup>m</sup> bromley graunted hyme at a court off Assystaunce to make hyme a gowne to wayght one m<sup>r</sup> sheryff this yere xl s.
- ther is in the Red chest xx s. in gold off the guyft off m<sup>r</sup> John Clyffe to be employed vppon some necessary thynge apertaynynge to the house, he payed it when he was taken into the Lyvery.

Clyffe's name appears as one of the four auditors of this year's accounts, although he had only been admitted a liveryman of the Company a few months before.

- 1587-8. at this court [8th March] steven Medcalfe sergant trumpyter the sone of Edward Medcalfe was sworne and mad fre [by his father's coppye] and he payed accordyng to order ij s. vj d.
- &f this court [11th July] mr Anthonye wyshame esquyere was sworne a brother of our companye & was mad freman of the cytty of london.
- Offo mr thomas holford gentelman was sworne a brother of the company and mad freman.
- Allen to haue the cepynge & the benyfyt of the bowlynge Alley

Inconsyderation therof mr Allen was contented & pmysed in court to torne or cause to be turned at his charge the corne so often as ther shalbe [need].

The corn here mentioned was the store kept by the Company for public use, which required turning from time to time to keep it in good condition.

- @f60 [14th October] James Mathers havynge byne ffound to haue mad Joyntes to his stone pottes of lea mettall he was Imprysoned ffor his falshood but also payed a fyne vnto the house . . . iij s. iiij d.
- Ist November it is ordered betwyxt mr wood and John bowyar that he shall worke vnto mr wood ij grose of sponnes aweeke at xviij d. the grose vntyll such tyme all his debt be wrought out and yf in case he fayleth then mr wood to be at his lyberty.
- **@fso** at this court [15th November] ther was brought ffro my L. Maior a precept that all the lyvery in ther best lyveres shuld in ther standyng stand wth all other companyes to receue here maiestye who pretended & dyd come vnto pawles to here a sermon & to prase god for all hys mercyes & benyfyttes bestowed vppon her & the land.

This was the national thanksgiving service at St. Paul's for the great victory over the Spanish Armada.

- **Cf60** it was agreed [12th December] that the money that was spent at the taverne the daye the quene came to pawles shuld be payed out of the house stocke & ther was spent . . . . . . . iiij fi iiij s.
- Ge off mr. Anthony wysham esquyer mad by redemption . ij s. vj d.

  This is the first instance of the use of the term "redemption" to denote the admission of a new member otherwise than by patrimony or apprenticeship.
- Ge off dyvers off the yeomandry as by ther ptycular names entred at the end of this booke towardes payment of fyfty poundes geven vnto mr John Catcher sheryff & alderman towardes the repayryng of his howse . . . . . . . . . . . . ix li. xiij s. iiij d.

The entries, above specified, at the end of the Audit Book No. 30, 1572-1663, are as follows:—

also the house was at wth Mr John Catcher chosen sheryffe of london in Anno Domine 1587 & in Anno 1588 the xxixth & therteth yere off the Raygne of quene Elyzabeth by the grace of god quene of Ingland ffraunce &c.

Impremes ther was geven by the house & by cartayne off the yeomandry hervnder wrytten towardes the repayrynge of his house the some of L<sup>li</sup> I saye fyffety pound of the w<sup>ch</sup> the house gaue xl<sup>ty</sup> poundes & the yeomandry gaue x<sup>li</sup>.

**MoreoBer** the clothyng w<sup>ch</sup> attended vppon & dyned w<sup>th</sup> hyme spent as hervnder wrytten by ther partycular apereth.

 $\mathfrak{M}^r$  strage  $M^r$  of the company at that present dyned & gaue  $M^r$  sheryffe . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . vti

Then follow 40 names of the Clothing who "dyned and gaue" sums varying from 10s. to 50s., three of the Clothing "w<sup>ch</sup> wold not dyne" but gave small sums, and "The yeomandryes guyft" which consisted of 47 amounts of 10s. and under.

- Re more off John browne for a fyne of obprobryous wordes agaynst mr Jacson . . . . . . . . . . . . . ijs. vjd.
- Re more off John browne a fyne of dysobedyence & being xlth dayes wthout reconsylment . . . . . . . . iij s. iiij d.

This and two later entries are marked in the margin with a pointing hand. They refer to the Company's contribution to the City's assessment for the defence of the Kingdom against the invasion by the Spanish Armada.

**Itm** payed vnto the wardens off the clothworkers for ane half part offe a barge hyer when mr sheryffe toke his othe at westminster

xxxix s. iiij d.

Itm payed for a subsedy of the hall . . . . . xxxiiij s.

	Ifm	payed	to mr	sheryff	sheri	ff's]	butler	for	carryn	g of	plat	to yeld
		hall								•		xvj d.
Ifm spent ij qrtes of wyne bargaynynge for the galary											xij d.	
	This gallery was an addition now being made to the Hall.											
	Ifm payed ffor a subsedy & for soldyars coates xlviij s. ix d.  Ifm more as maye apere by abyll of other charges about the house xiiij s. iij d.											js. ix d.
	Jfm	Ifm payed to mr hill a counsayllor for takyng paynes for vs tuchyng ane										
	information w <sup>ch</sup> was presented vnto hyme that our ij tenements in											
											XX S.	
	Buildinge off the gallary & off other Reperations.											
	Jmprgmgs bargayned wth mr John Catcher Alderman that for & in											
	consyderation off xx <sup>ty</sup> poundes of money payed & Also ffor a lease in Reversion off our tenement scytuat & beinge at london stone in canwecke											lease in
	street nowe in the possession of John prentis, off xxv yeres after the											fter the

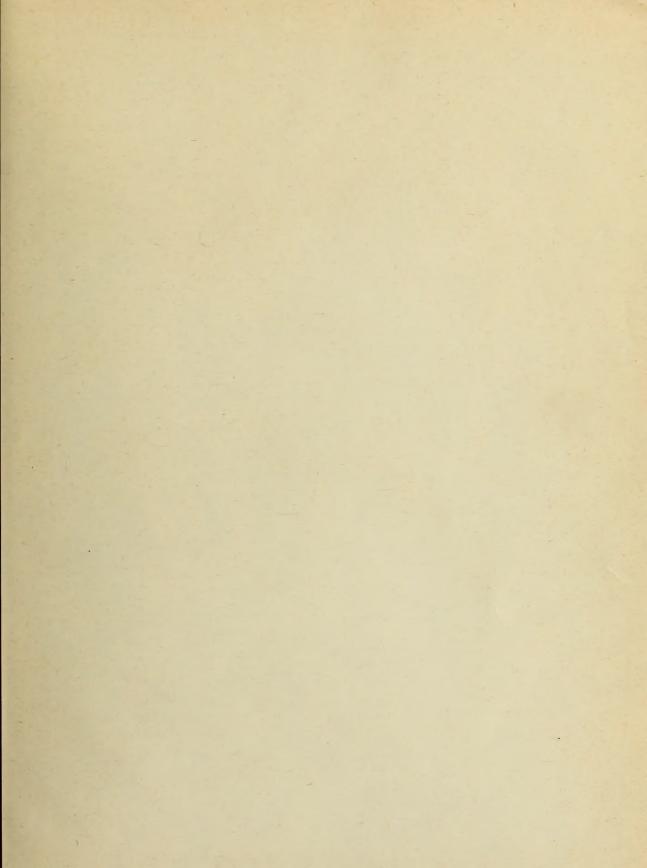
Jmpremes bargayned wth mr John Catcher Alderman that for & in consyderation off xxty poundes of money payed & Also ffor a lease in Reversion off our tenement scytuat & beinge at london stone in canwecke street nowe in the possession of John prentis, off xxv yeres after the expyerynge of ane old lease hertofore graunted vnto one Rychard mannyng the wth lease beinge sealed & delyvered vnto mr John Catcher Alderman he dyd off his owen propper charges did erect & buyld the sayed garnet or gallerey contentyng the carpenter, tyler, plumer for all stuffe & workmanshipe And also payed & contented the mason ffor his frestone & workmanshipe of xij C foot & od I saye payed . . . . xx li.

Itm payed ffor xiij load of sope ashes . . . . . . ij s. iiij d.

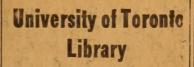
Itm for fyve load of fownders yerth . . . . viij s. x d.

Itm we ask allowaunce ffor our iiij quarters & for xx s. graunted extraordinaryly for one dynnar when mr sheryffe dyned wth vs v li.









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